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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA FRIDAY, JANURY 25, 1924

GREAT BRITAIN'S PROGRAM FOR NAVAL CONSTRUCTION

Baldwin Government Proposed to Construct 52 Cruisers in Next Ten Years–Lieut. Col. Amery Outlines Program in Commons.

(Canadian Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 24 — The naval construction program which the Baldwin Government intended to put forward had it continued in office, as outlined by Lieutenant Colonel Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons last evening, called for, among other things, the laying down in the next decade of some fifty-two cruisers, instead of twenty-five, as erroneously recorded by a parliamentary reporter, and thus given out, it developed today. Colonel Amery said this program was "put forward with a view to relieving the unemployment situation in the great shipbuilding centres," and he had every confidence that the new Government would "give these proposals of ours prompt and sympathetic consideration with a view to taking action in the House as soon as we re-assemble."

Outlining the program the First Lord said:

"The whole situation is one which, so far as commercial shipbuilding is concerned, can be relieved only by the recovery of the world's commerce to a degree sufficient to re-absorb the redundant shipping and create an effective demand for new construction. In these anxious and urgent circumstances we consider whether it would not be possible to anticipate to some extent our normal and, in any case, necessary programs of naval replacement—or this, I rather think, will be the more correct way of putting it—to restore the normal program which under the pressure of calls for economy we have been prepared to some extent to postpone.

"From a naval point of view our position is this: Practically the whole of our light cruisers will become obsolete or worn out in the course of the next twelve years."

"To replace them and to maintain our cruisers establishment in strength sufficient to meet the requirements of our fleets and the protection of our commerce we shall have to lay down in the course of the ten years a total of some 52 cruisers in all; in other words, an average of five yearly.

"There will be, moreover, a particularly heavy drop in the next six months and to prevent a serious deficiency in 1929 and the subsequent years we ought to lay down as many above the average as is reasonable in the immediate three years.

"Apart from strategical considerations there are also very strong reasons of administrative economy in favor of extending to some extent our cruiser programme. In 1927, 1928, and subsequent years we shall have to keep the yards well occupied with considerable replacements of destroyers which by then will have become obsolete. From 1931 onwards we shall under the provisions of the Washington Treaty, be faced with heavy expenditures in connection with the replacement of capital ships. By getting out of the way a substantial part of the light cruiser replacement programme in the next few years we shall provide a much more even distribution of work and expenditure and secure better tenders as well as meeting the immediate needs of the employment situation.

"What we have therefore proposed was to lay down immediately eight light cruisers of the type that under the Washington Treaty, has become the standard type adopted by all the great naval Powers, namely vessels of 10,000 tons armed with eight inch guns. Three of these we have proposed to lay down in the Royal Dockyards and the remaining five to put out to tender. In addition to these the special employment programme this year included three submarines one submarine depot ship, two destroyers, one destroyer depot ship, two gunboats of special shape for the Persian Gulf, an aircraft carrier and a mine laying vessel.

"These are the necessary requirements most urgently needed for replacement. The whole programme would give direct employment to 32,000 men and would involve a special addition of £5,000,000 to the naval estimates in the coming year. Our intention was to have asked for a total vote as soon as the House got to business in order to enable tenders to be issued and work to be put in hand at once."

NEW PROJECT TO HARNESS FUNDY TIDES

Big Damming Scheme Proposed by New York Erineer

(Canadian Press.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24—Application for permiss to harness a small part of the mighty tides of the Bay of Fundy between Nova Scotia and the mainland, has been made to the Federal Power Commission, disclosing one of the most ambitious water power projects ever conceived. The scheme involves the damming of Passamaquoddy Bay between Maine and New Brunswick by five miles of dams between the mainland and intervening islands.

Passamaquoddy Bay opens into the Bay of Fundy where the tidal range averages 35 feet. It is proposed to install a system of gates that will maintain a operating head of from 27 to 16 feet at all time, developing from 400,000 to 500,000 horse-power.

The great difficulties to the project are engineering and those due to the interruption of navigation. A maximum depth of 600 feet of water will be encountered on the dam site. Vessels bound to or from Eastport, Lubec or Calais, Me., or St. Andrews, N. B., would have to be locked through the dam, and it would be difficult to construct locks which might be used in rough weather, thus greatly impairing the value of the ports as harbors of refuge in storms.

The applicant for permit is Dexter P. Cooper, of New York, who asks for three years in which to make preliminary surveys.

LARGE AUDIENCE ENJOYED BURNS ANNIVERSARY CONCERT

Local Talent Heard to Splendid Advantage At Last Night's Opening Performance at The Strand Theatre.

The Burns Anniversary Concert at the Strand Theatre last night which has been looked forward to with so much pleasure in city and country, was attended by an audience which packed the spacious auditorium to the doors and from the enthusiastic applause with which each number of the lengthy and varied programme was received, there was no doubt as to the unqualified success of the performance, every number being encored. In the opinion of many, even the high standard maintained at previous entertainments given by the Caledonian Club was excelled last evening. Certainly no concert within recent years has had a better reception, and none better deserved the generous approval of an audience.

The concert, which was under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant Governor and His Worship the Mayor, was divided into three parts, the first and last comprising individual local and instrumental music and dances, and part two being a skilfully enacted comic operetta entitled "The Twin Sisters," the music of which was selected from the most popular numbers of Le Cocos celebrated Opera Bouffe.

Part one opened with rousing martial music by the Caledonian Club Pipe and Drum Band, "Prince Charlie's Welcome to Skye." The Ghillie Callum (sword dance) by Mr. George Walker followed, and was warmly applauded. The Charlottetown Orchestra played very effectively "The Caledonian Club Parade." Later in the evening they rendered Laurendeau's "Highlanders' Patrol' and again, in the overture of part three, delighted the audience with "Bonnie Scotland," all of which were enthusiastically applauded, encores being given in each instance.

The orchestra, under Prof. W. E. Fletcher, appeared for the first time in a Scottish entertainment and its members rendered capable support throughout the evening.

Mr. Charles Earle in his solo "The Star O' Robbie Burns," with violin obligato by Mrs. A. R. Jones, was received with enthusiastic applause and an encore "Annie Laurie" was given.

Mr. Earle's splendid voice was again heard in a magnificently rendered solo, "Where Has Scotland Found Her Fame?" during the closing part of the programme. This fairly brought down the house, and again Mr. Earle responded with two encores, a "Mickey" and an an "Ikey."

An amusing monologue "Ethics of a Man Telephoning," given effectively by Capt. D. A. MacDonald (encored "The Soldiers Song") was followed by a delightful solo, "Bonnie Sweet Bessie" by Mrs. W. E. Fletcher, with violin obligato by Miss Bernice Stultz. This number was warmly received and an encore "Sweet Afton." A stirring skirl on the bagpipes by Capt. A. MacDougall, including the old favorite "Cock O' the North" and reels, concluded the first part.

The comic operetta contained an amusing plot involving a domestic "tiff" between a highly eminent, but rather flirtatiously inclined lawyer, Frank MacDonald (Mr. J. Austin Trainor) and his wife Marion (Mrs. Frances Holl Trainor) who, under the pretense of being her own twin-sister, incites jealousy and re-wakens love in the heart of her husband, and brings him humbly to her feet. Mrs. Trainor, whose outstanding dramatic talent has received deserved recognition on previous occasions, was brilliantly successful in her role, and her voice was heard to splendid advantage in one of the most charming songs of the evening "See How it Sparkles."

Mr. J. Austin Trainor as the embarrased husband won fresh laurels for himself, and his song "Oh, if Lucy Was My Bride" was received with applause. Miss Agnes Flynn as "Nellie" and Mr. J. P. McInnis as "Peter Grant" in light comedy parts gave able assistance, their parts including the solos 'How D'ye Think I'm Going to Live" by Miss [illegible] and "Turn Not Away" by Mr. McInnis, both exceptionally well sung. The operetta also included a charming trio "Amid the Ways" and closed with a splendid quartette "And Now Our Quarrels Are Ended."

In part three a comic song by Mr. Andrew Williamson "The Softest O' the Family" was heartily encored, when "The Message Loon" was given. A feature of this part of the programme which drew forth enthusiastic expressions of approval was the step dance by the Misses Alvina LeClair, Angie Martin and Priscilla Martin, to the accompaniment of violin music by Messrs Hamilton and Bambrick, with Mr. Groom at the piano. The dancers in their plaids, and the Highland costume, made up a striking picture. The young ladies danced with grace and spirit, and were warmly recalled.

A duet "Cam' Ye by Athole," by Prof and Mrs. Fletcher, was another much enjoyed number. The old Scottish song, with its plaintive melody, was rendered with exquisite feeling and called forth an encore, the last two verses being repeated.

Miss Helen MacDonald achieved success in a Highland dance the "Seann Truibhas"— a most difficult performance, but given with the easy grace of thorough training. Following the applause which this performance received came Mr. Earle's closing song, already referred to, and then the Grand Finale, by the Caledonian Club Pipe and Drum Band, "Auld Lang Syne" and God Save the King" in which the audience joined brought the concert to a close.

Heartiest congratulations are due Messrs James Paton (chairman) S. A. MacLeod and Thos. F. White and the other members of the Caledonian Club Entertainment Committee; to Prof. Earle, musical director and accompanist and his assistant, Miss Lilliam Earle; to Prof Fletcher and the members of the Charlottetown Orchestra, to the Club Pipe and Drum Band; and to all who took part under them in contributing to the success of the entertainment. The piano used by the orchestra was kindly loaned by Miller Bros. Tonight, when the concert is being repeated, another large and appreciative audience is expected. The proceeds are being devoted exclusively to charitable purposes.

LABOR ADOPTS NEW CABINET SYSTEM

(British United Press)

LONDON, Jan. 24—Labor evidently intends to inauguarte a new system of Government within the cabinet by forming committees which will deal with the details of administration, leaving the full cabinet free and unfettered in their discussions of matters relating to a general policy. Ramasay MacDonald is adopting a practise that has long been in vogue in Labor organizations, believing this practise will result in greater efficiency and less loss of time.

The first committee of this kind will probably consist of the Home Secretary, Labor Secretary and the secretary of the Board of Trade to deal with the railway strike.

The second committee, consisting of the Prime Minister, the Secretary of State for War and the First Lord of the Admiralty, will determine on the form of recognition which will be granted Soviet Russia and thereafter will take up the problem of reparations and the Ruhr occupation. This latter committee will seriously consider the report made to the government by Mr. Olive, Consul General at Munich who in the closing days of the last administration was sent in to Palatinate to make an enquiry into the rumors of French influence on the side of Separatists and has submitted a report regarding the attitude of the population of Palatinate towards separation from the Reich.

BRITISH PREMIER STRIKING EXAMPLE OF SELF-MADE MAN

Ramsay MacDonald Described by Communist as "Late Victorian Liberal"–He was Apparently "Born With Instinct for Parliamentary Defence and Attack."

The following article on the career of J. Ramsay MacDonald appears in the Montreal Gazette.—James Ramsay MacDonald, Premier-designate of Great Britain, is 57 years of age. He was born at Lossiemouth—a fishing village in Scotland—the son of a farm laborer. He left school before he was 14, and went to work to help support the family. He worked on the land for a time and then went back to his elementary school as a pupil teacher, and today he wears the watch his old schoolmaster bequeathed him. He early showed signs of bookishness, and revelled in the historical associations and legends of his birthplace and of Scotland. He read all the books to be found in the libraries of Lossiemouth and Elgin.

MacDonald went to London first when 19, and his first job was that of an invoice clerk in a box factory, but he attended evening classes and continued scientific experiments in the laboratory of an acquaintance. His health gave way under the strain on the eve of taking his final science examination. Later, when he had recovered, he turned from science to journalism and politics.

His first political experience was as secretary to Thomas Lough, in the years 1888 to 1892. He became a member of the Social Democratic Federation, the Fabian Society and the London Trades Council. As secretary of the London branch of the Scottish Home Rule League, he met Keir Hardie. He joined the Independent Labor party a year after its formation in 1894, and Keir Hardie described MacDonald as the party's "greatest intellectual asset." In the years 1911 to 1914 he was leader of the Parliamentary Labor party, resigning at the outbreak of war. He publicly opposed Britain's entry into the great war. When the nation was once in the fight, however, he made the best of the situation and his son served as an ambulance driver in France. He also supported the Government as a member of Parliament in all the big war questions.

HIS JOURNALISTIC WORK.

MacDonald's journalistic work has been intermittent since 1892, in which year he was on the staff of The Weekly Dispatch. Later he wrote for The Echo, when it was edited by Passmore Edwards, and when F. W. Pethick-Lawrence, now member of Parliament for West Leicester, was a colleague. He was special correspondent of The Echo in South Africa after the Boer War, and a book he wrote at the time—"What I Saw In South Africa"—caused some sensation. He also wrote for The Daily Chronicle at one time, and was editor for a brief period of The Labor Leader. From 1916-1922 he wrote a weekly article in Forward, the Glasgow Labor organ, while recently he edited The Socialist Review and frequently contributed to The New Leader.

He is a Scot of Scots, and his speech unmistakably shows it. His voice is described as a pleasant, well modulated one. He is one of the best speakers in the House Commons; no ranter, even under the stress of great emotion during heated debate.

MacDonald, like Stanley Baldwin, has the briar pipe habit and is devoted to golf. MacDonald has two houses—one in the Hampstead section of London and the other in Lossiemouth. At the latter he generally spends his summers and Christmas with his two sons and three daughters. Every holiday he reads aloud to his children one or two of Scott's novels. Both his houses contain fine libraries.

MacDonald has made a lifelong study of John Knox and his times and when defeated in 1918 at Leicester he planned to retire and write a life of Knox.

One of MacDonald' greatest friendships was that with the late Lord Morley. He went to see Morley at his Wimbledon home nearly every Sunday. He is also a close friend of Thomas Hardy.

MacDonald is of medium height, raw-boned, gray haired. There is an abundance of humor in his gray-blue eyes, but also fire and intensity. He is capable of great emotion, also of keeping it well under control.

Singled Out by The King

It is noteworthy that on more than one occasion King George has singled out MacDonald at a big function as has the Prince of Wales.

MacDonald (writes one who knows him intimately) is not of the stripe of labor man averse to sitting at the table with royalty or aristocracy. He supports the belief of that section of his party which holds that a man has a right to do as he pleases, so far as his social engagements are concerned.

His eldest son, Alister, is an architect. The second son, Malcolm, is at Queen's College, Oxford, and was the Labor candidate in the Bassettlaw Division at Nottingham at the recent election. His nickname there was "Chip"—chip of the old block. He has three daughters, Isabel, the oldest, who is 20, very pretty, with brown rather curly hair, is studying household and domestic science and social service at King's College, Oxford. It is said that she will now be the chatelaine of 10 Downing Street.

Mr. MacDonald is a widower. His wife was the daughter of Prof. J. Hall Gladstone, and his great affection for her was revealed in a memoir which he wrote. She devoted a large part of her life to social and industrial activities, especially those affecting women. In his memoir to his wife he frequ-

(Continued on Page 3)

Condensed Specials

RATE—2c per word, net each insertion in this column.

*TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE centrally located—Prince Street. Apply Box 177.—tf.

WANTED— GIRL TO WORK IN kitchen. Apply Victoria Hotel. 31

*HAY FOR SALE—AT ORWELL Corner. Apply G. H. Jenkins Millview.—1150-1-24-3i.

*NOTICE—NO ROTARY SAWING for February. R. L. Coles, Milton Mills.—1154-1-24-3i.

*WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST IN housework. Apply Mrs. A. Allison Holmes, R. R. No. 3 Ch'town. 1148-1-24-2i

OFFICE TO LET—SMALL COMfortable office to let. Apply J. E. Harris, DesBrisay Block. 1156-1-24-3i

*FOR SALE—A QUANTITY OF scrap leather suitable for lobster traps. S. L. Hardy & Co. City. 1155-1-24-2i

TO LET — ROOMS (HEATED) ground floor. Apply 70 Prince St. 1135-1-23-3i

FARM FOR SALE SITUATED IN Forest Hill. For particulars apply to Mrs Henry D. McKenzie, Forest Hill. 1132-1-23-3i.

*AUCTION SALE OF MR. JAMES Simonds, at Dingwell's Mills will be held Monday, January 28th, at 10 o'clock sharp. 1093-1-21-6i

*FOR SALE OR TO LET—CORner store and dwelling house combined, centrally located. Apply "M" C.O, Guardian. 961-1-16-tf.

*WANTED.—YOUNG WOMEN TO train as nurses. At least one year High School required. Monthly allowance of $12-14 with maintenance, uniforms and text books. School is accredited and offers excellent course. Advantage of training in new building equipped entirely up-to-date. Please make application for classes entering March 1st or September 1st. Address Besse Etter, Superintendent of Nurses, The Meriden Hospital, Meriden, Conn. 109..-1-21-7i

Federal Forces Rout Revolutionaries

(Canadian Press.)

TAMPICO, Jan. 24:—Federal forces engaged in driving rebel bands out of the oil districts, have taken the town of Ozuluama in Hausteca region. The rebels yesterday took possession of Linares, between Monterey and Ciudadvictoria, but the federal column sent from Monterey regained the town. More than fifty revolutionaries were killed in the engagement.

Frozen to Death While Fighting Fire

(Canadian Press.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Fire Lieutenant Donovan dropped dead last night from cold while fighting a fire which destroyed a garment factory in Queens. Two children were rescued by Patrolman Warnken, when the blaze was spread by a high wind to a nearby tenant.

Lieutenant Donovan was helping a hose nozzle with a crew of horsemen in a temperature of four degrees above zero. The spray from the stream was blown back by the wind into their faces and coated their rubber garments with ice. The fire fighter's form was a mass of ice when it was carried to a neighboring house.

*FOUND — PURSE CONTAINING small sum of money. Apply E. 11. c/o Guardian.

FOR SALE—NEWLY FRESHENed milch cow. Apply A. D. Feehan, Savage Harbour. 1169-1-25-2i.

*WANTED—A GOOD SECOND hand driving wagon. Apply at Empire Hotel. 1170-1-25-2i.

*FOR SALE—A SQUARE PIANO in perfect order. Call at once. L. N. Marcou, 179 Sydney Street. 1162-1-25-1i.

TENDERS FOR FARMS—SEALED tenders will be received by the undersigned up to March 1, 1924, for the following farms in New Perth: Cameron farm, 70 acres; Buchanan farm, 80 acres; Gordon farm, 100 acres. Tenders may be for the 250 acres or for each farm. Also for the Mulligan farm on corner of 48 and Baldwin's Roads. Michael Corcoran, Baldwin's Road, P. E. I.

Many People Frozen During Cold Spell

(Canadian Press)

NEW YORK, Jan. 24. The recent cold wave covered a large part of the country, burying many sections under thick blankets of snow and in others driving temperatures low enough to menace life. It extended as far south as the Gulf of Mexico.

Two young women and a man were found frozen to death in an automobile eight miles east of Conway, Ark., after another man in the party had staggered to a main highway and hailed a passing car. A man was found frozen to death in the bottom of a launch on the Grand River at Grand Rapids, Michigan. Another man was found frozen to death on a sidewalk at Monroe, Mich.

Chicago, in its third cold wave of the Winter, shivered in a temperature of 13 degrees below zero. Zero temperatures were reported throughout Michigan and Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Colorado, Wisconsin, the Dakotas and Minnesota. Freezing weather prevailed in the gulf states, Mobile, Alabama, recording 23 above. The lowest reading was 40 degrees below zero at White River, Ontario.

Substantial Progress Looked For In Miners' Wage Scale

(Canadian Press)

SYDNEY, Jan. 24 — Representatives of the United Mine workers of America, district executive and management of the British Empire Steel Corporation at a meeting this morning at the company's office at Glace Bay, continued their efforts to find a way out of the difficulty which arose when following the expiration of their wage contract with the men. The company announced reduction of twenty per cent. Neither side would discuss any progress made in negotiations when the conference arose at noon, both sides having agreed to make nothing public, till the issue is settled one way or another.

It is generally believed that a substantial progress is being made and that the agreement providing a wage scale somewhere between the 1921 and 1923 rates will eventually be reached.

Regrets That The Strike Must Continue

(Canadian Press)

LONDON, Jan. 24—The proposed conference between railway managers and enginemen for the discussions of issues involved in the present strike has fallen through and J. Bromley, secretary of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen, announced this afternoon that he "regretted" that the strike must continue.

Warns Against Spread of "Timidity" Rumors

(Canadian Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Sensational warnings against the spread of the kind of rumors that were freely circulated during the recent election campaign were uttered yesterday by W. C. Goodenough, chairman, and Sir Herbert Hambling, deputy chairman, in addressing the shareholders of Barclays Bank at the annual meeting. The former said British credit never stood higher since the war than it does today. While payment of the American debt still remains the great problem said the chairman, two factors helping to alleviate the inconvenience of these payments are the high standing of British credit and also the probable upward movement of gold prices which will have a decided reaction on price levels in United States. Sir Herbert declared that those timorous people who had been investigating in dollar securities for safety during the last twelve months would have to crawl back from this position in a few years and take substantial losses for their timidity.

G. T. R. Stock Speculators

(British United Press)

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Heavy speculation in Grand Trunk Pacific four - percent. debentures by "bull" operators during the last few days is believed to be due to a confident expectation on the part of investors that the long overdue interest will be forthcoming next March. This prediction ignores the fact that so far the Canadian government has persisted in refusing to state its intentions in the matter. The "bulls" believe this stock would rise at least fifteen points in London market if interest were paid. Should the prediction prove unfounded and the Ottawa government persist in its refusal to come to the rescue of debenture holders there is bound to be a slump in the stock.

Canadian Ranger is Reported Safe

(Canadian Press)

ST. JJOHN, Jan. 24 — "Will reach port Sunday" was the tidings received at the local office of the Canadian Government Merchant Marine today from the Canadian Ranger, which has been over twenty-five days from Aniwerp.

Large Contract Goes To French Firm

(Canadian Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Municipal corporation of Londonderry has accepted the tender of a French firm for the supply of cast iron pipes at 300 pounds less than the lowest British tender for pipes. The municipality explains that this action was taken on the ground, that as a result of the recent general election that British industries are not protected as they should be.

Can. Shoe Mfrs. Are Supported

(Canadian Press.)

MONTREAL, Jan. 24.—An appeal of the Canadian Shoe Manufacturers Association for higher protection against the imports of boots and shoes from Great Britain and Germany, was supported unanimously at a joint meeting of representatives of all branches of the shoe and allied trades at a convention which closed yesterday.

Mystery Airplane Off Newfoundland

SYDNEY, N. S. Jan. 24—Captain Spracklin, manager of the Reid-Newfoundland Railway Company at North Sydney, reports information from the captain of the steamer Kyle, which reached port tonight, that about 8.15 yesterday evening an airplane flying low circled about Port Aux Basques several times and then disappeared in a south easterly direction.

A 72-mile gale was blowing at the time, accompanied by snow squalls, but the airship was quite visible between squalls and the exhaust from the engine could be heard plainly. There is considerable speculation as to the identity of the craft.

Merchants Bank At South Dakota Had Close Shave

(Canadian Press.)

REDFIELD, S. D., Jan. 24.—Heavy withdrawals caused losing in the Merchants Bank of Redfield, with deposits of $450,000. It was announced yesterday. The Bank's financee are said to be "well in hand."

Thirty Percent. Liquor Profits For Edmonton

(Canadian Press)

EDMONTON, JJan. 24—The urban and rural municipalities of the province will likely be given thirty per cent liquor profits under the new liquor act, which is now in course of preparation according to an announcement made by Premier Greenfield, last night.

Announcements, Coming Events, Meetings, Etc

RATES.—2 cents per word each insertion.

**Don't miss Concert and Social at Bonshaw Hall, Jan. 30th. Charlottetown Talent. Admission 15c 21 and 25c.

**Plan on attending the concert in Hunter River Hall on Tuesday, Jan. 29, under the auspices of the L.O.B.A. Admission 15 and 25 cts. 1171-1-25-1i

**The concert which was to be held in Pownal on Tuesday, January 22nd has been postponed until Monday, January 28th. If not fine on that date, the first fine night following. 1163-1-25-1i.

The Weather, Etc.

TORONTO, Jan. 25—Maritime forecast: Winds increasing to gales, from Southeast shifting to west; snow and rain.

Temperature yesterday: Max. 13, Min. 5.

High tide this afternoon at 1.32 and tomorrow morning at 1.13.

Sun sets this afternoon at 4.56 and rises tomorrow morning at 7.38.

Last quarter moon, Tuesday, January 29th, 1.53 a. m.

Summerside tide eighteen minutes later than Charlottetown.

AMERICAN PRISONS FILLED WITH YOUTH

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 24—Breaking down and letting up of home influence nowadays is responsible for the major portion of our crimes, C. E. Matson, county attorney, said.

"If I were in the Legislature I would repeal the entire code of criminal procedure, indeterminate sentence and pardon laws, and let these young roosters know that when they stuck their fingers on a red-hot stove they would get burned," Matson said.

A vast majority of the prisoners now serving time in the State's prison here are under 30 and the number under 18 has vastly increased, said Matson. Forty-four and six-tenths per cent. of the prisoners in State penal institutions today were sentenced when under 18 years of age.

"No other civilized country has more crime than the United States," Matson said. "The laws in other countries operate to protect the citizen and his property."