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DEATHS.

DOYLE.—At Charlottetown, on July 11, 1913, Mary Doyle, wife of James Doyle, aged 87 years. Funeral from her late residence, Euston St. Sunday morning at 7.45 o'clock to the Pro-Cathedral, thence to the R. C. cemetery.

MARRIAGES.

GILLIS-McDONALD.—At the Lowell House, Charlottetown, by Rev. Z. L. Fash M. A., B. D., July 10, Frank Gillis and Mary Laura McDonald, both of Point Prim.

(From Yesterday's Evening Guardian) DAY-GOGGIN.—The marriage of Miss Celene Day, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Day, Victoria, P. E. I., to John S. Goggin, was solemnized in the Church of the Ascension, New York City, on July 8th. Rev. Father Dugan officiated.

Now is the time to get after the common pest—the housefly. We have everything you could want in that line. See us for fly paper, spiral catchers, Persian insect powder, etc. The MacKinnon Drug Co., Corner, Great George and Kent Sts.

THE GUARDIAN

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DIARY OF EVENTS.

TODAY.

City Magistrate's Court, 9 a. m.
L. O. A. Celebration—Sports on Exhibition Grounds, 12 noon.

SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1913

FORMER REMEDIES.

In Stewart's history of Prince Edward Island, published in 1806, when the Island was in its infancy, we find the following interesting bit of information:

"Most of the lime hitherto used in the Island has been burned from oyster shells, and it is commonly the practice to burn the live oysters for that purpose, putting many hundred barrels of them in a kiln together." There are residences still occupied in the province the walls of which are plastered with this material and which, if valued at present day prices, would represent the price of many good buildings.

It was in the midst of this wasteful extravagance that the plant now grown to the stately proportions of the "conservation of natural resources" first germinated, for we find that as early as 1825 an Act for the Preservation of Oysters was passed, bearing the following preamble: "Whereas the oyster beds within this Island have of late years been much injured, both by extensive exportation of the oysters and by the taking up and burning oysters to make lime."

And at this early stage, also, we find the first application of one of Prince Edward Island's cardinal principles for all ill-prohibition—which we have since applied with more or less effectiveness to such irregularities as liquor-selling, joy-or-any-other-kind of automobiling and possibly some others. To prevent the extravagant waste of oysters it was enacted that "no oysters shall be exported from this Island for seven years and any oysters taken up for exportation shall be liable to forfeiture." A fine of twenty pounds was the penalty prescribed for violation of the Act—the same penalty, it will be noted—that is now imposed for violating the Act prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors. Moreover, the boat and the implements used in the violation were liable to be confiscated.

The burning of oysters for lime was not considered as serious an offence as the exporting of them, the penalty for this being only ten pounds. Seven years afterwards, in 1832, another Act was passed, not in either continuance or amendment of the former, entitled an Act to prevent the destruction of oysters by burning the same for the purpose of converting the shells thereof into lime." The penalty for violation of this latter Act was five pounds instead of ten as under the former.

In 1855 these Acts were repealed by the enactment of one "to make other provisions in lieu thereof." These provisions included a close season from June 1st to September 1st and also the granting of certain specified areas for the purpose of cultivating oysters. These areas were leased for terms of twenty years, renewable for forty years at the expiration of the first lease. Licenses were also granted for the taking of "oyster brood" during the close season.

In 1899 the Governor in Council was authorized to grant beds of rivers, lakes, flats, beaches or foreshores for fishing purposes, the lessee to make returns of the fish caught.

History, contemporary with those various enactments, is not available and therefore it is impossible to trace the effect upon the fisheries. From the condition to which the oyster beds generally have been reduced it may be inferred that the prohibition, well meant and necessary as it was, lacked in many essentials and fell far short of the intention of its promoters.

Let us hope that the present regulations for the conservation of this great natural resource will leave a more lasting impression upon our future oyster beds.

REDISTRIBUTION.

The question of redistribution is now engaging the attention of the authorities at Ottawa, and it is anticipated a bill will be introduced in the autumn re-arranging the representation of the whole Dominion in the Federal Parliament. This, of course, will be the most important piece of legislation of the session, as it vitally affects every Province, either for better or for worse. We here, unfortunately, should the present system of allocation be adhered to, would come off badly. Quebec, on

whose representation the others are based, at present has one member to every 30,810 inhabitants, while the other Provinces have one member for about 66,000, in British Columbia, 23,432 in Prince Edward Island, and 25,352 in Nova Scotia.

Should the Government adhere to the existing principle for redistribution, the representation would be as follows:

Ontario,	81,	instead of 86.
Quebec,	65,	remains the same.
Saskatchewan,	15,	instead of 10.
Nova Scotia,	15,	instead of 18.
Manitoba,	14,	instead of 10.
B. Columbia,	12,	instead of 7.
Albera,	12,	instead of 17.
New Brunswick,	11,	instead of 13.
P. E. I.,	3,	instead of 4.
Yukon,	1,	remains the same.

The new House, according to this scale, would consist of 229 members, the West gaining 19 members and the East losing 11.

This would work out disastrously for the Maritime Provinces which would lose six representatives at one fell swoop. So far as we are concerned, it was no want of foresight that has resulted in this unenviable position, but rather oversight on the part of those who drafted the agreement at the time we entered the Confederation. It was thoroughly understood that six should be the fixed minimum of our representation, and it came as a shock and surprise when it was discovered that this had not been duly set forth in so many words in the terms of Confederation. It is certainly the spirit of the agreement, whatever the letter may be, and we think the local Legislature, through Premier Mathieson, has thoroughly convinced the Prime Minister and the majority of the Government on the point. It remains now to see what attitude the other Provinces will take up, and everyone here will look forward with a considerable degree of anxiety to the result of the meeting of Premiers from all the Provinces in September, when a discussion will take place and the views of the Provinces ascertained.

As the result of the efforts put forth on our behalf by Premier Mathieson during the past year, the Island has a fairly good chance of receiving supplies from most of the Premiers from the West, and also that of Ontario. Quebec is also inclined to be favorably disposed towards us, and on this a very great deal hangs, for should Quebec cast her vote for us, we have practically won the day. As events are turning out, Quebec has every reason to take a broad view of the situation. In a sense Quebec, Ontario and the Maritime Provinces form the backbone of Canada; in these Provinces the true Canadian spirit rules, and this spirit runs the risk of being swamped by the enormous introduction of new and untried immigrants to the West. Ten new immigrants are introduced every year for every hundred of the settled population; in other words, at the end of five years, the average period necessary for proper acclimatization and assimilation, there will have been 50 per cent new citizens in the West, largely of foreign birth, while those of British stock are usually so intent on carving out a livelihood for themselves that they cannot possibly study Canadian institutions, or realize the importance of Canadian policy and the trend of Canadian thought and aspirations. Quebec must realize, or ought to realize, that the people of Upper and Lower Canada and the Maritime Provinces act as a sort of antidote to this Western influx; and it would be the part of wisdom for Quebec to permit the representation of this Island, at least, to be restored to the number, six, at which it was fixed when we entered the Confederation. Unless this is done, the East will soon be in a miserable minority, and the West will have everything its own way in Parliament.

NOTES.

It is just as well our foxes are not so voracious as are those in the Old Country. Twenty lambs, twelve rabbits, two hens, a duck, and a grouse were found by a gamekeeper recently in a fox's lair. With such appetites to satisfy our silver-black beauties might be straying after the farmers' stock.

Sir Charles Tupper, Canada's Grand Old Man, has, at the age of ninety two, been elected Vice-President of the Royal Colonial Institute. The institute has now a very large membership from Canada, and it is fitting another of the Vice-Presidencies should be allocated to her. The work of the Institute is not so widely known and appreciated here as it should be.

Reciprocity and free tariffs are all very well in their way, but the United States farmer does not appreciate comparison between his own and Canadian produce. The North Dakota fairs have decided to exclude Canadian exhibits in the future being afraid that their agricultural products would have no chance with the champion wheat, cattle, sheep and the border. North Dakotans must be chagrined that are raised on this side of congratulated on thus advertising the superiority of Canadian grown produce.

According to a financial contemporary, bond brokers will not take the issues of smaller Canadian municipalities unless the interest rate is made 6 per cent. This is a high rate, indeed, and is calculated to make municipal managers study carefully the need of as well as the desire for a scheme that can only be executed with borrowed money. If they can fix things so as to keep out of the market for a time they will be helping to bring the rate down, and will in more than one way save money. So it is just as well our City Council did not agree to the proposed loan to the rolled oats mill promoters.

"The aim of his (Mr. Borden's) Navy Bill was to assist the Mother Country to defend herself against her European enemies, while leaving Canada practically without protection." That is the kind of argument, says "The Star," which the Liberal organ of Vancouver, the Sun, thinks it necessary to use to endeavor to make its readers forget the shameful action of the Senate. Of course the western coast people know too much to be taken in by such arguments. The Sun's assertion has directly reversed the facts. It is the Borden policy which would have protected us, while the Liberal proposals would be about as useful as a protection of wood against fire.

It appears that the change in the plans of His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught with regard to the Governor Generalship was largely influenced by the prospective visit to the Dominion next year of the Prince of Wales. It was an open secret that the Duke did not wish an extension of his term, but when it was explained that it was desirable he should act as host and chaperon to his nephew, he willingly fell in with the arrangement. Physicians assured the Duke that he need have no fear that the health of the Duchess will be injured by spending another winter in Canada. She is now almost well after her recent severe illness. She has been taking drives almost daily in the west end, but is careful not to fatigue herself. Everyone here would heartily rejoice were the Governor-General and the Prince to include the Island in their itinerary.

MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE.

Major Ings, who has been in camp as commander of the P. E. I. Light Horse, left Charlottetown yesterday for North Brittany, France, to join his family who now reside on the Continent.

Miss Penelope Davies has been engaged as Soprano Soloist at St. James Church until the end of September next. Miss Davies has been studying in New York since last fall, and is in magnificent voice. Those who had the pleasure of hearing her last summer will welcome the opportunity thus afforded of hearing her in sacred solos.

Rev. J. A. Gordon D.D., Montreal, spending a brief visit with his son, Mr. J. P. Gordon, Dr. Gordon is one of the many sons of Prince Edward Island who have made good. He has just concluded a very successful pastorate of 14 years with the first Baptist Church, Montreal, and has received a call to the Chair of Theology at Brandon College, Manitoba. Dr. Gordon has held pastorates in this province and is greatly beloved by the people. His many friends in the city will be glad to hear him Sunday night. He returns to Montreal on Tuesday.

Dr. E. P. and Mrs. Moore, of South Bend, Indiana, and Mrs. Arthur H. Dodge and son of Dorchester, Mass., arrived on the express last night on a visit to their parents Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Moore, Upper Prince Street. Dr. W. G. Moore and wife arrived a few days ago from Seattle, Washington and last night was the first time in eighteen years the brothers and sisters had met in the old home. It was a happy reunion which renders their visit to the home of their childhood days, all the more pleasant. They all think the Garden of the Gulf compares favorably with any place they have seen.

MOTORS WANTED FOR KINGS

Sir:—Why cannot we country people in King's County run an automobile as well as the Charlottetown people? I think we should be allowed to run as well as them: in fact automobiles ought to be run every day and all over the Province, as they would be a great convenience for the travelling public, as well as farmers and others. I am Sir, etc.
GEO. R. KEIFE,
Bear River, P. E. I.,
July 10, 1913.

JACK JOHNSON IN FRANCE.

HAVRE, France, July, 10.—Jack Johnson, pugilist, arrived here today. He says that he will never return to the States.

HAPPENINGS OF THE WEEK.

Another week has been added to the record of Father Time and the warmth and brightness of its days have been appreciated by one and all. Especially is this so in the case of the many holiday people who are daily coming to us from all parts of the continent and to whom the sunshine and clear blue sky mean so much.

At this season of the year "market mornings" are much in favor. One visits the markets, and the shops, meets and chats with one's friends and thus combining business and pleasure the morning hours slip quickly and pleasantly away.

Regret is expressed that owing to lack of space several of last week's functions had to be omitted from the social column among which were several luncheons and dinners for out-of-town friends and a most delightful garden party given by Mrs. H. W. Longworth at her charming residence Upper Prince Street.

Mrs. Sullivan and family of St. Catharines, Ontario, have arrived in the city to visit Mrs. Sullivan's father, Hon. Chief Justice Sullivan.

Charlottetown people were much disappointed at the shortness of the visit of the Minister of Militia and Defence and of General Sir Ian Hamilton, but those who were fortunate enough to meet these officers at the Militia Camp during their few hours with us professed themselves delighted. Col. Williams and Major Maddock of Ottawa were among the party.

Mrs. G. D. Longworth accompanied by the Misses Lister of Montreal passed through the city during the early part of the week on their way to the "Cliff Hotel" where they will spend the summer.

Saturday being an ideal day for golf the links were markedly popular, and an altogether delightful day was spent by both players and tea guests. Tea was served by Mrs. W. H. Pethick and by Mrs. Lewis, who acted as one of the hostesses in the place of Mrs. R. M. Johnston. The table looked very dainty with its decorations of summer roses and its abundance of good things. A number of the officers from the Militia Camp came over for tea, among whom were noticed Col. Nelles of Toronto, and Captain Gibson of Halifax. The visitors included Mr. and Mrs. College Pope, Mrs. Beer, Mr. and Mrs. Burton, Miss Pope, Halifax, Miss Ethel McLean and many others. On Wednesday last Miss Dimmie Pope and Mr. W. K. Rogers won from Miss Blanche Haviland and Mr. D. B. Stewart in the mixed foursome handicap match, this being the final drawing.

Miss Geraldine Fitzgerald is visiting her parents, Mr. Justice and Mrs. Fitzgerald.

Mr. Hugh Warburton has arrived from Oxford, England to spend the summer with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. George Warburton.

Mrs. Ruprecht of Brockton, Mass., is visiting her brother, Mr. C. H. D. Longworth, Hillhurst.

Miss Penelope Davies has arrived to spend the summer months in Charlottetown with Miss Cundall, Kent Street, and her many friends are looking forward to hearing this charming singer once again. It is rumored that Miss Davies is to sing in St. James' church during the Sundays of July and August.

The tennis tea on Saturday last was in charge of the Misses Newberry and Miss Susie Crosskill. During the afternoon Miss Florence Norton had the misfortune to slip and badly sprain an ankle for which much regret is expressed.

Mrs. J. S. Bagnall entertained at luncheon on Wednesday last for Mrs. Carvell of Montreal. A dainty prize was captured by Mrs. A. W. Weeks. The guests included Mrs. Carvell, Mrs. Weeks, Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. Blanchard, Mrs. Deacon, the Misses Brown and others.

Mr. Dick Pethick, accountant of the Royal Bank has been transferred to Charlottetown.

Invitations are out for a dance to be given on Wednesday next by Mrs. John A. Longworth, Miss Wilkinson and Miss Demler.

Mrs. J. P. Gordon entertained at a most enjoyable bridge party on Thursday evening at her residence, Longworth Avenue, the rooms looking charming with roses and peonies. Mrs. McGregor and Mrs. C. H. Beer assisted Mrs. Gordon in receiving her guests. Attractive prizes were won by Miss Henderson, Mrs. Bentley, Miss Jean Aitken and Mrs. W. H. Pethick. Among the guests were: Mrs. Alley, Mrs. Frost, Mrs. McCreedy, Mrs. Bagnall, Mrs. Mathieson, Mrs. F. W. Hyndman, Mrs. A. B. Warburton, Mrs. C. H. B. Longworth, Mrs. W. W. Clarke, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Norton, Miss Alice Weeks, Miss Robertson, Miss Mary Hazard, Miss Vere Hyndman, Miss Ethel McLean and many others.

Mr. and Mrs. Larned of Detroit, have arrived at their pretty summer home at Keppoch and several Charlottetown friends have already enjoyed their delightful hospitality.

Mrs. J. O. Hyndman and Mrs. E. W. Hyndman, who have summer residences at Holland Cove, have been very popular hostesses during the past week.

Mrs. A. A. McLean has issued invitations for a young people's bridge for Friday evening in honor of Miss

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Mary Davies of Ottawa.

Sincere sympathy is being extended to the family of the late Miss Carrie Mawley of Summerside.

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On Wednesday last several motor boat parties enjoyed the excellent tea provided at Westville by St. James Sunday school picnic. Among these was a jolly party of which Dr. Gordon Alley was host.

TO WAR ON SHYSTER LAWYERS.

MOBILE, Ala., July 11—Shyster lawyers and others of the legal profession who resort to sharp practices are going to be run out of Alabama, if the combined effort of the members of the Alabama State Bar Association can accomplish that end. Publicity is to be the chief weapon with which the association will fight what is described as an increasing menace.

JULY SALE OF SHOES TO CLEAR OUT

BARGAINS in men's shoes—a windfall full of them at GOFF BROS. We want every man who is interested in good shoes—splendid shoes at a tremendous cut prices, to see our \$4.00 to 5.00 shoes, now \$2.85. The leathers are box calf, vicid kid, patent, colt and gun metal. No words expressed here can impress you half as well as a visit to our store. We're now going to give our patrons something unusual in shoe values. It will be nothing short of

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