"Doc Bird Says"

Our guarantee of satisfaction has brought nothing but bigger—better—broader business.

PLAYING SOCRATES

Looking for honest (rubber goods?)

Can't blame you nowadays. It is the easiest thing in the world to hide inferiority in rubber goods—you can't tell whether an article manufactured of rubber is good or not until you try it.

We sell the best lines of rubber goods made and we know it.

E. A. FOSTER

Central Drugstore
Sunnyside

Hot water bottles from $1.00 up. One year guarantee with each

EVERY WOMAN

is interested and should know about the wonderful Whirling Spray **Marvel Douche**

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for Illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada

Get Your Money's Worth

You will find the prettiest and best selected stock in Charlottetown at our store. But the real surprise will be the modest prices. No shoddy goods find a place in this stock. Our shoes are all good shoes. We may not always be the cheapest but we certainly are the cheapest for the Best.

J. H. BELL

130 Great George St.

6396-11-5Mtf

FOUND!

a place where you can get all kinds of choice meats at lowest possible prices:—

NOTE OUR LIST

Fresh Beef from 6 to 14 cents per lb.
Beef Steak 14 cents per lb.
Fresh and corned pork from 6 to 14 cents per lb.
Lamb from 10 to 14 cents per lb.
Prime Sausages 12 cents per lb.
Ham, Bologna 12 cents per lb.
Potted meat 10 cents bowl.
Cows Tongue from 20 to 35-cents each.
Also spare ribs, Cows and Lambs Liver.

Goods promptly delivered to all parts of the City. Shop open evenings till 10 o'clock. Phone No. 119. Market stall Tuesdays and Fridays, Phone No. 355.

REANEY GAY,

9 ELM AVENUE.

6372-11-5Mtf.

Wanted 10 Pairs Silver Black Foxes

The Bay State Silver Black Fox Company a Massachusetts Co-opperation with an authorized capital of $200,000, solicits correspondence from any Companies or individual who might want to amalgamate, or cooperate with them in taking Capital Stock for Foxes until stock is sold for cash. Address for particulars

DUNCAN MacPHIE
P. O. Box 1634
Boston Mass

6358-11-4M6i.

NO KAISER METHODS FOR MONTREAL

MONTREAL, Nov. 7.—A second temperance organization is a certainty," said Rev. T. E. Bourke of Mountain Street Methodist Church yesterday morning. Mr. Bourke about a fortnight ago resigned as vice-president of the Dominion Alliance for reasons not yet made public.

"A meeting will be held during the next seven days to consider the best body. Following it, a convention of temperance workers from all over Quebec Province may be held as many of the Dominion Alliance members are not satisfied with the way it is being administered. There is too much of the Kaiser method about it. We want no Kaiser in Quebec. Representatives from centres outside Montreal are expected to attend the meeting during the next few days."

Mr. Carson reisgned his position as a member of the executive of the Alliance on Friday last.

Mrs. John Scott has also resigned and Mrs. Tracy Ludington is doing so today because they are dissatisfied with the methods of the administration.

GERMANS PREPARING FOR RETREAT.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Germans are throwing up earthworks 20 miles in the rear of their present position on the Kaiser's right wing. This looks like preparations for a retreat. They are reported short of men and ammunition.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

REVERE.

R. C. Henderson, Toronto; John Warren, Halifax; D. C. Clarke, St. John; J. A. Robertson, Bonshaw; M. W. Wood, Mt. Albion; Jos. McLean, De Gross Marsh; Ed. J. Hegan, M. P. Gates, Woodstock, Ont.; E. P.Cahill, Alberton; R. M. Hill, Montreal; T. W. McDonald, Georgetown; H. McLennan, Wod Islands; Geo. E. Baker, Summerside; W. L. Frost, Halifax.

VICTORIA.

A. G. Baillie, Port Hastings; D. Rutherford, A. W. Cook, Halifax; F. Good, W. P. Luke, J. C. Palmer, J. W. Douglas, Toronto; P. S. Hamon, Montreal; D. M. McDonald, Tignish; A. Bruce Burke, St John; A. J. Burrows, Nottingham; N. P. Poirier, Moncton.

QUEEN.

J. B. Gaudet, Miscouche; E. A. Caurchesne, Drummondville; B. I. Raynor, Alberton; C. E. McDonald, Summerside; E. W. Watling, St John; A. F. McQuaid, Souris; R. J. McNeill, Tynevalley; G. R. McQuarrie, Summerside; G. W. Larkin, Alberton; Jas. Brown, Moncton; V. A. McDonald, Victoria, B.C.

REVERE HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Nov. 7, 1914.

J. B. MacCormack, Moncton, N. B.; J. Lovell Davey and wife, Moose Jaw, Sask.; J. P. Arsenault, Howlan; Dr. J. C. McDonald, York; Mrs. J. C. McDonlad, York; Dr. A. B. Stevenson, New Glasgow; H. R. Bell, New Glasgow; N. B. McKay, New London; W. P. Carruthers, Quebec; L. Clark, Cape Traverse; R. C. Ames, Montreal; J. W. Coulter, Fall River, Mass; H. J. McCormack Hillsboro; A.A. Turnbull, Hamilton, Ont.

VICTORIA.

W. J. Nagle, Jas. F. Davis, St. John; Jas.Ellis, Montague; T. W. Peters, F. A. McNeill, Summerside; C, Gallant, Jas. Gibson, Toronto; W. R. Eikensy, Halifax; Thos. Baker, L. Smith, Port Bettle, Montreal.

QUEEN.

M. C. Delaney, N. Tryon; G. W. Larkin, Alberton; Jas. Brown, Moncton; F. H. Cushing, Boston; G. W. Beck, Kentville, N. S.; Mr. and Mrs. G. R. McQuarrie, Summerside; George Partridge, Ottawa.

GAS, HEARTBURN, INDIGESTION OR A SICK STOMACH

"Pape's Diapepsin" ends all stomach distress in five minutes.

Time it! Pape's Diapepsin will digest anything you eat and overcome a sour, gassy or out-of-order stomach surely within five minutes.

If your meals don't fit comfortably, or what you eat lies like a lump of lead in the stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of indigestion.

Get from your pharmacist a fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin and take a dose just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings,no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, nausea, debilitating headaches, dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery is waiting for you at any drug store.

These large fifty-cent cases contain enough "Pape's Diapepsin" to keep the entire family free from stomach disorders and indigestion for many months. It belongs in your home.

**NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Shareholders' Meeting of The W. B. Hayes Silver Black Fox Company, Limited, will be held in the Hall at Ellerslie, on 19th November, 1914, at 2. p. m. R. C. Hayes, Sec'y-Treas. 6395-11-5M3i.

YESTERDAY IN THE CHURCHES

(Continued from Page One.)

Every Christian should be a soul-winner; it was his duty no matter how profound he was in learning or eloquent in speech. No person who was scripturally converted would be content unless striving to bring his brothers to Christ. What would be the reward of the soul-winner? James says, He that converteth a sinner from the error of his ways shall save a soul from death and cover a multitude of sins."

In the evening Mr. Whitehead preached an equally splendid sermon; his subject on this occasion being "An old-fashioned home." He took his text from Second Kings, 20, 15. He made a strong plea for the restoration of the family altar. The American people, he said, forgot family worship, ninety-eight per cent of the children of the United States receiving no, religious training except through the Bible Schools. Only perhaps two out of every hundred ever saw their parents bend their knees in prayer and read God's word. Napoleon was once asked, what was the greatest need of the French nation After thinking a moment, with marked emphasis he answered, "the greatest need of the French nation is mothers."

"If you were to ask me," continued the preacher, "the greatest need of this nation I would to God that in my answer I might speak with the power of a Napoleon and that my words would live as long, for I would answer, the greatest need in homes—not palatial buildings but homes where God is loved, Christ is honoured and the Bible read and studied. It is the duty of every parent to set such an example before their children that they will be constrained to walk in the straight and narrow path. There are two great factors in every home—the father and the mother. The mother comes first. There are some things that every mother must be if she would lead her children in the way God expects her to. Every mother must be Christian; she must be consistent. The children may forget the inconsistencies of the father; but let the mother be inconsistent and the memory is as lasting as time and almost as lasting as eternity. Every true mother must be a woman of prayer. No mother can bear the burdens of life in her own strength; she needs the help of God. The other great factor in the home is the father. Here again there are certain things that a father must be. Every father must be Christian; the boys are soon to grow up and walk in the father's footsteps. A few weeks ago I was out driving with a member of the Church and his little boy. The boy spoke to every one as his father did, addressing them by their Christian names. Someone remarked that it was amusing to hear the boy speak in that way. The father replied, "No; if my boy is going to speak as I speak and walk as I walk and do as I do, then God help me to be a Christian." The father must be a man of prayer. No one can overcome the temptations of life in his own strength. When we read the Bible it is God speaking to us; when we pray it is we speaking to God. Every man needs to commune with God." Mr. Whitehead then concluded his sermon in appropriate and impressive language.

A series of Bible services will begin in this Church next Sunday, to be conducted by Rev. Mr. McPherson, of New York. All are urgently requested to attend.

TORPEDO BOAT DESTROYERS

Many people who have never seen a destroyer, or, to use the correct name, a torpedo boat destroyer, will remember Mr Kipling's verses beginning—

"The strength of twice three thousand horse,
That seek the single goal;
The line that holds the rending course,
The hate that swings the whole:
The stripped hulls, slinking through the gloom,
At gaze and gone again—
The Brides of Death that wait the groom—
The Choosers of the Slain!"

There are others who may have seen in the gathering darkness of a summer night off the pier of some pleasant holiday resort "The stripped hulls, slinking through the gloom." Slinking is the word for these sinister-looking craft, in spite of their great speed. Many of them are able to speed through the water at about forty miles an hour.

The First Torpedo Boat.

The British Admiralty's first torpedo boat was the Lighting, ordered in 1877. She was a tiny craft of only twenty-seven tons displacement, but she could steam at nineteen knots, and carried one torpedo tube. She was a great success, and soon all the naval Powers, ourselves included, began building torpedo boats, which rapidly developed in size, sea-keeping qualities and speed.

The French built large numbers of small torpedo boats during the eighties, and these would have been a source of considerable danger to our fleet in war time. The result was, therefore, that we had to build craft capable of destroying hostile torpedo boats, and, commencing in 1886, many vessels of this kind were built. They were known as "torpedo catchers," or "torpedo gunboats," and were craft of from 500 to 1000 tons displacement, with a nominal speed of 19 to 21 knots. They were designed to carry two 4-inch or 4.7-inch quick-firing guns, besides several smaller weapons, and, in addition, a couple of deck torpedo tubes; but, as a class, they were found to be too slow for the work they were expected to perform, and, moreover, their seaworthiness left much to be desired. Something better had to be done, and in 1893 the British Admiralty gave an order for several torpedo boat destroyers.

The first of these were craft of about 250 tons, with a speed on trial of 27 knots, and they fulfilled a double function, for their gun armament—consisting of a 12-pounder and a number of 6-pounders—would enable them to destroy a small hostile torpedo boat of inferior speed, while in addition they carried torpedo tubes, so that they could be used as torpedo boats, if the necessity arose. As time went on it was found that the speed of these destroyers was not sufficient, and three years or so after their orifinal inception this was increased to 30 knots, the displacement increasing slightly in consequence.

The First Turbine.

As time went on, however, even these "thirty-knotters," as they are called, were found, owing to their low freeboard, to be deficient in sea-keeping qualities, and in 1902-3 were built the first of what are usually called "River" class destroyers, they being all named rivers of the United Kingdom. These craft have high forecastles, which make them far more seaworthy than previous types, while they have a displacement of between 550 and 600 tons, a speed of 25 knots, and carry four 12-pounder guns and 2 torpedo tubes. As destroyers, they have always been satisfactory, for they can keep up their speed in a sea in which the old 27 and 30 knots craft would have to ease down for safety's sake. Up to 1899 torpedo craft generally had been driven by ordinary reciprocating engines, but in this year was launched the Viper, the first turbine destroyer. She had a speed of 37.1 knots.

The "Tribal" Class.

"River" class destroyers, the majority of which were driven by reciprocating engines, continued to be constructed until about 1905, when the first of what are usually called the "Tribal" class destroyers were built. These craft are all named after tribes, and there are a dozen of them in the service—Mohawk, Afridi, Saracen, Ghurka, Amazon, Viking, Cossack, Crusader, Maori, Nubian, Tartar, Zulu. They vary in displacement between 865 and 1090 tons, while the armament consists in some cases of five 12-pounder guns, the later boats, however, being armed with two 4-inch quick-firers. They all carry the usual couple of torpedo tubes, and all have turbine engines and burn oil fuel only, the designed speed being 33 knots, although the majority of them have steamed faster than this, the Tartar actually doing 40.2 on her trials!

The Newer Destroyers.

The newer destroyers are practically the same as those of the "Tribal" class, but with less speed. In 1908 were launched the Basilisk, Beagle, Bulldog, Foxhound, Grasshopper, Harpy, Mosquito, Nautilus, Pincher, Racoon, Rattlesnake, Renard, Savage, Scorpion, Scourge, and Wolverine. These craft vary in size from 860 to 940 tons, and have turbine engines driving them at 27 knots. Coal alone is burnt, and of this 165 to 215 tons is carried. The armament consists of two 21-inch torpedo tubes of the latest type, one 4-inch quick-firing gun, and three 12-pounders. This class of sixteen boats is usually known as the "Beagle" class. In 1910 were launched the twenty destroyers of the "Acorn" class, consisting of the Acorn, Alarm, Brisk, Cameleon, Comet, Fury, Gold-Minstrel, Nemesis, Nereide, Nymphe, finch, Hope, Larne, Lyra, Martin,

LITTLE HOSPITAL IS A BOON TO SOLDIERS

After Cruel Strain, they are Generously Fed and Turned out "New Men"

LONDON, Nov. 6—From Paris comes this report: "At the little English hospital at Lavallois Perret the wards are full of English soldiers, officers and men. It was good to see them in comfortable beds, able to ask for what they wanted in their own tongue, and one only wishes that the wards were bigger and that there were more of them. The matron and her nurses are working willingly night and day; the doctors are always ready to answer the call, and they, with the Rev. F. Ansthruther Cardew and the matron practically run the whole hospital, as the rest of the commitee is absent. The strain on the hospital resources is very great, not only in service, but in material, for the need of dressings, clothing and food is continual, while the money coffers, alas, are almost empty.

The men who come in are literally worn out, and as soon as possible the doctors order them to be fed generously; this means four eggs for breakfast, a good dinner, and a good supper. They are all in need of clothes, shirts, socks and handkerchiefs, and the hospital linen room is not nearly well stocked enough to provide these things without outside help. It is too long a story to tell why the hospital is so poor, but it is an obvious and regretable fact that it happens to be so just now, when its existence is of so much importance.

MENTAL TONIC BADLY NEEDED.

When the "Tommies" are well they can meet all the difficulties which arise from their not speaking French; but when they are ill it is a different thing. Only the other day Mrs. Cradew, the chaplain's wife, found a poor man, seriously wounded, where there was no one who could speak English. His misery was such that he would have probably died had she not obtained permission to take him out to the English hospital, where he is now getting better. Every effort is being made to supply the little hospital and staff with all necessities for the calls that are being made on them, but there are moments when red tape or some equally unsympathetic stumbling block gets in the way and prevents good work from being done. The mental as well as physical effect of an orderly, cheerful English hospital ward on the English soldier is incalculable, and from what the matron said, the necessity for a mental tonic for most of the men after these last awful six weeks is as urgent as that of sleep and good food.

It is no secret, now that General French has made his report, that the retreat on Paris, fighting every mile of the way, was a cruell strain on our men, and those who came in first were almost at the end of their endurance. It is no exaggeration to call every one of them heroes, and it is hard to go to see them without giving away to weak and womanly tears. Naturally it is the last thing one does, because "Tommy" is so incurably cheerful in a grumbling sort of way, and English tobacco, with pink matches (not those horrid things which nearly asphixate you) cause him to grin happily.

TJRKISH ARMY IS VERY LARGE

(Special to the Guardian.)

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—By wireless to Sayville, New York.—The advance of Turkish trops in Sinai, Penisula, in the direction of Egypt is reported in Berlin from Switzerland. The Turkish army operating against Egypt is said to number 250,000 men.

ABBIES WIN FROM P. W. C. TEAM SATURDAY

On Saturday afternoon at Victoria Park a game of football took place between the Prince of Wales College team, Intercollegiate Champions of the Island, and a team from the Abewelt club, and resulted in a victory for the latter by the score of 12-3.

The game was a very good exhibition of the sport. The Collegians, though heavier in the scrum, however, proved no match for the advanced science and experience of their senior opponents. The Abegweits this year have a real good team, despite the fact that a number of the old veterans of the club have retired from the game. On the team there were a number of clever "youngsters," who, with a little practice and experience, will make good men. The Prince of Wales team and the Abbies will likely play again shortly; the Abbies are also open for matches with any other teams who desire games.

The game on Saturday was refereed efficiently and satisfactorily by Mr Frank McCarey of the Connaughts.

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

"Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets will disperse that distressed feeling, they contain the ingredients that compel the digestive organs to do their work properly. Small size, 50c. Large box, $1.00. MacKinnon Drug Co. Corner Great George and Kent Streets. Metf.

Big Sale of Men's undervests, Watson's samples, regular price $1.50 to $3.00. On sale at HALF PRICE, reason we have no drawers to match. Patons. 6430-11-7M3i.

---Take the Elevator!---

FREE Next Friday, Nov. 6, we will give free with every 50c bottle of Liquid Veneer. A 25c Liquid Veneer Polishing Cloth. Free Friday only.

Beer & Weeks

SOUVENIR. We have a limited quantity of genuine Scotch Heather sent us by the makers of our Scotch Blankets—while it lasts we will be pleased to present visitors with a sprig.

Big Blanket Display and Sale now on!

It will pay you to buy here

WHY NOT let us supply YOU Blankets this Fall and Winter? We supply your neighbors—who buy from us because we have just what they want—and because our prices are right.

Read about them. (5th Floor—Take the Elevator)

Warm Fleecy Blankets at Rock Bottom Prices

These are just what you want instead of Cold Cotton Sheets. They're warm and comfortable—easily washed—and very durable.

Note the Low Prices!

10-4	11-4	12-4
95c	$1.35	$1.75

We cannot promise to repeat these prices when our present stock is exhausted. COME QUICKLY.

Extra Special!

Slightly Damaged Blankets away below Regular Prices!

About seventy-five pairs of grey flannelette blankets which became faded on the double fold through having been exposed to the sun while piled in our ware house. Apart from this they are o k in every respect.

They're heavily fleeced—bordered—measure 56x76 inches and the price—instead of being

$1.45 per pair is now while they last **$1.15**

Splendid Values in Clean New, Warm, Wool Blankets

Five pounds to the pair 56x76 inches, bordered wonderful, good values at the various prices. Each blanket is whipped separately.

Regular	$3.25	Special	$2.95 pair
Regular	4.25	Special	3.85 pair

Six pounds to the pair, 60x80 inches, each blanket is whipped singly—good wearing and washing qualities.

Regular	$3.50	Special	$3.15 pair
Regular	3.75	Special	3.88 pair
Regular	4.40	Special	3.95 pair
Regular	5.25	Special	4.75 pair
Regular	6.00	Special	5.38 pair

Seven pounds to the pair 64x84 inches, whipped singly, lovely warm blankets we're proud of

Regular	$6.75	Special	$5.98 pair
Regular	7.75	Special	6.95 pair

Scotch Blankets---"From the Banks and Braes O'bonny Doon"

For those who desire something of exceptionally fine quality, we have these—the finest we've ever offered.

Prices range from **$6.25 to $12.00** per pair. See them—they'll please you.

Elegant Down Quilts. A Magnificent showing of these really indispensible articles—light, fluffy, wonderfully warm—in the prettiest daintiest of coverings. **$3.50 to $20.00.**

Wadded Comforts. Remarkably fine line at very low prices. You'll like our showing and our values will please you. Rock bottom prices **$1.00 to $4.50.**