Let the "CLARK" Kitchens help you.

A fine food for boys

CLARK'S BEANS

"Canada Approved" on every tin

W. CLARK Limited MONTREAL

LINIMENT FOUND TO BE POWERFUL GERMICIDE

Originally, Absorbine Jr. was sold only as a pain reliever and an embrocation. It was quickly discovered that the liniment was positive death to all forms of germ life, and it is now used as a mouth wash, for wound dressing and for all disinfecting purposes.

Another surprise was yet in store. A Wm. Pratt of Springfield, Mass., applied Absorbine Jr. to a varicose vein to relieve the intense pain. Not only did the pain leave, but he noticed every day the swollen vein becoming smaller. The treatment was kept up and, today, Mr. Pratt's legs, though he has never used anything else on them, are as smooth as when he was a boy. It has now been proved that Absorbine Jr. is an actual specific for varicose veins, leg ulcers, boils, pyorrhoea and a number of other ailments and injuries besides that for which it was first prepared. Nothing serves so many every day purposes and nothing is better entitled to its place in every home. When it is needed, it will be needed in a hurry. Don't wait for someone to be hurt. Get it at your druggist's today. $1.25 everywhere.

American Wallpapers Season 1925

The most attractive lines of cheap Wallpapers that will be shown in Canada—75 patterns and colorings of new popular priced goods.

T. S. PATTILLO & CO., LTD., Truro, N. S., exclusive factory agents.

SOME OF THE DECIDED ADVANTAGES IN BUYING THESE GOODS:—

They are sold f.o.b. Truro,— Saving Heavy Freight.

They are sold tax free,—Saving Additional 5 per cent.

They are sold on Longer Terms and Better Discounts, giving a chance to get returns before bill is due, which is not the case with Canadian goods.

But the Greatest Advantage that they are 25 to 33 1-3 p. c. cheaper.

We are showing 19 Styles and Colorings, starting at 4 ½c, all below the cheapest Canadian Papers.

It is a Wonderful Line and every wallpaper dealer should have it. You can undersell the mail order houses, and make a satisfactory profit. You cannot do it with any Canadian line.

Our Eight Travellers will cover the Maritimes as usual Drop us a card if interested.

This cheap line only goes in price up to about 12½c. The majority of general dealers in paper should not stock much above that price, but depend upon the factory stocks.

Last year the canvas against us was, "We wouldn't deliver the goods,"—orders were obtained by this statement We Did Deliver Every Roll and Promptly. Many who were persuaded to pass us by, had to come to the cheap papers later,—stating They Could not do Without Them..

We do not know what new canvas will be made this season, but the wise merchant Will Wait and see this line before placing orders.—"Safety First" is Best Policy.

T. S. PATILLO & CO., LTD. Truro, N.S.

3236-7-4-6i

Insidious Eyestrain

We use this adjective advisedly.

Sufferers from Eyestrain may have perfect vision and therefore do not suspect the presence of any eye defect.

The motive power of the entire human organism is Nerve Energy.

Normal eyes it is computed utilize about 20% of this Nerve Energy, but when Eyestrain is present, a much larger proportion is required. Hence defective eyes, through their consumption of an excessive amount of Nerve Energy, may seriously affect the functioning of other organs of the body, and produce ill health.

HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED

G. F. Hutcheson

Optometrist

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

President, W. Chester S. McLure; Vice-President, J. E. Burnett; Secretary, Lieut.-Col. D. A. MacKinnon, D. S. O.
Editor and Manager, J. E. Burnett Associate Editor, D. K. Currie.
New York Representative—Frank R. Northrop
Chicago Representative—E. J. Fewer

WEDNESDAY, JULY 9, 1924

OUR VISITORS WELCOME

We shall have with us today and tomorrow members of the American Association of Surgeons and of the Prince Edward Island Medical Association, to the number of apors we extend a cordial welcome on proximately 200, if present expectations are realized. To our visit- behalf of our readers in city and country. Charlottetown is honoured in being selected for the annual convention of these two important associations and we trust the pleasure and the profit shall be mutual.

"The Island" is fortunate in being visited at this season of the year. The visitors will see us at our best; we shall have no excuses, no feigned regrets that the visit had not occurred at some other time of the year when we could show them our fruits, our grains, our potatoes, our oysters our silver foxes and the many other things which we produce. It is quite true that, in their proper season, we could show them all these things and produce evidence to prove that they are the best in the world, but frankness and modesty compel us to admit that, so far as natural beauty and promise of a rich harvest are concerned, we could not at any season or perhaps in any year show ourselves to better advantage than we can today and the visitors, we feel assured, will take our word for the rest of it.

For the meetings this afternoon and tonight we bespeak a large attendance. Contrary to the regrettable custom of these degenerate days our visitors are not here soliciting business. On the contrary they are here on a sacred mission, namely, to teach us how we may safeguard the health of the community and so avoid doctor's expenses.

Again we bid them welcome to the province and to the City and again we remind our readers of the great advantage to themselves of attending the public meetings this afternoon and evening. The city is now open to our distinguished guests.

THE POLITICAL DIN

To the ordinary citizen whose chief duty in life is to pay his taxes and make ends meet, at least approximately, the various and contradictory political noises are, to put it mildly, conflicting. The apologetic and self defence nature of the noises from headquarters is now so apparent that no one pays the slightest attention to them. A sort of hopeless apathy seems to have taken hold of the people and they have apparently made up their minds to let things drift along, hoping against hope that the inevitable crash will not come before the general election.

Following the ruinous exodus of the past two or three years came official figures showing that the exiles were returning from the United States. Figures were given, running into some hundreds and promising to mount up into the thousands, declaring that they were coming back, that they had discovered that the United States was no better than Canada, that conditions in Canada were improving, and much more to the same effect.

And now the word comes through the newspapers that Canadians are still going across the line in hundreds, if not thousands. The other day a St. John, N. B. paper stated that over a hundred men and women on their way to the United States were held up there by the new regulations which demanded that the immigrant to the United States must pay $10 in addition to the ordinary head tax of $8. At the same time a similar complaint came from Windsor, Ontario, where 500 prospective emigrants were held up. This was only a few days ago and the incident was but the record of one or two days.

The custom of the usurper has ever been to misrepresent, to explain, to excuse, but the people are not deceived. We are told that the people throughout Canada are satisfied with the Robb budget. We are told that the tariff forced upon the government by the Progressives was a real "National Policy" invented by Mr. MacKenzie King exclusively for the benefit of the farmers and fishermen and so balanced as not to injure the industries of the country. We are told that the King government has reduced the national debt while the fact, admitted by honest Liberals, is that it has been increased by millions. We are told that there has been a reduction of millions in the customs taxation while the cost of living is steadily rising.

Instead of the people being deceived by these misrepresentations they are becoming more and more antagonistic to the government and the antagonism will continue increasingly until the opportunity is given them to end the whole miserable farce. This opportunity should be given them this summer but the $4,000 indemnity is too dear to the hirelings and so they will hold on till the last day and the last dollar. Meanwhile Canada must suffer.

TEMPERING THE WIND

No doubt the new Robb tariff has struck Liberal as well as Conservative manufacturers but, no doubt also, the paternal Liberal-Progressive government has many ways of tempering the wind to the shorn Liberal lambs. It would be interesting to know to whom the recent contract has been let to provide bibs for babies travelling by the Canadian National Railways. The halloaing over this latest innovation has been suspiciously vociferous to raise doubts as to the exclusively altruistic motive which actuated it.

We are told in serious Liberal language that some thousands of bibs, each with an embroidered "bird on a branch frilled tassels and other ornamentation, have been provided for the babies travelling over our non-political railway system, the largest railway system in the world and, now, the system that owns the largest number of babies' bibs in the world. And we have been told, until it brought tears to our eyes, of the suffering endured heretofore by the baby while negotiating the spoonful of specially constructed baby's food from his plate to his dear little mouth over or through a man's size serviette jammed around his sweet neck and under his dimpled chin.

This now unearthed picture of the dark age before the C. N. R. was lifted out of the political mire is particularly touching and Canadian tax-payers will be delighted to know that the dark age has passed as did the stone age and the age of the cave men, and that the babies of this age will, while travelling on the C. N. R. be provided each with a bib with an embroidered bird on a branch, symbolic no doubt of the birds who are looking for branch railways.

There is a suspicion, founded upon previous achievements of the King government, that some disgruntled Liberal manufacturer, threatening to leave the party on account of the Robb tariff, has taken this interest in the poor babies, and that, to ease his conscience, he has been given the contract to provide these bibs and embroider the bird on the branch.

EDITORIAL NOTE

Customs and excise duties for the three months ending June 30 fell off $16,000,000. This is a partial fulfilment of predictions made by Protectionists during the debate on the budget. There are other predictions still to be fulfilled.

Notes By The Way

The attempt to reach the top of Mount Everest has ended in fatality and failure. The world asks why the peril and hardship are ventured upon when so little in the way of benefit or material result can possibly be obtained by success and where the prospect of success seems so hopeless. There is, however, in many adventurous spirits a desire to surpass all previous efforts of men, to attempt that which seems impossible, to be foremost in adventure and to these the elements of danger and hardship are of themselves a lure.

The summit of Mount Everest is 29,002 feet above the level of the sea. It is admittedly the highest point on the surface of the earth and its top the most inaccessible spot on the globe that the foot of man has never trodden. It towers miles above the line of perpetual snow and ice, into a region of most intense cold unknown at lower altitudes, where the air is too thin to sustain human life without artificial aid and yet where the icy winds blow at times with incredible velocity. Yet from its summit, could it once be reached, a view more vast more thrilling and more varied than ever was seen by mortal eye will be obtained.

Will the summit ever be reached? The mountain climbers are confident that it will and that within another year. Only the last one thousand feet remain to be scaled. "Mount Everest's doom is sealed." cabled Sir Francis Younghusband on July 3 to the New York Times. His message goes on to tell how mountain climbing has progressed within a generation. Forty years ago man's ambition as to altitude was humble. He did not think of anything higher than 21,000 feet. Twenty years ago his spirit had risen to 23,000. Fifteen years ago he attained nearly 25,000 feet on other summits and in other lands and now he attacks the proudest giant of them all. Two years ago on Everest's precipitous side he climbed to 27,000 and a month ago he went a thousand feet still higher

In the light of such a record who can doubt that the loftiest peak on earth will yet be vanquished? The mountain can put on no further armor and can impose no new obstacles of cold, or wind, or rocky cliffs. The spirit of man is indomitable. He learns from experience how to meet and overcome all obstacles. Man has fought his way to the arctic and antartic poles, a century conflict in which many brave men perished and incredible toil and hardship were endured. This indomitable ambition is stronger than ever in the human race today and will not rest until the highest peak beneath the sky has been trodden by the conquerer man.

There was a hot time in the Senate at Ottawa a few days ago when five of the branch line railway projects were either given a three months hoist or cut down to reasonable length. It was a modest rebuke to the extravagance and waste which the King Government sought to foist upon a tax burdened country. The sensational majority were comparatively lenient in their condemnation and spared twenty one of the twenty-six projects which the Government had put forward. They passed every branch for which there was any reasonable prospect of its paying operating expenses and gave to a number of them the benefit of a doubt. Incidentally they saved a present outlay of some $13,000,000.

They also saved the yearly deficits that would have resulted from the operation of the new non-paying lines proposed which would have been a matter of further millions. There are scores of branch railways of the olden time which are encumbering the National Railway system and which have never paid their operating cost. It would be nothing short of financial madness to add to the number of these deficit-producing ventures at the present time and the Senate deserves the thanks of the country for placing its veto upon them.

The Democratic National convention in New York is having unusual difficulty in making choice of a candidate for the Presidency. Scores of times the assembled delegates have balloted but all in vain. McAdoo, who had most strength at the beginning and for days past has been at length passed in the race by Governor Smith of New York, but the end is not yet. After the convention's choice is made, whether it falls upon one or the other of the two who now lead the running, or upon some other, the vital point will still remain to be decided. Can a Democratic candidate be elected? And if so, will he not be the choice of one party rather than of the nation?

We in Canada prefer our own methods in such matters as our neighbors prefer their own. Fortunately for us, we always have at the head of the Dominion a governor general who is not a party man, but above all parties and who is respected and revered by all. We escape the turmoil loss and cost of quadrennial elections in choosing our national Chief Executive and our politics are not entangled with the baneful activities of Ku Klux Klans or Negro lynchings, or much disturbed by religious creeds in our choice of rulers. We have quite enough troubles of our own without these disturbing elements.

The Public Forum

This column is open for the discussion by correspondents of questions of interest. The Charlottetown Guardian does not necessarily endorse the opinions of correspondents.

AN APPRECIATION

"Why should good words ne'er be said
Of a friend till he be dead?."

S.r,—With this idea in mind I am writing of one who, a short time ago, was a trusted and capable official in our postal service—Mr. Donald (Dan) McDonald, who, with his worthy son and assistant, Mr. Urban McDonald, was for the last six years the mail courier on what is known as Mount Stewart Rural Route, No. 3.

For a time, at least, Mr. McDonald has retired from his arduous duties. During those years of service on this lengthy and circuitous route he gave of his best to the general satisfaction of the box holders. He was efficient, courteous, and obliging, sustaining in the highest degree the well established reputation of his predecessors in this respect. And not only did he discharge his duties in full accordance with the specified conditions of his contract, but, by his cheerful personality and tactful consideration, he made many warm personal friends.

While wishing Mr. McDonald much peaceful happiness in his retirement, I also extend a cordial welcome to his successor Mr. Percy Affleck, Mount Stewart. He has already proven himself an effecient and reliable courier; and I feel sure that he shall worthily maintain the best traditions of his predecessors on Route No. 3.

With a parting word of appreciation to THE GUARDIAN, which contributes in such an interesting manner to the excellence of our daily mail service, I am

I am, Sir etc.
ONE OF THE MANY FRIENDS

Daily Selections FOR Guardian Readers

THE RADIO

Since Pa put in the radio we have
a lot of fun,
We hustle to my room, upstairs, as
soon as supper's done
And Pa he tinkers with the dics to
get it loud and clear
Then says: "Wait, just a minute,
now, there's nothing yet to
hear.
Oh, now it's coming! Silence there!
Now don't you move a thing,
Say, Ma, this is a marvellous
age—a lady's going to sing!"

Then Ma she listens for a while, as
pleased as she can be,
And when I want to hear it, too,
she says, "Don't bother me!
Your turn comes next, and sister's,
too; don't jump around that
way,
I want to hear the orchestra—it's
just begun to play.
I wish you children wouldn't fuss,
I'm sure I cannot hear
While you are trying all the time
to snatch it from my ear."

Then Pa takes up the thing awhile
and says: "Oh, that's just
great!
A man is telling stories now. You
kids will have to wait.
It's wonderful to think his voice is
floating in the air
And people sitting in their homes
can hear it anywhere—
All right, all right! It's your turn
now,
Perhaps this man will teach
You youngsters how you should be
have. A parson's going to
preach."

Pa put that radio in for me—at
least he told me so,
But if it's really mine or not, it
something I don't know.
'Coz Pa he wants it all himself, to
hear the funny things,
An' Ma must hear the concerts
through when some great
artist sings;
But when the parson starts to talk
on selfishness an' sin,
Pa says: "Now it has come the
time for you to listen in."

Your Birthday

JULY 9.—You are ambitious, but cool and calculating rather than enthusiastic. You are very conscientious in the performance of duty, original, and resourceful in your methods, and generally accurate in your calculations. You love children, enjoy your home life, and spare no pains to make it pleasant and happy. Never let money-making become the sole aim of your life.

Your birth-stone is the ruby, which means contentment.

Your flower isthe water-lily.

Your lucky color is green.

OUR BIG

ANNIVERSARY SALE

Thursday, Friday and Saturday
July 10, 11 and 12

Three years of successful business. WE THANK YOU for your valued business you have placed with us in our three years. It is greatly appreciated and we assure you every care and attention will be given to your requirements in the coming year.

3 FREE GIFTS

FIRST. — Every person who purchases goods to the amount of $5 will receive a Canadian Army Housewife. Contains darning wool, needles, safety pins, assorted buttons, etc., etc.

SECOND.—Every person who purchases goods to the amount of $2.50 will receive one large bar of Marseille Pure Castile Soap.

THIRD—To every boy who purchases goods to the amount of $3 will receive a lovely mouth organ.

3 FREE GIFTS

Anniversary Celebration Specials

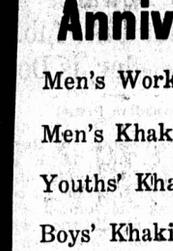
Men's Working Pants	2.25	Men's Fancy Shirts	1.00
Men's Khaki Pants	1.99	Cotton Socks, 5 prs. for	1.00
Youths' Khaki Pants	1.89	Athletic Underwear, suit	1.39
Boys' Khaki Pants	1.49	Rubber Belts Men's & Boys	29c
Boys' Golf Hose, 2 prs for	1.00	Knitted Neckwear special	39c
Bathing Suits, Boys'	99c	Young Men's Suits	15.95
Bathing Suits, Men's	1.15	Young Men's Rain Coats	7.99
Men's Working Shirts	1.00		

Wholesale Prices on all Men's and Boys' Clothing during our BIG ANNIVERSARY SALE

Many Extra Specials in all Departments

For the convenience of the people this store will remain open Thursday and Friday Nights until 9 o'clock

J. W. ROBBLEE
135 Gt. Geo. St.
Men's Wear Boy's Wear



That Body of Yours

By James W. Barton, M.D.

THE NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Before the war when men and women broke down physically and often mentally, it was claimed that they had overworked themselves both mentally and physically.

Some British and United States physicians have studied this matter very carefully, and have concluded that hard work, mental or physical is not the real cause of what is known as a "nervous breakdown."

They point to the war.

First there were the soldiers of the various countries some of them subjected to unheard of hardships, and to nervous strain hitherto unknown.

The cases of nervous breakdown were not any more frequent than among men of the same age and physique before the war.

And then the civil population of these countries.

There was the difficulty of making a living, long hours of work, the devastation or threatened devastation of their country, a real physical and mental strain, and yet the cases of nervous breakdown were not any more numerous than before the war.

Now how can we account for this, when we've been under the impression for years that stress and strain would cause a nervous breakdown in almost any person?

Well, it just shows that some of our former opinions were not right that's all.

Now what these investigators really discovered was this, that wherever there was a nervous breakdown, that sometime previous in this individuals life, there had been evidence of nervous trouble of some kind.

Or if not in this individual, then in one of his parents.

The point then, is that while stress and strain of a physical and mental nature can bring on nervous collapse, nervous exhaustion, or nervous breakdown, as it is variously called, it only occurs in individuals who have this "nervous" tendency as a part of their makeup anyhow.

This will be comforting to some, that hard work or worry will not cause the nervous breakdown, and a warning to "nervous" high strung people, that they can't take the same chances with work or worry as their more fortunate friends.

The nervous breakdown occuring in middle life, due to some infection of the body, is an entirely different proposition.

W. G. Y.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 9
790 Kilocycles (380 Meters)
WGY (Schnectady, N. Y.)
General Electric Company
Eastern Standard Time

11.30 a. m.—Stock market report.
11.40 a. m.—Produce market report.
11.45 a. m.—Weather report.
11.55 a. m.—Time signals.
5.00 p. m.—Produce and stock market quotations; news bulletins; baseball results.
5.30 p. m.—"Adventure Story" (courtesy of Youth's Companion.)
SILENT NIGHT.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS EARNINGS

The gross earnings of the Canadian National Railways for the nine days ending June 30 ,1924 were $6,231,961.00, being a decrease of $135,928.00.

The gross earnings of the Canadian National Railways from Jan. 1st to June 30, 1924 have been $114,862,558.00, being a decrease of $1,050,562.53, as compared with the corresponding period of 1923.

FRENCH COAL OUTPUT

For the month of April, the output of coal from the French mines totalled 3,640,797 tons for 25 working days which compares favorably with March extraction of 3,772,72 tons for 26 working days, according to advices received by the Banker Trust Company of New York from its French Information Service.

The average daily output has constantly increased since the Armistice, comparative figures being:

	Average daily extracti
Year 1913	136,147 to
Year 1923	121,064 to
January 1924	144,680 to
April 1924	145,632 to

The average daily output from the mines situated within the pre-war frontiers of France is now only 155 tons less than in 1913, while the Lorraine mines are producing 16,640 tons a day more than in 1

BRITISH BACON MARKET

Dominion Live Stock Branch Cable

July 5 1924, Canadian baled bacon on irregular from 84s to 96s. Best steady. 80s to 87s. American 72s to 76s, firm. Irish 103s to 114s, easy. Danish 105s to 110s, steady. Polish killings estimated at 60,000 head.