"Doc Bird Says"

To be preferred is our wish. We are striving to that end.

We never "kick" over the traces and fill your prescriptions with "something just as good"!

Not even once in a while! Exactly the drugs the doctor ordered—every time!

Many years of filling prescriptions with purest, highest quality drugs have gained for us the confidence of the public. And we value that confidence above everything!

Let us fill your prescriptions!

E. A. Foster
Central Drugstore

British Almond Pink cures chapped hands and roughened skin—25c. bottle.

PERSONALS

Miss Lottie Campbell and Miss May Campbell, North Wiltshire, were visitors to the city yesterday.

Mr Archibald Campbell and Mr Daniel A. McLeod, North Wiltshire, were in the city yesterday attending the Seed Fair.

Rev. G. M. Young and Dr Bovyer, Crapaud, who have been in Halifax for a few days, are expected home Friday.

Miss Lillian Pidgeon, Kensington, graduate nurse of the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, has been selected as one of the nurses to accompany the McGill Base Hospital, which goes with the third contingent.

Messrs. J. F. Cullen and C. B. Jones, mail clerks, left last evening for Sackville to take charge of the P. E. I. mails during the iceboat service.

Mr. and Mrs. Keir Heatherley, Miss Emma Chandler, North Wiltshire, and Mr. Wm. Easter and his sister Miss Pearl, from Kensington spent the week end at Bonshaw the guests of their cousin Miss Edith McGaughey.

Mr. Peter Carter, merchant, of 48 Road, accompanied by Mrs. Carter, were amongst the visitors to Charlottetown, Thursday attending the seed fair. They returned to their home by the evening train.

His friends will be sorry to learn that City Engineer Nicholson has been laid up for the past few days with a severe cold. He is reported much better, however, and expects to be on duty in a day or two.

Mr A. E. McLean, South West, Lot 16, was among the visitors to the Central Seed Fair. Although a former large and successful exhibitor, having won some fifty first prizes and many seconds, he decided this year to leave the winnings for others.

"Rexall Catarrh Jelly is guaranteed to cure any form of catarrh. Try it, the results will satisfy you. Put up in collapsable tubes, price 25c. MacKinnon Drug Co., corner Great George and Kent Sts.—MEtf.

ADDRESSING OF MAIL

In order to facilitate the handling of mail at the front and to insure prompt delivery it is requested that all mail be addressed as follows:—

(a) Rank .....

(b) Name .....

(c) Regimental Number .....

(d) Company, Squadron, Battery or other unit .....

(e) Battalion .....

(f) Brigade .....

(g) First (or Second) Canadian Contingent .....

(h) British Expeditionary Force .....

Army Post Office.
LONDON, ENGLAND.
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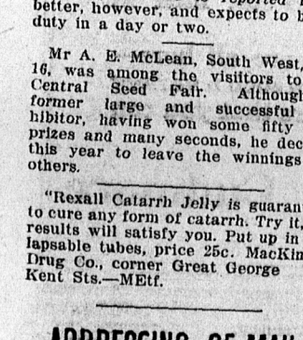

THE CALL OF LIFE'S MORNING

THE DEVOTIONAL SERVICES IN ZION CHURCH.

It was Young People's Service last evening in Zion Church and in point of attendance and interest shown this was the most successful of the series. The hall was filled to its capacity with a most appreciative audience, the majority of whom were young people of the town and from the various colleges.

Mr Miller Campbell was in the chair and opened the service, leading in prayer and giving a brief commentary on the lesson of the evening, Eccles. xii. During the meeting some six students led in brief, earnest prayers especially for our young people.

Mr Sidney Bonell gave the address of the evening, and no one could fail to be impressed by his earnest and appealing message. He spoke from the chapter already read—Eccles. xii. —and gave a strong contrast between A Godly youth and a Godless old age. "Remember also thy Creator in the days of thy youth." We are starting on life's journey over the great unknown sea of mystery of which we know nothing, save that there are rocks and shoals in the way of the barque that has not a wise Pilot aboard. So many are the wrecks on life's sea that men in a mood of pessimism have said we are only the creatures of Circumstance and have neither control nor direction of our destiny. There is so much in life to make us believe that there is a measure of truth in these statements that all who are wise will seek to put their lives in other hands for guidance. We are not the fools of chance unless we choose. We have the Word of God as our great Chart, where every rock and reef has been plainly marked and we have the offer of Jesus the Great Pilot, who will guide us safely past every hurtful and harmful danger in our course. Our wisdom is to commit our lives to Him whose voice the stormy sea must obey. He alone is our sufficient Guide on a course beset with dangers on every side. Man may think himself able for every emergency. He may choose the way that seemed right unto himself and wealth, fame, pleasures may all be his, but what can these avail when the shadow of Death falls between him and them and leaves him to make the last great lap of the journey in fear and trembling and utterly without hope. Of Himself Jesus said: I am the Way, the Truth and the Life no man cometh unto the Father but by Me.

He urged his hearers to give their hearts to Christ in the morning of life when they were most susceptible to holy influences. Every year that we delayed in this great decision only made it harder for us to choose the right. Through contact with the world and worldly people our hearts tend to become harder with every passing year. The statistics of our church membership go to prove that almost 80 per cent. join the Church between the ages of 14 and 20.

Then there is the weight of our example. Even if we could make this great choice in old age how many may have been hindered in their decision through our procrastination. We must remember also the call for consecration. We are here to do a life's work. Can we go on sinning and having our satisfaction in worldly pleasure, wasting precious time, with the idea of turning to God at the eleventh hour? What work can we do when the night cometh when no man can work? Even were it possible is it honourable to ourselves to give only the husk of life to the Christ who redeemed us?

What a grand field opens before us to-day for service to God and man. Are you looking forward to success? That can only be judged by the whole tendency of life and its conclusion.

Our worldly criterion of success has ever been weighed in the balance and found wanting. The cry of the worldling who finds that the fruits of sin are but Dead Sea apples, has ever been: "Let me die the death of the righteous and let my last end be like his." Would we have it so? Then: "Remember thy Creator in the days of thy youth."

"We have complete line of all the very best smoking and chewing tobacco procurable—the kind you want, the kind that satisfies. MacKinnon Drug Co., corner Great George and Kent Streets.—MEtf

"TIPPERARY" BETRAYS A RUNAWAY SINGER.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—Because a policeman assigned to the Harbor police station has an ear for music, Frederick Lee, a ten-year-old runaway from San Jose, will be returned to a distracted mother who is said to be seriously ill.

The boy left home and had been sought for all over the state. The description of young Lee included the information that he is a talented singer and might be found around some saloon coaxing nickels with his voice.

The policeman was passing the Ferry building when there came to his ears the strains of "Tipperary." He investigated and found Lee, surrounded by an admiring crowd and with several dollars in nickels and dimes in his hat.

The boy will be returned to his mother.

PANIC REIGNS AMONG THE YOUNG TURKS.

ATHENS, March 5.—According to a report which has reached here the Sultan has already left Constantinople and panic is reigning among the Young Turks, the leaders of whom are preparing to leave the city also, before it becomes too dangerous to remain.

It is generally supposed that the return of Enver Pasha to his command in the Caucasus and the departure of the Djemal Pasha for Berlin are both ruses intended to cover their timely departure from the coming storm.

Great unrest prevails through all Stamboul, particularly among the lower classes of the population. Ministers of several countries are said to be urgently desirous of concluding peace to save the city from a bombardment by the warships of the allies, which is generally regarded as inevitable.

P.E.I. TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE MEETING

(Continued from page one)

In regard to the clause referring to search without warrant, Dr Fullerton asked if they were justified in making the statement that the people of the province were willing that power be vested in any individual to make a search without warrant?

There was considerable discussion on this point.

Rev. Mr Rattee was in favour of the clause on condition that the search be made on well-grounded suspicion or belief that liquor was kept in certain premises.

Mr C. H. Stevenson, of New Glasgow, said that this privilege to search a person's premises without warrant existed in the other provinces, and he questioned whether their law was better enforced than in the Island.

Rev. Dr Fullerton moved that the paragraph referring to fox committees being paid to attend conferences in Charlottetown for the framing of a fox act be struck out from the report. The Executive would show more strength if they eliminated all criticisms. They were not there to criticise the Government. In regard to searching without warrant, he thought it would be surrendering some of their best rights to endorse that clause, and no Government would dare to do it without being fully assured that the bulk of the population was behind them.

Rev. Mr Johnson, of Kensington, made a lengthy speech, in which he expressed his full support of the clause, going to the extent of saying that he would allow any official to enter his house at one or two o'clock in the morning if need be in order to have the provision enacted. His remarks were endorsed by Mr James Gillespie, of Long River, who insisted that the clause was one of the best they could have enacted.

Hon. Mr McKinnon suggested that they were spending a good deal of time on one clause when there were others in the report that they might deal with. It might or might not be true that the clause would sound the death-knell of the liquor traffic in the province. He would say this, however, that when the Alliance asked for amendments they got them. They prepared them themselves and submitted them to the Government. Some of the best amendments made to the prohibitory law were made a year or two ago, and as a result of these amendments there was a marked improvement. Last year they had amendments framed to the extent that it was a new law. That was done without any consultation with the Government on any point, and they didn't ask the Government if they were agreeable, but said "the whole thing or none" at all." When it was suggested that anything which it was necessary to omit might be left out, if they could agree upon that course, the reply by the Alliance was "Withdraw nothing." Was any Government ever approached in that manner before? When the Alliance approached the Government on a previous occasion everything was agreeable and they spoke in very high terms of the Government and some of its members. Right up to this time there was no trouble. Here was a bill with a great many new clauses taken in—a very sweeping bill, and the Alliance must have it either passed or rejected in its entirety. Was the Government to adopt such a bill without knowing whether the country was in favour of it or not? The Government did the best possible that any Government could do in the circumstances, but the Alliance was not satisfied. The act was submitted to a committee of the members of the Legislature, who were asked to look over it. On that committee there were men who were just as good and honest temperance men as any of the audience, and who had the interest of the law at heart and had given their support from the very beginning to temperance legislation. Would the Alliance have lost anything by agreeing to the bill being passed, with any objectionable clauses omitted, until the following year? The statement had been made that because the Alliance asked for these amendments they were called names. That was not in accordance with the facts. In regard to the comparison in the Executive's report to the fox committee and the fox act, that was beside the question and uncalled for and was only a malicious excuse for attacking the Government. These ingenious statements, however, would not stand as a cover for the breach of the Alliance with the Government. If the Alliance had approached the Government in any reasonable spirit there would have been no breach. All the disturbance purposely provoked by the Alliance during the past year had done more to injure and retard the cause of temperance than anything else in its history. He said this without fear of contradiction. In regard to the enforcement of the Prohibition Act, he would say this, and they knew it, that the Act to-day was better carried out than ever before. There had been also more convictions during the past year and more fines collected and imprisonments than in any previous year. The Act, it was true, was not all that it might be, and he hoped it was not all that it would be; but it had given good service in the past and was capable of giving good service in the future.

Rev. Mr Sutherland urged that there should be eliminated from the discussion any bitterness. He thought they should stand behind the proposal to amend the prohibition law further. He then referred to the clause relating to search without warrant, of which he expressed himself as being in favour. But he thought that the matter was of such importance, and the "clause" (some two columns) of the Executive's report, in which it occurred of such considerable length, containing too many questions to be conveniently voted on without due consideration, that it should be referred to the Committee on Resolutions to be reported on.

At this stage Mr Donald McKinnon made a few remarks. As one of the lawyers who had drawn up the amendments to the Act referred to, he would like to say something in regard to the manner in which those amendments came to be made. In drawing up the amendments the previous year there were not many difficulties, and things were harmonious. This year when he was asked to assist in drawing up the amendments he suggested that there was no use in urging for a search without a warrant. The remark was made that they would put it in and if there was any objection the clause could easily be taken out. He suggested at the time of the meeting of the Committee that this part be taken out and the rest allowed to go through. The remark was made by one of the members, "We will take back nothing." He felt there was going to be a clash with the Government. He might be put down as partisan; he didn't care a rap, he had the interests of the cause at heart. But he must say that the Government would have met the Alliance fairly and squarely in temperance legislation had the Alliance been reasonable. If there was a clash between a few of the Government and a few of the Alliance surely that should be settled on a proper basis.

Rev. Mr McVie then made a speech of much warmth, deploring the state of drunkenness existing and alleging that he had seen as many as three drunken men on the square at one time.

In reply to Mr McVie's extravagant charges Hon. Mr McKinnon stated that he had never seen one man lying drunk on the square, let alone three. The reason for Mr McVie's bitterness lay in the fact that he (Mr McKinnon) had rejected the offer made by Rev. Mr Wilson to have Mr McVie appointed as prosecutor for King's County.

Mr McVie vigorously denied this.

Mr McKinnon said, that the Rev. Mr Wilson, who was friendly with him at the time, came to his office and suggested that Mr McVie should be appointed Prosecutor. He told him (Mr Wilson) that he did not know anything about Mr McVie and refused to recommend his appointment.

Rev. W. D. Wilson admitted that he had told Mr McKinnon that Mr McVie would make a good Prosecutor, but challenged Mr McKinnon to deny that he did so more than once.

Mr McKinnon said that after he had turned down the nomination of Mr McVie, Mr Wilson did not visit his office more than once—or twice at the most.

The chairman then put Mr Sutherland's motion to the meeting, that the "clause" of the Executive Committee's report, as read, be referred to the Committee on Resolutions.

Rev. Dr Fullerton, in seconding the motion, stated that Prince Edward Island, in his opinion, had the finest legislation in all Canada to-day along temperance lines. They had an act that had done incalculable good in a shorter time than most people imagined—(Rev. Mr McVie: "Question") —although it was capable of amendment. Some one questioned this. He knew a little about Canada, and he might add that one or two men didn't have all the brains of the universe, though they might think so. He wanted to say right there that our prohibitory law was vastly superior to the legislation they had in Nova Scotia to-day. It was superior to the legislation in New Brunswick. He would stand by his opinion. They were simply wasting time in uttering criticisms that might or might not be true, but were absolutely unnecessary. He begged to second Mr Sutherland's motion on the understanding that they receive from the Resolution Committee something that would advance the cause of temperance and not indict any party in power in the Island.

Mr John Anderson, remarking on the clause relating to the right to search without warrant, said he was prepared to stand by the Alliance in anything they did in the cause of temperance, but he could not support them if they took the high ground of "all or none."

Mr J. K. Ross thought that the Government should get credit for what they did, and he was of opinion that the act had been responsible for good. They could not, and had not, got perfect legislation as they wanted it, from any Government. As to search without warrant, both Messrs Haszard and Peters, when they were Premiers, had rejected this same point on the ground that it was demanding something contrary to British law. He thought it was a pity to have any strife introduced into the meeting.

Mr Sterns supported the resolution of Mr Sutherland to refer the report to the Committee on Resolutions.

Mr Schurman objected to the report going to the Resolution Committee. If the meeting passed Mr Sutherland's motion it would be tantamount to an expression of lack of confidence in the Executive. He asked that Mr Sutherland's motion be rejected.

Mr Sutherland's motion, that the report be referred to the Committee on Resolutions, was then put to the vote and lost.

The motion that the first clause of the report, as read by the Secretary, be adopted, was then carried.

The meeting then adjourned to 7.30 p.m.

EVENING MEETING

At the evening sitting the Rev. Z. L. Fash again presided over a large attendance.

On the motion of the Rev. Mr. Rattee, three hearty cheers were given for Mr. David Schurman, Secretary-Treasurer.

Mr. Rattee announced that the following subscriptions had been intimated: Mr. John R. Dinnis, $500 (payable March, 1916) Mr. D. Schurman, $200; Mr. A. W. Sterns, $100; Mr. Major Schurman, $100; Summerside, per Mr. J. A. Brace, $90; Kensington, per Rev. G. A. Sutherland, $63. Contributions were then invited from the audience, and at the close it was intimated that $1,500 altogether had been promised.

Rev. Mr. Fraser, Convener of the Nomination Committee, reported as follows: President, Rev. Z. L. Fash; Vice-Presidents, Rev. G.C. Taylor, Mr. J. A. Brace, Mr. D. L. McKinnon; Secretary-Treasurer, Mr. David Schurman; and also named the members of the various committees. He reported that the committee heard with regret the announcement of Mr. Schurman's resignation, condemned the scandalous attack upon him by The Guardian, and expressed the hope that Mr. Schurman would reconsider his decision and accept the office.

Mr. Schurman expressed his pleasure at this vote of confidence and accepted re-election. All the other officers and committees were elected nem con.

The second paragraph of the report was then read and discussed.

Hon. Mr. McKinnon took exception to the report having been published that afternoon contrary to the promise of the Chairman who distinctly stated that it would not be published before it had been discussed.

The Chairman said that it had been published without his consent.

Mr. McKinnon said he had no doubt of this, but it was another example of how the work of the Alliance was carried on. He then proceeded to analyse the report in a masterly manner, taking item by item and showing that the report was grossly unfair to the Government and misleading to the public. After he had spoken twenty minutes, the Chairman asked him to bring his remarks to a close as there were other speakers to follow.

Mr. J. H. Bell, Summerside, followed, repeating at length an editorial that appeared in The Pioneer alleging that Judge McLeod's report was unfair and incomplete. He spoke for forty-five minutes but was not interrupted by the Chairman.

The report was then put to the meeting and unanimously adopted.

A number of resolutions were afterwards passed, including votes of thanks to Mr. David Schurman, Mr. W. E. Bentley, Mr. J. H. Bell, Rev. W. D. Wilson.

Mr. Bentley addressed the meeting at length, reviewing the work of the Advisory Committee.

Mr. John Anderson took exception to members of the Alliance signing petitions for the extension of mercy to persons convicted of contravention of the Prohibition Law.

Rev. Mr. Sutherland proposed a resolution re-affirming their conviction of the great advantage of the Prohibition Law.

Hon. Mr. McKinnon, in seconding, said he did so with pleasure, although judging by the report which they had just adopted one would be led to believe that the meeting held the very opposite opinion.

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SCHOOL HOCKEY

At the Arena yesterday a very close and exciting game of hockey was played between teams representing West Kent and Queen Square Schools.

The score at half time was 3—1 in Queen Square's favor and at the finish 5—4 in West Kent's. Much credit is due to the West Kent's coach, Mr. Keith MacLeod.

The game was featured by a good deal of roughness, but the judge of play, Mr. Cephas Murphy, knew how to handle it. The stars for the W. K. School were Bryenton, MacEachern, Williams and Anderson, and the stars for Queen Square were Blanchard, Lawlor and Millman.

The line-up was as follows:

Q. S. S.		W. K. S.
	Goal	
C. Dougan		S. Ross
	Point	
E. Millman		F. Anderson
	C. Point.	
S. Blanchard		P. Williams
	Centre	
F. Trainor		J. MacEachern
	Rover	
W. Lawlor		R. Lane
	L. Wing	
F. Maddigan		G. Newsome
	R. Wing	
Fred Trainor		L. Bryenton

Mr. William Purcell refereed satisfactorily.

PHILOSOPHER'S BANQUET

The Philosophers of St. Dunstan's College celebrated the feast of their patron, Saint Thomas Aquinas, on Saturday, March 6th. In the morning a high mass was celebrated by their teacher, Rev. J. N. Poirier, Messrs Robert McCarthy and Richard St. John acting as Master of Ceremonies and Cexson Bearer respectively, whilst Messrs William Monaghan and Joseph Flemming acted as Acolytes. The choir, which was composed entirely of members of the class rendered the second-tone mass in a highly creditable manner. At two o'clock all proceeded to the college dining-hall where a sumptuous banquet was spread. The delcacies provided by the good Sisters of the College in their usual excellent manner. The following was the menu:

Jus Tomata.
Porcellus Torritus — Jus Malorum.
Saginatus Pullus Torritus—
—Jus Extortium.
Bulbi Saloni Commixti—
Francici Tuberae Tricti.
Pisa Virida — Pastinacae — Betae.
Muriae Condimenta.
Acertale Tuberarum
Crustum Matum.
Crustum Washingtonum.
Jellicus Spurna Lactis Tundata.
Floo Lactis Congelatus.
Panis Dulciarinus Placenta.
Malum Medicum Mala.
Cofficinus.
Cylindre Herbae Nicotinal.

After all had satisfied the wants of the inner man, and cigars had been passed round, the toast-master Mr. Clarensus Conway rose and proposed a toast to our "Pontifen ae Rex" which was drunk in sparkling cold water. Next he proposed a toast to "The Day We Celebrate." This was responded to by Messrs Owensus Trainor and Edwinus Doyle. Then he proposed a toast to "Lun Nostra, S. A. Lortie," which was answered by Messrs Edwinus Kelly and Russelensus Smith. Next in order course a toast to "Our College" which was replied to by Rev. J. N. Poirier. "Our French Brethren" were then toasted, the reply being made by Henricus Crepau. Then was proposed a toast to the "Press." Mr. Jacobus MacDougall, Editor of Red and White replying to same. And last though by no means of least importance was proposed the toast to our "Sexus Pulcherrimus" which was replied to by Mr. Raymondus Brown. After the singing of Auld Lang Syne and God Save the King the company dispersed, each satisfied that this was one of the most successful banquets ever held in St. Dunstan's College.

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Nothing is known that possesses more merit in such cases than Nerviline.

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The warm, soothing effect of Nerviline will be apparent in five minutes.

Nothing like it for quick relief—takes soreness out of the throat in one rubbing—breaks up the chest cold, draws out the inflammation, stops the cough quickly.

Rub it on for rheumatism—it destroys the pain—drives it right away. Try it for stiff muscles—it works miracles in such cases.

Give Nerviline a chance on your neuralgia, prove it out for lumbago, see what it can do for sciatica.

No pain-relieving remedy compares in power to cure with Nerviline. Largest sale in Canada for any liniment for nearly forty years. The reason is plain. It satisfies every time.

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See Two Fairs At One Fare

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All the fun, the recreation, the health you count on will be yours plus a great knowledge of the garden spot of America, if you go to California and her great Expositions, SanDiego and SanFrancisco.

There are exhibits from every country in the world and it is significant to note that not one of the European nations has cancelled its exhibit or curtailed its space on account of the war.

Europe has faith in the Expositions. Get Your Ticket Now.

"Hacer lo que tu; Oh! Espana, nunca sonaste" 1915
—Cervantes
"To do what thou? Oh Spain, did never dream" ALL THE YEAR
—Cervantes

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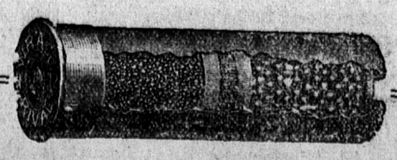
Other Double Barrel Guns from $13.25 to $25.00
Single Barrel Guns $5.00 and..... $ 5.50
A large stock of Powder, Shot Wads, Shell Bags, Gun Cases, etc, etc.



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