

The Guardian is Read Daily by 42,000 People.  
Sworn Circulation Statement Furnished Advertisers

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, TUESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1915

\$3.50 Per Year (delivered) in advance  
\$2.50 per year by mail in advance

Morning Daily founded 1891  
Weekly (now Evening Daily) 1887

## TURKISH BATTLESHIP SUNK BY ALLIES

(Special to the Guardian.)  
CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 9.—The Turkish battleship Kheired Din Barbarossa, 990 tons displacement, formerly the German warship Kurfirst Friedrich Wilhelm, has been sunk by a submarine of the Entente Powers, according to an official announcement issued to-day by the Turkish government. The majority of the officers and men comprising the crew were saved. The official statement telling of the loss of the battleship, which was sunk this morning, says: "However regrettable in itself, it does not affect us excessively except that it places the strength of our ships compared to that of the enemy in the ratio of 10 to 1. The Barbarossa was built at Stettin in 1891. She was purchased together with the battleship Reiss, from Germany in 1910. Her complement consisted of about 600 men and officers."

## CANADIAN CASUALTIES IN WAR TO DATE

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Aug. 9.—The Canadian casualties up to date number 10,620, made up of 1,887 dead; 6,728 wounded and 2,005 missing.

## KAISER'S PIANIST DEPORTED FROM ENGLAND

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, Aug. 9.—Maria Crella Naitale, court pianist to Emperor William, was arrested in London to-day and deported from Tilbury.

## SWEDISH STEAMER SUNK BY GERMANS

(Special to the Guardian.)  
COPENHAGEN, Aug. 9.—The Swedish steamer Mal has been sunk by a German submarine. One boat containing seven men and a woman was picked up and landed here. The second containing the captain and nine men is missing. Available shipping records do not contain the name of a Swedish steamer Mal or of any other vessel known by that name.

## CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

**WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE** out child. Apply this office. 2427—8-7-Mtf.

**WANTED AT ONCE—HOUSE FOR** small family, centrally located. Apply at this office. 1590-6-21Mtf.

**WANTED—GOOD STRONG BOY** for Press-room. Apply to Guardian. 2404-8-4Mtf.

**WANTED—FOR BRADALBANE** school No. 105 Second Class Teacher. Supplement \$15.00. Major C. Murray, Secretary. 2436-8-7M3pd.

**HORSE FOR SALE**—General purpose horse and express wagon. Apply Donald MacLure, Bradalbane. 2468-7-10M3pd.

**COMPOSITOR WANTED—JOB AND** ad. compositor wanted steady job and good wages. Apply Guardian Office. 2401-8-4MEtf.

**WANTED—TEN PAIRS ISLAND SILVER** Black-foxes to ranch. Terms reasonable. Apply J. Stanley Wedlock, Charlottetown. 2452-7-9Mtf.

**FOR SALE**—For sale one pair foxes; one year old—male, pure black; female 90 p. c. black. Proved breeders. Apply P. Box 442, City. 2468-7-10M3pd.

**REMEMBER THE AUCTION SALE** of brick building, corner of Queen and Dorchester Sts., Wednesday, 11th inst., at noon. R. Bearisto, Auctioneer. 8-10m2t.

**LOST—ON SATURDAY, JULY 31st** between Marine Wharf and King Square, a ruby rosary with initials, M. M. D., on crucifix. Finder please leave at this office. 2432-7-10m2pd.

**BUSINESS ENVELOPES**—No. 8 printed with name and address either on flap or front, \$3 per 1,000; \$5.50 for 2,000; \$12.00 for 5,000; \$20 for 10,000. GUARDIAN OFFICE. 8808-11-21m1tf.

**AUCTION—BY INSTRUCTIONS OF** George Simmons. There will be sold at 159 Water Street at noon next Friday, 13th August, his dwelling house and premises. A comfortable home for the purchaser. R. Bearisto, Auctioneer. 2451-7-9M3t.

**WANTED**—Will the person who took by mistake a heavy plaid winter coat from the New Dominion Presbyterian Church last Sabbath evening, please return it next Sunday or leave her name with the Guardian Office and she will receive her own coat in exchange. 2469-7-10M1pd.

## THE 58TH SESSION GRAND LODGE I.O.O.F.

**Visiting Delegates Arrived in the City Last Night and are Given a Cordial Welcome by the Reception Committee. Session Open this Morning**

The 58th Annual Session of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the Maritime Provinces opens today, with a large attendance. Nearly four hundred delegates arrived by the Northumberland and train last night, and were met at Pictou and Point du Chene by members of the Reception Committee; upwards of two hundred are expected to arrive tonight. The Session will last for three days, and elaborate preparations have been made for their entertainment, but of course much depends on the weather. Today's programme includes the following:—

9.30 a. m. Opening Session Rebekah Assemly, K. of P. Hall.

10 a. m. Opening Session Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F. Hall.

2.30 p. m. Rebekah Assembly, Memorial Service.

2.30 p. m. Repekah Assembly, Business Session.

2.30 p. m. Grand Encampment, Second Session.

4.20 p. m. Grand Lodge Committee meet for organization, I. O. O. F. Hall.

6.30 p. m. Past Grand Master Banquet, Kosy Korner Tea Rooms.

8 p. m. Exemplification of Rebekah Degree by Maple Leaf Lodge, Prince of Wales College Hall.

9.30 p. m. Decoration of Chivalry, under direction of Lt. Col. H. L. Mart, Prince of Wales College Hall.

10 p. m. Reception by Charlotteville Rebekahs and Odd Fellows.

Special train for Summerside and Montague have been arranged for and a large number of Delegates are expected from these places, to take part in tonight's festivities.

Among the Grand Lodge Officers who arrived last night were the following:



JUDGE S. A. CHESLEY, Grand Master.

S. A. Chesley, Grand Master. W. B. Belyea, Deputy Grand Master. W. V. Goodwin, Grand Warden. J. H. Belcom, Grand Treasurer. D. L. Fraser, Grand Representative. Geo. A. Kent, Grand Representative. Rev. J. H. Brownell, Grand Chaplain. J. J. Brewer, Grand Marshal. C. W. Segee, Grand Conductor. E. E. Clark, Grand Guardian. C. L. Smith, Grand Herald.

Judge Chesley occupies that position for the second time, and as the following particulars will show he has had an interesting career. Born in Moncton in 1849, the eldest son of the late Robt. A. Chesley, a Wesleyan Minister. Graduate of the University of New Brunswick in 1876, he was admitted to the Bar at Nova Scotia in 1873, appointed Judge of Probate for County of Lunenburg in 1888, K. C. in 1909 and received degree of D. C. L. in 1910. Was initiated in Excelsior Lodge, Dartmouth, in 1875, afterwards becoming affiliated with Rising Sun Lodge at Lunenburg. Entered Grand Lodge in 1899 passing the several preliminary chairs quickly, he was elected Grand Master in 1902, and re-elected again in 1914. Judge Chesley is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. McKinnon at their beautiful home "Sidmount" Bro. Geo. A. Kent, Grand Representative, of Truro, who has expected much time and energy in forwarding the cause of the Rebekah Assembly, and who is now reaping the reward consequent on work well and faithfully done, in bringing the Assembly to the enviable position it holds in the sphere of Odd Fellowship in the Province.

Bro. A. P. Messervey, Grand Representative, of Halifax, who has many friends in Charlottetown, is well known as the representative of the "Independent Odd Fellow," and it is sincerely hoped that Bro. Messervey will be so pleased with this Session of Grand Lodge that "the Island" will get the best write up in its history, in that valued periodical, from the pen of our talented friend and Brother.



LT. COL. L. H. MART, Department Commander of the Patriarchs Militant.

Lt. Col. L. H. Mart, Department Commander of the Patriarchs Militant comes to the Island firmly resolved to plant the Militant Standard on our soil, and indications are that he will succeed and that we will have a Canton of our own in the near future. This work is Brother Mart's hobby and in a great measure the success of the various Maritime Cantons, is due to his enthusiasm and untiring zeal. Bro. W. S. Hooper, Grand Marshal of the Grand Encampment, will be remembered as



W. S. HOOPER, Grand Master of the Grand Encampment.

## SUMMARY OF WAR SITUATION

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, Aug. 9.—While the Austro-German armies made fresh progress to-day in the campaign against the Russians, the conflict on the western front took a new turn, when Sir John French reported a fierce artillery engagement in which the British and French forces captured trenches at Hooge along a front of 1,200 yards. The occupation of Praga, reported in Berlin, brings to a dramatic climax the first phase of the drive at the Polish capital and the region in Eastern Poland, of which Warsaw is the dominating centre. Praga is part of the capital, with railway stations on the road to Petrograd and Moscow. Few details have been received of Grand Duke Nicholas's final stand at Praga, but indications are that the withdrawal of the Russians is imperative in order to escape the German lines in the rear. The German lines are spread along the River Narew on the north and the Vistula on the south and are contracting gradually as the arms in the north and those in the south approach. The strip of territory to which the Russians withdraw to safer positions is hardly more than thirty miles across. Besides the enveloping movement immediately eastward, Berlin reports steady hammering at the great Russian fortresses of Kovno and Lomza the chief significance of which is their proximity to the lines of the railway to Petrograd. Novo Georgievsk is the only place west of Warsaw in which a Russian garrison remains. Its fall is imminent.

The attitude of the Poles towards the new German regime is arousing interest as the occupation of Warsaw unites for the first time three branches of Poles heretofore divided among Russia, Germany and Austria. Under the Russian regime Poland has been a hotbed of disorder, the result of a severe artillery exchange resulting in the recapture by the British of nearly a mile of trenches previously taken by the Germans. This served to divert public attention temporarily from the German sweep in the eastern field but operations in the west still lack general significance. The commander of another British submarine whose name has not yet been disclosed is reported having distinguished himself by sinking the Turkish battleship Kheired Din Barbarossa.

## GERMAN FLEET WAS REPULSED

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PETERSBURG, Aug. 9.—The following official communication was issued to-night: "A German fleet of nine battleships and twelve cruisers, with a large number of torpedo boat destroyers, attacked the entrance to the Gulf of Riga Sunday but were repulsed. A cruiser and two torpedo boat destroyers were damaged."

## SIX MEXICANS KILLED IN TEXAS FIGHT

(Special to the Guardian.)  
BROWNVILLE, Tex., Aug. 9.—Five Mexican bandits and one Mexican woman were killed in fighting yesterday at Norias, 60 miles north of here. For an hour fifteen Americans, eight of them of the U.S. Cavalry, stood off an attack of sixty Mexicans. Five of the latter were wounded, three of them being soldiers. The fifteen Americans were saved from death just as their ammunition gave out, by the arrival of Texas Rangers.

## THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, MOON, TIDE, MOON, ETC

(Special to the Guardian.)  
TORONTO, August 10.—Maritime: Moderate winds, occasional showers. THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was cloudy and cold with occasional showers. The highest temperature recorded yesterday was 64 deg. above zero. At 9 o'clock yesterday morning it registered 60 deg. above, at 9 night 59 deg. above. The coldest of the previous night was 57 deg. above zero. The tide will be high this morning at 8.46 and to-morrow at 9.42; it will be high to-night at 10.46 and to-morrow at 11.24. The sun sets this evening at 7.21 and to-morrow at 7.15; it rises to-morrow morning at 4.54 and Wednesday at 4.55. The moon sets this evening at 7.16. The last quarter of the moon was on Monday, Aug. 2nd at 5.27 p.m. There will be a new moon on Tuesday, Aug. 10th, at 8.25 p.m. The length of to-day will be fourteen hours and twenty-nine minutes.

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

## WOMAN'S RIGHT TO SERVE COUNTRY

**Wonderful Scene in London when 40,000 March in Procession. Without Woman Victory will Tarry Says Lloyd George.**

Tens of thousands of women marched through London yesterday with a deputation to the Minister of Munitions "to demand the right to serve."

The object of this remarkable demonstration, as Mrs Pankhurst stated in the appeal which she made to women to join, was not so much to impress the Minister, who, indeed, was entirely sympathetic, but rather to show men generally, as well as our Allies and the enemy, that "British women are devoted to their country and determined to save it."

Mr Lloyd George received the deputation in Whitehall Gardens, and afterwards addressed the women from a balcony overlooking the Embankment.

In his speech, he said that 50,000 women were already at work in this country turning out munitions of war. In Germany he believed there were 500,000. The Government had assumed control of all the machine-tool making establishments in the country. He indicated that a national register of women willing to give their full time to the work would be made; promised equal wages for men and women for piece-work; and pledged the Government to prohibit sweating.

"Without women," he said, "victory will tarry, and a victory that tarries means a victory whose footprints are footprints of blood."

## MR LLOYD GEORGE'S SPEECH TO THE WOMEN.

Mr Lloyd George, replying to the speeches of Mrs Pankhurst and other members of the deputation at the offices of the Ministry of Munitions, congratulated the organisers of the splendid procession which, with Mr Winston Churchill, he had had the pleasure of seeing. If any additional proof were needed of the organising capacity of women of which he had been the victim of occasion, he was amply demonstrated that afternoon.

This deputation would help to educate public opinion on the subject. He attached enormous importance to it. He did not think it would be possible effectively to organise the whole of the resources of the nation for this tremendous war until we had mobilised the women of the country as well as the men. This had received statutory recognition in the National Register Bill. Our Allies and our foes on the Continent of Europe had already recognised the value of women as a question of utilising the energies of women for the purpose of discharging all the duties and functions of commercial industrial life which they were capable of doing as well as men at the present moment. We had done the outside something like 50,000 women working at various factories in this country on munitions of war. That was, he believed, something like one-fifth of the numbers employed in France, and he was told that in Germany they had at least half a million women engaged in turning out munitions.

These figures indicated what a reserve we had got in women's labour for the purpose of equipping the nation in this great crisis. He agreed that women's energies should not be confined merely to unskilled work. There was very fine work which could be done, and was being done, by women in the making of fuses, for instance, which was the finest work in the making of shells. This was done in France by women. It was being done now in this country by women, and, as a matter of fact, all that work could be done by women, and men could be turned on to heavier kinds of work for which women were not physically fitted.

## OBSTACLE OF PREJUDICE.

That was really what they had got in mind, but the first thing to do was to get rid of prejudices, which were a very serious obstacle. It was not merely the prejudice of the old Trade Unionists, but the conservatism of business men. They had to go to get rid of the apprehension of the working man who was afraid that once work they would continue to do it after the war is over, and do it so well that there would be no further need for the services of men.

The real answer to that was that this was war work, and when the war was over there would be no need for it. It was not a question of competition at all, but of getting men and women to work together for the purpose of helping the country through the worst crisis it had ever experienced. He had been enjoined not to lose any time in putting this project into operation. It was perfectly true enthusiasm had been stirred up among women on this subject, but he would like to say one or two words, not by way of damping that ardour, but of enjoining a little patience. They could not organise, mobilise and bring into operation a new industrial army in a day.

## ENGLISH COMPULSORY IN RUSSIAN SCHOOLS

(Special to the Guardian.)  
PETROGRAD, Aug. 9.—The English language is substituted for German in most commercial schools in Russia, as one of the compulsory subjects in the curriculum. This step was ordered by the Minister of Finance at the request of the school authorities.

## RUSSIAN POSITION LOOKS MORE FAVORABLE

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, Aug. 9.—The morning newspapers look upon the Russian situation more optimistically than they have for several days. The Times declares that while the position of certain portions of the Russian forces still remains critical, there is every reason to believe the excellent order with which their withdrawal has been effected thus far will be maintained until all have reached the new line of defence.

## IMPORTANT CHANGES IN MILITIA DEPARTMENT

(From our own Correspondent.)  
OTTAWA, Aug. 9.—Authoritative circles here in the Militia Department are considering the advisability of cancelling the order which made it necessary for every married man to get his wife's consent before enlisting. It is said many militiamen of extensive experience are unable to join the overseas forces because their wives refused their consent.

## HALF MILLION ITALIANS FOR DARDANELLES

(Special to the Guardian.)  
NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—Italy will send half-a-million fresh troops to either France or the Dardanelles within the next three weeks, according to Captain Victor Del Francis of the Italian army, who arrived here to-day. "There were 500,000 troops at Turin when I left and 150,000 in Tarento. At the naval base there were between 150 and 200 transports ready to convey the troops where most needed."

## BRITISH RECEPTION LOST TRENCHES

(Special to the Guardian.)  
LONDON, Aug. 9.—Sir John French reports the lost trenches at Hooge, East Flanders, in Belgium, have been recaptured by the British and they have advanced on a front of 12,000 yards.

## PEACE PROPOSALS UNKNOWN IN DENMARK

(Special to the Guardian.)  
COPENHAGEN, Aug. 9.—Persons in close touch with court circles here declare they know nothing regarding the peace offer alleged to have been made by the Kaiser to the Czar of Russia through the King of Denmark. The reported proposal is said to have involved the trade of part of Poland for Galicia.

## MONTHLY MEETING CITY COUNCIL

The monthly meeting of the City Council was held in the Council Chamber last evening His Worship Mayor Sterns presiding. The recorder, His Honour K. J. Martin, was present as also the acting Health Officer, Dr. W. J. McMillan. The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and confirmed and the usual bills passed, a letter was read from Mr. Aeneas A. McDonald, acting in behalf of a resident of King Street, stating that by the raising of the street water would lodge on the premises, and asking for the provision of a drain. The matter was referred to the street committee. Mr. McDonald also wrote requesting, for the Board of Fire Underwriters, a list of fire apparatus owned by the Council. The chief of the fire department was ordered to provide the list. Tenders for the provision of ventilators for the Market building were considered but no action was taken in regard to any of them. The Council was authorized to make an overdraft of not more than \$25,000. Tender of the 82nd Regiment in aid of the Council with an extra one gratis, for \$160, was accepted. On motion of Councillor McNevin, it was decided to defer until the next regular meeting the second reading of the building by-law. This was all the business and the Council accordingly adjourned.

## Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

## CONTRIBUTIONS TO MACHINE GUN FUND

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| The following contributions are acknowledged by Mr. A. W. Hyndman, treasurer of the Machine Gun Fund— |         |
| Previously acknowledged   | \$2,370 |
| John Johnstone, Long River  | 5       |
| J. P. Hood  | 25      |
| Percy Pope  | 25      |
| E. T. Higgs   | 25      |
| J. A. Brice, Summerside   | 50      |
| T. W. May   | 25      |
| Alexander Gillis  | 25      |
| A Farmer  | 750     |
| Sir Louis H. Davies   | 250     |
| Tighish Branch of Red Cross   |         |
| Treats (per W. McFadyen)  | 50      |
| J. & T. Morris  | 50      |
| C. W. Hyndman   | 10      |
| Mrs R. B. Stewart, Strathgartney  | 25      |
| Robertson & Holman  | 25      |
| Mr. A. Benson   | 3       |
| Mrs T. A. Benson  | 2       |
| Balance at date   | \$3,720 |

## COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

\*Canvas stretchers, 75c. each. Agriling cultural Hall. 2273-7-27m1tf.

\*The Young Ladies of the Patricia Club of Crapaud, will hold a Fancy Sale and tea, Thursday, August 12th on the grounds of Mrs. G. L. Nicholson beginning at 3 p. m., and continuing through the evening. Proceeds in aid of the Red Cross Society. If day prove unfavorable will be held the first fine day following. 2434-8-7M3t.