

With no loss of faith let us re-
flect that man can not be sure of
a destiny more exalted than he
himself, can carve.

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THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper Read by Everybody

Covers Prince Edward Island Like the Dew

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1928

Somebody said, "Chew any old
crust long enough and it becomes
sweet"; perform any mean task well
enough and it will become pleasant.

Charlottetown Guardian Two Cents
Morning Guardian, Founded 1897

P. E. I. SMUGGLING AND HOME BREW DISCUSSED IN SENATE

**Senators J. J. Hughes And John McLean
Let The Light In Upon Conditions Pre-
vailing Here And Advocate Reduction
In Liquor Duty.**

In the course of the debate on the third reading of the Customs Bill in the Senate an interesting debate on the effect of high duty on the consumption of smuggled liquor and "home brew", in which Senator Hughes and Senator McLean took part and gave interesting sidelights on the failure of Prohibition in Prince Edward Island.

Hon. J. J. HUGHES said: Honourable gentlemen, in the early part of this Session the right honourable the Junior Senator for Ottawa (Right Hon. Sir George E. Foster) made some observations that I thought were the thoughtful expression of good ideas. He said that the Senate, because of the age and experience of most of its members, because of their detachment from the turmoil and strife of party politics, because of the semi-judicial character of this House, and for other reasons, should be in a position to give a lead to the House of Commons and the country by way of helpful suggestion and constructive criticism in the matter of legislation. It is with that end in view that I venture to make a few remarks on the Bill that is now before this House for consideration. I remember a year or two ago reading in a reliable publication the name of which I cannot recall at the moment, that the coast line

(Continued on page 6)

Grants To Technical Schooner Seized And Education Will Be Crew Arrested

(Canadian Press)
OTTAWA, May 3.—The grants of the Dominion Government to technical education will be discontinued at the end of the present fiscal year, Premier MacKenzie King told a large delegation which waited on the Government today to urge that the federal assistance be continued. The grants were begun in 1919 and the act provided that they be continued for a period of ten years. The prime minister said that as education was a matter solely within the jurisdiction of the provincial governments, and the obligations of the federal government were so heavy, his government had come to the conclusion that the assistance to the provinces for technical education would not be continued when the present act expires. The Government would consider the cases of provinces which had been late in starting vocational training and therefore had not received the full benefit of the grants the act provided, being allowed further time.

New Wage Contract Signed

(Canadian Press)
GLACE BAY, N. S., May 3.—The new wage and working contract between the British Empire Steel Corporation and District 26, United Mine Workers of America, based upon the profit-sharing plan approved by the miners at a referendum taken April 19, was signed here today.

Loewenstein Gives To Toronto Charities

(Special To The Guardian)
TORONTO, May 3.—Three Toronto institutions benefited by Capt. Alfred Loewenstein's brief visit to the city yesterday. Stating that he would like to give something to Toronto charities, this son of Belgium, said to be the third richest man in the world gave \$10,000 for the Women's College Hospital, \$10,000 to be spent for the comfort of soldier patients at Christie St. Hospital and \$500 for the hospital for sick children.

Condensed Specials

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*LOST—LOTTERY BOOK FOR Hope Chest. Finder please leave at Guardian Office. 5-2-1f.
*CHOICE CORNED BEEF FROM Stall-fed cattle. Saunders Newson & Co.
*JOB PRINTING OF EVERY description, cheaply and expeditiously executed. Guardian Central Job Printery, Phone 132.
*THREE CHOICE HORSES FOR sale today, 12 o'clock, Market Square. Terms at sale. Benjamin Carter, auctioneer. 4256

of the Maritime Provinces, including the eastern part of Quebec, and taking into consideration the bays and inlets and harbours and rivers, and the numerous small islands along the shore, would be between 2,000 and 3,000 miles in length. That condition of things, with the islands of St. Pierre and Miquelon near the Newfoundland coast and only a short distance away, where unlimited supplies of alcoholic liquors can be obtained, lends itself to smuggling in a wholesale way. Under these conditions it is very difficult to prevent smuggling without the expenditure of large sums of money and the employment of a very large number of men and a considerable number of vessels. When we take into account the fact that this business offers such large inducements in the way of profit, and that it is not looked upon as a crime by a large number of our citizens, it is not surprising that the men engaged in it have no difficulty in finding confederates and sympathizers to enable them to carry on their work. It is doubtless true that this business can be curtailed to a very considerable extent by the Dominion of Canada, but if it were eliminated the effect would be to increase home brewing to a very considerable extent—and

TEACHERS FEDERATION Reports of Delegates and Committees Discussed—Necessity of Salary Increase Considered—Important Resolutions Passed.

MORNING SESSION

After the minutes of the previous session were read and approved Mr. H. W. Yeo, the President, called on the delegates who attended the C. T. F. Convention at Toronto last year. Mr. Horton outlined the proceedings at considerable length. He referred to the address of the President of the C. T. F. at the Convention who noted the outstanding fact of the increasing recognition given the C. T. F. Last year, he said, saw the official entrance of Nova Scotia into the Federation. He said "teaching is becoming the life work of larger numbers of men and women than ever before in the history of this country". Mr. Horton said the President stressed the need of a Teachers' Register. Normal training was urged as a means to the standard of the profession. A matter of which the teachers in this province scarcely know the meaning but which is of supreme importance to the teachers is the "security of tenure" by which it would be impossible to dismiss a teacher except for inefficiency, misconduct or neglect of duty. The extent or gravity of the charge to be determined by a thoroughly impartial body. In closing he said, the President touched on the pressing need of increased salaries and some suitable scheme for pensions in every province. Referring to the report of the Secretary of the C. T. F. Mr. Horton said he reported that the year book for 1925-26 met with such favour that he advised its yearly publication. Interprovincial exchange of teachers is still difficult to arrange owing to the different standards of licenses in the various provinces. The membership continues to increase. Over 21,000 members are now enrolled of which 17,447 are paid up members. Nova Scotia reports an increase of 55 per cent over last year despite the fact that the fee is \$5.00. A minimum salary of \$900.00 is being aimed at and the executive was then framing a scale of salaries to be presented to the Government before the next meeting of the Legislature. The annual meeting dealt chiefly with setting an Education Week for special publicity to the needs of education, revised text books, establishment of an educational bureau, drawing up a suitable teachers agreement form and appointment of delegates to the Maritime Conference on Education, held in Sackville last fall. The Teachers' Association of New Brunswick was explained by the New Brunswick delegate. Mr. Horton reviewed the reports of several organizations throughout the Empire on the question of teacher training and that the C. T. F. arrange to have a representative in each party of the Federal House to present the teachers' point of view. One of the greatest achievements of the organization was the widened outlook, the broadened horizon and the promotion of closer acquaintance and companionship of teachers. It affords an opportunity to measure what teachers are doing by standards other than their own. Concluding Mr. Horton said that "everywhere between the scheduled meetings could be seen little groups of delegates, getting acquainted, forming friendships and Mr. Rogers described the interview pausing here and there in thoughtful discussion. It is to these social contacts, he said, we must look for the development of mutual respect and most cordiality and sympathy, and

Tunnel Cost 16 Millions

(Special To The Guardian)
SEATTLE, Wash., May 3.—The fifth largest tunnel in the world was holed through under the Cascade mountains in Washington, at exactly 1 p. m. yesterday, by an electric blast set off by President Coolidge in Washington, D. C. The tunnel is being constructed by the Great Northern Railway about 100 miles east of Seattle at a cost of \$16,000,000. Electrification of the line changes will bring the total expenditure to \$25,000,000.



TORONTO, May 3.—Maritime moderate winds mostly fair and rather cold. Showers probably by Saturday.
Toronto, rain 72-48
Montreal, fair 58-42
Quebec, foggy 42-38
Charlottetown, cloudy 49-34
Halifax, cloudy 60-44
Saint John, rain 56-42
Boston, clear 54-48
New York, clear 54-48
High tide this morning at 4.40.
Full moon Friday, May 4th, 3.45 p. m.

Three Children Lost Their Lives

(Special To The Guardian)
MONTREAL, May 3.—Three children aged three, seven and nine years, lost their lives in a fire that broke out in the kitchen of their home on Cote St. Paul Road here today. The victims were alone in the house their father, Alfred Desay, being at work and their mother having gone to church.
The fire was believed to have been caused by an overheated hall stove. The two younger children, Charles and Madeleine, died from asphyxiation while the elder Gertrude was severely burnt about the body.

SIR ARTHUR CURRIE GETS ENTHUSIASTIC WELCOME ON RETURN TO MONTREAL

Former Comrades In Arms And Students Of McGill Combine To Do Honor To The Former Commander Of Canadian Forces.
MONTREAL, May 3.—Sir Arthur Currie, Commander in Chief of the Canadian Forces in France during the Great War and at present principal of McGill University received an enthusiastic welcome here tonight from his former comrades in arms and the students faculty of McGill, upon his return from Cobourg, Ontario.
The streets leading to the Windsor Station were jammed with people when Sir Arthur's train pulled in at 10 p. m. A military band played tunes which were popular with the soldiers in France as Sir Arthur stepped from the station. The McGill students gave the college yell and the crowd cheered.
A parade was formed but students took possession of the car bearing Sir Arthur and showed it to Peel Street and down Sherbrooke street to a local service club, where an impromptu reception was held. Sir Arthur seated, bareheaded, in the back seat of the car, smiled and nodded with students on the bonnet and the running boards he was shoved through the streets to the F. Convention at Toronto last year. Mr. Horton outlined the proceedings at considerable length. He referred to the address of the President of the C. T. F. at the Convention who noted the outstanding fact of the increasing recognition given the C. T. F. Last year, he said, saw the official entrance of Nova Scotia into the Federation. He said "teaching is becoming the life work of larger numbers of men and women than ever before in the history of this country". Mr. Horton said the President stressed the need of a Teachers' Register. Normal training was urged as a means to the standard of the profession. A matter of which the teachers in this province scarcely know the meaning but which is of supreme importance to the teachers is the "security of tenure" by which it would be impossible to dismiss a teacher except for inefficiency, misconduct or neglect of duty. The extent or gravity of the charge to be determined by a thoroughly impartial body. In closing he said, the President touched on the pressing need of increased salaries and some suitable scheme for pensions in every province. Referring to the report of the Secretary of the C. T. F. Mr. Horton said he reported that the year book for 1925-26 met with such favour that he advised its yearly publication. Interprovincial exchange of teachers is still difficult to arrange owing to the different standards of licenses in the various provinces. The membership continues to increase. Over 21,000 members are now enrolled of which 17,447 are paid up members. Nova Scotia reports an increase of 55 per cent over last year despite the fact that the fee is \$5.00. A minimum salary of \$900.00 is being aimed at and the executive was then framing a scale of salaries to be presented to the Government before the next meeting of the Legislature. The annual meeting dealt chiefly with setting an Education Week for special publicity to the needs of education, revised text books, establishment of an educational bureau, drawing up a suitable teachers agreement form and appointment of delegates to the Maritime Conference on Education, held in Sackville last fall. The Teachers' Association of New Brunswick was explained by the New Brunswick delegate. Mr. Horton reviewed the reports of several organizations throughout the Empire on the question of teacher training and that the C. T. F. arrange to have a representative in each party of the Federal House to present the teachers' point of view. One of the greatest achievements of the organization was the widened outlook, the broadened horizon and the promotion of closer acquaintance and companionship of teachers. It affords an opportunity to measure what teachers are doing by standards other than their own. Concluding Mr. Horton said that "everywhere between the scheduled meetings could be seen little groups of delegates, getting acquainted, forming friendships and Mr. Rogers described the interview pausing here and there in thoughtful discussion. It is to these social contacts, he said, we must look for the development of mutual respect and most cordiality and sympathy, and

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It was extended to him by the President Mr. H. W. Yeo.
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While the Government agreed and sympathized with their claims, it could do nothing for them, and extended no hope.
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The delegation suggested to the Premier that part of the money given Ottawa could be used to increase salaries, as the Prairie Provinces had suggested to the Duncan Commission. Mr. Jelly tried to get the Premier to promise that if more money came from Ottawa, part of it would be used to increase the teachers' salaries. But he would not do so.
The delegation had suggested that the salaries of those who had been in the profession for some time should first be increased.
Nova Scotia has increased the salaries of the teachers by 10%, in spite of the fact that they expect an increase of \$250,000. But there is no prospect of the Government giving any increase this year.
The report of the delegates was accepted and two draft resolutions dealing with the matter were then brought in by Mr. Rogers.
The first resolution urgently requested legislation to be passed at the next session of Parliament increasing the salaries to teachers.
And the second clause of the same asked that such additions to salaries be on a sliding scale, with periodic increases, thus putting a premium on length of service.
There was some discussion on the latter clause, the opinion being expressed by Mr. E. J. H. Morrissey that the meeting should approve of a tentative scale of salaries, to submit to the Government.
Mr. Roy Grant, of South Kings, expressed himself very forcibly as of the opinion that the matter should be settled before the whole meeting. Country teachers never became familiar with what went on in committees. The only thing they ever heard of the matters was when the report was published long after the matters had been settled.
Mr. Rogers suggested, referring to the present scale of increase, that there should be no increase to those in the first two years of service.
The increase for the third year should be 10 per cent for the next year 20 per cent, and 20 on, until, at the end of the 10th year, in the

Bremen Crew Will Visit Canada

(Canadian Press)
NEW YORK, May 3.—The crew of the monoplaner Bremen will visit Canada during their aerial tour. Harry Brune, who has been appointed press agent for the trio told the Canadian Press today. The city and the date of their visit have not yet been decided, Mr. Brune added.
An Associated Press despatch from Washington last night stated that Ottawa would be included in their North American itinerary. The German-Irish crew came back to New York today in a sister ship of their trans-ocean plane after receiving the welcome of the nation's capital.

NATIONALISTS CLOSING IN ON PEKIN

Northerners Believed to Have Retreated to a Point 160 Miles West of the City.
(Special To The Guardian)
LONDON, May 3.—The Nationalist forces apparently are closing in on Pekin even though hampered by roads and some show of defense by the northerners. They not only have occupied Tsing, capital of Shan-tung Province, but according to advices from Pekin, Chang Hsueh-Lin northern defenders back in the Province of Shanghai. A northern defeat in the upper section of this Province, with big casualties, is reported.
The Northerners are believed to have retreated to Tatungfu, which lies about 160 miles to the west of Pekin. Many wounded, numbering 3,500 by some estimates, have been brought to Pekin from that city.
Coincidentally, the northern troops have been withdrawing on the Pekin-Hankow railway toward Paotingfu, in Chihli Province, less than 100 miles to the south of Pekin.
Advices received at Tokio say that Chang Tso Lin, the northern dictator at Pekin, has sent his family to Tientsin, near the seacoast, and also his son, Chang Hsueh-Lin who has been in command of troops along the Pekin-Hankow railway, has returned to Pekin to consult with his father regarding future plans, owing to the advance of the southerners.

Tribute To Hon. Peter Heenan

(Special To The Guardian)
OTTAWA, Ont., May 3.—A fine tribute was accorded the Hon. Peter Heenan, Minister of Labor at a complimentary banquet here tonight. Members of the cabinet, members of the Opposition and leaders of labor organizations of Canada gathered to do him honor on the eve of his departure as Canadian representative to the International Labor conference in Geneva.
Fine tributes came from the leaders of labor, Tom Moore and A. R. Mosher of Mr. Heenan. The former said "he has succeeded in getting the confidence of all classes that the Labor Department has to do business with. I do not know any greater tribute which could be paid to a member."
Mr. Mosher said "no member of the government is more helpful than the present Minister of Labor. Through his efforts the wheels of industry and of transportation have been kept moving."
In expressing his appreciation the Minister of Labor stressed the need for toleration and co-operation.

12th year of service, there would be an increase of 100 per cent. This would entail an outlay on the government of about \$73,000.00.
He proposed other similar schedules, and gave it as his opinion that it would be useless to ask for plans that would entail an expenditure of \$300,000.00 or any such amount.
He felt there might be more chance of getting an increase involving \$75,000.00 to \$100,000.00. He did not think that discussion of details could be continued in the meeting with profit. The question before the meeting was, would they approve of a sliding scale, or did they wish a flat vote? This question is what should be decided.
Mr. Jelly took issue with the opinion of Mr. Grant. He claimed that the federation by following out the methods which had been employed in the past had obtained substantial increases in salaries. He, like Mr. Rogers, was of the opinion that binding the executive to a definite rate was unprofitable. The question was, would they ask for a sliding scale or a flat rate.
Mr. Morrissey moved the adjournment of the debate till the after-

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