

The Paper That
Covers Prince Edward
Island
Like The Dew

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

The People's Paper Read by Everybody

All The News
Worth Printing
All The Ads
Worth Reading

Charlottetown Guardian, Three Cents.
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IMPORTANT LEGISLATION ON THE PROGRAMME

Parliament will be Asked for \$20,000,000 to Complete Shipbuilding Programme. Change in British North America Act Forecast.

OTTAWA, Ont., Feb. 27.—That a speech from the Throne ought not to be taken as a very complete forecast of a Government's legislative programme was made quite clear by two official announcements today. One of these disclosed the Ministry's intention to ask Parliament for an extra twenty millions to complete its shipbuilding policy, and the other made known a contemplated change in the British North America Act of the very highest importance.

The proposed change in the constitution will be brought before the House in the form of an address to the King requesting the passing of an amending Act, by the Parliament of the United Kingdom altering, or amending, the B. N. A. Act so that "any enactment of the Parliament of Canada shall so operate and be deemed to have operated extra-territorially, to the same effect as if enacted by the Parliament of the United Kingdom."

The effect of such an amendment, if granted (and it is inconceivable that it will not be granted), is that the Sovereignty of the

Canadian Parliament will be extended to a sphere in which there now appears to be some doubt of its jurisdiction. A further effect—and most important of all, from a constitutional standpoint—is that the amendment will clearly emphasize Canadian National status.

The resolution, when it comes before the House, is almost certain to precipitate an important debate upon Canada's position within the Empire and among the Nations of the World, as there are undoubtedly wide differences of opinion among the leaders of various Parliamentary groups as to just what our National status is.

These differences, indeed, have been accentuated by the reservations now before the United States Senate in connection with the League of Nations and which, in effect, would appear to challenge Canada's claim to the status of a Nation, and this, added to the fact that the whole question of Imperial relationship is to come before an Imperial conference next Summer, is bound to produce a debate of the highest importance.

Buenos Aires Buys U. S. Locomotives

(Dom. Press Special.)
BUENOS AIRES, Feb. 28.—The government has purchased 25 locomotives from United States companies for use on state railways. German interests were unsuccessful competitors for the order.

CONDENSED SPECIALS

*WANTED a maid. Apply 25 Upper Prince.

LOST—SLEIGH CUSHION. Finder please notify W. W. Coyle, Dorchester St., Charlottetown, 21

*WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No washing. Apply 249 Upper Prince St. 1221-2-25MEEM

WANTED MAN TO WORK ON farm. If married house provided. John R. Munn, Marshfield, Phone R25. 7329-3-1ME81pd

WANTED TEACHER, FOR RICE Point School. To take charge April 15. Supplement \$75. Apply Wallace H. McLaughlin, Nine Mile Creek. 7303-2-28ME31pd

FOR SALE—NEW LOBSTER boat, cedar plank, 26 feet over all 7 ft. beam, eight draft. Apply to Fred McGee, Ltd., Summerside. 7325-3-1ME81

*WANTED—SHORTHORN BULL from one to two years old, write stating price. John W. McLean, High Bank. 7303-2-28ME31pd

*WANTED AT ONCE—CAPABLE maid to assist with housework and do plain cooking, good wages. Apply to 243 Queen Street, Charlottetown. 7303-2-28ME31

*WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Family of three. No washing. Apply Mrs. G. C. Temple, 49 Longworth Ave. 31

*WANTED—BY MAY 1ST small house or rooms for light housekeeping with modern conveniences. Apply at Guardian Office. 6697-2-MEM

*FOR SALE HERRING TRAP ON by used two months at a bargain, also practically new boat and engine trap anchors, and cables. A. MacLean and Co., Georgetown, 7341-2-28ME31

*STORAGE FOR CARRIAGES and sleighs, a good, clean, dry ware house. Space for any number at a reasonable charge. A. Pickard and Co., coal dealers. 7328-2-25ME61

*FARM FOR SALE—MRS. DORA Wilson of Summerside Township Number 68, has offered her farm containing 102 acres of land for sale at public auction to be held on Wednesday, March 10th 1920 at the hour of 12 o'clock noon in front of the office of S. N. Hessian, Solicitor, Montague. 6985-2-12ME11Mon10

Mons Miners Threaten Strike

(Dom. Press Special.)
BRUSSELS, Feb. 28.—Miners in Mons district have struck protesting against the new bread prices and asking for higher wages. They urged the government to confiscate foodstuffs and re-establish the rationing system, and a general strike is threatened. Metal workers also asking for higher wages. They are being compelled to shut down because of coal scarcity.

More Police for Irish Counties

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—Dublin has issued a proclamation declaring the counties of Dublin, Londonderry, Louth, Sligo, Waterford, Wick, Wexford and Wicklow "in a state of disturbance" and requiring additional police.

Bolshevists Angry Over Soviet Trade

(Dom. Press Special.)
BERLIN, Feb. 28.—Bolshevists' activity in Germany since the Government announced its intention to resume direct negotiations with Soviet Government has been very marked, "occasioning an increasing amount of ill-will," it is shown by a statement made by Christian V. Feigenspan, President of the United States Brewers' conference, which is meeting here today.

"Counting the non-ratifying states, those which have not voted for state prohibition, and those which have voted against Federal or State Constitutional Prohibition in recent years," he said, "we have 25, or more that a majority of the whole number. There are 21 referendum states, 15 of which are not included in the foregoing. In these states the people have reserved to themselves the power to approve or reject at the polls any act of the legislature. They must therefore, be considered states which have not ratified. Adding these 40 to the 25 mentioned, we have a total of 65 in which the people are either opposed to Federal prohibition or have been denied their undoubted right to pass upon it."

THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON ETC.

TORONTO, Feb. 28.—Moderate south west winds with light snow fall.

The coldest on Saturday night was 2 degrees above zero. At 9 o'clock Sunday morning it was 17 above. Highest during Sunday was 30 and at 9.30 last night it was 28 above.

The tide will be high this morning at 8.08 and tomorrow at 9.06; it will be high tonight at 7.32 and tomorrow at 8.42.

Sun sets this afternoon at 5.48 and tomorrow at 5.49 it rises tomorrow morning at 6.37 and Wednesday at 6.35.

First quarter moon, Thursday, Feb. 26th at 7.50 p. m.

Full moon Thursday, March 4th 5.13 p. m.

*JOHN ALFRED McDONALD, Land Surveyor, office and residence, Hermanville, post office, Souris. Telephone connection, Souris. 7327

TUESDAY MORNING AT 9 A. M. we offer 20 dozen only Turkish bath towels worth 80 cents pair at 59 cents pair. Also 5 dozen 17x50 inch drawn work runners worth 75 cents for 49 cents. Bargains, Beer and Weeks. 7323-3-1ME21

*PRIVATE SALE—HOUSEHOLD furniture, including Chesterfield Jacobean dining room suite, bedroom suite, kitchen fittings, Crown Derby tea service, carpets, baby carriage. Evenings 7 to 9, Paul A. Murphy, 55 Upper Prince Street.

Premier Borden to Confer With Colleagues In New York

(Dom. Press Special.)
OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—There is to be a conference at New York it is understood here between Sir Robert Borden, Hon. J. A. Calder, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, and Hon. J. D. Reid, Minister of Railways and Canals. Dr. Reid is in New York on his way back from Florida, where he has been spending the past few weeks, and Hon. Mr. Calder left Ottawa for New York a couple of days ago to meet Sir Robert when he lands from the Carmanah.

German Ships to be Handed Over Today

(Dom. Press Special.)
BERLIN, Feb. 28.—One hundred and twenty vessels including eight battleships and a number of cruisers, will be handed over to the Entente next week by the German government under terms of the treaty.

German Unions Protest

(Dom. Press Special.)
VERSAILLES, Feb. 28.—According to an announcement made at a meeting of the association of German fishermen at Hamburg today, these vessels, the announcement said, would be manned by officers of the German mercantile Marine. Excitement prevails in German seaports as the time approaches for the delivery of the last German commercial ships, and several unions have appealed to the government advocating the retention of the boats. It is claimed reconstruction of industry may be impossible and that new disturbances in labor market are inevitable.

Many Germans Leave U. S. for Home

(Dom. Press Special.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Fifteen hundred passengers, a large number of whom are Germans, will leave New York today on the international mail steamer company's American line steamer Mongolia, on her second trip to Hamburg; 150 first class passengers listed are almost without exception of German descent, while in 1,000 third class the percentage is 10 to 12.

Brewers to Fight U.S. Prohibition Law

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Feb. 28.—That the Brewers of the United States will fight the prohibition law, "by every legal and constitutional means," is indicated by a statement made by Christian V. Feigenspan, President of the United States Brewers' conference, which is meeting here today.

"Counting the non-ratifying states, those which have not voted for state prohibition, and those which have voted against Federal or State Constitutional Prohibition in recent years," he said, "we have 25, or more that a majority of the whole number. There are 21 referendum states, 15 of which are not included in the foregoing. In these states the people have reserved to themselves the power to approve or reject at the polls any act of the legislature. They must therefore, be considered states which have not ratified. Adding these 40 to the 25 mentioned, we have a total of 65 in which the people are either opposed to Federal prohibition or have been denied their undoubted right to pass upon it."

Unauthorized Rumors Regarding Japan

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—In reply to inquiries relative to a statement printed in the Daily Telegraph this morning that serious information was received here Friday night regarding the situation in Japan, the Japanese Embassy declared this forenoon that it had no information of anything untoward occurring in that country.

Russia Cannot Export Food

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—Russia cannot export foods to outside nations at the present time, Victor Kopp, Soviet trade agent in Berlin, was quoted as saying in an interview with a Chronicle correspondent, called here today in the event of the allied plan to resume trade with Russia is carried out, Kopp said, according to Chronicle, Russia will be ready to export timber, flax and other raw materials at once, but she cannot release food supplies until production has been increased.

Aviators Injured About Armenia

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—A Daily Mail despatch says Captain Cockerell and mechanic Corby of The Times airplane, which was wrecked at Tabora, German East Africa, Friday, were slightly injured, while the machine crashed against a huge ant hill in landing.

FEDERAL AGENTS OF U. S. CALLED OFF FROM IRON COUNTY

IRON RIVER, Mich., Feb. 28.—The army of Federal agents and State Constabulary, which marched into Iron County last night to "clean it up," from the liquor stand point, marched right back again tonight. Major A. S. Dalrymple who led the expedition has been summoned to Washington to confer with John Kramer, prohibition commissioner. His thirty-five followers left for their homes. Major Dalrymple came last night with the avowed intention of arresting county and village officers on charges of conspiracy to obstruct enforcement of the prohibition law, but Washington called him off. Before leaving tonight, he said the first defeat of Federal agents by States officers in enforcement of the 18th amendment was a serious blow to the law.

II. ABBIES BRING BACK INTERMEDIATE CHAMPIONSHIP

The second Abegweits returned home Saturday night from a weeks stay on the mainland where they played three exhibition games with Port Elgin and one game for the Intermediate championship of the Maritime Provinces at Springhill, where they played the second Ramblers winning by the score of 6-4.

The game at Springhill was fast from start to finish with the Ramblers working hard to overcome a four goal lead obtained by the Abegweits in the first period through fast work by the forward line. The game was marked by spectacular rushes by both teams and fast combination by the Abbies. The game was clean for the most part, but the Abbies' team who were much heavier than our boys checked frequently with the result that Bourke was cut up about the mouth and eye and time had to be called until he resumed play.

The fine work of Power in the nets saved the game for the Abbies time after time while Bourke and Scantlebury on defence were always there, Bourke doing some sensational shooting.

The forward line composed of Capt. Ryan, Large and Prowse outskated and stickhandled better than the forward line of the opposing team. Particular mention should be made of Ryan who did most of the scoring not only in this game but also in the others.

The people of Springhill were overjoyed at the Abegweits victory as there was a crowd of Islanders on the boards.

The young ladies of Springhill got together and arranged a dance at the 20th Century Club for both teams. Their kindness was very much appreciated.

SECOND GAME AT PORT ELGIN

2nd Abegweits 7 Port Elgin 4

For the first time in twelve years the Port Elgin hockey team were defeated in their own rink. The Abegweits winning by the score of 7-4. About four hundred people crowded the rink to see this match and everyone was satisfied that it was the fastest game ever played in Port Elgin. The Island boys outskated the home team all the time. The good work of Nap Pagan in goal for the Port Elgin team saved the score from being big game.

Capt. Ryan, Bourke and Large, scored time and again on fast combination work and fast skating while Power gained a reputation as a goal keeper that was worth earning.

At the end of the game the Port Elgin team invited the Abbies to play an exhibition game on their way home which they did and lost by the score of 7-2. This being their fourth successive game.

The following comprise the team who returned Saturday night.

Capt. Wm. Ryan, V. Bourke, S. Diamond, H. Large, E. Prowse, Ed. Power, W. McCarey, W. E. Scantlebury.

GAMES AT PORT ELGIN

Port Elgin 7 Abbies 5

The Abbies played their first game at Port Elgin on Monday night in a strange rink and although they were defeated, their playing and sportsmanship were applauded time and again.

The summary of goals to the credit of each player was as follows:

Total goals scored by the Abegweits 20, Ryan, 9, Large, 5, Bourke 3, Prowse 2, Diamond 1.

The team was accompanied by W. Taylor who acted as manager.

Rio-Janeiro Protests Against Feminine Dress

(Dom. Press Special.)
RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 28.—The clergy have started a campaign throughout Brazil against the prevailing modes in feminine attire. The Vicar General declares there is an evident excess of nudity in present-day feminine garments profoundly dangerous to morals.

Murder Mystery In Hamilton, Ont.

(Dom. Press Special.)
HAMILTON, Ont., Feb. 28.—Hamilton has another murder mystery. This morning George Williams, age 62, night-watchman at the Concrete Pipe and Products Limited, near Valley Inn Hill, was found by Thom as William, another Pipe and Products, limited employee, with his head smashed. A bloody pick axe near by was evidently the weapon with which the murder was committed. The body was in the doorway of the main entrance. The police have failed to unearth any motive for the crime or clue to the murderer.

Conflicting Rumors About Armenia

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—Turkish and Armenian bureaus today continued to issue conflicting statements over disturbances in Asiatic Turkey. The Armenians claimed additional massacres of their countrymen in a Aintab and Marash districts and again appealed to the French Government, which now has some soldiers in this territory, to protect Armenians. The Turks while admitting there have been clashes, blame the Armenians for the disturbances alleging the Armenians were aggressors.

A VOTE WITHIN NEXT TWO WEEKS ON RATIFICATION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—A vote within the next two weeks on ratification of the Treaty of Versailles is contemplated by senate leaders. Pressing legislation displaced the treaty on the floor today, but it will be called tomorrow by Senator Lodge, who will ask that it remain the business until acted upon by the senate. No opposition to this course is expected, though there is an element of doubt as to when the vote can be reached, in view of the demand of irreconcilable opponents for ample discussion.

N. E. Struggling To Emerge From Snow Blanket

(Dom. Press Special.)
BOSTON, Feb. 27.—Northern New England tonight was struggling to emerge from the snow blanket spread by today's blizzard. From Maine to New Hampshire came reports of another tie-up of transportation lines and some towns were said to be completely snowed under.

Boston and Maine railroad officials said the conditions were the worst within their memory, the blockade extending from Revere to the Canadian border. Service over the Portland division of the railroad was practically at a standstill. Street railway companies in Northern Massachusetts were also tied up and the Boston, Revere Beach and Lynn Railroad was forced to suspend service early this afternoon, drifting snow and frozen switches were responsible for the conditions.

A pavilion at the Revere Beach summer resort crumpled under the weight of snow and ice on its roof. No one was injured.

Ex-U.S. Consul Killed in Mexico

(Dom. Press Special.)
WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Augustus Morrill, formerly American Consul at Manzanillo, Mexico, was killed by Mexican bandits February 26.

Condensed Telegrams

SPANISH TROOPS CLASH WITH REVOLUTIONARIES

(Dom. Press Special.)
MADRID, Feb. 28.—Spanish troops have again clashed with revolutionary tribesmen in military zone of Morocco, according to despatches received here.

RESTORED SHIP GOES ON MAIDEN TRIP

(Dom. Press Special.)
NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The American line steamship St. Paul, (which turned over at her pier here in April, 1918) sailed today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Southampton on her first trip since the accident occurred. She has been completely restored and refitted.

86 HORSES BURNED TO DEATH

(Dom. Press Special.)
PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 28.—Eighty-six horses were burned to death in a fire which destroyed a livery stable here today. It was caused by an over heated stove.

IMPORTANT MATTERS BEFORE COUNCIL

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—An important discussion on high prices and exchange, begun yesterday, was continued by one section of the Supreme Council this morning. The other section of the council dealing with Turkish Treaty also met.

RUSSIA READY FOR TRADING

(Dom. Press Special.)
BERLIN, Feb. 28.—The Russian Soviet Government has agreed to provide train service between Moscow and Odessa, Russia, supplying of prisoners, according to Neue Zeitung.

Shipping service, the newspaper said, will be started soon between Hamburg and Odessa, Russia, supplying corn in return for agricultural implements.

U. S. WARNS HUNGARY

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—The United States commissioner in Budapest has notified the Hungarian Government that America cannot tolerate continued persecution of alleged radicals in Hungary.

General Railway Strike in France

(Dom. Press Special.)
PARIS, Feb. 28.—The National federation of railwaymen today ordered a general strike of all railway workers in France. The strike would be effective immediately. Although the strike order declares sabotage will not be countenanced, the Government immediately ordered troops to Paris to protect railway property and prevent rioting.

ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

*Basket social and entertainment in Canoe Cave Hall, Thursday March 4th. 7304-2-28ME21pd

PROVISIONS OF NEW HOME RULE BILL

Imperial Parliament to Control Judiciary Until the New Parliaments Agree on How to Appoint Them.

(Dom. Press Special.)
LONDON, Feb. 28.—In the Irish Home Rule Bill, which was brought down in Parliament it is provided that the Imperial Parliament control the higher judiciary officers until such time as the two parliaments might be agreed on the method of appointing them. The Imperial Parliament would also control the Royal Irish Constabulary of Dublin and the Metropolitan Police for three years, if a united parliament is not organized by that time.

Other powers reserved to the Imperial Parliament embrace the Crown, peace and war, foreign affairs, army and navy, coinage, defense, treason, trade outside Ireland, postoffices, navigation, and including merchant shipping, wireless and cables, collection of income and excess profit taxes and customs and excises.

The two parliaments would be given the immediate right to collect certain taxes, including death duties, stamp taxes, entertainment taxes, license fees and such others of a similar nature which the legislatures might devise. It is stipulated that Ireland contributes for two years to the support of the Empire on the basis of 1918-1920, which figures about £18,000,000 annually. Of this £18,000,000 North Ireland would contribute forty-two per cent and South Ireland fifty-eight per cent.

Joint conference board would be created to determine the taxable capacity of Ireland in relation to the balance of the United Kingdom and decide what amount Ireland should contribute after the two year period. The decision of this Board will stand for five years, when the case may be reopened.

opened. The Board shall consist of equal number of representatives of the two Irish parliaments and the Imperial Parliament, with an independent chairman. This Board would also be charged with devising means of providing guarantee for Ireland's contribution toward the support of the Empire, should a united Irish parliament assume control of the excises and customs. The amount Ireland would have to contribute is somewhat reduced by a provision in the bill that the United Kingdom shall present £1,000,000 to each of the two parliaments at the outset to defray their expenses. It is also provided that the Irish shall have had annuities worth about £3,000,000 annually. The bill contains a detailed Government proposal for immediate completion of a land purchase scheme. Civil servants as regards pensions would be protected by the Imperial Government, according to another provision of the bill. This is one of the reasons why Imperial control of the postoffices is to be retained, notwithstanding the Home Rule Bill of 1914, made Ireland's postoffices an Irish institution. The Imperial Parliament would retain this control until such time as the two parliaments work out a scheme for its direction by the Imperial Parliament to turn it over.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—Premier Lloyd George's new plan for settlement of the home rule question in Ireland was before British public today. The official text of the bill, introduced in the commons on Wednesday, was made public last night. It is practically identical in its larger phases to the outline given out last December 22.

CAILLAUX DENIES HE ACTED PART FRENCH TRAITOR

PARIS, Feb. 27.—That he has never championed a policy of closer relations with Germany, but one of "European conciliation," and might have been guilty of imprudence and indiscretions, but never of intelligence with the enemy, proved to be the opening remarks of Joseph Caillaux, former Premier charged with treasonable dealings with the enemy, on the resumption of his trial today before the Senate, sitting in a High Court.

The examination of Caillaux covered his trip to South America late in 1914 and early in 1915. The name of James Minotto, son-in-law of Louis F. Swift, of Chicago, who was interned in the United States as an alien enemy in 1915, was incessantly mentioned throughout the interrogations of Leon Bourgeois, president of the Senate, who presided over the court. M. Caillaux, in reply to the questions of M. Bourgeois claimed to have been fooled by Minotto, as others had. M. Caillaux stood the trying order well, holding himself with visible efforts well under control.

Berlin to place 100,000 marks at his disposal to have M. Caillaux shadowed continually.

Caillaux then attempted to broaden the debate. He made a foray into a discourse on his external policies before the war, but M. Bourgeois asked him to confine himself to facts, answering the questions put to him.

"This is not a political meeting; this is a Court of Justice, said M. Bourgeois.

"Experts will tell you I have not profited by this war; I am a poorer man now than I was in 1914," he declared, after reading a letter from Emile De Oliveira, who was charged by the Brazilian ministry of Foreign Affairs to accompany Mr. Caillaux throughout his visit to Brazil. In the letter De Oliveira stated that Caillaux had always been a great patriot and hoped for the final victory of France.

With consummate art, Caillaux, at times accusing himself and then pleading for errors which he asserts he committed as every human does, said he might have sinned too much from self-confidence and impulsiveness. He declared that he had been taken in by clever rascals and spies in South America. Caillaux showed deep emotion when the so-called "Lipscher affair" was mentioned. He asked how he had received Lipscher in 1914 when a press campaign was raging against him. Lipscher, according to Caillaux brought him documents tending to prove that Pi-garro, which was the most prominent among his accusers, was in the pay of Count Tiza, chief of the Germanophile party in Hungary.

"These weapons were offered me at the time when a great tragedy occurred which will forever remain the most terrible moments of my existence," M. Caillaux said.

"They enabled me to defend my honor and live. I accepted them," He explained, however, that he had refused to have anything to do with Lipscher during the war, referring to the alleged peace proposals of Lipscher and Louis J. Malvy, former Minister of the Interior, who was banished from France in August, 1918, after being convicted of having communicated with enemy as emanating from Baron Von Der Lancken, former Civil Governor of Brussels. The trial will continue on Tuesday next when M. Caillaux's relations with the Mannheim bankers will be explained by the accus-

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