St. James' Presbyterian Church

Minister—Rev. W. Orr Mulligan, M. A., LL. B., D
Sabbath Services:

11.00 a. m.—Sermon, Subject—"So Teach Us to Number Our Days."

2.30 p. m.—Sabbath School.

7.00 p. m.—Sermon, Subject—"Lost Opportunities."

On Tuesday, January 1st, there will be the customary New Year's Service in the Church at 11 a. m.

ALL ARE WELCOME

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

One insertion ..... 10c per line of 5 words
Four insertions ..... 8c per line of 5 words
Eight insertions ..... 7c per line of 5 words

Agents Wanted

AGENTS WANTED — LOCAL Agent Wanted to sell for the "Old Reliable Fanthill Nurseries." Spring selling season now starting; largest demand for stock since the war; exclusive territory; highest commissions; free equipment. Stone & Wellington, Toronto. 11-3-Ws181.

Miscellaneous

JNO. A. McDONALD, LAND SURveyor, Harmony Jct.—12-5-1-mth.

SAUNSOME SAUSAGES, FRESH today. Saunders, Newsome & Co. Market Building.—602-9-24-6 mo.

EARN $10 TO $20 A WEEK, spare time, home, representing music publisher; addressing, mailing, circular, music orders. Send 10c for music, information. American Music Co., 1658 Broadway, Dept. A., N. Y. 617-12-24-6i

Female Help Wanted

NOTICE— APPLICANTS DESIRIous of entering January Class of North Adam's Training School for nurses, North Adams, Mass., will please write Superintendent. 524-12-126sat

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY maid to assist with housework. Apply Mrs. J. W. Bell, York Point. Call long distance.—60512-22-tf.

Wanted

WANTED TO PURCHASE FRESH cow. Apply giving particulars A. G. Peake, 121 North River Road, Charlottetown. 609-12-26-2i.

Births

ROBERTSON— At Mermaid, Dec. 24, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Robertson, a son— Alexander John Stanley.

Marriages

McTAVISH-McLEOD—On Wednesday, Dec. 19, 1923, by Rev. Geo. E. Taylor, Isabel McTavish, of Newton Cross, to John Alexander McLeod, of Orwell Cove.

LOWTHER — MUTTART — On Wednesday, December 26th Edna Muttart of Carleton, P. E. I., was united in marriage to Boyd Lowther of Crapaud, P. E. I. Rev. P. A. Fitzpatrick performed the ceremony at the residence of the bride's father Mr. Hedley Muttart, Carleton.

REVERE HOTEL

E. Brown, York; W. L. Jenkins, Millview; R. C. Fraser, Toronto; Roy McLeod, Pictou; L. S. Nesbitt, New York; C. Simpson, Sydney; F. W. Garagon, Halifax; J. Morris, St. Andrews; R. Haris, New Glasgow; J. Lewis, Sydney.

The regime of Mr. Bonar Law was one of England's shortest-lived administrations. It lasted but 209 days.

Auction Sale of Groceries And Tobacco

At J. A. Farquharson's 63—75 Queen St. City, will continue Monday 31st Dec. commencing at 1.30 p. m. Housewives and merchants your opportunity to stock up at your own price.

A. E. WILLIAMSON
Auctioneer

698-12-29-2i.

QUEEN HOTEL

WATER STREET
CHARLOTTETOWN

This popular Hotel has been completely renovated and refurnished throughout and offers very comfortable accommodation to the travelling public.

The table is especially good and the public are courteously cared for.

Rates $3.00 a day.

BRUCE J. TAYLOR,
Manager

Charlottetown Hotel Co., Ltd.
Proprietors

Teachers Wanted

WANTED—BY JAN. 1st TEACHer for Suffolk School. Supplement $75.00 for year. Apply John Arbing, Sec'y. 517-12-19-tf

For Sale

FOR SALE—PART-RADIO SETS at bargain. Apply Guardian. 585-12-21-tf

FOR SALE—TWENTY FEMALE young pups foxes and a few yearlings; also a number of pairs of proven breeders. Apply R. J. McNeil, Tyne Valley. 635-12-25-10i

Male Help Wanted

MEN—AGE 18-20, WANTING RY. Station-Office position, $115-$225 month, free transportation, experience unnecessary. Write Baker, Supt., 592 Wainwright, St. Louis. 693-12-29-1i

WANTED —AT ONCE MAN thoroughly experienced in fox business to go to United States, to take charge of ranch. Married man preferred, good wages. Apply in person to P. A. Farquharson, Riley Building.—12-27-3i.

To Let

TO LET—2 FURNISHED OR UNfurnished rooms, hot water, all modern conveniences. Apply Guardian office. 651-12-27-3i

Central Guardian

SHOP from Holman's Catalog

NOTE: — Advertising locals cost five cents per word, payable in advance.

PAGEANT "The Light of the World" at the Baptist Church Sunday evening. 1i

MANY THANKS.—The Guardia wishes to thank the Bank of Montreal for their usual nice calendar.

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD" in Pageant at Baptist Church Sunday evening. Seventy people in addition to the choir participate. 1i

SPECIAL SERVICE at Centreville to close the old year and prepare to face the future on Monday evening (DV) at 7.30. Address by Rev. P. A. Fitzpatrick.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.—While driving across the track at Richmond Station on Wednesday morning a team driven by Mr. Otto Cameron of Wellington was struck by the engine of the express train going east. The horse was knocked over the embankment, but strange to say was not killed. The wagon was badly shattered.

THE BEDEQUE CHURCHES are uniting for the week of prayer with services four evenings—Monday, January 7, Methodist, Tuesday, January 8 in the Baptist Wed. January 9 in the Presbyterian. Thursday January 10 in the Baptist. The Thursday night service to be conducted by C. G. I. T. Tuxis Groups.

CASE AT SUMMERSIDE.—The adjourned liquor case against a Charlottetown man came up this week at Summerside before Magistrates Campbell and Mollison under the Customs Act, the defendant being fined $200 and costs and one month's imprisonment. The case had reference to the seizure of 75 one-gallon tins of liquor at Borden some time ago.

SACRED CONCERT.— In place of the regular service at the Central Christian Church tomorrow evening, there will be a sacred concert given by the choir, under the direction of Professor H. A. Tanton. Among the numbers which will be rendered are: "Duet, "Love Divine", from the "Daughter of Jairus"; Sextette, "The Day is Past and Over." Solos, "Anthem Celestial" by Adams and "The First Xmas Morn," by Newton.

ST. JAMES' CHRISTMAS TREE The social and Christmas tree of St. James Church Sunday School was held in the hall last evening and was largely attended. An interesting programme consisting of two parts was contributed entirely by the children of the Sunday School, the first part consisting of solos, recitations and dialogues by the younger members of the School. The second part was a beautiful playette in three acts entitled "The Blue Bird" which was staged by the C. G. I. T. who gave a very fine representation of a most entrancing Christmas story. Great credit is due to Misses Jean Tait, Dorris Tait, Jean Fullerton and the other teachers who trained the children for the creditable performance they gave. At the close of the entertainment Santa Claus and his assistants appeared and distributed the usual Xmas good things to the little ones and to the grown ups as well. At the conclusion Rev. W. Orr Mulligan, the minister, who presided, expressed the appreciation of the audience and conveyed a hearty vote of thanks to the children and their teachers for the pleasant evening they had provided, and also to Mr. Frank Clark who had kindly donated the oranges which were distributed.

METHODIST XMAS CONCERT. The Methodist Church Sunday School Christmas entertainment was held last night in the Heartz Hall, the large audience crowding the spacious auditorium to the doors. Mr. Isaac Carter presided and the splendid entertainment reflected great credit upon the pupils taking part and the careful training of the teachers and instructors. Following was the programme: Chairman's remarks; Piano Solo, Thelma Burns; Recitation, "December," Arnold Taylor; Chorus, "Just a Little Sunshine," Mrs. Mutch's class; Recitation, "Who Fills the Stockings?", Ruth Garnhum; Violin Solo, Kathleen Logan; Recitation, "Telling the Story," Edith Douce; Dialogue, "Xmas in Many Lands," Mrs. Teed's class; Chorus, "Softly the Babe Was Sleeping," Miss Forsyth's class; Recitation, "A Letter from Santa Claus," Ruth Toombs; Intermission; Playette, "The Spirit of Xmas"; Duet, "Long Years Ago," Vera Wise and Lois Ford; Recitation, "Just Before Xmas," Robert Inman; Chorus, "There's a Song in the Air," Miss Haszard's class, (Margaret Mutch, soloist;) Remarks by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Ryan. Each individual part of the programme was carried out excellently and received well merited applause. Particular mention should be made of the violin playing of little Miss Kathleen Logan, of Halifax, who displayed a wonderful aptitude for her age. In the interesting dialogue, "Xmas in Many Lands," each student taking part was dressed to represent a different country visited by the beneficent spirit of Christmas and the effect was very pleasing. The playette, "The Spirit of Xmas" was a charming production and formed a most delightful feature of the programme. For the creditable manner in which it was presented much credit is due Mrs. Fred Houle for her efficient and painstaking efforts in training the students. Of course the entertainment was graced with the presence of Santa Claus who distributed his Christ-

THE FREE DISPENSARY acknowledges with thanks the generous sum of $100 from the Rotary Club, $100 from the Commercial Travellers of Charlottetown and $25 from the Knights of Columbus.

MAY REGAIN SIGHT THE HALIFAX MAIL SAYS:—Reports from Camp Hill Hospital Wednesday morning are to the effect that the young returned soldier, who was reported blind as the result of drinking bootleggers' rum, is now able to distinguish day from night. This young man, it appears came here from Prince Edward Island on Tuesday to undergo an examination at Camp Hill Hospital. This he did and was given the usual test on Thursday. That afternoon he returned to his hotel, which is situated on Barrington street. Later he met a friend from his home town and they went back to the hotel, where they had several drinks of "rum." Some time after the Camp Hill man started for the post office and on the way met a man with whom he had been associated during the war. The latter suggested a drink and a bottle of "bayrum" was produced. Another followed. This "bayrum" was consumed on the street, after which the young soldier returned to his hotel and in the morning woke up with the loss of his sight. The hospital was notified and he was removed there in the ambulance. It is understood the doctors secured one of the "bayrum" bottles and have purchased a similar one at the same drug store and will have the contents analyzed. It is not known whether the "rum" the young man drank in the hotel or the bayrum, or either, are responsible for his blindness."

PERSONALS

Mr. L. G. Nesbitt, New York, is in the city.

Miss L. F. Sellar, Principal of Darnley School is spending her Xmas holiday at her home in Wheatley River.

Miss Regina Campbell, R. N., of Boston, who was visiting her parents at Elmira left on return yesterday.

Miss Agnes Pollard and Miss Ellen Murray spent Christmas week with their uncle Mr. Charles Pollard, and Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Pollard of North Wiltshire.

Mr. Edgar Power, of the Charlottetown Fox Ranch, spent Christmas at his old home at Pleasant Grove.

Miss Mary A. Driscoll, teacher of Nine Mile Creek, is spending her Christmas holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Driscoll, Mt. Herbert.

Mr. P. S. Brown, left Wednesday on a visit to his former home in Aurora, Ont., and will also attend the opening of the winter trotting season in Toronto at which Col. MacKinnon will have several horses entered.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sunter have returned to Moncton after spending the Christmas Holidays with Mrs. Sunter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Craig, Elm Ave.

Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Turner and son, Lewis, of Charlottetown, are spending the holidays with Mrs. Turner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nelson Smith, Princess Street.—Moncton Times.

LET US TAKE HEED, TOO

The return of "the traffic" in Manitoba should lead the friends of prohibition in Ontario to perfect their organization and enter upon a campaign of education as to the merits of the Ontario Temperance Act. Inevitably the Legislature will be confronted with a demand before long for a referendum on the wine and beer proposals of the Moderation League. Col. Currie, self-constituted champion of those who seek to bring back the liquor traffic in this Province suggests modification of the O. T. A. without reference to the electors. There never was an Act put on the Statute Book, he assures the electors of Southeast Toronto, that could not be taken off by Parliament without going to the people. In thus suggesting repeal of the prohibitory law by the House, Col. Currie indicates his fear that the electors of Ontario will not vote for repeal if the issue is placed before them. He knows that rural Ontario is unalterably opposed to the return of the saloon in any form—no matter how skilfully it may be disguised. He, and those for whom he speaks may be expected to demand restoration of the local option principle, so that the cities that vote wet may have the bar back in some form.

The best way of meeting that method of attack upon the Ontario Temperance Act is by a campaign of educatiaon showing how the prohibitory law has lessened crime and poverty and promoted the happiness and prosperity of tens of thousands of families whose breadwinners in the days of the open bar spent upon liquor the wages that should have gone to the maintenance in comfort of wife and children. It must be shown —as it can be shown conclusively —that if the liquor traffic comes back into Ontario it will bring with it an increase of vice, disease crime, poverty and unhappiness. Against the roll of its misdeeds there is no background of beneficial achievement. The saloon as Ontario has known it never helped any patron in mind, body or estate Let us take warning from Manitoba and make sure that it shall not again secure a foothold among us.

The bulk of the word's copper today is being produced in America and is controlled by

Church Union

(Continued from Page One)

much the same thing. Anglican bishops and other high authorities in the Church of England are not disposed to comment on the matter at any length. The Guardian, the well-known Anglican weekly, refers to "the sanctified wisdom of the Archbishop of Canterbury which enabled him to take the momentous step he has taken in connection with the question of re-union."

Europe is Awakening

(Continued from Page One)

ope was averted.

States collapsed and others were rehabilitated during the year.

Germany, a great world power, collapsed almost completely, and now seems to have seen the worst of her troubles.

Turkey has won back by the peace of Lausanne what she lost during the war, and more. She finds herself a strong, progressive republic, with Mustapha Kemal, who led the Angora revolt, her President.

Russia has started to come back. Italy and Great Britain are preparing to recognize her soon—almost certainly within the year.

Austria, stripped of her most valuable territory, reached the depths of economic ruin. Today her finances are being restored by the League of Nations.

Hungary is to be assisted similarly as soon as the consent of some doubtful League members is obtained.

Greece, torn by war and revolution, has applied for aid.

But 1924 opens with continental Europe still in grave difficulties, but no worse off, perhaps better, than at the beginning of 1923.

At the close of 1922, France had just rejected British and Italian plans to solve the reparations question.

And 1923 opened with French and Belgian troops marching into the Ruhr, where they seized the most productive centre of the German republic as a guarantee that reparations payments, which, it was complained, were slow and inadequate, would be made promptly and fully.

Germany began passive resistance. England refused to co-operate with her allies, France and Belgium, and Italy was an unwilling assistant to them.

Reparations payments ceased. For months there was a stalemate; abortive attempts as agreement; riots; imprisonment of German industrialists and government officials; murders of French and Belgian soldiers; shooting-up of towns by French and Belgian forces.

All the time conditions in Germany became worse. And the allies, who had fought and won the war together, became more and more estranged.

Then Germany collapsed. The mark became worthless. There were unsuccessful attempts at rebellion in Bavaria and the Rhineland—the former aiming at seizing power and restoring the monarchy, the latter at proclaiming a Rhineland republic.

Passive resistance ceased, and nothing happened.

Great Britain and the United States proposed a huge reparations conference to settle the whole mess. The idea failed, because France refused to permit the reassessment of Germany's war liability.

Allied military control over Germany had ceased because of the chaotic conditions. France wanted it restored immediately. England refused and threatened to withdraw her troops and cease to cooperate with the allies.

For the first time since war, France gave in.

Things changed for the better.

France signed an agreement with the Ruhr industrialists for payment of reparations.

Then France proposed an investigation by the Reparations Commission of (1) German finances, and (2) German wealth deposited abroad by two committees.

There may be further trouble about the Ruhr agreement, as to who is to get the money, if any.

As to the investigation, Great Britain consented to it rather than argue, though believing it must fail. But as plans for it are formed Great Britain and others are beginning to believe that it may develop into a real one. If it does, the United States will join, and a settlement of the reparations problem may be effected.

The entente between France and Great Britain, which had become a myth, is stronger now than it has been for months. France is more conciliatory. Belgium wants friendship with England. And Italy has adopted the whole British program—which is peace and hard work.

France and Belgium are beginning to remove all but 10,000 of the 60,000 soldiers in the Ruhr.

Things in Europe during 1923 became so bad that they could not have got worse without war. Now, at least superficially, they are, better. The outlook is more cheerful. 1925 may see Europe really convalescing.

CRABMEAT SALAD WITH RUSSIAN DRESSING

Open and drain a can of Japanese crabmeat, then flake it, removing all the bone. Add a cupful of chopped celery, a coarsely chopped hard-boiled egg, a teaspoonful of capers and a cupful of shredded romaine. To a cupful of mayonnaise, add catsup to color it pink, onion juice, a chopped pepper and a chopped sweet pickle, and pour this dressing over the salad.

"If you go on like this, I shall certainly lose my temper."

Husband: "Don't be afraid, my dear; a thing of that size isn't

20,000 FRANCS FOR CORSICAN BANDIT'S HEAD

(United Press.)

AJACCIO Corsica Dec. 28—They call him "Romanetti, the Corsican Bandit." But he isn't a real bandit. He is merely and outlaw. There is a price of twenty thousand francs on his head, but the entire population of this island, outside the administration officials and the police, are his devoted friends. He simply settled an "affair of honor" in the Corsican fashion.

Since he dashed out into the wild forests and mountains after slaying a man who falsely accused him of stealing a cow, Romanetti has killed seven gendarmes. He also can put, if he wants to, three more notches on his gun, representing the result of his intervention in favor of a group of American tourists who were attacked in the mountains by what he called "bandit collectors." They were out for money. Romanetti considered this contemptible, so he killed one of the trio and forced the others to fight a duel with him, two against one. He killed them both.

Romanetti himself has several names of trusted friends, and sells large quantities of butter, milk and cheese to French buyers. He was able to give his daughter in marriage to a wealthy land-owner last year, complying with the French tradition that the bride must bring to her husband cash or property the equal of his. But he actually allowed himself to be swindled out of forty thousand francs recently by the old "Spanish prisoner" trick.

When talking about the gendarmes who are always on his track, especially the ones who come over fresh from France and want to make a record, he said:

"Well, I have been condemned to death by default at least five times. I know the gendarmes aren't going to call on me to surrender, so when I see them coming I get in the first shot. I don't want the sentence of the courts of justice to be carried out in that way."

In spite of this constant pursuit, Romanetti comes down from the hills quite often to see his friends, gamble and feast. Trusted pals keep watch and even sometimes he sends word to the gendarmes that they had better not come around when he is visiting.

He once captured a chief of gendarmerie and sent him back to his headquarters with the word that he was perfectly willing to co-operate with the authorities in maintaining order if they didn't bother him.

Living Cost is Jumping Again

(United Press)

GENEVA, Dec. 24.—Following a world-wide tendency throughout the first three-quarters of the year towards decrease in the cost of living and a stabilization of prices at a lower level the final quarter of 1923 is being marked by a steady, almost violent, increase in the H. C. L.

Statistics just gathered from all of the leading countries of the world by the International Labor Bureau show the upward movement in the cost of living to be general.

While no specific cause is assigned for the change that has suddenly wiped out all of the brighter promises which the first nine months of the year held out the sudden tendency upwards is generally ascribed to the world-wide repercussion that is caused by the unsettled European situation, and especially of reparations.

Germany, Hungary and Russia are the countries that are most violently affected for the moment by the increase in the cost of living. In Germany the change is so rapid that monthly index figures are no longer of use, and the International Labor Bureau has been obliged to ask for weekly index figures in order to keep abreast of the situation.

While wholesale prices for the moment are still decreasing in both Austria and the United Kingdom, the cost of living there has joined the world-wide upward movement.

In the United States, while wholesale prices have begun an upward tendency—the first since last spring—yet these are confined largely to products affected by seasonable fluctuations, such as cotton, wheat, food and foodstuffs, so that it is not yet certain that this will be eventually reflected in the cost of living.

Switzerland has been badly hit by the sudden upward tendency and prices there average 8 per cent higher than during the last quarter.

In Belgium the prices of everything are advancing rapidly except for several food groups such as wheat, oats, barley and sugar, but this slight advantage is more than offset by sharp increases in the cost of potatoes, eggs and butter.

In Russia the most marked increase is in the prices of manufactured products, the slight tendency towards lower prices that was manifest in the early part of the year having disappeared entirely. Agricultural prices are also increasing, but not so rapidly as those of manufactured goods.

Other countries that report this ing are Canada, Finland, Sweden, Czecho-Slovakia, India.

Virtually the only countries that show an improvement or at least stationary prices are Italy, Bulgaria and Egypt.

Experts at the International Labor Bureau hold out very little hopes for any improvement until some permanent adjustment of the

JACKIE COOGAN IN "DADDY" AT THE PRINCE EDWARD WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

Drops Dead on Way to Meet Son

(Canadian Press)

SHERBROOK, Que., Dec. 28.—Mrs. F. B. Barnes, of Knowlton, dropped dead yesterday while on her way to the station to meet her son, Ernest, arriving from Montreal to spend Christmas holidays.

France to Pay Uruguayan Debt

(Canadian Press)

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Dec. 28 —A convention has been signed under which France undertakes to pay back to Uruguay 15,000,000 gold pesos borrowed during the war for the purchase of produce, the repayment to be in ten installments of 1,500,000 gold pesos each, one to fall due every six months.

Hi-Y Banquet

(Continued from Page One)

Miss B. Huestis and Mr. Geo. Beers and a large number of school and college girls.

The members of the club are very grateful to these guests who so kindly helped to make the evening the great success that it was and desire to thank them and the following committee from the Ladies Auxiliary who so kindly served supper. Mrs. W. W. Owen, Mrs. Dr. Dewar, Mrs. A. McNair, Mrs. S. Campbell, Mrs. A. McKinnon, Mrs. Geo. Gardiner and Mrs. A. L. Howatt.

The interior of the Y. M. C. A. was tastefully decorated with spruce and flags and presented a very lovely appearance.

Great credit is due to the social and program committee who all worked hard to insure success for the evening.

The program ended with an hour's games on the gymnasium floor under the direction of Mr. Geo. C. Walker the Y's new Physical Director.

This evening a social and supper will be given for the Junior and Intermediate members of the Association.

THE VACANT CHAIR

How nice when folks get good enough, and do not need a guide,
To lead them to that Better Land across the ebbless tide,
Just bear with me a moment and I'll make my meaning plain,
The calling of a person is the theme of my refrain.

We've had no regular minister, for nigh five months or more,
And so the people round about are feeling rather sore,
A satisfactory settlement endeavoring to reach,
Our moderator sent us up five candidates to preach.

Well, time went on, as time will do, and we had heard them all,
So then we held a meeting to decide which one to call.
The meeting was attended by all parties thus concerned,
McEwen's, Pickett's Coffin's and Jays where e'er you turned.

The first one heard, was then proposed, but no he wouldn't do,
St. Peter's had not heard him, so we turned to number two.
The second fared no better off, though some did for him vote,
The reason for not wanting him, he wore too plain a coat

The third and fouth were mentioned then, but still they made no choice,
One spoke too sharp, and t'other, had no volume in his voice,
The fifth and last was spoke of then, and some were for him strong,
The rest said no he'd never do, his sermons were too long.

So now we'll have to go without our regular Sunday service,
The old church looks forlorn and sad as it 'twas feeling nervous,
And all because a few of us thought we might have to wait,
A trifle longer than we should, or miss our noon-day "plate."

JINGLING JACK

December 15th, 1923.

JAPAN APPEALS TO U. S. TO AID HER LIBRARIES BURNED IN DISASTER

(United Press)

NEW YORK, Dec. 28.—Dr. Kenzo Takayanagi, professor of English law in the Toyko Imperial University, has arrived in New York to seek the aid of American educational institutions, publishers and the various departments in the difficult task of replenishing the university library, which was almost totally destroyed by the recent earthquake and fire. He will sail for England after he has finished his mission here.

"The Tokyo Imperial Library had a library of 800,000 volumes, of which more than half were in Occidental languages. About 550,000, which were in the main library building, were destroyed," said Takayangi. "Books of scientific nature which were scattered in laboratories and scientific buildings, fortunately escaped destruction. The law library, which was in the law building, was also burned."

This said Takayanagi, is a great blow not only to Japan, but to the civilization of the world.

Professor Takayanagi has been in Washington, where he received great encouragement from those interested in the advancement of learning. The Library of Congress, the Carnegie Endowment, the Smithsonian Institution, and various governmental departments are taking interest in Dr. Takayanagi's appeal. The Congress Library is collecting government publications for him. The international law division of the Carnegie Endowment has resolved to appeal to various organizations for contribution of books. Dr. J. F. Jameson, director of the department of historical research of the Carnegie Institution of Washington, has issued similar appeals. The international exchange of the Smithsonian Institution will undertake the shipping of the books.

"I am deeply impressed," said the Japanese professor, "with the universal desire of Americans to help us. Without such help it would take our university years and years to rebuild the library, which of course would retard our study and learning. With the aid of America and Europe our task is made comparatively light."

In New York Dr. Takayanagi is to consult with President Butler of Columbia University and other leaders.

The teacher was explaining to the class the meaning of the word "axiom."

"An axiom," she said, "is a self-evident fact or proposition. That is, it is something which you know to be true; something which, in the very nature of things, cannot be otherwise than true. For example, it is a well-known fact that the whole is greater than its parts. To state it in another form, the half of anything is less than the whole of it."

"Teacher," spoke up a little boy, "I know the half of something that's bigger than the whole of it."

"You surprise me, Tommy," said the teacher. "What is it?"

"A semi-colon," answered Tommy. "It's bigger than a colon."

"JOHNNY, STOP using such dreadful language!"

Johnny: "Shakespere uses it."

Mother: "Well, then, don't play with that naughty Shakspere boy any more, or I'll report you to your father!"

HOTEL VICTORIA

Offers to the travelling public a comfortable, up-to-date hotel. Contains 44 rooms with private baths. The Cuisine is famous all over Canada. Telephones in all rooms. Courteous service.

H. C. BROWN
Manager

Charlottetown Hotel Co., Ltd.
Proprietors

VICTORIA HOTEL

H. C. Muttart, S'side; J. D. Ramsay, S'side; G. M. Muttart, S'side; A. B. Wilmob. St. John; C. L. Bustin and wife, St. John; H. R. Cornwell, Montreal; W. A. Robertson, Montreal; J. E. Mulligan,