Real Spruce Chewing Gum

We have a fine new Spruce Chewing imported from Maine It is refined and prepared in the forest of Northern Maine. Consists of pure Spruce Gum Guaranteed not to contain grease, resin or oil, in 5c packages
Send some to the BOYS

J. G. Jamieson
Druggist

JANUARY.

		High Water. A.M	P.M.	Low Water A.M.	P.M.
1	M.	4.32	16.50	10.29	23.13
2	Tu.	5.46	17.34	11.26	.....
3	W.	7.00	18.19	0.15	12.27
4	Th.	8.08	19.06	1.18	13.27
5	F.	9.08	19.56	2.18	14.23
6	Sa.	10.01	20.48	3.11	15.16
7	S.	10.48	21.38	4.00	16.07
8	M.	11.30	22.25	4.04	16.56
9	Tu.	12.08	23.10	5.28	17.42
10	W.	12.43	23.54	6.08	18.24
11	Th.	.....	13.16	6.45	19.03
12	F.	0.37	13.46	7.19	19.40
13	Sa.	1.19	14.14	7.50	20.16
14	S.	2.02	14.41	8.20	50.52
15	M.	2.48	15.09	8.52	21.30
16	Tu.	3.40	15.39	9.26	22.13
17	W.	4.44	16.16	10.05	23.04
18	Th.	6.00	17.04	10.55	.....
19	F.	7.13	18.02	0.15	12.01
20	Sa.	8.19	19.06	1.23	13.22
21	S.	9.19	20.12	2.25	14.34
22	M.	10.14	21.17	3.24	15.39
23	Tu.	11.05	22.20	4.20	16.38
24	W.	11.52	23.19	5.13	17.32
25	Th.	.....	12.35	6.02	18.23
26	F.	0.46	13.16	6.49	19.12
27	Sa.	1.12	13.56	7.34	20.00
28	S.	2.08	14.37	8.19	20.48
29	M.	3.08	15.19	9.05	21.38
30	Tu.	4.09	16.03	9.54	22.34
31	W.	5.17	16.50	10.47	23.36

WEATHER FORECAST.— Jany 2 to 13 cold with snow, moderating towards middle of month, mild for some days. 14 to 20 thaw with rain, turning colder. 21 to 25 some light show. 26 to 31 colder and some heavy snow.

DIARY OF EVENTS

TO-DAY.

City Magistrates Court 9 a. m.
Prince Edward Theatre 3.15, 7 and 8.45 p. m.
Patriotic at Home at Mrs. Bruce Stewart's residence.

BIRTHS

McLEOD.— At Darlington Jany. 11, 1917 to Mrs. and Mrs. John A. McLeod a daughter.

WEBSTER.— At the Prince Edward Island Hospital on Jan. 20th, 1917 to Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Webster, French Fort, a son.

IN MEMORIAM

MRS. RUSSEL OULTON

Many will learn with regret of the death of Mrs. Russel Oulton of Alberton, which occurred suddenly last Saturday night. She leaves to mourn besides her husband, five children, the youngest an infant only a day old at the time of her death, also one brother, Dr. Hiram Champion, now of Vancouver, and one sister, Mrs. Herbert Irving, Hills River. The deceased was highly respected, and her sudden death has cast a deep gloom over the whole community.

"High class Black Beavercloth Overcoats, ful collar, curl cloth lining, best make, $25.00 quality for $19.00. D. A. Bruce. 4035-1-24M4i

Farm For Sale

At Union Road six miles from Charlottetown consisting of 98 acres 85 clear in a good state of cultivation remainder covered with soft wood also good buildings and a never failing stream of water on premises.
Apply to
JOSEPH BRYENTON,
Union Road
4029-1-24Mw4ipd.

Auction Sale

On premises of A. D. McLean Nine Mile Creek
Jan. 24th at 2 p m.
Shore farm, 80 acres, 55 well cultivated, remainder well wooded. Good buildings. Abundance of seaweed.
3955-1-17Mwfm3ipd.

THE TONIC THAT BRINGS HEALTH

"Fruit-a-tives" Builds Up The Whole System

Those who take "Fruit-a-tives" for the first time, are often astonished at the way *it builds them up and makes them feel better all over*. They may be taking "Fruit-a-tives" for some specific disease, as Constipation, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches or Neuralgia, Kidney or Bladder Trouble, Rheumatism or Pain in the Back. And they find when "Fruit-a-tives" has cured the disease, that they feel better and stronger in every way. This is due to the *wonderful tonic properties* of these famous tablets, made from fruit juices.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Cheese and Butter Makers Wanted

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned until noon Monday, February 5th from parties willing to contract with the Hazelbrook Dairying Co. Ltd., for the making of cheese, and also butter if necessary during the season of 1917. Tenders to state wages per month, the cheese maker finding his own help. As the Company has under consideration the manufacturing of butter during May and after cheese season the tenders must state wages for these months separately. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. J. MacEACHERN,
Secretary.

Mt. Albion,
Jan. 19th., 1917.

Fox Food

Just arrived another car load of C. P. Sekyrs Boneless Horse Meat. Also caricad of Fox Biscuit. These Biscuits contain 25 per cent ground meat and bone. For the balance of the year, we are selling these Biscuits for 6c per lb.

W. B. PURDY,
154 Queen St.

1943-11-17Mtf.

Dr. E. C. Harris Eye Specialist

will be permanently located in Royal Bank building corner Queen and Richmond Street Charlottetown, where he may be consulted on all matters pertaining to defective vision.

Many suffer from headache, nervousness, stomach trouble, etc., and do not suspect the cause. A scientific examination of the eyes often reveals an abnormal condition, the correction of which by perfectly fitted glasses relieves the trouble.

Don't neglect the Children's Eyes.
Office Hours: 9.30 12.30, 2, 5.
Evenings by Appointment.
Phone 153-L.

2446-10-7Msmwtf.

Sealed Tenders

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned up to, and on Saturday Feb 3rd next from persons wishing to buy the Strathalbyn glebe property, consisting of fifty acres of good land a good house and several outbuildings, situated in Springton Lot 67. Tenders to be marked Tenders for glebe

H. MCLEOD
Sect. of Managing Board
Bradalbane

Jan 1st 1917
3741-1-3Mwfri8iEs4ipd.

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Land Regulations

THE sole head of a family or any male over eighteen years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency but not Sub-Agency on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties Must reside six months in each of three years cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.
Deputy of the minister of the Interior
Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. 46388
11M6mos.

MR A. J. BALFOUR'S POWERFUL NOTE TO THE U. S. A.

The New British Foreign Minister Supplements and Emphasizes the Note of the Allies, and in Language Vigorous and Unanswerable Shows How Peace at Germany's Price is Absolutely an Impossibility

The Entente Allies, in a note addressed by Mr. Arthur J. Balfour, British Foreign Minister, to Ambassador Spring-Rice, U. S. A., and delivered to the State Department, amplify their peace note, by explaining in detail why they believe it impossible at present to attain a peace which will assure them such guarantees as they consider essential.

The note also explains why the Allies demand the expulsion of Turkey from Europe; restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France, of Italia Irredenta to Italy, and the other territorial changes set forth.

Those who think the future peace of the world may be insured by international treaties and laws, the note says, have ill-learned the lessons taught by recent history. After charging that German influence in Turkey had resulted in conditions as barbarous and more aggressive than were known under Sultan Abdul Hamid, and that it has been shown that Germany cannot be expected to respect treaty obligations, Mr. Balfour says:

Treaties With Germany Worthless

"So long as Germany remains the Germany which without a shadow of justification overran and barbarously ill-treated a country it was pledged to defend, no State can regard its rights as secure if they have no better protection than a solemn treaty."

Asserting that Belgium was not Germany's only victim, and that "neutrals were intended to note outrages which accompanied its conquest," the note recites the "reign of terror" attendant upon Germany's method of warfare, and in that connection, says:

"The war staff of the Central Powers are well content to horrify the world if at the same time they can terrorize it."

The people of Great Britain, Mr. Balfour says, share President Wilson's desire for peace, but do not believe it can be durable unless based on the success of the Allied cause. Such a peace, it is argued, cannot be expected unless these three conditions are fulfilled:—

International Authority Needed

"That existing causes of international unrest shall be as far as possible removed or weakened; the methods of the Central Powers shall fall into disrepute among their own peoples; and finally, that behind international law and behind all treaty arrangements for preventing or limiting hostilities some form of international sanction shall be devised which will give pause to the hardiest aggressor.

It is recognized these conditions may be difficult of fulfilment, but the belief is expressed that they are in general harmony with President Wilson's ideas. The note declares confidence that so far as Europe is concerned none of the conditions can be satisfied, even imperfectly, unless peace is secured on the general lines indicated by the Allies' joint note.

Note Unexpected But Welcome

Great Britain's note was entirely unexpected to officials here, but was gratifying because they interpreted it as a step toward the world federation to preserve peace to which President Wilson, both in his speeches and in his peace note, has pledged the United States.

Great Britain justifies her continuance of hostilities, it was pointed out, not only for the immediate objects of the war, but also on the necessity that "behind international law and behind all treaty arrangements for preventing or limiting hostilities some form of international sanction should be devised which would give pause to the hardest aggressor."

It is just some such arrangement, it was pointed out, which President Wilson has been urging and which is expected to cause wider disagreement in American foreign policy than any other question raised in the country's history.

Great Britain's answer was interpreted as her official acceptance and endorsement of the President's proposal.

The text of Mr. Balfour's note, dated Jan. 13, and addressed to Sir Cecil, follows:

"In sending you a translation of the Allied note I desire to make the following observations which you should bring to the notice of the United States government.

"I gather from the general tenor of the President's note, that, while he is animated by an intense desire that peace should come soon and that when it comes it should be lasting, he does not for the moment at least concern himself with the terms on which it should be arranged. His Majesty's Government entirely share the President's ideas; but they feel strongly that the durability of peace must largely depend on its character, and that no stable system if international relations can be built on foundations which are essentially and hopelessly defective.

"This becomes clearly apparent if we consider the main conditions which rendered possible the calamities from which the world is now suffering. These were the existence of great powers consumed with the lust of domination in the midst of a community of nations ill-prepared for defense, plentifully supplied with international laws, but with no machinery for enforcing them and weakened by the fact that neither the boundaries of the various states nor their international constitution harmonized with the aspirations of their constituent races or secured to them just and equal treatment.

"That this last evil would be greatly mitigated if the Allies secured the changes in the map of Europe outlined in their point note is manifest, and I need not labor the point.

Turkey Must Go.

"It has been argued indeed that the expulsion of the Turks from Europe forms no proper or logical part of this general scheme. The maintenance of the Turkish Empire was during many generations regarded by statesmen of world-wide authority as essential to the maintenance of European peace. Why, it is asked, should the cause of peace now be associated with a complete reversal of this traditional policy?

"The answer is that circumstances have completely changed. It is unnecessary to consider now whether the creation of a reformed Turkey mediating between hostile races in the Near East was a scheme, which, had the Sultan been sincere and the powers united, could ever have been realized. It certainly cannot be realized now.

"The Turkey of 'union and progress' is at least as barbarous and is far more aggressive than the Turkey of Sultan Abdul Hamid. In the hands of Germany it has ceased even in appearance to be a bulwark of peace, and is openly used as an instrument of conquest. Under German officers, Turkish soldiers are now fighting in lands from which they had long been expelled, and a Turkish Government, controlled, subsidized and supported by Germany, has been guilty of massacres in Armenia and Syria more horrible than any recorded in the history even of those unhappy countries. Evidently the interests of peace and the claims of nationality alike require that Turkish rule over alien races shall, if possible, be brought to an end; and we may hope that the expulsion of Turkey from Europe will contribute as much to the cause of peace as the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine to France, or Italia Irredenta to Italy, or any of the territorial changes indicated in the Allied note.

"Evidently, however, such territorial rearrangements, though they may diminish the occasions of war, provide no sufficient security against its recurrence. If Germany, or rather those in Germany who mould its opinions and control its destinies, again set out to domineer the world, they may find that by the new order of things the adventure is made more difficult, but hardly that it is made impossible. They may still have ready to their hand a political system organized through and through on a military basis; they may still persist in their methods of attacks, so that their more pacific neighbors will be struck down before they can prepare themselves for defense.

If so, Europe, when the war is over, will be far poorer in men, in money, and in mutual good will than it was when the war began, but it will not be safer; and the hopes for the future of the world entertained by the President will be as far as ever from fulfillment.

"There are those who think that for this disease international treaties and international laws may provide a sufficient cure. But such persons have ill-learned the lessons so clearly taught by recent history. While other nations, notably the United States of America and Britain, were striving by treaties of arbitration to make sure that no chance quarrel should mar the peace they desired to make perpetual, Germany stood aloof. Her historians and philosophers preached the splendors of war; power was proclaimed as the true end of the state; and the general staff forged with untiring industry the weapons by which at the appointed moment power might be achieved.

"These facts proved clearly enough that treaty arrangements for maintaining peace were not likely to find much favor at Berlin; they did not prove that such treaties once made would be utterly ineffectual. This became evident only when war had broken out; though the sought demonstration, when it came, was overwhelming.

German Terrorism

"So long as Germany remains the Germany which without a shadow of justification averran and barbarously ill-treated a country it was pledged to defend, no State can regard its rights as secure if they have no better protection than a solemn treaty.

"The case is made worse by the reflection that these methods of calculated brutality were designed by the Central Powers not merely to crush to the dust those with whom they were at war, but to intimidate those with whom they were still at peace. Belgium was not only a victim; it was an example. Neutrals were intended to note the outrages which accompanied its conquest, the reign of terror which followed on its occupation; the deportation of a portion of its population; the cruel oppression of the remainder. And, lest the nations happily protected either by British fleets or by their own from German armies should suppose themselves safe from German methods, the submarine has (within its limits) assiduously imitated the barbarous practices of the sister service.

"The war staffs of the Central Powers are well content to horrify the world if at the same time they can terrorize it.

"If then the Central Powers succeed it will be to methods like these that they owe their success. How can any reform of international relations be based on a peace thus obtained? Such a peace would represent the triumph of all the forces which make war certain and make it brutal. It would advertise the futility of all the methods on which civilization relies to eliminate the occasions of interna-

(Continued on page eight.)

AN EXPERT ON COLDS

Comparatively few people realize that a cold is a signal of physical weakness.

To treat a cold with weakening physics, alcoholic syrups or drugged pills, may smother the cold but they also reduce the body powers still further and invite more serious sickness.

Scott's Emulsion has always been an expert on colds, because it peculiarly enriches the blood, quickly tones up the forces and strengthens both throat and chest. Try Scott's. Refuse Substitutes.
Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont. 16-27

Guardian Classified Ads.

Two cents per word for insertion in this column, one cent per word each continuation. Cash must accompany order.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.—TO SELL FOR "the old reliable Fonthill Nurseries." We teach our men to sell. Experience unnecessary; highest commissions paid; handsome free equipment. Stone & Wellington, Toronto Ont. 3723-1-1MEtlJany. 31st.

WANTED, a reliable agent in every unrepresented district in Prince Edward Island, to sell our selected list of hardy Fruit and Ornamental trees. Equipment free. Exclusive territory. Good pay weekly. Over 600 acres. Established thirty-five years. PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont., 239-14MwsMEtf.

HELP WANTED— FEMALE.

WANTED—MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Country girl preferred. Apply 126 Kent St. 4009-1-23M3i.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 233 Queen St. 3983-1-20M3i.

WANTED— PUPIL NURSES, MALE and female at the Taunton State Hospital Training School for Nurses. For particulars address Dr. Arthur V. Goss, Supt. Taunton State Hospital, Taunton, Mass. 8191-4-11Mtf.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE— 1 PAIR BLACK FOXES. Apply to Samuel Craig, City, or J. R. Munn, Marshfield. 3946-1-1610ipd.

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—AT ONCE TWO BELL boys at the Victoria Hotel. 3286-tf.

WANTED

NOTICE—ATLANTIC FISH CO. ARE still buying smelts in any quantity at the same old stand rear of Sam Craig's Tailor Shop Main St. 4018-1M23-6i

POTATOES WILL BE BOUGHT AT A. J. Dongan's, 103 Richmond St. Highest Price Paid. 3949-1-17M6ipd.

WANTED, SPRUCE AND FIR LOGS at our mill, or on car at any railway station, or siding. Cash paid on delivery. Write for prices, Montague Furnishing Co., Limited, Montague. 3260-11-30Mtf

WANTED—ONE GOOD DARK MALE fox to mate with silver female proven breeder, on halves. Apply Wm. Sutherland, St. Peter's Bay, Secretary, Eastern Star Fox Co. Ltd. 3984-1-20M6ipd.

H. C. L.

Reduce the high cost of living by eating more fish
Labrador Herring
put up in Pails or by the dozen.

Boneless Cod
by the pound or box Our prices are right.

Satisfied Customers
prove the quality to be the best there is.

MacKie & Nelson
Opp. Davis and Fraser
Grafton St East
Phone 441 J.

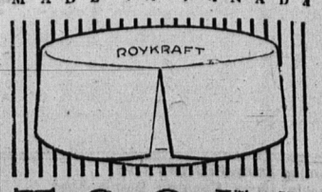
THE PRICE OF RUBBER FOOTWEAR GOES UP

Since the first of the new year the rubber manufacturers have advanced the price on all rubber footwear in the United States and Canada from 15 to 20 per cent.

The cause of the advance is the high cost of cotton and other materials that go into the manufacture of rubber footwear, also the scarcity and high cost of labor which has made it very difficult to get out their orders on time. Orders that were placed last March have not all been delivered yet.

The skilled labor problem is getting serious in the large manufacturing centres and unless some relief comes in this respect another advance may be expected. 4022-1-24Mws4i.

MADE IN CANADA



TOOKE COLLARS
15 CENTS EACH
TOOKE BROS. LIMITED
MAKERS - - MONTREAL

Burns' Anniversary Celebration

Under the Distinguished Patronage of His Honor Lieutenant Governor Macdonald

Under the auspices of the Caledonian Club of P.E.I., in the

PEOPLE'S THEATRE
—ON—
JANUARY 25th and 26th

A grand variety programme consisting of Songs, Recitations, Dancing, Bag Pipes, Music, etc, is daintily prepared and every effort is being put forward to make this celebration surpass anything ever had in this City. A special train will run from Summerside on Thursday and from Murray Harbor on Friday as usual.

PROGRAMME

1.—Bag Pipe Selection
2.—Overture ..... Orchestra
3.—Solo ..... "Ta, Ta, My Bonnie Maggie Darling"
Mr. Martin Power, Johnston's River.
4.—Duet ..... "O Wat Ye Whas in Yon Town"
Mr. Chas. Earle, Miss Lucy Blanchard
5.—Solo ..... "Here's a Health, Bonnie Scotland, to Thee"
Miss Maud Thorne
6.—Reading ..... Sandy McLachlan's Courtship
Miss Edna Gordon
7.—Solo ..... "Rantin, Ravin Robin"
Mr. William Brown
8.—..... Reel of Tulloch
Eight Lads and Lassies
Ghillie Callum ..... Master Raymond MacNeil, West River
9.—Solo ..... "Star of Robbie Burns"
Miss Mamie Ross
10.—..... Step Dance
A Soldier
11.—Solo ..... "At Hame in Bonnie Scotland"
Prof. Hinton
12.—..... Hornpipe
Misses McFarlane and Biffin

INTERMISSION
Sale of Candy by Red Cross Society

13.—..... Bag Pipe Selections
Clansman McKinnon
Orchestra .....
14.—Duet ..... "Birks of Aberfeldy"
Misses Sutherland and Ross
15.—..... Violin Selections
Mr. Littlejohns
16.—Solo ..... "It's Nice When You Love a Wee Lassie"
Master Tommy Coleman
17.—Solo ..... "My Laddie"
Miss Lucy Blanchard
18.—..... Highland Fling
Five Lassies
19.—Solo ..... "When the Kye Comes Hame"
Miss Dorothy Sutherland
20.—Solo ..... "Bonnie Prince Charlie"
Mr. Charles Earle
21.—Sextette ..... Farewell.—Good Night
PROF. S. N. EARLE, Musical Director

Time table of Special Train Summerside to Charlottetown BURNS' ANNIVERSARY, JANUARY 25, 1917

Leave	Time. P.M.	Fare.	Leave	Time. P.M.	Fare.
Summerside	2.00	$1.00	Fredericton	3.00	.55
Traveller's Rest	2.05	1.00	Clyde	3.05	.50
New Annan	2.10	.90	Hunter River	3.10	.45
Clarmont	2.15	.90	North Wiltshire	3.20	.45
Kensington	2.20	.80	Colville	3.30	.45
Freetown	2.35	.75	Milton	3.40	.30
Emerald	2.45	.70	Winsloe	3.45	.25
Bradalbane	2.50	.65	Royalty Jct.	3.50	.20
Elliots	2.55	.60	Charlottetown	4.10	Arr.

Time table of special train from Murray Harbor to Charlottetown BURNS' ANNIVERSARY, JANUARY 26, 1917

Leave	Time. P.M.	Fare.	Leave	Time. P.M.	Fare.
Murray Harbor	1.30	$1.00	Glencoe	2.55	.45
Wilmot	1.35	1.00	Vernon River	3.00	.45
Murray River	1.40	.90	Hermitage	3.05	.45
Hopefield	1.50	.80	Vernon	3.20	.45
Iris	2.00	.80	Millview	3.25	.45
Wood Island	2.05	.80	Lake Verde	3.35	.45
Belle River	2.10	.75	Village Green	3.40	.35
Melville	2.15	.70	Mt. Albion	3.45	.30
Surrey	2.30	.60	Hazelbrook	3.50	.25
Fodhla	2.35	.60	Mt. Herbert	3.55	.15
Grand View	2.40	.50	Bunbury	4.00	.15
Uigg	2.50	.50	Southport	4.05	.10
			Charlottetown	4.10	Arr.

Tickets for the Concert for sale on the Murray Harbor train.

Plan at Jamieson's Tuesday at 10 a.m. Tickets 35 and 50 cents.

D. A. McKINNON, Pres.
T. M. McMILLAN, Secy.
T. F. WHITE, Chairman of Committee

3883-1-11Mthu Stu tf.