



THE well-dressed man is as careful in his selection of inner garments as he is in his choice of a suit of clothes.

He knows that to look well-dressed he must feel well-dressed. Therefore he should ask for Penmans Underwear

Penmans Underwear

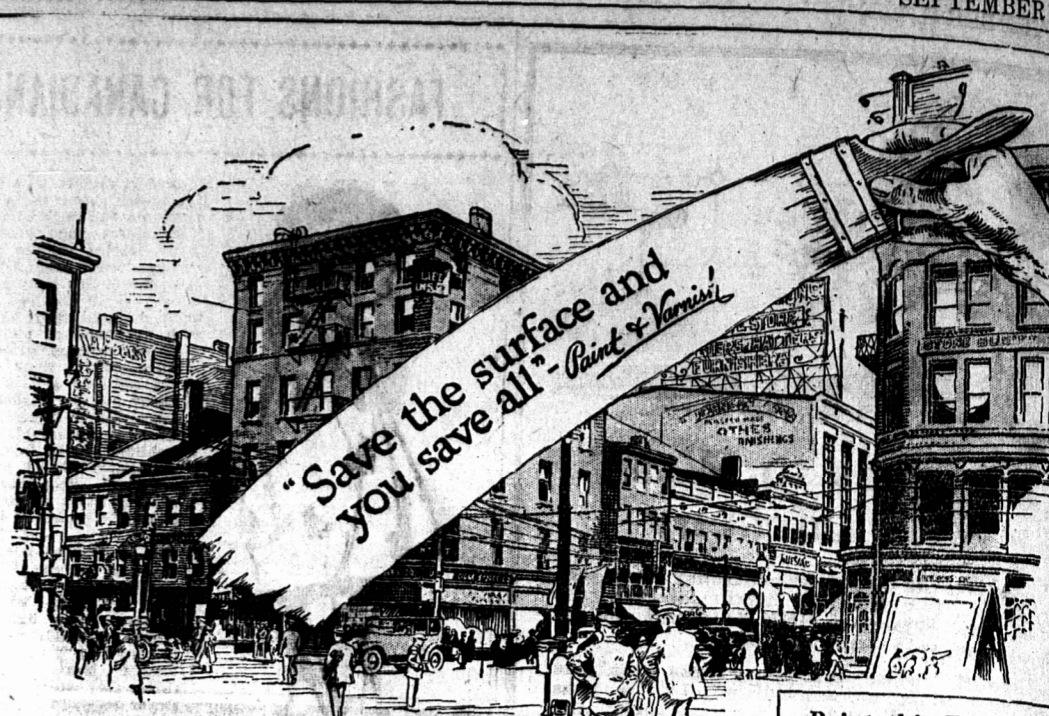
"THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE"

Penmans Limited, Paris. Also makers of Hosiery and Sweater Coats

FLOORS AND FLOOR FINISHING.

The price of carpets is being a factor that is bringing into more common use floors in which the wood is selected for beauty as well as utility. Rugs, that leave a great amount of flooring uncovered, demand that a wood which will wear well and also look well. Quarter-cut oak flooring has been a great favorite both on account of its beautiful grain and its splendid wearing qualities. Of late, however, quarter cut has placed it away beyond the reach of the average purse, and as a result there is a demand for a cheaper flooring having the same qualities as near as possible. The best grades of southern pine sawed, sawed; undoubtedly make a very satisfactory floor, as proof of this note its use in office buildings, clubs, railroad terminals and numerous private homes. Fortunately there is a great abundance of this material in the Southern States and this causes the price to remain quite reasonable. The wood takes a very pleasing, soft-looking finish and may be stained any desired color. It is also very durable, resistant to decay and pleasing in grain. The quarter-sawn material is a little more expensive than the plain or flat-sawn, but the increase in durability more than makes up for the increase in cost. It comes in the standard floor sizes, but the narrower widths, say two and a quarter or two and a half, are most in demand. Of course the narrow widths also increase the cost, as it requires more material to make up for that lost in the tongues and grooves. For example, if you use two and a quarter inch material you have to add a third more than the area of your room, whereas three and a quarter inch calls for one quarter more and five and a quarter calls for a fifth more. The best of material will not end up in a perfectly satisfactory floor if it does not receive proper care after it leaves the mill. It should not be handled or unloaded in damp weather, stored in damp sheds or newly-plastered buildings or laid before the plastering in a building is absolutely dry. The reason for this is that unfinished wood will readily absorb moisture, causing it to swell. If the floor has been laid in this latter condition it will shrink and show cracks when dry. If it is laid in a building where the walls are damp while the wood itself is quite dry it will swell and the floor is bound to bulge. This applies of course to hardwood as well as soft wood floors.

After the floor has been laid it should be well cleaned, scraped and sanded. This will bring it to proper shape for receiving the finish. If you wish it to remain in its natural color, give it a coat of white shellac thinned with an equal quantity of grain alcohol. This coat is applied only after the floor has been carefully dusted off. In giving this shellac coat, avoid rubbing back on the parts you have already sanded. The easiest way to do this is to work with length of the boards and only take a few at a time. No filler of any kind is necessary, and when the shellac coat is quite dry, it is prepared for receiving the varnish coats by being lightly sanded; just enough to kill the gloss. This must next be dusted, and to make sure you are getting all the dust use a cloth that has been wrung out of varnish. Apply a full, flowing coat and allow it to dry for at least a week, after which it should be very lightly sanded and carefully dusted with the tacky cloth mentioned before. In this sanding do not cut through the varnish, simply kill the gloss to get a good foundation for the next coat. The second coat of varnish is now applied and allowed to dry for a week, but in place of sanding it is rubbed with fine pumice powder and water. This does not take a piece of felt pad, dipping it into water and then, after a slight squeeze, into the pumice, after which you start to rub with the pumice. Do not rub too hard as you wish merely to soften the finish and not leave a high gloss. Oil, such as three-in-one may be used in place of water, taking care to go over the rubbed parts with a soft cloth to take up all surplus oil. It is desired that the surface may now be waxed. To do this, take a piece of cheesecloth 6 in. by 18 in., fold it to three thicknesses and wrap it around a lump of old English putty. This putty should go over the whole floor, renewing the wax as fast as it disappears. This will leave a thin coat of wax from which the turpentine must be allowed to evaporate before it is polished with a regular floor polishing brush. One coat will not be sufficient, so a second coat should be applied after an hour or so. This second coat will also be polished as before. A polisher may be made by attaching a handle to a block of wood about eight inches square, covering the under face of this block with a piece of old Brussels carpet and weighing it with a couple of bricks. The handle should be long and have a flexible attachment for ease in using. After the floor has been in use watch the places where wear is likely to occur most and give them an occasional coat of wax. In this way all the wear is on the wax and not on the wood. In cleaning, wipe with a dry or very slightly dampened cloth, but remember that water and wax do not agree, and if the water is not wiped up at once the wax finish will be dulled and require renewing. Another cleaner, consisting of equal parts of vinegar, turpentine and a piece of soap, is used for the mixture. This cleans and polishes. Csarevna raced for six heats before she must be given a coat of 75 per cent turpentine and 25 per cent broad murex in place of the first shellac coat. An oil stain is then made up of the desired color and



A Sorry Sight Without Surface Protection

WHAT would our towns and cities be like if the houses and buildings were unpainted? How long would our buildings stand up against the ravages of time, weather and wear? They would soon decay were it not for surface protection. Surface coatings of paint and varnish are the armour that keeps them safe.

than the fearful fire loss—the value of surface protection is startling. You cannot be too painstaking about this matter. It is most vital to everyone who owns property. Keep the house and other buildings safe. Keep the furniture, floors and doors and all woodwork as good as new.

The value of surface protection to your own property is plain. Destruction by decay, rust and disintegration must come from without, and in every case the surface must be the point of contact.

Outdoors, surface coatings of paint and varnish protect all wood, metal and stucco from decay. Indoors, they protect from wear. It is sound business to protect your property. Never before did paint and varnish—surface protection—pay such high returns. It is a matter of dollars and cents, as well as beauty, to property owners. The expense is so little for the protection you get.

When you realize, as statisticians who have estimated it realize, that property damage each year through neglect of surface protection is greater

Paint this Fall Because: —of proper weather conditions. —surfaces are now in their most receptive condition, practically every trace of moisture having been eliminated by the summer sun. —the wood being dry it absorbs more readily, and the paint holds better. —a surface needing protection should never be allowed to go over the winter without it. —property needs more protection during winter than at any other time.

THIS ANNOUNCEMENT is issued by the Canadian Surface Protection Committee, for the purpose of educating the public in the Preservation and Protection of Paint, Varnish and Allied Products. For the Conservation of Property, and the Commission in the following words: "The realization of the above objects will lead to employment during the Reconstruction Period and bears our entire approval."

THE CANADIAN TRADE COMMISSION

"SAVE THE SURFACE AND YOU SAVE ALL" Paint & Varnish MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS

Teach the pigs to eat grain as early as possible. If they are given a chance, it will not take long for them to learn. Arrange a feeding pen for them separate from the sow by building a partition in one corner of the sow's pen eight inches from the ground. This allows the pig to crawl under, but keeps the sow out. When the pigs are four or five weeks old, place a trough in the pig section of the pen and feed the pigs a little warm sweet milk twice a day. Be careful to wash out the trough every time before the milk is poured into it, and place it where the sun will shine into it between feedings. Cleanliness is very important, and if the pigs get milk that has soured or is filthy, it is very apt to cause scours or other digestive troubles.

Edman is in fourth place with thirteen and Geers fifth with nine.

Valentine won four of the fifteen races contested at the Philadelphia Grand Circuit meeting. Weather reduced the five day programme to three and so made the footing at Belmont Park heavy. This resulted in the time being slower than that was hung out on the western loop of the Circuit but it did not in any way interfere with the spirited finishes in almost every heat of the forty raced.

Edman is in fourth place with thirteen and Geers fifth with nine. Miscellaneous table: 12 things make... 1 dozen, 12 dozen... 1 gross, 20 things make... 1 grt. gross, 196 pounds of flour make... 1 barrel, 200 pounds of beef or pork make... 1 barrel, 135 pounds of potatoes or apples make... 1 barrel, 280 pounds of salt make... 1 barrel, 400 pounds of molasses make... 1 barrel, 200 pounds of sugar make... 1 barrel, 240 pounds of lime make... 1 barrel, 50 pounds of balls make... 1 keg, 20 pounds of soda make... 1 box, 40 pounds of cheese make... 1 box.

Send the coupon for a 10-Day Tube. Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film. See how teeth whiten as the fixed film disappears. This means more than pretty teeth. Compare your teeth now with your teeth in ten days and decide what is right for yourself. Cut out the coupon now.

Pepsodent CANADA Ten-Day Tube Free THE PEPSODENT COMPANY, 390 N. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill. Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

A scientific film combatant, based on activated pepsin, now advised for daily use by leading dentists everywhere.

Valentine in the Spotlight By W. H. Gocher. Valentine won four of the fifteen races contested at the Philadelphia Grand Circuit meeting. Weather reduced the five day programme to three and so made the footing at Belmont Park heavy. This resulted in the time being slower than that was hung out on the western loop of the Circuit but it did not in any way interfere with the spirited finishes in almost every heat of the forty raced.

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ROSEBUD Smoking Tobacco TO the man who enjoys a rich, satisfying pipe tobacco, ROSEBUD is as sweet and fragrant as the flower after which it is named. It is always in condition. You can cut it to suit your own taste. Sold everywhere.