

Father and Son

BOTH CURED OF
(KIDNEY TROUBLE)
BY
**Doan's
Kidney Pills.**

Mr. Benjamin Brooks, a well-known farmer of West Cape, P.E.I., tells of how his son was cured of Kidney Disease, and how he was cured of Backache.

The First Sign of Kidney Trouble.

He says: "Our little boy was troubled with kidney disease. We had tried many kinds of kidney pills but they only helped for a time. We got Doan's Kidney Pills and one box effected a perfect cure. About six weeks after this I caught a very bad cold that settled in my kidneys. My back was so sore I could hardly walk. I went to the drug store and got a box, took them according to directions and the result was that my back was completely cured. I believe they are the best kidney pill on the market to-day."

There is not a kidney trouble from Backache to Bright's Disease that Doan's Kidney Pills will not relieve or cure. The price is 50 cts. per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.50 and may be procured at all dealers or from

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO., TORONTO, ONT.

THE MORNING GUARDIAN

TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1903.

THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

According to the report of the Provincial Auditor on the public accounts submitted to the Legislature yesterday the total receipts for the calendar year 1902 were \$24,670.37 and the total ordinary and capital expenditure was \$33,792.48 of which \$12,607.22 was charged to capital. The ordinary receipts thus apparently exceeded the ordinary expenditure. The indebtedness of the Province was apparently increased by \$12,122.11 which is much less than the deficits of last year and many previous years. All the sources of revenue appear to have been fairly productive, including the additions made at the last session of the Legislature. On the whole the financial showing may be regarded as more favorable than had been generally expected.

The indebtedness of the Province is shown to be \$650,400.30 made up of debentures (less sinking funds) amounting to \$24,308.45 and loans outstanding and balances due the banks, \$410,100.85. On this indebtedness interest to the amount of \$24,381.91 was paid during the year being something less than four per cent. To offset this we have at Ottawa the sum of \$775,791.83 due the Province on its debt account on which we receive interest at 5 per cent half-yearly, amounting to \$38,789. So that the interest paid by the Province on its indebtedness although large, is still \$14,407 less than the interest received on its credit balance at Ottawa. Last year we received only a half year's portion of the \$30,000 increase of subsidy voted us by the Dominion in 1901. This helped out materially in keeping down the deficit, and as this year the full amount will come in, we may reasonably hope for a pretty close balance between the receipts and expenditures.

The Guardian has always maintained that the Island has too scant an allowance for provincial housekeeping, and we are glad to find that during the past year the ordinary expenditure was kept within the ordinary receipts. And it is also to be observed that very few of the other Provinces are in a position so favorable as Prince Edward Island, as we have a credit at Ottawa, as good as cash, which considerably exceeds the indebtedness of the Province.

REDISTRIBUTION.

According to the redistribution bill yesterday introduced in Parliament the next House of Commons to be elected will contain 214 members. The significance of the last census is shown by the increased representation given to the west. Manitoba gains three members, the Territories six and British Columbia one. And already the Yukon has its representative in Parliament, making eleven members gained by that part of Canada lying west of Lake Superior. There are proportionate

ate losses to the eastward of the dividing line. Ontario loses six, Quebec remains stationary, New Brunswick loses one, the Island one and Nova Scotia two members. Thus the future voting power of the west as compared with the eastern half of the Dominion is increased by twenty-one votes.

It is given out that in Prince Edward Island county boundaries are to be observed, and that Queens County will retain her two members as at present. The loss will therefore, if the bill takes effect, deprive Prince County of one half its present representation. But the loss would not be merely a local one. The entire Province would most seriously feel the great proportionate reduction of our representation. We hope and trust that the promised reference of this question to the courts may result not only in preventing the reduction now threatened, but also in restoring the one member already taken away.

THE MEAT COMBINE IN COURT.

The New York Herald has for some time past collected evidence of the dishonest and illegal practices of the huge meat trust in Chicago, which evidence was used by the Attorney General of Missouri in a prosecution conducted at Jefferson City. On March 20 the Supreme Court of the State through Judge Marshall delivered judgment fining the Beef Trust \$25,000 and costs for combining to fix the price of meats. The fine is to be paid within thirty days and if any one of the five companies concerned in the judgment fails to pay its proportion of the fine within that time it will be ordered from doing business in the State. The court was unanimous in this judgment, all the seven judges concurring. It is thus given all possible weight which the State judiciary can give to it.

The judgment delivered holds that the evidence obtained at the hearings shows conclusively that there was a combination of the packers to maintain trust prices on beef in Missouri; that the representatives of the packers met on certain days to fix the prices for the current week; that rebating was done; that the same prices prevailed at all the coolers at the same time; that no competitor could enter the field against the packers, because the combine would undersell the newcomer out of business. It does not take up the charge made in the proceedings by the Attorney General that the companies were also guilty of selling diseased meat. Much of the evidence was to the effect that the companies did sell diseased meat, but the opinion of the court was based on violation of the anti-trust law of the State.

We have had such painful experience in this Island of the fruits of one monopoly, which affects many of our industries still hold its control with unabated rigor and detriment to our business interests, that we cannot be too careful in preventing as far as possible the giving of like monopolistic powers in the future. Our people received some political education in the past with regard to

trusts and combines which it is well to bear in mind at the present time. It is always easy for the people to forge fetters and shackles for themselves which are afterward very hard to break. Of this the meat trust across the border affords an example. They are now beaten in the Supreme Court of Missouri, but the battle is by no means over. The trust has appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States.

The New Brunswick Government has re-created the office of Solicitor General, which although not actually abolished had been left unfilled during years past as an unnecessary office. Hon. H. A. McKeown of St. John has been appointed thereto, and his ability and personal popularity will go some length in excusing what would otherwise be thought to be creating an improper new charge on the treasury. The excuse—there is always an excuse for this sort of thing—is that the Attorney General alone cannot always attend to all the legal business of the Government, so that for years past more has been paid to other lawyers for conducting prosecutions than would be necessary to pay the salary of a Solicitor General.

We are glad to find The Patriot is now a convert to the free letter delivery system in Charlottetown. All readers of The Guardian are familiar with the fact that this improvement has been earnestly advocated for many years past in our columns, and much of the time we have stood alone in such advocacy. The Patriot now falls to see why we have not had free delivery for years past. The fact is that on enquiry made of the postal authorities years ago The Guardian was informed that the Department was quite ready to establish free delivery whenever the people wanted it. They gathered, apparently from the political newspapers here, that the service was not desired. There ought now to be no obstacle in the way if our representatives will only do their duty.

CONSUMPTION IS CONTAGIOUS.

Everybody should exercise great care to prevent infection.

At a recent meeting of the Philadelphia Board of Health, Consumption was added to the list of contagious diseases. Probably the best safe-guard is Catarrhoxone. It keeps you from catching Consumption, and proves of great benefit even in the last stages of the disease. The healing vapor of Catarrhoxone is charged with an isotope that destroys the germ or bacillus of Consumption. Catarrhoxone is breathed right into the lungs. By its soothing influence the soreness caused by coughing is removed. The cough becomes less severe and soon ceases altogether. Catarrhoxone aids expectoration, quiets the nerves, and lends to the patient a large measure of comfort. Consumption is strongly urged to use Catarrhoxone as immediate relief, always follows. It is a direct method of treatment, and endorsed by the highest medical authorities everywhere. The balsamic vapor of Catarrhoxone reaches the lungs and its spiratory tracts in a speedy manner that no medicine taken into the stomach can do. Catarrhoxone is just as good as a change of climate, equally pleasant and cheaper. It can be used at home any hour of the day, night and never causes inconvenience or bother. Two months treatment costs only one dollar and is sold on guarantee; sample size 25c. Sold by druggists or by mail from N. O. Folsom & Co., Kingston, Ont.

IT PAYS TO BUY AT PERKINS'S.

Spring Goods

Arriving Daily

We are showing the latest novelties in fine fabrics for waists and costumes including:—

Black and White Grenadine for 80c yd.	Colored Muslin for 15c yd.
Fancy Stripe Zephyr for 30c yd.	Wool Delaine's for 69c yd.
New Voile's (colored) for \$1.50 yd.	Ponginette for 30c yd.
Grass Linen (satin for stripe) for \$1.60 yd.	Batiste in Ecru, White, 60c yd.

ALSO

Fancy Sateens, Fancy Flannelles, Gents' Ties, Gents' Colored Shirts, Boys' Colored Shirts.

Call in and see them.

F. Perkins & Co.

SUNNYSIDE.

THE MILLINERY LEADERS.

DON'T WAIT


Come in and order that Suit or Overcoat today. We have a very attractive stock to select from and will make you a Suit that will fit well, look well, wear well.

JOHN McLEOD & Co

Seed Wheat For Sale

White Russian Wheat, one year grown on new land on Warren Farm. Good crop. Good quality.

JOHN NEWSON
CHARLOTTETOWN.



Christy Hats

Suit Features and Fancies

You may not like some styles we carry, but we have others that you will like. They may not all suit you, but some of them is the exact thing for your features and will without doubt be becoming to you.

Many Shapes	Many Weights
Many Colors	Many Prices
Many Qualities	Many Hats

There's more hats here to choose from than in all other stores in Charlottetown put together. Over 5000 hats and every one correct.

And They Fit

We can fit round heads, because we have the round hats, we can fit long heads, because we have long hats. There's no head on Prince Edward Island that we can't fit perfectly. Come now.


A Carpet Dream

We all dream about that home of ours and how nice a new carpet will look in this or that room. But the money—

Let us wake you up to realize the fact that in our new stock for Spring you can choose an elegant carpet pattern and have it in a really good carpet at a price perfectly within your reach.

Come to us With Your Carpet Worries

We'll save you time, worry and money, and we'll stand by you for carpets and oilcloths till you're satisfied. Art squares, large and small for putting into places where you don't want to spend much money. Plenty of difference between our carpets and others.



PROWSE BROS.,

THE STYLISH HATTERS.

PROWSE BROS.,

THE CARPET MEN.