

DAILY FOUNDED 1861 WEEKLY (NOW TRI-WEEKLY) 1897

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, CANADA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1906.

35 CENTS PER MONTH SINGLE COPY TWO CENTS

CANNED MEATS ARE A BUGABOO

LONDON, Nov. 1.—Sir Frederick Treves, surgeon to the king, addressing the National Health Society, ridiculed the recent outcry against canned meats...

MOST VIOLENT STORM FOR YEARS IS NOW BEING EXPERIENCED

GERMAN STEAMER IN COLLISION

OSSEND, Belgium, Nov. 2.—The vessel which collided with the German steamer Hermann in the channel October 28th...

Excessive Rainfall, and Wind Blowing With Exceptional Velocity—Chimneys, Fences, and Trees Blown Down—Shipping Fortunately Prepared and No New Disaster Reported—S. S. Turret Bell Further Ashore.

The violent wind and rain storm which has prevailed all over this Province since Wednesday last, with but a slight cessation during the daylight hours of Saturday...

Lobster Factory, was to the effect that the steamer had drifted in closer to the shore, and that the crew were considered to be quite safe, although it had so far been impossible for them to land...

The most serious accident reported was that of a chimney at the Victoria Hotel. This chimney which projected for some many feet into the air, succumbed to the storm and fell down on the roof of the dining room...

PEARY FAILS TO REACH THE POLE

But Makes His Way Further North Than Ever Before—He Tells His Story In A Brief Despatch Sent Home

NEW YORK, November 3.—Commander Robert E. Peary, of the United States navy, has given to his native country the record of having penetrated "farthest" north—87 degrees and 6 minutes. News of the feat came yesterday...

ice, drifting steadily eastward, returning at eight dogs. Drifted eastward delayed by open water. Reached north coast Greenland in strained circumstances. Killed musk oxen and returned along Greenland coast to ship. Two supporting parties driven on north coast Greenland. One rescued by me in starving condition. After one week recuperation on Roosevelt, sledged west completing north coast Grant Land and reached other land, near 100th meridian. Homeward voyage incessant battle with ice, storms and head winds. Roosevelt, insignificant ice fighter and seaborer. No deaths or illness in expedition.

After furnishing the contents of Commander Peary's missive to the Associated Press, Mr. Bridgeman said that the receipt of any news from the explorer now was quite a surprise to him because he had supposed it had come too late in the season for Commander Peary to send news of his venture. Mr. Bridgeman added that the message spoke for itself and that since he did not know more of the results of Commander Peary's effort to reach the pole than the public did, he could hardly comment upon the despatch. There was little doubt he was coming home.

It was thought by many people that the storm had blown itself out on Saturday morning, after raging from Wednesday afternoon previous. Even the weather-wise were deceived. The barometer gave no warning; the weather probabilities conveyed no hint of more storms; nor was the later outbreak preceded by the usual indication sent here by the Weather Bureau in advance of every storm.

Consequently when it began to blow again on Saturday evening, and the wind increased in fury hour by hour everyone was surprised. Yesterday the gusts were such as have very seldom been experienced.

Fortunately not very much damage has been reported. Telephone messages from the north side of the Island yesterday told no tidings of any new shipping disaster.

From St. Peter's Bay in the afternoon the news regarding the S. S. Turret Bell of the Turret Line, Montreal, which went ashore on the reef known as "Shipwreck Reef," at Cable Head, opposite Lewis

down all over the city, and shingles from old roofs were ripped off and in many places strewn thickly on the streets. On Sunnyside bricks were scattered in the street where they had fallen from the chimney in the rear of the store occupied by E. DesRoches. The chimney in the Imperial Oil Company's office, corner Water and Queen Streets

was to the effect that the steamer had drifted in closer to the shore, and that the crew were considered to be quite safe, although it had so far been impossible for them to land. It seems more than likely that the steamer which is said to be worth about \$100,000 will be badly injured before the gale ends. She has been recently employed carrying coal from Cape Breton to Montreal, and was going from Montreal, light, for another cargo when she went ashore. The captain has been sending messages ashore in bottles, and assistance has been summoned for the vessel. Hyndman & Co., the agents of Lloyd's for this Province are looking after the ship, and F. W. Hyndman, the senior partner of the firm, visited the scene of the wreck on Saturday.

From all parts of the country come reports of trees blown down, in many places obstructing travel on the roads. In Charlottetown, fences which were not of a strong constitution, were blown down all over the city, and shingles from old roofs were ripped off and in many places strewn thickly on the streets. On Sunnyside bricks were scattered in the street where they had fallen from the chimney in the rear of the store occupied by E. DesRoches. The chimney in the Imperial Oil Company's office, corner Water and Queen Streets

HE WILL VISIT WEST INDIES

LONDON, Nov. 2.—Winston Spencer Churchill the parliamentary secretary of the Colonial office will go to the West Indies about Christmas to study the resources of the Islands, especially the prospects of extending cotton growing. The Duke of Marlborough and Sir Alfred Jones, president of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, and others interested in the islands will accompany him.

J. M. COURTNEY IN HIGH ESTEEM

LONDON, November 2.—News of J. M. Courtney's retirement is keenly noted in circles here concerned with higher Canadian finance as a factor of first consequence. It is always felt that his unbounding rectitude and high abilities were an asset of incomparable value to Canada. It is surmised that he often stepped in between spendthrift proposals and larger interests of the Dominion. High authority said today upon reading the Times cablegram:—"An influential committee of the house of commons and lords is promoting a banquet in recognition of Mr Courtney's long services in parliament and public life. It is doubtful if, as a Canadian, Mr. Courtney has not rendered quite as great services to the Empire, for in all times of stress during Canada's up-building and her dependence upon English financial support, we knew him as the man at the wheel."

THE BRITISH PRESS EXPECTS TROUBLE

The Newfoundland Situation Is Critical—It is Difficult to See How The Foreign Office Can Find Solution If Bond Holds Out.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—Referring to the resolve of the Newfoundland government to test the validity of the modus vivendi the daily Graphic says it has placed the imperial government in an awkward predicament. The incident is a significant illustration of the levity and carelessness with which the modus vivendi was negotiated. It is difficult to see what the home government can do by way of fulfilling its pledges to the United States if the Newfoundlanders stand firm. The Evening Globe says it is no longer possible for the colonial office to attempt to minimize the unpleasantness of the situation. It has hitherto been the custom to stur emanations from other colonies in consequence of the action of the home

government, but now the case has arisen where a colony claims the right to being heard, and what is more plainly intends that it shall be heard. The Post says complication has entered into the controversy already difficult to guide which, unless skillfully handled, may be productive of unpleasant results. In fact it calls for no straining of imagination to conceive that in certain circumstances the action just taken by the Newfoundland government may have grave consequences. The Post concludes by saying it is not easy to see how the foreign office is to find a solution should Bond and his ministry obstinately determine to pursue their present tactics.

AGAINST LAND SPECULATION

TORONTO, Ont., November 2.—B. E. Walker, General Manager of the Bank of Commerce, has publicly uttered a warning against the overdoing of land speculation in the West. It seems that fair sized towns are planning to be great cities, and little villages are planning to be great towns, all in the course of a few years, and are lying out and advertising city and town lots accordingly. But the more prudent do not see a prospect of such a rapid increase in population as to make such cities and towns possible; and hence it is not improbable that many, trusting to glowing representations about a region of which they have no definite and certain knowledge, may buy town lots at fancy lot prices, and afterwards find that for many years to come they will have only small patches of prairie more or less near a comparatively little town. This view does not deny that the resources and possibilities of the Canadian west are vast.

CONFESSED TO SWITCHING THE

Ballots in Brockville and Getting Thirty Dollars for the Job. TORONTO, Nov. 2.—(Special)—The scope of the conspiracy, took in London, West Elgin and Brockville today. Grew, deputy returning officer of Brockville, admitted receiving \$30 for switching ballots. The witnesses told of bribery in other constituencies. Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

CUBAN EXPORTS FALLING OFF

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 2.—The disastrous effect of the recent Cuban uprising upon the importation of sugar from the island to the United States is treated in a bulletin issued today by the Department of Commerce and Labor. The imports fell in September to 93,000,000 pounds, against 230,000,000 pounds in the immediate preceding month, and 172,000,000 pounds in September of last year. Ordinarily Cuba supplies about two thirds of the sugar coming into the United States from foreign countries, but for the month of September she supplied but a little over one third.

TOASTS TO KING AND PRESIDENT

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—Toasts to President Roosevelt and King Edward were drunk amidst cheers, when 250 representatives of Boston attended a banquet given by the City of Boston to Sir Thomas Lipton, the Irish baronet and yachtsman, at the Hotel Somerset last night. The banquet hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion, and the greeting to Sir Thomas was of the heartiest kind. Former Congressman Samuel L. Powers was the toastmaster and the speakers were Mayor John F. Fitzgerald, former Secretary of the Navy John D. Long, General John A. Miles, Capt. Wm. Wyndham, the British Consul and Sir Thomas. The toast to President Roosevelt was proposed by Mayor Fitzgerald and that to King Edward by Mr. Powers. Both toasts were drunk standing. In introducing Mr. Powers, toastmaster Mayor Fitzgerald dwelt on the prominence of Boston in the history of the defence of America's cup. He said that Sir Thomas typified the Boston merchant, and the Boston spirit. Former Governor Long, in responding to the toast "The United States," referred to the many ties that bind America and Great Britain. He said that the United States loved its old mother and that "if the mother wishes later on, the United States would take her in by her own fireside." In introducing the question of another race, Mr. Powers said that no one had done more than Sir Thomas to bring the United States and Great Britain closer.

Speaking of the future, Sir Thomas stated that he had good ground for the assertion that another challenge would be forthcoming before he left the United States. He declared that he was doing all in his power to bring about another contest for the American's cup. "This cup," he said, "originally belonged in England, and I think that a trip back to England would not do it any harm." Sir Thomas declared that in his opinion international contests in the field of sport brought about more friendly feeling between the people of the competing countries. He said that he was a firm believer in international contests, and that they brought about a greater knowledge of each other and strengthened the ties of good will.

ARE YOU LOSING LOOKS OR STRENGTH? Once you were robust, bright and happy. Today you are dull, worried, falling in vitality and appearance. Just when you should be at your best you are played out and need a cleanser, bracing tonic. Your blood will soon regenerate itself by yourself again if you regulate the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. A truly wonderful medicine. It searches out disease, positively drives away head-aches, weariness, and lack of vital force. Give yourself a chance. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and watch the results. Sold everywhere in 25c boxes. Try the Delicious "Sausome" Sausages at Saunders & Newsome

DOUBLED UP WITH CRAMPS. Stomach feels like an infernal machine and you want relief as quickly as possible. Does the work half so soon as Minard's Nervine. Why it kills the pain instantly. If your bottle is empty get another today. Nervine keeps the doctor bill small because it cures little ills before they grow big. Nothing for indigestion, heartburn and cramps like Minard's Nervine. Large bottles for 25c.

CHICAGO MARKETS. CHICAGO, Nov. 2 (Special)—Dec. Corn... 43 1/2; Wheat... 74 1/2; Dec. Pork... 41; Jan. Pork... 78 1/2; May Wheat... \$13.97

The WEATHER. Strong north east to north west winds, colder.

Condensed Advertisements. SURETY WANTED—We want this month 1,000 fat sheep... FOR SALE OR TO LET—That well known hotel known as the Royal Hotel, situated on Richmond Street near Market Square. Apply to Thomas Campbell, Charlottetown, P. E. I. 11-5411.

THY SENT HIM FRIENDLY WIRES. HALIFAX, Nov. 2.—Among those from whom Hon. Mr. Fielding received congratulatory telegrams were Sir Wilfrid Laurier, other colleagues in the Government, Hon. Arthur Peters and A. B. Warburton of Charlottetown.

CLARK'S PORK AND BEANS. The finest selected Beans with just enough fine pork to add a nice meaty flavour. Plain or with Chili or Tomato sauce. 5c and 10c tins.

SMOKERS' CONTEST WHAT COMES NEXT. LONDON, Nov. 2.—In a pipe smoking competition at Islington last night the world's record for a continuous smoke was broken by a Highgate gardener named Catling, who kept an old briarwood pipe lighted for one hour and fifty-three minutes.

BANK DIRECTORS SOLD NO STOCK

TORONTO, Nov. 2.—The case against Charles McGill, late manager of the Ontario bank, was called in the police court this morning, but was remanded till Tuesday, November 6th. The sureties were all present and readily agreed to the renewal of bail. E. F. B. Johnson, counsel for Mr. McGill, asked that he be allowed to see the statements prepared by the accountant as to the state of affairs of the bank, and it was agreed that this should be granted.

McGill out of it. The directors hold the following shares of stock: G. R. R. Cockburn, president 452 2/3; D. McKay, vice-president 128; R. D. Perry 100; H. Harcourt 70; R. Grass 100; Thos. Wamsley 50; John Flett 52.

George R. R. Cockburn, accused of making false returns to the government, was not called. His case had been previous remanded, and will come up contemporaneously with McGill's case. The curator yesterday mailed to the shareholders of the Ontario bank a revised list, showing who were holders of stock on Oct. 30, 1906, which would incidentally show the change made in holdings since January. The examination of the list produced nothing extraordinary to be noted in the transfers of stock of the bank. None of the directors parted with any of their holdings in the last six months, and the holdings of the president, G. R. R. Cockburn have increased, he now having 452 2/3 shares where he had less by 117 2/3 shares in January. The holdings of other directors remain stationary. The name of Charles McGill was on the January list for 105 shares, and is trust 300 1/3 shares. His name does not appear at all on the revised list, but a new entry credits the ordinary guarantee fund with 2,008 shares. This really is in the name of the bank, as actually there was no such fund as the one described as a guarantee fund, and this appears to be

LONDON Routed PROGRESSIVES. LONDON, November 2.—Liberalism and labor received a severe blow in the overwhelming rout of the progressives in the municipal elections in London and throughout England. These elections have an exceptional political significance, since for the first time they were fought generally on strict party lines. Moreover that the present ministry's policy is essentially municipal in character, is exemplified in its administration of new Education bill and its encouragement of municipalization of tramways, lighting, etc. The net result of the elections is to show that the electorate is decisively against these developments. By one o'clock today London alone registered a loss of 550 seats to the progressive and laborites, while in the leading industrial centres, which were emphatically liberal and labor at the last general election, the overturn of the representation was not less remarkable. At Manchester, where Winston Churchill's influence was strongly thrown on behalf of the progressives, four seats were lost. It is expected that the London county council elections next March will show a further development of this national revolt against municipalization and the whole trend of the liberal home policy.

LET THE STOMACH ALONE. You can't cure catarrh by dosing the stomach. The disease is in the throat, nose and bronchial tubes. Inhalant Catarrh-olone to the spot where the disease really is—it clears away foul secretions, stops discharges at once, purifies and heals the passage, literally annihilates every trace of catarrh. Nothing else is so direct and certain as "Catarrh-olone". Results guaranteed. Two sizes, 25c and \$1.00 at all dealers.