

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1910.

THE MARITIME PROVINCES AND THE TARIFF.

"The conception of politics that it is a game of guile, to be played cunningly for selfish ends, without scruple as to means; the conception of public office as a tool of those who want more than their fair share of opportunities under the law; the conception of party as a feudal machine, contrived to expedite the spoliation of the many by the few; and the assumption of those who possess this machinery that by appealing to old prejudices or uttering antique party war cries they can stifle the popular conscience or beat out the fires of moral revolt—these have to be pulverized." The Boston Common.

The passage quoted fairly sets forth the existing conditions and the dominant spirit of the political activity and management in the great Republic beside us. The existing condition and the spirit that dominates the conduct of public affairs in the States are largely the outgrowth of the system of high protection, which has everywhere proved to be the most demoralising agency that could be introduced into the public affairs of a nation.

Canada followed her neighbor in the adoption of the protective system and has for thirty years past felt its baneful influence in her public affairs. That our tariff is something lower than the tariff across the border has not rendered it the less oppressive. There is scarcely a single manufactured article in common use that cannot be prepared in that country at less cost than in Canada. And the effect of the system has been to build up a manufacturing oligarchy in the country which largely controls both our political parties, makes our politics a game of guile to be played cunningly for selfish ends; and to spoil the masses for the enrichment of the few as was declared in the Liberal platform of 1893.

The Northwest has risen resolutely to throw off the yoke. The East has quite as much at stake and has suffered far more than the West under the high tariff. We can here realize the high tariff. We can here realize the indictment framed by the Liberal leaders seventeen years ago. That the high tariff "has developed monopolies, trusts and combinations; it has decreased the value of farm and other landed property; it has checked immigration; it has caused great loss of population; it has impeded commerce." In no other part of the Dominion is all this so painfully true as in the Maritime Provinces and especially in our own Province.

The Liberal party has sadly disappointed us in not affording a larger measure of relief. The preferential

tariff has had barely a perceptible effect in that direction. But the people of the East and their representatives have been themselves largely at fault in not asserting themselves and battling for their rights as the people of the West have done. We have been too much the bond-slaves of party, content with the smallest favors in the way of tariff reduction, just sufficient to cut under the scale fixed by the Conservative party. It remains for the free traders and revenue tariff men of the East to make their wishes known and their influence felt as the West has done and good may come of it. The East and the West together could wield a powerful influence in this matter, but if we rest supine things will go on very much as they have been going.

All that has been promised or fore-shadowed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the way of tariff reform has been little enough and seems a good way in the future. We have not much faith in tariff commissions. A commission gives a pretext for delay, and it usually gives its principal attention to the protected interests. The impending ruin, loudly asserted of a millionaire manufacturer if exposed to fair competition, or the woes of a rich corporation unable to pay ten per cent dividends on stock that has been twice watered, usually obtain a more sympathetic hearing from such a commission than the timid plaint of a million burdened consumers. We of the Maritime Provinces, fenced in by tariff walls not of our own seeking or making, have been content to pay fancy prices for indifferent articles made in Canada, but not always a credit to Canada, and few of them made in the Maritime Provinces. We have helped to make a score or two of millionaires in every large city of Ontario and Quebec. But our own garden have we not kept. Where are the men of millions in the Eastern Provinces? We have been paying tribute to the magnates of the Red Parlor to our own impoverishment. And we have been dumb and uncomplaining as the sheep. Surely we have had enough of this, and the time has come to assert ourselves and speak out. Never was the want of a strong man, a man of light and leading, so much felt in the Maritime Provinces as now to give voice to the honest protest of the Maritime Provinces against the high tariff. We believe the Government would both hear and heed us if our case were earnestly and forcefully presented.

EMPEROR WILLIAM HAS RAISED A STORM.

Emperor William has raised a storm in the Fatherland by an untimely and raucous assertion of the Divine Right of Kings. Once before, two years ago, he spoke unadvisedly with his lips and was rebuked by his Chancellor, Prince Bulow, in the Reichstag. On that occasion he was reminded that he must exercise more reserve in his public deliverances, or his Chancellor would not undertake the responsibility for his words. He bent to the storm and it blew over.

No ruler in a civilized land has put forward such pretensions or is apparently so much afflicted with a swelled head as the Kaiser. He began his reign by proclaiming himself a War Lord. Now he arrogates to himself something of the infallibility of the Pope along with the powers of an autocrat. If his high sounding phrases about the divine right of a self-crowned emperor

mean anything they mean the right of personal rule without regard to the constitution or his constitutional advisers. That is the way the leading lights of the German press look at it. And hence the storm. We regard the outbreak as simply temporary. William has simply had another of his egotistical brainstorms, a paroxysm of his chronic megalomania. The crisis will probably be followed as before by a period of calm. There is unfortunately no hope of a permanent cure. There is more or less of method in his exalted delusions about himself, and an underlying vein of shrewdness in his mental outfit. He has said just now what he would have chosen to say at the time of the episode of 1908, but prudence then restrained him and he hid his time. It will not be surprising if he shall be more sternly rebuked this time than before, and take it quite as meekly. He will submit rather than put his crown in danger. A period of religious activity followed his last outbreak and he preached quite frequently, appealing to the religious sentiment which is strong in the German people. This may be duplicated now, or he may find a field for more pernicious activity in disturbing the concord of Europe. But the time cannot be far distant when the German people will make him feel that the constitution is a very real thing and that no reaction in the direction of absolute and personal rule will be tolerated in Germany in this twentieth century.

mean anything they mean the right of personal rule without regard to the constitution or his constitutional advisers. That is the way the leading lights of the German press look at it. And hence the storm. We regard the outbreak as simply temporary. William has simply had another of his egotistical brainstorms, a paroxysm of his chronic megalomania. The crisis will probably be followed as before by a period of calm. There is unfortunately no hope of a permanent cure. There is more or less of method in his exalted delusions about himself, and an underlying vein of shrewdness in his mental outfit. He has said just now what he would have chosen to say at the time of the episode of 1908, but prudence then restrained him and he hid his time. It will not be surprising if he shall be more sternly rebuked this time than before, and take it quite as meekly. He will submit rather than put his crown in danger. A period of religious activity followed his last outbreak and he preached quite frequently, appealing to the religious sentiment which is strong in the German people. This may be duplicated now, or he may find a field for more pernicious activity in disturbing the concord of Europe. But the time cannot be far distant when the German people will make him feel that the constitution is a very real thing and that no reaction in the direction of absolute and personal rule will be tolerated in Germany in this twentieth century.

mean anything they mean the right of personal rule without regard to the constitution or his constitutional advisers. That is the way the leading lights of the German press look at it. And hence the storm. We regard the outbreak as simply temporary. William has simply had another of his egotistical brainstorms, a paroxysm of his chronic megalomania. The crisis will probably be followed as before by a period of calm. There is unfortunately no hope of a permanent cure. There is more or less of method in his exalted delusions about himself, and an underlying vein of shrewdness in his mental outfit. He has said just now what he would have chosen to say at the time of the episode of 1908, but prudence then restrained him and he hid his time. It will not be surprising if he shall be more sternly rebuked this time than before, and take it quite as meekly. He will submit rather than put his crown in danger. A period of religious activity followed his last outbreak and he preached quite frequently, appealing to the religious sentiment which is strong in the German people. This may be duplicated now, or he may find a field for more pernicious activity in disturbing the concord of Europe. But the time cannot be far distant when the German people will make him feel that the constitution is a very real thing and that no reaction in the direction of absolute and personal rule will be tolerated in Germany in this twentieth century.

mean anything they mean the right of personal rule without regard to the constitution or his constitutional advisers. That is the way the leading lights of the German press look at it. And hence the storm. We regard the outbreak as simply temporary. William has simply had another of his egotistical brainstorms, a paroxysm of his chronic megalomania. The crisis will probably be followed as before by a period of calm. There is unfortunately no hope of a permanent cure. There is more or less of method in his exalted delusions about himself, and an underlying vein of shrewdness in his mental outfit. He has said just now what he would have chosen to say at the time of the episode of 1908, but prudence then restrained him and he hid his time. It will not be surprising if he shall be more sternly rebuked this time than before, and take it quite as meekly. He will submit rather than put his crown in danger. A period of religious activity followed his last outbreak and he preached quite frequently, appealing to the religious sentiment which is strong in the German people. This may be duplicated now, or he may find a field for more pernicious activity in disturbing the concord of Europe. But the time cannot be far distant when the German people will make him feel that the constitution is a very real thing and that no reaction in the direction of absolute and personal rule will be tolerated in Germany in this twentieth century.

COMMISSION ON TRADE RELATIONS.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 31. — Discussing a forecast of the report of the Commission of Trade Relations the Telegraph asserts that the report leaves things precisely where they were, but were it not for the dread of retaliation by the United States, Jamaica would be glad to enter into reciprocity arrangement with Canada.

GRAIN COMPETITION.

The Prize Winners in the Fields of Standing Grain Competition for East Prince are as follows:—

WHEAT.

Michael McCabe, Bedeque 91. Thos S. Waugh, Bedeque 90. Jas Murphy, Aug. Cove 89. Horace Wright, Bedeque 88. Chas Leard, Fernwood 88.

OATS.

W. H. McGregor, Central Lot 16 92. Thos S. Waugh, Bedeque 92. Major Inman, Tryon 90. Austin Senes, St. Eleanors 89. Horace Wright, Bedeque 87.

BARLEY.

J. F. Henderson, Freetown 88. Jos A. Taylor, Freetown 87. Horace Wright, Bedeque 86. W. H. McGregor, Central Lot 16 86.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. MILK, INDIGESTION, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

FOR SALE

The valuable place known as the "Parkside Farm," situated at the west end of the town of Summerside, part of which adjoins the Summerside Driving Park. The Farm consists of 72 acres of prime land adapted for Dairy, Poultry, or mixed farming purposes having a half mile shore frontage with abundance of seaweed and every convenience desired. The Buildings are all in good repair, the House being one of the finest in the province with hot and cold water, furnace and all modern conveniences. This is an exceptionally fine residence with excellent view overlooking Summerside Harbor, making it an ideal resort for Summer Tourists. For further information apply to R. C. LEE, 7-25dmtfrf2mpd. on the premises.

S S "City of Ghent"

OF PICKFORD AND BLACK LINE. —1910— Sails from Halifax every Tuesday morning at 7 a. m. Sails from Charlottetown every Thursday evening. Calling at: Sheet Harbor, Isaac's Harbor, Canso, Arichat, Port Hawkesbury, Port Hood, Cape George, West Arichat, and Summerside. For further particulars apply to

Carvell Bros.

Agents. 6-7dttf.

"PUT MONEY IN THE PURSE." — Shakespeare (Othello) "THE STORE OF QUALITY" Paton's A Good Silk Store means much to the lady in search of silks. It means dependable quality, variety and variety means many weaves and colorings. It means showing the latest ideas and newest shades talked over in the fashion Journals, something different, newer than you will see in the every day store. Then we have to have the output to be able to start each season with a silk stock such as we are now showing and to have that output you must merit the confidence of the buying public. See our Satin Directoire silks. In this one line we show 48 colorings—each piece a full dress length and no two alike. Paillette de chenes plenty to select from at 75c yd—said to be worth \$1.00. Taffetas, foulards, shauntings, messalines, cords, fancies, and stripes, also many lower priced silks as Tanelines, Jap, taffeta, China silks, etc, altogether the finest line of silk shown in this city. Paton's Paton's



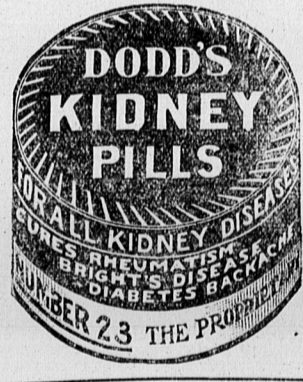
Rare Bargains in Trout Rods We are now offering the balance of our fishing rods at a great reduction in price. We have had the best season we have ever had and want to close the balance out. To do so we will give you One-Third Off the price of any rod in the store while this ad is running. Buy now while fishing is at its best. Dont miss this. J. G. JAMIESON DRUGGIST

Souvenirs with some class to them that is the kind of Souvenir Jewelry we are showing. Our large stock includes Spoons with P.E.I. Crest. Brooches with P.E.I. Crest. Belt Pins with P.E.I. Crest. Hat Pins, Cuff Links, etc See them. G.H. Taylor Jeweler

ROCKWOOD CHOCOLATES are the outcome of years of experience in candy making. We have found out that it pays well to give the public the very best that money can buy. It costs us a little more to make ROCKWOOD CHOCOLATES than most manufacturers would be willing to pay, but the increasing demand for "Rockwoods" is proving that we are making no mistake. THE WHITE CANDY CO. LTD. St John, N. B.

"EARLY SHOWINGS OF SYLVAN SILKS AND DRESS GOODS FOR FALL PER S. S. SIBERIAN OPENING AT PATON'S. YOU ARE INVITED. 8-20dttf.

You Need a Phone In Your Store A telephone in your store will be the means of filling your cash drawer and raising you in the estimation of the better class of customers—the kind you want to cater to. A telephone will give you instant information about current prices, the markets and other trade news with the least expense of time and no exertion on your part whatever. The phone will connect you with the better class of customers and will be a sign of your enterprise and progressiveness to the general public. A phone costs only a few cents a day—a mere trivial sum, but the benefits you derive are simply enormous. Ask Contract Department for prices. "The Phone will bring you Business" The Telephone Co of P. E. Island Charlottetown, P. E. Island.



Every Day Foot Wear Now that the fall months are closing in would it not be well for you to think about wet proof footwear? This year we are offering to the trade an altogether new line of highlaced BOOTS which we feel sure will meet with your approval. They are made in OUR OWN FACTORY and this is a guarantee as to quality. The other lines of our own make we do not require mention as they are familiar to your grandfather. Goff Bros

Flour and Feeds Although higher than some time ago the market for Flour and Feeds has not yet reached the top and we would advise our customers to stock up now. We have a good stock on hand and will quote close prices for prompt shipment. R. E. MUTCH & CO Grafton Street, Charlottetown Wholesale Only

ALL THE WAY-BY-WATER Metropolitan Line Between Boston and NEW YORK An Unbroken Night's Rest from City to City Over the Most Fascinating Salt Water Route in the World on the Turbine Steel Steamships. HARVARD & YALE Boston to New York, \$4.00 Through Tickets to all Ports. Schedule: Weekdays and Sundays, from Boston, leave India Wharf at 5 P.M. Same daily schedule from Pier 14, North River, near foot of Cortland St. Due either city 8 o'clock the following morning. Through Tickets via Metropolitan Line at principal Railroad and Steamboat Ticket Offices throughout the country. Fares same as via Long Island Sound Lines. For reservations, folders, &c, address Ticket Agent, Metropolitan Line, India Wharf, Boston. 5-26dmtwrf3pm.

COMMONWEALTH HOTEL Souvenir Goods We have a splendid assortment of belt pins, brooches, stick pins, hat pins, pin trays, cuff links, tea spoons, coffee spoons, napkin rings, table bells, etc. C. W. Patterson Jeweler Great George and Grafton Streets