

The Central Guardian

THE KINDERGARTEN

TRINITY CHURCH SOCIAL HALL. Open to all children from 3 to 6 years where they are given efficient training in Physical Exercises, Amateur Drawing, Songs, Games, Handwork, Discipline, and receive a Junior education which develops them for entrance to the Public School.

The Kindergarten is conducted under the personal supervision of Berna M. Heustis, Principal; Marjorie Saunders, Assistant. Monthly Tuition Fee \$2.00. L-2012-1-5-8-9.

Trinity United Church

FRIDAY, JANUARY 8. 3.30 P. M.—Brownies—Social Hall. 6.30 P. M.—Girl Guides—Social Hall and Hearts Hall. 7.15 P. M.—Worship Service. 7.30 P. M.—Week of Prayer Service Zion Church.

Germans Marked Maple Leaf Men As Storm Troops

(By Thomas T. Champion) (Canadian Press Staff Writer) LONDON Jan. 6.—Whenever the Germans found the Canadian Corps coming into the line, they prepared for the worst, writes David Lloyd George in his sixth and final volume of War Memoirs just published here. In January, 1916, relates Britain's war-time prime minister, the Canadians entered the Somme battle, where they played a part of such distinction that henceforward they were marked out as storm troops. For the remainder of the war they were brought along to head the assault in one great battle after another. "On Vimy Ridge one of the most impressive memorials of the war stands to commemorate their spectacular success there in April, 1917. There was no finer display of resolute intrepidity in the whole war. They fought through the worst horrors of Passchendaele in October and November of the same year. "At the battle of Amiens on August 8th, 1918—Ludendorff's "Black Day"—the Canadians headed the British assault which shattered Germany's last hope of military success. And in August and September they led the attack on the Drocourt-Queant Switch and the strongest nucleus of the Hindenburg Line, swept across the Canal du Nord, stormed the Bourlon Wood and took Cambrai. "All through the final advance to victory, Canadian troops were to the fore. They took Valenciennes, and a few hours before the Armistice they marched through the "Tipton" played on the bagpipes." Lloyd George points out that practically 1,000,000 men from the Dominions went overseas. The highest percentage of all was that of men recruited in Canada who had been born in the United Kingdom. This reached the remarkable figure of 35 per cent, far higher even than that attained by the Home Country. "It was of course a selected class, consisting to a large extent of fit and enterprising young men, whose ties with the Motherland were particularly strong. They hurried back in their thousands to stand beside her in her hour of peril." Discussing the earliest war preparation in Canada, Lloyd George refers to the late General Sam Hughes as a "man of infectious enthusiasm and energy" and notes that of shells alone Canada supplied more than 65,000,000 during the war. Lloyd George has some interesting observations in regard to General Smuts' attitude in October 1918 suggested terms for an armistice. Lloyd George says there was considerable shrewdness and foresight in Smuts' warning against the disintegration of Central Europe, which had now become imminent. This is what Smuts said: "There is serious danger that the bad, but more or less orderly political pre-war system of Europe may give place to a wild disorder of jarring and warring state fragments, such as we now see on a vast scale in Russia. What is going to happen when, as now seems probable Austria breaks up and becomes a Balkans on a vaster scale? With the creation of an 'independent' Poland, there will be a chain of these discordant fragments right across Europe from Finland in the north to Turkey in the south. No League of Nations could hope to prevent a wild war-dance of these so-called free nations in future." In the economic realm, adds Lloyd George, though not as yet in the main, we have witnessed in post-war Europe what wild war-dance of the new powers which Smuts foretold.

Farmers Survey Better Prices As Year Closes

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—(CP)—Rising prices for most farm products during 1936 turned the attention to Canadian farmers to market trends when they were not too greatly occupied with misfortunes of drought and short crops. In mid-December agreement on a definite plan of campaign against drought in the prairie provinces was reached between the ministers of agriculture of three provinces affected, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Alberta, and the Dominion Minister, Hon. J. G. Gardiner. On the whole Canadian agriculture presents a more optimistic picture as 1936 draws to a close than when the year was beginning. It has its dark side in crop failures over wide areas; in the prairie provinces and light yields in other parts. Perhaps the most significant development of the year was the rise in wheat prices and the reduction in the Canadian wheat surplus which, as it piled up higher and higher from year to year, had been a worry to governments, traders and farmers alike. In this the weatherman played an active part and short crops in Canada, the United States and Europe led to a boom in Canada's Canadian surplus during the year by nearly 150,000,000 bushels. At the beginning of December the surplus stood at 120,000,000 bushels compared with 266,000,000 a year before. Moreover the price was from 20 to 25 cents a bushel better than a year before. The average price of wheat in November this year was 108 1-2 cents a bushel compared with 85 3-4 cents in November, 1935, and the average for December will exceed that of the preceding month. As far as grains were concerned generally it was a year of short crops and high prices. Barley was scarce and almost double the price a year ago. Prices of oats, flax and rye were considerably higher. The United States trade treaty opened a new market for Canadian cattle and full advantage was taken of the quota allotment which permitted entry to that country at the reduced duty. Cattle prices, however, showed little change and averaged about the same at the end of the year as at the beginning. Prices of sheep and hogs also ranged about the same but the market was a bit healthier in tone. Dairy products were decidedly better in price, butter the best in three or four years and cheese the highest since 1930. The government bonus on cheese, tried as the bad, but more or less orderly political pre-war system of Europe may give place to a wild disorder of jarring and warring state fragments, such as we now see on a vast scale in Russia. What is going to happen when, as now seems probable Austria breaks up and becomes a Balkans on a vaster scale? With the creation of an 'independent' Poland, there will be a chain of these discordant fragments right across Europe from Finland in the north to Turkey in the south. No League of Nations could hope to prevent a wild war-dance of these so-called free nations in future." In the economic realm, adds Lloyd George, though not as yet in the main, we have witnessed in post-war Europe what wild war-dance of the new powers which Smuts foretold.

CRASWELL for Photographs. MAYFLOWERS.—The Guardian has received a bouquet of Mayflowers picked by Miss Doris Curley, Hermitage, on her way from school on January 5, 1937. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SERVICES, Sunday, January 10th. Mount Stewart 11 A. M. Highfield 3 P. M. Marshfield 7.30 P. M. L-2064-1-8-11.

CAVENDISH Pastoral Charge Church Services for January 10th. 11 A. M. Cavendish; 3.00 P. M. New Glasgow. Rev. W. A. Paterson, Minister. L-2037-1-8-11. SUNDAY SERVICES.—New Glasgow 11.00 A. M. Bradabane 3.00 P. M. Fredericton 7.30 P. M. Rev. Wm. G. Quigley Minister. L-2060-1-8-11.

IS CONVALESCING.—Mr. R. H. Fethick, who has been ill for several months, is making favorable progress towards recovery, but it will be several weeks yet before he will be able to continue his duties as manager of the local branch of the Royal Bank of Canada.—New Glasgow Exchange.

SOCIAL GATHERING.—A very pleasant evening was enjoyed in the pretty home of Mr. and Mrs. Neil MacDougall, Upper Prince Street, on New Year's Eve when upwards of 50 friends and members of the L. O. B. A. spent several happy hours in games and music. During the evening a presentation was made to Mrs. Samuel Campbell, a very highly esteemed member, who is leaving this week to make her future home in Sackville, N. B. A dainty lunch was served and after singing "For She's a Jolly Good Fellow" farewells were said with hearty New Year greetings to the hostess and her popular family.

FORMERLY OF CHARLOTTETOWN.—Among the visitors in Truro Monday was Mr. D. J. Bonnell, well known Sydney Cape Breton business man who conducts a large furniture and household supplies business and owns one of the largest business premises in the steel city. Mr. Bonnell, in the best of health and good spirits, was en route to Montreal and Toronto to attend furniture shows. From there he is going to New York to visit his brother Rev. Sidney Bonnell, who is minister of one of the large Fifth Avenue churches and to Boston to visit his sister, Mr. Bonnell, commenting on industrial and business conditions, said times have been excellent in Sydney for the past two or three years and there probably was never more employment there than at present.—Truro News.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Ladies Guild of the Charlottetown Baptist Church was held Tuesday afternoon at the home of the President Mrs. T. G. Ives. Mrs. Ives presided. Reports of the officers for the past year showed the Guild to be in a flourishing condition, a substantial amount of money having been raised and contributed to the church treasury. Mrs. Ives the retiring President, thanked the officers and members for their support and co-operation during the past year and pledged the newly elected officers the same support for the coming year. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—President; Mrs. R. E. Sutherland, Vice-President; Mrs. R. D. Quigley, Secretary; Mrs. R. J. Dupont, Treasurer; Mrs. H. B. Dickinson. A feature of the meeting was the presentation of an address and silver flower basket to Mrs. Samuel Campbell who with her family is leaving the city to reside in Sackville, N. B. Mrs. Campbell has been the efficient secretary and will be greatly missed in the future activities of the Guild. Refreshments were served by the hostess assisted by Mrs. H. W. Yeo, Mrs. B. F. Timney, and Miss P. Nicholson.

PERSONALS. Miss Gertrude MacNevin Tyne Valley, is at present visiting in Dochester, Mass. the guest of her sister. Her many friends wish her a pleasant holiday. Misses Cecelia Currie and Freda Carver have returned to Charlottetown to resume their studies as P. W. C. students, having spent an enjoyable holiday with their parents at Vernon River. Mr. Lorne McDougall has returned to Charlottetown to resume his duties as student at P. W. C., having spent an enjoyable holiday at his home in Newton Cross.

MISS VALUABLE DIAMONDS. BLOEMFONTEIN, South Africa.—A valuable diamond lay in full view outside a theatre on a busy street for 12 hours before the owner discovered it by chance after searching the building.

From our shippers we frequently get encouraging appreciation. A sample of this appreciation came to us during the year and we quote in full. Charlottetown Royalty May 14th, 1936. Charlottetown Fur Sales Limited, Charlottetown, P.E.I. Gentlemen: I wish to thank you for your cheque for \$167.85 in payment of Pelt No. 8194, shipped through your organization last winter. I knew that this was an exceptionally good skin but I am more than pleased with the return you have given me. Yours truly, (Signed) ARTHUR H. ROPER

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OFFICIAL LIFE IN OTTAWA

OTTAWA, Jan. 7.—(CP)—One of the most colorful and interesting features of official life in Ottawa, as in every national capital, is the diplomatic circle—those heterogeneous group of accredited emissaries from foreign countries whose place in the official picture is fixed almost as definitely as the dates on a calendar. As a youthful nation Canada has not yet acquired an embassy group approaching the grandeur of those in the ancient European capitals, but there is in Ottawa a rapidly growing circle of foreign representatives that is soon to be further augmented. Within a few weeks there will be a new Belgian legation established

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here with a minister plenipotentiary and the German Government will move to the Dominion capital the office of her consul general, heretofore located in Montreal. There is, in Ottawa's foreign group, little of the scarlet and gold that have inspired the fiction and picture writers. The emissaries from other lands are a combination of shrewd, practical diplomats and business men but when the occasion demands they always add a touch of color and dignity to formal occasions, such as the opening of Parliament and state functions. With the coming of Baron Robert Silvercrus, first Belgian Minister to Canada, Ottawa will have four foreign legations, all established within the last decade, and in addition there is the office of British High Commissioner established 10 years ago. United States was the first foreign government to open a legation in Canada. In 1927 Hon. William Phillips became the first United States Minister to Canada. He was followed by Col. Hanford McNider who was succeeded by the late Warren Delano Robbins, and the present incumbent is Hon. Norman Armour. France established her legation here in 1928 with Hon. Arsene Henry as the first minister. He has since been replaced by Hon. Raymond Bruere the present minister. In the same year the Japanese legation was opened with Hon. I. Tokuwana as minister. A year ago he was transferred to Turkey and the legation is now headed by Hon. Sotomatsu Kato. While the British Crown is represented in Canada by the Governor General, the United Kingdom Government's diplomatic channel for communication with the Dominion Government has been, since 1926, the British High Commissioner. Formerly the Governor General represented both the Crown and the Government. Both United States and Japan also have Consuls-General in Ottawa while the French Consul-General is in Montreal. L. Kempf, German Consul-General in Montreal, will take up headquarters in Ottawa on Jan. 2, Baron Silvercrus, who will be first Belgian Minister to Canada, has arrived in United States and will arrive in Ottawa after the New Year holiday. Other Consul-Generals in Ottawa include J. A. Schurman for the Netherlands, G. de la Campa for Cuba, Luigi Petrucci for Italy.

German Prince Becomes Dutch Officer



Prince Bernhard van Lippe Bielefeld, the German prince consort of Juliana, Queen of the Netherlands, is shown here (right) as he inspects Dutch troops after being sworn in as a captain in the Dutch army. General W. Roell, governor of the Hague, is on the left. Queen Wilhelmina and Princess Juliana were present at the ceremony on Malie Field.

days, including both ways, on the S. Lawrence route during their voyages to ports in the American, French and British West Indies, some of which are not touched by "Lady" liners. Honey-moon concession to newly-weds, taking a round-trip cruise on a "Lady" liner during any month except January, February, March, July or August, will consist of a 5 per cent reduction of regular fare on Bermuda and Leeward Islands cruises, and a 10 per cent reduction off such fare to Jamaica, Barbados, Trinidad and British Guiana. In view of the fact that "Lady" liners sailing from Montreal en route to Jamaica provide extra days on the great scenic St. Lawrence seaway, these fares during the whole spring, summer and fall seasons will prove a considerable attraction. These conditions will also apply to the "Vagabond Cruises" by the steamers Chomedy and Colborne, which will bear the same ratio of fare reduction during the year. These ships sailings from Montreal during the spring, summer and fall months, present an extra eight

THE WEEK OF PRAYER 1937

FRIDAY, JANUARY 8TH. Zion Presbyterian Church 7.30 P.M. Topic: The Fruits of the Gospel Speaker: Rev. H. L. Denton. SATURDAY, JANUARY 9TH. Salvation Army Citadel 7.30 P.M. Topic: The Gospel and the Holy Spirit Speaker: Rev. George Gillespie.

for NEURITIS One thing that helps is to wear a disk, now in Minard's. These rub the linings gently. Pain eases off! MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT