

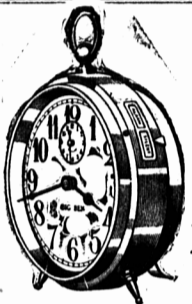
The Lurking Moth

In putting away furs and woollen garments don't overlook the fact that unless you properly protect them, they may be ruined by moths before the fall.

- Gum Camphor
- Moth Balls
- Naphthalene
- Cedar Camphor
- Lavender Flakes
- Moth Proof Bags

cost but a trifle and are an effective safe guard. We have what is Best for this Purpose

J. G. Jamieson
Druggist



Big Ben

The clock that rings, runs and stays on time. Come in and see him at

G. H. Taylor's
Jeweler & Optician



Montague Black Fox Exchange

Correspondence Solicited
L. M. McKinnon, Manager
Montague, P. E. I.

N. C. CHRISTIE

Amherst Nova Scotia
Breeder and Dealer in High-Grade Pedigreed Black Silver Foxes and all other Fur Bearing Animals. Correspondence solicited.
1105-2-7m6mos

CANADIAN TRADERS LTD.

Royal Bank Building
(P. O. Box 73)
ST. JOHN, N. B.
Invites correspondence with fox breeders both as to sale of their foxes and concerning the purchase of Silver Black or Patch Foxes.
CANADIAN TRADERS is a new company, of good connection, in good standing, organized to deal in fur bearing animals.
1406 1/2 MIMO

MARRIAGES

DOUGLAS-CLARK — At Kensington, March 25th by Rev. G. A. Sutherland, M. A. John A. Douglas of Norboro and Alfreets Clark of Kensington.

DEATHS

DOUGLAS—At MOUNT STEWART on Tuesday, March 24th, after a long illness, Edward Douglas, aged 71 years.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
URIC ACID
GRAVEL
RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
BACKACHE

THE GUARDIAN

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Head Office at Charlottetown.
Branch Offices at Summerside, Alberton, Souris and Montague.

MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1914.

DIARY OF EVENTS

TODAY.

- City Magistrate's Court, 9 a. m.
- Prince Edward Theatre, 7 and 9 p. m.
- People's Theatre, 7.30 and 9 p. m.

"Friday, April 10th Good Friday being a statutory public holiday, The Morning Guardian will not be issued on Saturday, April 11th.

"The Evening Guardian will not be issued on Friday but will be published on Saturday as usual.

Advertisers will please note these changes.

OUR GROWING TIME

It is impossible to foresee what may follow the introduction of any industry. A few years ago when the investments in the fox business amounted to a few hundred thousand the complaint was made that, as an industry, it would benefit only the few who were directly interested in it, that it would give employment to only a few men.

Investments in the business have since gone well into the millions and, as a direct result, a very large proportion of the business of the province has undergone a revolution. The large amount of money that has found its way into circulation has touched very profitably the business of our merchants in town and country; railway passenger traffic last year was the largest in the history of the province; steamer traffic to and from the Island was similarly increased and as a result the hotels reaped a larger harvest than usual. Increased business in the stores and in the hotels means increase of employment and consequently increased pay to employees.

The other day in the Legislature, Premier Matheson explained the delay in submitting copies of the Public Accounts, by the fact that it had been found absolutely impossible to get the accounts printed owing to the rush of work in all the printing offices. It is a well known fact, among the printers, that job work is now being sent to the neighboring provinces because of the impossibility of getting it done here. This rush of work has grown out of the fox business and has been largely added to by the oyster business.

In Charlottetown today there is not a vacant office to be had for love or money. Practically every available office has been taken within the last year and there is a very brisk demand for more. In Summerside several offices that have been vacant for a considerable time have been taken recently and we understand that there also people are looking in vain for offices.

Both in Charlottetown and Summerside residences are in equal demand and none are available. In Charlottetown particularly many families are boarding or scattered simply because they cannot find suitable residences to rent.

Prince Edward Island is at present in the full flush of its growing. The growth in the past year or two has been so rapid that it was impossible to provide accommodation for it; hence the present congestion.

This growth is pleasant to contemplate, but the fact that we are unprepared for it and that our unpreparedness is a hindrance to its development is not so pleasant. It will probably take time to accustom ourselves to the new order of things, but when it is remembered that the new order is only beginning and that the demand for accommodation will grow as the business grows, we should set about making our preparation. Charlottetown needs more residences, more offices, more buildings suitable for stores. Providing these, in the face of such a demand as exists at present and is likely to continue should be a profitable speculation. In investing in such an enterprise there would be the satisfaction of knowing that, besides being assured of a good direct return, it would be helping to still further develop the business and prosperity of the province. There is certainly an opening here for investment and our real estate agencies and capitalists should look into it.

But little is known
Marconi's declaration that the "problem of the wireless telephone or radio-telephony has been practically solved" is still unaccompanied with detailed explanation of the apparatus. We know, of course, that in Italy talk between ships at sea has been done 40 miles apart and 1,700 miles from points on land, the difference being due, doubtless, to the more powerful stations that can be installed than on shipboard. It is a curious principle that Marconi asserts, that intelligibility of telephone talk increases with distance.

But it isn't safe in these days to dismiss any assertion in this branch of science as absurd, though such is the verdict of British authorities on the theory recently advanced by M. Duroquier, the distinguished French scientist, that wireless waves were responsible for several recent catastrophes, among them the burning at sea of the Uranium Liner, the Volturo, the Caldivo mine explosion, and the destruction of the French battleship, Liberte, at Toulon. His fact-basis for these assertions seems to be that the disasters occurred in zones of the intersection of wireless waves in air lines of communication. His deduction is ingenious; but it only means again that we know very little of the subject.

NOTES

The Patriot voices the crying need for increased house accommodation in Charlottetown on account of the increase of prosperity and population. That is better than railing at the Government surplus anyway and probably the Patriot's way of acknowledging the blessings of the Conservative regime.

The Legislature is hard at work now in the routine of the session, sitting from 11 a.m. to 10 p.m. with the usual adjournments for meals. It is probable sufficient progress will be made this week to permit the Premier introducing his budget on Wednesday night.

FOX AND FUR COMPANIES

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

J. F. A., SUMMERSIDE: Thanks for information.

U. T., NEWFOUNDLAND: The best plan would be to advertise. There is not a great demand for ranches outside of the Island; and you would require Island stock to improve your breed.

H. H. B., HALIFAX: (1) The present capitalization is \$30,000 per pair. (2) There are at present 2 pair of readers and 2 pair of 1913 pups.

R. A. W. WEST ROXBURY, MASS.: is no surprise that up to January you did not know there were more than a dozen fox ranches; the extent of the industry is hardly realized yet by the outside public. (1) Is a Nova Scotia Company with ranch in that province. The foxes were obtained from one of the best ranches here.

A. A. is an offshoot, and was floated by professional men all of good standing; it should be Class A, and of course we have no means of knowing the mixtures since the original ranch stock was obtained. (2) One of the best companies in the market and should prove a remunerating investment. (4) Will send you list of companies registered which would provide the information desired. (5) The first, fourth and sixth are excellent, but the shares are at a premium. The others we have little or no information about, but they should be current year's dividend payers. (6) That is so, and provided the foxes are of Class A or B the rule should still hold good. But be sure of the quality; it is the quality will count in the long run.

J. B. A. B. NORTH SYDNEY: It is good company, an offshoot of one of the most successful ranches. The directors are men of standing and repute. The options are on registered foxes.

INVESTOR. W. R. (1) Yes, of its kind. (2) It is this year's, capitalized \$16,000 for 6 pairs. (3) \$27,500 per pair. (4) In ordinary circumstances (5) \$30,000 per pair. (6) It probably won't bear comparison, but should be good with reasonable luck in litters.

W. H. C. R., ALLISTON, ONT: (1) The first named capitalized at \$18,000 is one of the best of the new companies; the second capitalized at \$15,700 is also well backed; the third \$15,000 is a good proposition; while the fourth capitalized at \$31,250 is one of the original companies with a magnificent record. (2) Yes. (3) They are all unimpeachable; you have made a wise selection in any of which you have as good a guarantee as it is probably possible to obtain.

Something nice and dainty for those who like candy is shown in Willard's Marshmallow Buttercotch Chocolates, a toothsome tidbit made by the cleanest chocolate factory in Canada. Put up in small packages at 10c each and sold by the McKinnon Drug Co., Cor. Great George and Kent Sts. ... MEM.

LISBURN CASTLE SET ON FIRE

DUBLIN, April 3.—The suffragettes set fire to Lisburn Castle, County Antrim, last night, and left a message for Carson vowing vengeance. No serious damage was done.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARH POWDER 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Flower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Eye Fever. Sec. a box 15c. 10 boxes \$1.00. Accept no substitutes. All dealers. Sole Importers: Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

The Woman and the Style

The first woman was the first dressmaker, her successor added millinery to that occupation. Dress designing and fashioning antedated fabric weaving. The first fashion idea preceded the first loom by ages and ages.

The INTEREST women take in clothes and millinery comes down to them from the first woman. No "Daughter of Eve" has failed to inherit her share of it.

The woman of to-day has the "dress problem" always with her. No day of her life passes in which the thought of "what to wear" has not occurred to her.

But, nowadays, the problem is not so much a vexatious one as a fascinating one. In its solution she exercises her imagination, uses her common sense, realizes some of her ideals, and learns to "manage" the financial side of the problem.

And the dress problem is not always a one-woman problem—except in the fact that, often, one woman must solve it for others besides herself. If the mother does not wholly "solve" it for her daughters, she, at least, must supervise it, and manage it.

The insistence of dress and millinery needs makes the "Dry Goods" store A NECESSITY in modern life. And here, as in most other live cities, the merchants meet the "necessity" in a delightful way.

The stores and shops in which hats, trimmed and untrimmed, and "things to wear," made and unmade, are sold, are—in the main—progressive stores, bringing to the woman of this city the very latest of the world of fashions, the very ideas in fashions from the makers of fashions.

No woman, of this Province, need ever be even a LITTLE BIT OUT OF DATE AS TO DRESS. The store service renders that unnecessary.

At present the stores offer, in our advertising columns, unusual special offerings of millinery and garments—of every accessory of dress for women and girls. These "ads" will have especial interest to women who desire to exercise ECONOMY in shopping. 1793-Metf

PROHIBITION ACT

Continued from page one

SALES BY VENDORS ONLY.

SEC. 26.—No chemist or druggist to keep or sell any liquor in a city or town where a vendor has been appointed. This is but an adoption of the law as it exists in the Province of Nova Scotia.

MATERIALS FOR MAKING LIQUOR.

SEC. 27.—Penalty to be imposed for selling or having in possession materials for the purpose of unlawfully manufacturing liquor.

This section is taken from the Statutes of British Columbia passed in the year 1913. This provision is designed to prevent the obtaining of materials out of which could be manufactured concoctions sold as "beer" or other liquids which are intoxicating, as it is reported has been done.

BEER-PUMPS, JARS, ETC.

SEC. 28.—An amendment making the presence of bars, counters, beer-pumps, kegs, jars, decanters, turbidifiers, glasses, or any other appliances or preparations similar to those usually found in shops where liquors are sold or trafficked in, prima facie proof that liquors are kept for sale there.

This is but an extension of one of the provisions of the present Act. The section is now new; it is the law in several of the Provinces.

COMMON CARRIERS & EXPRESS COMPANIES.

SECS. 29 TO 32.—An amendment making it an offence for carriers or Express Companies to receive in any part of the Province any liquor to be carried to any other part of the Province to any person who is not a vendor, physician, druggist or chemist or a person for whom liquor has been prescribed by a physician; the carrier not to be liable to the penalty unless he had reasonable cause to know that a violation of the Act was intended by the person offering the liquor for carriage. Packages may be examined and if necessary opened by the Inspector, police officer, constable or peace officer if there is reasonable grounds to believe that the package contains liquor. It is also made an offence to assist another person in violating the Act by selling upon liquor.

These sections are based upon similar legislation in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

SEIZURE MADE MALICIOUSLY.

SEC. 33.—No action to be brought by reason of the seizure of liquor unless proved to have been made maliciously.

SELLING FROM POCKETS OR VEHICLE.

SEC. 34.—An amendment permitting search without warrant of any person suspected of selling liquor from his pockets, or from or in any vehicle—This may be done by any Inspector, police officer, constable or peace officer, and if at any teaparty, horse race, or public gathering, the search may also be made by any of the committee in charge. If liquor is found it may be seized, and the fact of finding the liquor shall be prima facie proof that it was kept for sale. A provision very like this was enacted last year—The amendment merely makes such provision more effective.

SEARCHING WITHOUT WARRANT.

SEC. 35.—An amendment to permit an Inspector, police officer, constable or peace officer, for the purpose of preventing or detecting any violation of the Act to enter into any hotel, house, shop, warehouse, or other place wherein refreshments or liquors are sold or kept for sale, or reputed or believed to be sold or kept for sale in violation of the Act, to search for liquors, and to seize and remove such liquors and the vessels in which the same are kept, and for such purpose to break open any door, lock or fastening in such premises or on any closet, cupboard, box or other receptacle. It is also to be an offence for any person to obstruct or attempt to obstruct such officer in such search.

This section is copied from identical sections in the Statutes of the Provinces of Saskatchewan and British Columbia and in the Ordinances of the unorganized North-West Territories. The suggestion has been made and given wide currency, that to make such a provision in the law would be highly undesirable; that such provisions could only be in emergency and frontier laws; to be organized by a specially trained, highly organized and reliable body of officials, such as the North West Mounted Police in their dealings with savages and Indians; but not at all suitable in civilized communities.

It may be pointed out however, that the liquor laws and police regulations of British Columbia and New Brunswick, and more particularly of the towns and cities of those Provinces, are enforced by the general police and constables. Searches or liquor may be made without warrant in those Provinces by "any Inspector of licensed premises, police officer, policeman, constable or inspector in any and every part of any hotel, building or other place where refreshments or liquors are sold or reputed to be sold, whether under license or not, or where he believes liquor is kept for sale contrary to law and to make searches, etc."

Surely these provisions for the enforcement of liquor laws applying to rich cities as Victoria, Vancouver, Moose Jaw, Saskatoon and Regina, and the other numerous towns and villages, as well as rural districts in those Provinces, cannot be classed as emergency or frontier laws. The Statutes of the Provinces referred to were only passed in the year 1913.

An almost identical section has been in force and operation throughout the Province of New Brunswick for 18 years, and so far as we know there is no report of any case of the abuse of this provision. Nova Scotia adopted this provision in the year 1911.

These sections are based upon similar legislation in the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

SEARCHING VEHICLES, ETC.

SEC. 36. Vehicles on the highway or elsewhere or the lands of any person may be searched without warrant where it is believed liquor is concealed or kept for illegal sale.

DISPOSAL OF LIQUORS FOUND.

SEC. 37, 38. These make provision

for the disposal of liquors found on such search, allow names and addresses of persons present at the time of the search to be obtained by the police officers or constables and provide a penalty for refusal to give names or for giving fictitious names, etc. These are copied from the Statutes of New Brunswick and other Provinces.

The House of Quality
With the New Goods

In Easter Attire

Grand Display of Easter
Millinery

Ladies' Ready to Wear

This week will show you that
you have a store to be proud
of.

Nothing shown finer East of
Montreal.

Prices Right

Patons

The Life Company as Trustee---

One of the speakers at the recent Annual Meeting of The Great-West Life

"made appreciative reference to the important privilege recently accorded in the new profit-sharing instalment Policies, whereby The Great-West Life virtually consented to act as Trustee of the funds left for the support of the beneficiaries, admitting them to the advantages of profitable investment enjoyed by the Company."

SEE REPORT FOR 1913.
Write for Details of this Vastly Important Privilege

The Great-West Life Assurance Company

Head Office - - Winnipeg
Branch Office - - Charlottetown

Hyndman & Co. LIMITED

Managers, P. E. I.
61 Queen Street Telephone No. 67

Princess Patricia Perfume is the biggest favorite we have in our store—10c dram—75c oz. We carry a large assortment of Pivers, Seelys, and Roger & Gallets Perfumes and Sachets. E. A. Foster, Central Drugstore 1795-4-6M31.

CARPENTER-MORTON ROOFING GIVES SATISFACTION

MADE FROM NATURAL ASPHALT THAT COMES FROM THE BRITISH WEST INDIES THE GREATEST WATER-PROOFING AGENT KNOWN TO SCIENCE

YOUR ROOF TROUBLES WILL BE OVER IF YOU USE CARPENTER-MORTON ROOFING FULLY GUARANTEED FOR A TERM OF YEARS DEPENDING ON THE THICKNESS USED.

Carpenter-Morton is the roofing you want for your kitchen and outbuildings. Call in today and get sample sections and price.

Fennell & Chandler
Victoria Row

BETTER BREAD
Made in Three Minutes with The "UNIVERSAL" BREAD MAKER and RAISER
then can be made by hand in 30 Minutes. Hands do not touch the dough. DOES AWAY WITH HARD KNEADING. Easy to clean. A child can work it.
SOLD BY
Fennell & Chandler
Victoria Row

Shoes at Goff Bros.

Boys and Girls always want style in their shoes, just as much as grown up folks—but strength, durability and proper fitting are still more essential.

Boys' Shoes
Dongola Kid, Box Calf, Gun Metal, Lace Style, Durable Soles, Low Heels, Price \$1.40 to 3.25

Girls' Shoes
Vici Kid, Gun Metal, Box Calf, Tan or Spring Heels, Laced or Buttoned, 1.25 to 4.00.

There will be no Children's Shoe troubles in any family where we do the shoeing.

GOFF BROS.