

CENTRAL GUARDIAN

BRIDAL SHOWER—There were 35 guests at the shower at the home of Mrs. M. J. Power, 284 Sydney St. referred to yesterday and not 25 as appeared.

REGULAR MEETING CANADIAN LEGION—Canadian Legion, B. E. S. L. regular meeting will be held in the Legion Hall, Grafton St., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. 10947-12-16-21

NOTICE—Have you got your goose for Christmas, if not get it at the B. I. S. auction forty-fives tonight, followed by a special arranged Irish programme. 10943

ENJOYABLE AUCTION—Last evening in Holy Redeemer Hall an enjoyable and well-attended auction forty-fives tournament took place. The prize winners were: 1st prize, Mrs. Simmons; 2nd prize, Mrs. T. G. Henry; 1st prize, Mr. W. Trainor; 2nd prize, J. Mills.

MARINE ACTIVITIES — The C. G. S. Arammore has completed her work and has left for Halifax to lay up for the winter. The C. G. S. Brant is also preparing to lay up. The Hochelaga stopped some time ago. The S. S. Hillsboro will continue her trips as long as possible. The work done on the S. S. Prince Edward Island by Bruce Stewart and Company has been completed. It is not known when she will sail for Borden.

Miss Helena L. Rogers arrived home from Boston last night to spend the Christmas holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Rogers.

ARCHBISHOP

Continued from page 1

Cardinal Jean Marie Rouleau, who died following a long illness contracted after an automobile accident. His successor is a true son of the province, being able to look back upon nine generations of French-Canadian ancestors.

Mgr. Villeneuve, who was born in Montreal on November 2, 1883, studied at the Sacred Heart and Mont. St. Louis Colleges, in Montreal. He was received as a Novice by the Order of the Oblates of Mary Immaculate in 1901 and was ordained on May 25, 1907, after which he became Professor of Novices at the Oblate House in Ottawa, where he taught canonical law, dogma and moral philosophy. He was a delegate of the Canadian Provinces of the Oblate Order to the General Chapter held in Rome in 1926.

Father Villeneuve, as he was then, founded the St. Thomas Academy and also Houses of Retreat for the Order, being particularly active in work on behalf of younger members during the 23 years he spent at Ottawa. A tract on the work of the Order entitled "L'un Des Nôtres," was published in 1927.

He was appointed to the Bishopric of Gravelbourg in June 1930, being consecrated in September of the same year by Archbishop Forbes at Ottawa.

The feeling in this city over the appointment was summed up by a telegram despatched to Archbishop-elect Villeneuve by Mayor H. E. Lavigneur.

"Your nomination to the Archbishopric of Quebec is acclaimed here with great joy. In the name of the City Council and the Roman Catholic population of Quebec we extend to Your Excellency our most sincere homage and profound admiration."

Card of Thanks

Mrs. Murdie McLean and family wish to thank their kind friends and neighbors for expressions of sympathy in their sad and sudden bereavement. 10946

DEATHS

TRAINOR—At Glenfinnan, Dec. 15, 1931, Mary A. Trainor, aged 79 years. Funeral from her residence, Thursday morning at 9 o'clock to St. Patrick's Church, Fort Augustus.

MacDONALD—In the Charlotetown Hospital, Dec. 14th, Francis MacDonald, aged 24 years. Remains will be forwarded from McMenner's Parlors this morning to his home in Forest Hill.

DAMMERELL—At South Freetown Dec. 15, 1931, Mrs. Elizabeth Dammerell, age 92. Funeral at home of deceased Thursday, Dec. 17, at 1:30 Internment, People's Cemetery, Freetown.

HUMPHREY — At Clearmont, Dec. 15, 1931, Mrs. Sarah Humphrey, age 88. Funeral leaving home of deceased at 8 a. m. Thursday, Dec. 17, Government Roman Catholic Cemetery.

FORFEITS BAIL OF \$40,000

(Canadian Press)

LAKE CHARLES, La. Dec. 15.—Dan Hogan of Montreal and New York, convicted rum ring leader, who is under prison sentence for conspiring to violate the prohibition laws, forfeited \$40,000 bond to the Government today by failing to appear in federal court here for commitment to the penitentiary. Tried with nine companions at Queydan, La., in 1930, he was sentenced to three years' imprisonment and fined heavily. Two of these companions also forfeited bonds of \$5,000 each today. They are Albert J. Delorsie and Adam Smith. Two others appeared and were committed to prison. They are Thomas Sumrell, Captain of a small boat in the reputed liquor operations, who faces two years in federal prison and a \$1,000 fine and Sylvester Romero, who faces a year and a day jail term and a \$500 fine. Another of the accused runners, "Big Jim" Clark, also under sentence, is in Canada, authorities believe.

SPAIN'S NEW CABINET

(Associated Press)

MADRID, Dec. 15.—Premier Manuel Azana formed the first constitutional cabinet of the Spanish republic tonight. The cabinet, as announced by the premier, is as follows: Premier Azana, War. Luis de Zulueta, State. Jaime Carner, Treasury. Jose Giral, Marine. Santiago Casares Quiroga, Interior. Fernando de los Rios, Public Instruction. Francisco Largo Caballero, Labor. Indalecio Prieto, Public Works. Marcelino Domingo, Agriculture. The premier said a Minister of Communications had not yet been selected.

EASTERN GUARDIAN

"PLAY ENJOYED—On Friday evening the Oddfellows and Rebeccas repeated their popular play "Battling Betty Ann" in the I. O. O. F. Hall at Montague in aid of the rink. Although the attendance was small on account of some other attraction on in the town nevertheless the players all did their parts in their usual good form. The play was staged at six different places and was proclaimed by many of the severest critics as one of the best acted plays ever staged on Prince Edward Island. Miss Frances Coffin, as Battling Betty Ann was a whole play in herself, and never allowed her audience a dull moment, and when Mickey and Spud arrived on the stage your sides were bound to be sore. Then with Cal Pickins, the very efficient constable, and all the others thrown in you would have to admit that it just couldn't be improved upon. The thanks of both lodges is extended to these players who gave much time and energy in putting on these plays also to all those who assisted by putting on specialties between the acts. Much credit for the success of the play is due Mrs. M. McDonald and Mrs. L. H. Coffin who were the directors.—M

"Mr. Frank Green, Jr., of Montague has been confined to his bed for the past two weeks with pneumonia but his many friends are pleased to learn that he is now out of danger and is doing as well as can be expected.—M

"M. A. A. MEETS—The annual meeting of the Montague Athletic Association was held on Wednesday evening, Dec. 9th. After the reports of the various committees were given and other business discussed it was decided to make a complete canvass of the town for members. The town was divided up in sections and two of our leading business men appointed to canvass each section. The large number of citizens who joined up shows the great interest our people have in sport and especially in hockey. This should indeed be a great help to the boys of the Imperials to know that they have support and backing of so many of our leading citizens.—M

CLASSIFIED ADS

WANTED—MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 275 Sydney St. 10945-12-16-31



Would you like to wish all your friends and customers, a Very Merry Christmas. You can reach practically them all by a Christmas Greeting Card in the Special Christmas Number of the Charlottetown Guardian, published December 19th. Let us have your copy as soon as possible.

ALLEGED

Continued from page 1

seven and eight o'clock tonight. He was rushed by motor to Lunenburg Jail.

Wandering about the hills between Nineveh and Pleasant River in a night-long rain, Naaman Smith this morning at four o'clock came out on the New Elm road and was admitted to the house of Joseph Uhlman, where he had a hot breakfast and was given a paper bag of provision to take with him. "I'm looking for work," he told the Uhlmans. Telephones are few and far between in this district. They knew Smith, but did not know he was wanted for murder.

Five hours later Smith visited James Hirtles, at whose home he stayed for two hours. The Hirtles also knew him, but not the cause of his wandering, they said. The night before, at nine o'clock, an unnamed man had asked admittance to Henry Herman's house at New Elm. Mr. Herman had gone to bed and his wife was nervous. She spoke to him through the door and he finally said "good night" and went away.

Police were only fifteen or twenty minutes behind the fugitive when he reached William Falkenham's. They had followed the trail all day, gradually overtaking their quarry. He carried no gun when admitted to settlement houses.

Duke Applies For Licence In New York City

GREENWICH, Conn., Dec. 15. (By the Canadian Press)—The Duke of Manchester, who was refused a marriage license in New York, has applied for a license here to marry Miss Kathleen Ethel Dawes, it was learned today.

The Duke and his intended bride came to Greenwich Saturday, after their application had been turned down by New York officials to file their application. They returned to New York immediately afterwards, saying they would be back Thursday for the ceremony. In his application he gave his name as William Angus Drogo Mon Egue Manchester, 55, and described himself as a privy council lord. His home was given as London and he has been married once before. His intended bride gave her age as 34, her home as London, and said it was her first marriage.

WHEAT QUOTA

Continued from page 1

ficial organ of the British milling trade. "The Miller" forecasted the quota which the British government would propose as 15 per cent domestic, 55 per cent Dominion grown wheat and 30 per cent foreign.

The suggestion here is that a confusion has arisen as to the percentage all the Dominions, chiefly Canada and Australia, would furnish and Canada's proportion alone. Information here is that it is estimated Canada would furnish approximately 80 per cent of the Dominion's quota or about 55 per cent of the wheat used in Great Britain. This is thought to be the reason the figure 55 per cent has crept in.

There is known to be a considerable feeling on the part of the millers in Great Britain that the situation could better be met by a tariff than a quota and a substantial support in this view is said to be found among members of Parliament. A small tariff against foreign wheat giving Empire grown wheat a preference is suggested in many quarters in England.

TO STIMULATE

Continued from page 1

tries and investment opportunities of the Atlantic Provinces be broadcast by radio and the press throughout Ontario. This campaign is intended to give the Maritime Provinces wide constructive publicity in Ontario such as was received from the visit of representative Maritime men as guests of the Maritime Provinces Association of Toronto in 1928 and the Maritime Provinces exhibit at the Canadian National Exhibition last year and the year before.

It was also announced that arrangements are well under way for bringing the "Bluenose" to Toronto for the Canadian National Exhibition next summer.

A goodwill tour of the Atlantic provinces by a party of Ontario business leaders is now practically assured for 1932, it was announced.

Reports were submitted on the growth of tourist traffic from Central Canada to the Maritimes. The commission set for its objective an increase of 500 Ontario cars to visit the three provinces in 1932. A recommendation to be brought before the annual meeting will be the erection of a few attractive signs at carefully chosen locations along the main Ontario highways to advertise the tourist attractions of "Canada's Atlantic playground."

The Commission's report on the marketing of Maritime Provinces cranberries in central Canada was ordered to be printed for distribution through the Departments of Agriculture in New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island. Cranberry growing was stated to be a most promising branch of agriculture in Maritime Canada and capable of expansion for many years to come.

Announcement was made that the thesis on the hardwood industry of the Maritime Provinces prepared as a result of a scholarship arranged by the commission with the University of Toronto would soon be off the press and ready for distribution.

February 4th and 5th were set as the dates for the next annual meeting of the commission.

Churchill Is Improving

(Associated Press)

NEW YORK, N. Y., Dec. 15.—A physicians' bulletin describing the condition of the pleurisy developed by Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill as "satisfactory" today cheered the wife and daughter of the noted British statesman, who have been near his bedside since he was struck by a taxicab Sunday night.

Death Was Accidental

NEW WATERFORD, N. S. Dec. 15.—(By the Canadian Press)—The death of Walter Grace, nineteen year old New Waterford miner, killed last night in a scuffle, was accidental, a Coroner's jury found today. Denis McNeil, with whom Grace was fighting just previous to his death, and who had been held by police, was released. Evidence at the inquest was that Grace was intoxicated when he entered the U. M. W. Hall during a meeting of the local, and that he struck McNeil, a visiting miner from another local, in the face. In the course of a general melee that followed, Grace went down over a row of chairs and was left lying there, believed to be in a drunken stupor, when the meeting broke up in general disorder.

GROUP

Continued from page 1

Federal authorities, making use of the National Credit Corporation, with the aid of the State authorities, a speedy plan of reorganization could be accomplished for the reopening of all the institutions. He said he knew of no reason why any other banks in the State should be affected.

Bank commissioner Arthur Guy, pointing out that the trust companies were "affiliated with and controlled by the Federal National Bank, no other course remained but to take possession of the trust companies to conserve the assets and for the protection of depositors.

"No other State banks are identified with this group," he said, adding, "The Boston Clearing House Association has stated in the press that in their best judgment the banking situation is essentially sound and safe."

CARE OF PATIENTS

Continued from page 1

night, however, no trace of their whereabouts, had been reported.

Relief Measures

The pressing emergency created by the fire is the immediate care and accommodation of the patients. The following temporary arrangements have been made by the Board of Trustees.

Last night twenty-eight patients were accommodated in the Prince Edward Island Hospital and twenty five in the Charlottetown Hospital, and the Sacred Heart Home. This it is believed, would sufficiently relieve the congestion in the Infirmary, where the remaining patients are temporarily accommodated. It was considered advisable not to remove these patients from the Infirmary last evening. Further arrangements for their accommodation will be considered today.

Many offers have been received of the use of buildings for housing the patients but it has not been possible to get these quarters ready for last night. The services of more attendants will be required if the patients are removed, and it will take some time to secure persons qualified for this work.

The Government has granted tickets of leave to a number of prohibition offenders in the Queen's County Jail so as to provide accommodation in the jail for the violent Falconwood patients. One or more of the present jail inmates will be transferred to other jail quarters.

N. B. OFFERS AID

A generous offer has been received from the New Brunswick Government. Premier Richards has wired Premier Stewart, offering to accommodate 100 Falconwood patients in the institution at Saint John. The Falconwood Hospital trustees have not yet decided what policy they will adopt with regard to caring for patients over a period of time, and for the present this offer is under grateful consideration.

Citizens' Committee Appointed

At a meeting yesterday afternoon of the Falconwood Hospital trustees, members of the City Council and representative citizens, the following committee of citizens was appointed to co-operate with and assist the board of trustees in dealing with the emergency. Messrs George D. DeBlois, Hon. F. R. Hertz, W. E. Bentley, K. C., Dr. Goodwill, and Councillor Samuel Kennedy.

A good deal of hospital bedding and equipment have been salvaged, and other supplies necessary for the relief of the fire victims will be supplied by the Government. A survey will be held very shortly of the ruins, with the object of ascertaining the cost of reconstruction.

Full Inquiry To Be Held

A complete investigation into the cause of the fire will also be held as soon as the emergency problem of providing winter accommodation for the patients has been dealt with.

In the meantime, relatives and friends of the inmates are again requested to get in touch with the trustees at once, and co-operate with them until such time as permanent arrangements can be made.

Unfortunately, when the Falconwood Hospital buildings were constructed, one part in 1878 and the second in 1896, no fireproof partitions were provided. The building, which was about 700 feet long, had a wooden roof and the fire-fighting facilities proved entirely inadequate. There was an emergency water reservoir, which was used by the attendants in fighting the flames before the firemen arrived, but the hose connecting with the water in this tank became broken and the firemen were unable to use this supply. The fact that the tide was out when the fire started prevented the pumping engine of the city fire department from being used until about 2 o'clock yesterday morning, when a thousand feet of hose was laid from the pumper to the rear of the building. Although the water pressure was not very great, the firemen succeeded in saving the laundry and the new store house in course of construction, which were in the path of the not been saved the barns and other outbuildings would have been in serious danger, if not totally destroyed.

The present Government, on taking office, had made inquiries as to the equipment at Falconwood and had been assured that the water supply was adequate for all purposes.

Practically all the books and records of the institution were saved, as these were in the office in the centre of the building.

Witness did not know the cause

Telephone communication with the infirmary was restored yesterday.

The Government had made arrangements to place about \$75,000 additional insurance on the building under a general readjustment scheme, but unfortunately the fire came before arrangements were completed. The actual insurance, as stated in yesterday's Guardian, was about \$107,000. The building, which originally cost \$250,000 would probably cost double that amount to replace today.

Reconstruction work, when it is undertaken, will involve the building of a modern, fire proof edifice, or possibly a number of smaller buildings on the cottage system, which is in operation successfully in other places. Under this system the office would be centrally located, but in a separate building and there would be easier access to any part of the institution in the case of fire.

The old building was never regarded as satisfactory for the purpose for which it was used and the many winding stairs and galleries made it a veritable death trap in the case of such a catastrophe as occurred on Monday night. But for the efficient rescue work of the firemen, police, and citizens generally, the toll of life would undoubtedly have been much greater.

In this connection mention should be made of the splendid work of a number of nurses from both hospitals, who arrived promptly at the scene of the fire and rendered invaluable assistance in looking after the patients.

The greater part of the furniture in addition to office records was removed from the burning building.

INQUIRY

Continued from page 1

It was the belief of Fire Chief McEachern that the fire could have been extinguished at the time the firemen arrived.

Coroner Dr. L. B. McKenna presided at the inquest, which was held in MacLean's undertaking rooms. The following witnesses were examined: Dr. R. D. McLaughlin, Dr. Hillard Clarke, Fire Chief Angus McEachern, Dr. R. J. Ledwell, and Charles Jenkins.

Dr. Ledwell, sworn, testified he received a call to Falconwood Hospital. He arrived there and looked around. He was called to see a man, Francis MacDonald, in the infirmary. He found the man in a state of collapse, suffering from a broken shoulder, a backward dislocation of the elbow and fractured ribs. The witness said he recommended the removal of the man to the City Hospital. He was taken there and died about an hour later. It was the opinion of Dr. Ledwell that the man died as a result of injuries sustained by falling or jumping from one of the upper stories of Falconwood Hospital and died of internal hemorrhage.

Superintendent Testifies

Dr. McLaughlin, Superintendent of Falconwood Hospital, testified he could not tell very much about Francis MacDonald. The man was an inmate of the Hospital for about six weeks. He was in ward five on the third floor. The witness was told by Joe Murphy, a Warden, that MacDonald got out of bed, tore off the wire guard on the window and jumped out. Witness did not see it happen.

Witness testified John MacKenzie was cook for the patients. About four months ago he insisted on being allowed to sleep in the attic as it was quieter there and he could sleep better. Shortly after sending in the alarm witness went outside to look at the fire and heard a man calling from an attic window on the east end of the west wing. He was at an open window calling for help. Attendants carried several mattresses and placed them beneath the window. An extension ladder was brought and raised to the window. After some coaxing the man crawled out and hung onto the window ledge. It was snowing and dark at the time. A man started up the ladder to give assistance. When he was about half way up MacDonald in feeling for the ladder apparently slipped and fell a distance of about 50 feet. He was carried inside and artificial respiration applied.

CAUSE NOT KNOWN

Witness did not know the cause

of the fire, which was first noticed in the attic at the west end of the building. When witness saw fire it was breaking through the roof. He stated electricians had been repairing the wiring for several weeks. He also stated that some of the best patients who were allowed in the attic were in the habit of smoking there.

Witness testified Mr. Payne (the dispensing clerk at the hospital) phoned him of the fire. Witness telephoned the Police Station. The fire was then breaking through the roof. He thought some of the wardens were first to see the fire.

Dr. McLaughlin stated they had a water system from the supply tank, each ward being provided with hose. The hose would not be long enough to reach the attic.

He stated the firemen could not connect their hose to the tank.

On being asked by the jury how far the ladder was from the window witness stated that it was about a foot from the window but a ledge projected over which the man must reach to feel for the ladder.

Heard Victim Call

Dr. Clarke, Assistant Superintendent, (sworn), stated they were taking patients from male ward one to female ward one when MacDonald was carried in. Witness did not then know what was the matter with MacDonald. He helped carry the man in, they placed him on a bed and witness asked an attendant to keep an eye on him.

Witness then went out with Dr. McLaughlin and heard McKenzie calling from the window. While a ladder was being brought witness helped carry out mattresses and blankets. He was probably still doing so at time McKenzie fell.

Witness testified he and Mr. Payne were in the front office when the fire whistle blew. Witness went down the hall and met an attendant who told him the fire was bad. Witness phoned the firemen. He then went through ward one to ward two on the ground floor. Men were there with fire hose putting water up an old elevator shaft. They were doing the same thing in ward four on the second floor. Fire could be seen coming down the chute and appeared to be in the chute. This was about 8.15.

They continued using water until they had to leave to remove patients from the wards. Witness went outside and saw fire bursting through the roof. Asked by the jury if McKenzie had any exit, witness stated there was a stairs near the door of McKenzie's room. He was in the east part of the west wing and was not cut off by fire. Witness stated there were 272 patients in the building at the time. There were ten attendants, only half of whom were on night duty.

Attendant's Evidence

Charles Jenkins, sworn, testified he was an attendant in ward three. At the time of the fire he was playing cards in that ward. He heard a patient in ward four shout that ward six was on fire. They rushed to ward six and discovered the elevator shaft on fire. They carried water in pails and used fire hose. They found the fire was in the attic. Went to attic and unlocked door. Five or six patients came out. They knew there were several others and called to them for some time. Smoke was thick in the attic. He went down, told Dr. McLaughlin and returned to the attic, but received no response there. They then moved the patients to the female side of the building.

Sees MacKenzie Fall

Afterwards witness was outside and heard a man calling for help from attic window. They brought an extension ladder and placed it below the window. McKenzie climbed out of window. A man started up the ladder to give assistance. When the man was about half way up McKenzie appeared to slip and fell and landed on his face on the ground. Witness was at foot of ladder at the time. Victim had very faint pulse movement. He was removed to the office there, witness could not detect pulse. Nurse however thought she could do so. Witness applied artificial respiration. Dr. McLaughlin came in and pronounced life extinct.

With reference to MacDonald's death witness stated he was standing in front of the building when a policeman informed him there was a man in the female ward who had fallen from a third storey window. He helped carry the man to the infirmary. When Dr. Ledwell recommended man's removal to floor.

Witness did not know the cause

Witness did not know the cause

Witness did not know the cause

Relief Work In Progress For Suffering West

(Canadian Press)

TORONTO, Ont., Dec. 15.—Following a tour of the Maritime Provinces, Rev. Peter Bryce, D.D., reported on his return here today that much relief work to assist the distressed areas of the Western Provinces is in progress there. A resolution to "adopt twenty-five prairie churches, in addition to the regular missionary givings, was adopted by the representatives of all Maritime Presbyteries who met the United Church Moderator, Dr. E. H. Oliver, and Dr. Bryce, at Amherst, N. S.

Presentation

On Saturday evening the members of the Montague United Church met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Stewart to do honour to Miss Winnifred Allan of the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce at Montague who is transferred to the Charlottetown Bank.

After a very pleasant evening of games and dancing a very dainty lunch was served by the hostess, and immediately after lunch Miss Allan was presented with a gold piece accompanied by the following address: Miss Winnifred Allan, Montague.

We the members of the United Church Choir are met tonight to express our regrets over your departure from our midst. You have always been one of the most faithful members of the choir and we shall miss you greatly, not only in the choir but in all church work both in the Sunday School and the Young Peoples Society.

In all social work pertaining to the Community you have been ever ready and willing to take a part, and you have always been a good comrade and a good sport.

Please accept this small token for its intrinsic worth or value but that you may have it as a remembrance from your friends in Montague.

When you enter upon your new duties we trust that your new friends will be congenial and your surroundings pleasant, and we take this opportunity of wishing you peace, happiness and prosperity in many years to come.

Signed on behalf of the Choir: ISAAC BEERS, President

the hospital witness telephoned for ambulance.

There were no lights in west end of attic at time witness was there. He did not know where the switch was. He did not think the electricians had been working in the attic.

Fire Chief Testifies

Angus McEachern, Fire Chief, sworn, stated he was at Prince Edward Island Hospital at time of outbreak. He had put in a telephone call for a man to drive him to the city. Central made the connection and then cut it off. She later apologized, saying there was an emergency call from the Fire Station to the Odd Fellows Hall. This was about 8.30. Witness got in touch with Mr. Mathieson at the Fire Station, who told him there was a bad fire at Falconwood. Witness told Mr. Mathieson to ring the alarm and said he would be in as soon as possible. He had to wait about three minutes for the car to arrive, but was at the station within five minutes. Witness stated they knew from experience it was impossible to get the pumping engine on Falconwood wharf, so only sent the ladder and chemical engines. When they arrived at the scene there was no need of ladders or chemicals, the fire had too much headway. At 8.50 about two-thirds of the top storey was gone. Witness did not see MacDonald or McKenzie.

The chemical engine carried only about 60 gallons of chemicals and was of no use on a fire of this size. About 1.30 the pumper was taken out and used until 4.30.

Witness did not inspect the tank of Falconwood water system. There was no water in the system when he arrived. Witness did not believe there was any connection on the tank for fire hose.

Witness stated he did not order pumper out, Government officials did so. He stated he understood there was a rubber connection between tank and line, which broke and let water out.

Might Have Been Extinguished. Witness testified that if a supply of water had been available the fire could have been stopped when the firemen arrived. At that time there was no fire visible below the top floor.