THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

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CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1914

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EARL ROBERTS DIED IN FRANCE

Whither he had Gone to Greet the Indian Troops Was Taken Suddenly Ill Thursday and Passed Away Saturday Night of Pneumonia.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Field-Marshall Earl Roberts died last night in France from pneumonia. A telegram from Field-Marshall Sir John French, Commander-in-Chief of the British expeditionary forces on the Continent, apprised Earl Kitchener, Secretary of State for War, of the death of England's great soldier. The telegram read: "I deeply regret to tell you that Lord Roberts died at 8 o'clock this (Saturday) evening."

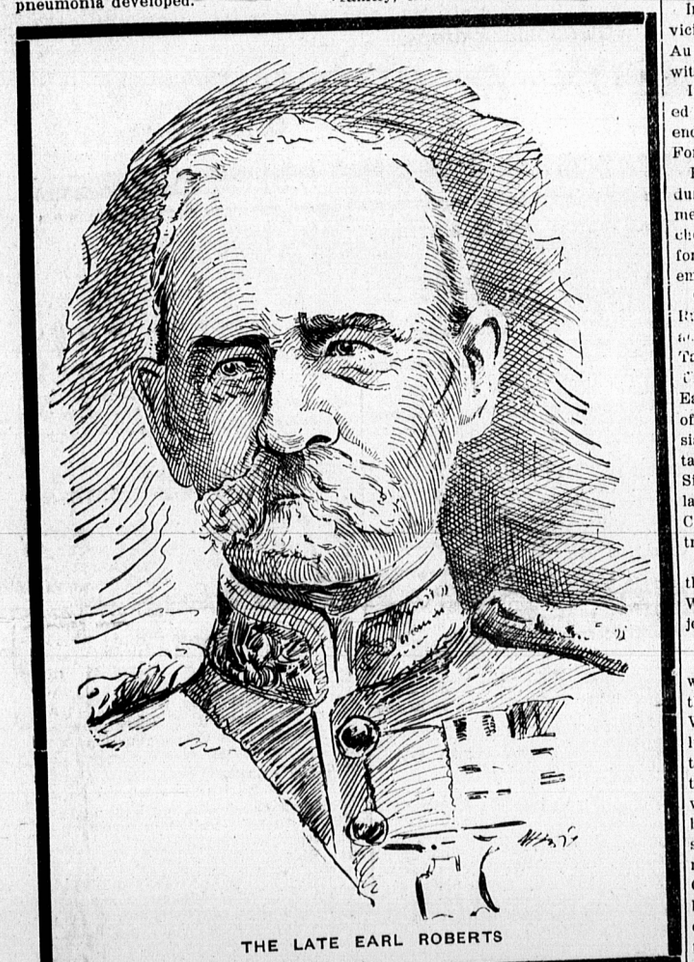
Field-Marshall Roberts, who was Colonel-in-Chief of the Indian troops, had gone to France to give them his greetings, and soon after his arrival he became seriously ill. He suffered from a severe chill on Thursday, and pneumonia developed.

British bases and camps, had reviewed the Indian troops and had conferred with the leading officers. It was not until after dinner Friday evening that he complained of a slight chill. He was subject more or less to trifling chest troubles, and he followed his usual course, went to bed early. As his temperature increased medical men were called, who pronounced his condition critical. They relieved the General of what pain he was suffering, and he fell asleep. His death occurred during his sleep.

Frederick Sleigh Roberts, first Earl of Kandahar, Pretoria and Waterford, was born in Cawnpore, India, September 30, 1832. He came from a soldier family, his father being General Sir Abraham Roberts, G.C.B., his mother a daughter of Major Abraham Bunbury, of the 62nd Foot. Roberts was sent to England for his education, first to Eton, thence to Sandhurst, and finally to Addiscombe. He was six years a second lieutenant, and became lieutenant only a short time before the days of the Indian Mutiny. He received his first commission, as second lieutenant of the Bengal Artillery, on December 12, 1851, and became Lieutenant on June 3, 1857. With the spirit of a true soldier he was to be found in the thick of the fighting during the bloody campaign in India, in which he first distinguished himself by his bravery and won the Victoria Cross by rescuing a British standard and saving the life of a Sowar during action on January 2, 1858.

He took part in numerous battles and skirmishes, and was seven times mentioned in despatches between December 15, 1857, and June 8, 1858, and also received the thanks of the Governor-General. The rules of the corps to which he belonged, however, stood in the way of his promotion, and it was not until November 12, 1860, that he became captain, and on the next day was made brevet major. In that rank he remained eight years. He was made Quartermaster-General of the Second Division in the Abyssinian Expedition in 1868, and superintended the re-embarkation of the

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO)



THE LATE EARL ROBERTS

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The death of Field-Marshall Earl Roberts, which occurred last night at the headquarters of the British Expeditionary Force in France, was extremely sudden. He was in his usual good health when he left England on Wednesday with his daughter, Lady Aileen Roberts, and his son-in-law, Major Lewin.

The party had a rough trip crossing the Channel, but the aged General felt no ill effects, and went through with his programme on the Continent. In fact he was about to return home when his death occurred.

Earl Roberts had motored to the

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

ONE CENT per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany all orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

**HIGH TEA. at St. Joseph's Convent, Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. the 25th and 26th. 6541

**VOICE SPECIALIST, Prof. H. A. Tanton, teacher of voice culture, piano or organ. Voice culture a specialty. Studio, 146 Great George St., Charlottetown. 6525-11-14mtf

**ERRORPROOF TYPEWRITING.—Miss Dorothy Liebtag wrote 71 words a minute for fifteen minutes from unfamiliar matter, absolutely without error, on a Remington Typewriter. She is not a trained speed expert either. A. Milne Fraser, Halifax, N. S.

**CINEMA SHOW.— Do you want to enter the Cinema Show business? You can have complete equipment to travel the country for $150. Marvellous offer. For particulars apply The Guardian Office. 6155-10-12Mtf.

**CONFERENCE OF SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS.—On Monday afternoon, Nov. 16th, Rev. J. K. Curtis, B.A., will meet in conference the Sunday School workers of the First Methodist and Grace Churches, in the Hertz Memorial Hall at 3 p.m. In the evening a public meeting will be addressed by Mr Curtis, and lantern views will be shown. All are cordially invited to attend. A collection for Sunday School work will be taken. 6532-68wm2i

THE WEATHER THE TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

(Special to the Guardian.)

TORONTO, Nov. 16.—Maritime: South-east to south-west gales, with rain.

THE WEATHER.—The weather yesterday was beautifully mild, with bright sunshine.

The tide will be high this morning at 9.22, and to-morrow at 10.20. It will be high to-night at 9.9, and to-morrow at 9.54.

The sun sets this afternoon at 4.28, and to-morrow at 4.26; it rises to-morrow morning at 7.3, and Wednesday at 7.5.

The moon sets this afternoon at 3.25.

The last quarter of the moon was on Tuesday, Nov. 10th, at 7.37 p.m.

There will be a new moon to-morrow (Nov. 17th) at 12.2 p.m.

The length of to-day will be nine hours and twenty-seven minutes.

Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria. Minard's Liniment cures Rheumatism.

GERMAN ATTEMPTS TO REACH CALAIS HAVE BEEN FRUSTRATED

The Allies Have Successfully Repulsed the Enemy at Every Point the Germans are now Preparing Three Lines of Defence From the North Sea to the Rhine to be Used in the Event of Retreat.

SUMMARY OF THE SITUATION

PARIS, Nov. 14.—(Official this afternoon.)—The German attack against the head of the Bridge of Nieuport resulted in failure. Various efforts in the offensive movements on the part of the enemy in this region and East and Southeast of Ypres have been checked.

In the Environs of Bixschote we have progressed one kilometre toward the East.

Between the Canal Labasse and Arras our troops made minor progress.

In the region of Lassigny and in the vicinity of the Aisne as far as Berry Au Bac, the Germans attacked but without success.

In Argonne fighting has recommenced with greater spirit. The enemy endeavored, but in vain to recapture Fort Deparis St. Hubert.

Particularly in the vicinity of Verdun several partial offensive movements on the part of the enemy were checked by the fire of our artillery before the forward movement of the enemy's infantry could be undertaken.

On the Eastern battle-front the Russians continue to advance. Vienna admitting officially has occupied Tarnow, Jaslo and Krasno in Galicia. The occupation of Johannesburg in East Prussia is regarded here as being of great strategetic value to the Russians. The Germans reported having taken guns from Cracow to Oppot, in Silesit, fifty miles Southeast of Breslau and have left the defense of the Cracow fortress entirely to the Austrian garrison.

The opinion of British observers is that the City Danzig on the coast of West Prussia, looms as the Russian objective.

(Special to the Guardian.)

LONDON, Nov. 15.—After four weeks of the most desperate fighting there is a lull in the battle in Flanders. With this lull, however, has come little relief for the men in the trenches. as the artillery and rifle fire to which they have been subjected with hardly any intermission has been replaced by severe storms. In some parts of England the storm reaches the proportions of a blizzard. On the sea a heavy gale rages. The battlefields are getting their full share of wind and rain. For the most part the opposing armies have been content to shell each other at long range, but the Germans made several attacks around Ypres, which, according to the French General Staff, have been repulsed, with heavy losses. Despite these losses, it is now believed that the Germans have not any intention of giving up the attempt to reach the French coast, and the Allies are making elaborate preparations to block further advance in France. Extensive defence works have been erected along the Yser canal, and the French armies are holding that line from the Belgian border south to the River Oise, and pushing forward the approach works, which place them in a better position for either defence of offensive.

The Germans report that they have taken a few hundred British and French prisoners, but that unfavourable weather impeded their progress. Concerning the fighting around Dixmude, the public must rely in unofficial reports. Here it is said the Germans are finding the destroyed village a death trap. They have been unable to Debouch from this point in the day time, as all approaches are commanded by the Allies' guns, and night attacks have met with disaster.

The fact is apparent that neither side has been able to make any considerable advance, both being so well entrenched that neither artillery nor infantry can move them. The Germans are turning Belgium into a fortress, which means that if they do not succeed in advancing they intend to be prepared for retreat.

GERMAN GARRISONS ORDERED TO BRESLAU

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A Copenhagen dispatch states that all garrisons in the interior of Germany, as well as all recruits and volunteers have been directed to proceed to Breslau immediately. A million and a half volunteers have been mobilized but a serious lack of uniforms and equipment is felt.

Minard's liniment cures garget on cows

(Special to The Guardian)

PARIS, Nov. 15.—All attempts of the Germans to reach Calais have been frustrated by forests of bayonets presented by the Allied French, Belgian and British troops. The opposing forces in these regions are about equal, which accounts for the fact that neither side has been able to overwhelm the other at any of the three chief points of combat a tDixmude, Ypres and Armentiers.

French official reports declare the Germans have been repulsed everywhere. Attacks by the Germans have been carried out at each place with heavy masses of men in the belief that one point might yield. Some hamlets in the neighborhood of Dixmude which had been taken and retaken three or four times are now in the hands of the Allies who are strongly situated on the canal crossing which would be of great importance to the Germans. The most intense interest is concentrated in that portion of the extended battlefield. Other points also are still the scene of conflicts which resulted in nothing more definite than the capture of a few trenches.

It is officially announced that two German regimental flags found in the trenches formerly occupied by the Germans on the Marne have been handed to Field Marshal Sir John French by General Joffre as they were discovered opposite the position held by the British.

(Special to The Guardian)

GENEVA, Nov. 15.—The German army staff has prepared three formidable defensive lines from the North Sea to the Rhine to be used in the event of retreat, according to a Swiss army officer, who recently returned from Germany. The first line of defense extends from Antwerp southward to Namur and Sedan, he says. The second is on the frontier between Macztricht, Luxemburg and Metz. The third is on the Rhine itself extending from Basel to Cologne and even further. The officer did not visit Alsace or Lorraine. The Swiss officer predicts a long battle similar to those on the Marne and Aisne to be repeated at each of those lines unless Russia attacke strongly in the meantime.

CRACOW CAPTURED BY RUSSIANS

LONDON, Nov. 14.—According to a news agency dispatch from Rome, the Russian Embassy there has received a message stating that Cracow has been captured. This news is not official.

REPORTED RECAPTURE OF DIXMUDE

(Special to The Guardian)

LONDON, Nov 14.—The Germans had not long in which to congratulate themselves on seizure of the mass of ruins which was once the illstarred town of Dixmude. They were sprayed with shrapnel and shattered with high explosives shells until extermination threatened them. The appearance of French marines with bayonets rapidly convinced them that the death rate would be too high if they remained. Hence Dixmude is ours again.

The Germans have made a slight advance against Ypres, but it is doubtful if they can hold the village of Steleci. At La Basse the Germans are attempting to drive a wedge into the allied line by a concentrated heavy gun fire. There has been a considerable bulge in the line here for some time but the Allies hold their positions on either flank.

CANADIAN TROOPS IN FIRING LINE

PARIS, Nov. 14.—Some Canadian troops are now in France and are along the line from the North Sea to Arras, according to reports received in Paris today. Canadians were evidently rushed from England to the continent to reinforce the British lines when the Germans massed formidable reinforcements against the Allies in Western Belgium.

PROTEST AGAINST LIONIZING CAPTAIN OF CRUISER EMDEN

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A storm of protest has been aroused in Melbourne by the suggestion that Captain Carl Von Muller, commander of the German cruiser Emden, which was destroyed recently by the Australian cruiser, Sydney, be given a public reception, in recognition of his gallantry and courtesy, when he arrives at that city.

This statement is made in a despatch from the Melbourne correspondent of Reuters Telegram Company.

FRENCH OFFICIAL

(Special to the Guardian.)

PARIS, Nov. 15.—Sunday afternoon the French official statement said:—"Yesterday was relatively a quiet day on the whole front. It was characterised principally by artillery combats. The Germans, however, again attempted several attacks to the north, east and south of Ypres. They were all repulsed with considerable losses to them. To sum up, all efforts made by Germans during the last several days have resulted only in the capture of the village of Dixmude, whose isolated position on the right bank of the canal rendered its defence difficult. Between the Lys and the Oise trench fighting continued upon the greatest part of the front. Upon the remainder of the front, as far as Lorraine and in the Vosges, there was detached artillery firing or minor actions without importance.

(Special to The Guardian)

PARIS, Nov. 15.—The following official communication was issued by the War Office to-night. The most notable incident of the day has been the throwing back of the enemy on the right bank of the Yser canal. That part of the left bank which the Germans previously held has been completely evacuated. We have re-taken to the south of Dixchoote a small wood which had been lost following a night attack. At the end of the day the enemy had shown no success in the offensive to the south of Ypres. On the rest of the front there is nothing to report.

RUSSIAN OFFICIAL

(Special to the Guardian.)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 15.—Leaving the defence of Cracow mainly in the hands of Austrians and attempting to hold the Russian advance along the Polish frontier only by desultory rearguard action, the Germans, according to the view of the situation held in Petrograd, are to-day withdrawing their main body into Silesia, whence many are being sent north to the region between Thom and the River Warthe. In this territory the Germans are taking advantage of small numbers of Russian troops and are attempting an energetic advance at the same time as they move forward on both banks of the lower Vistula.

(Special to the Guardian.)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 15.—General Staff of the Russian army gives out an official announcement as follows:—"In East Prussia we continue to make progress. We have captured five German Howitzers near Soldau. On November 13th we forced Germans to retire from Pypin. Between the Vistula and Warthe we have had encounters with advance detachments of the enemy. In the direction of Cracow, Russian troops have crossed the River Sabreniava. We have occupied Tarnow in Galicia."

(Special to The Guardian)

PETROGRAD, Nov. 15.—The following official communication was issued from general headquarters tonight. In the East Prussian front at Stallapoaen around Angerburg and near Johannisburg our troops are making successful progress in fighting. The action continues in the region of Soldau and Heidenberg, where we have progressed notwithstanding desprate resistance by the enemy. On the left bank of the Vistula the battle proceeds developing along the front from Flock (Poland) to the river Warthe. On the front between Kalissand and Wislun the enemy has withdrawn. In the neighborhood of Czenztochowa towards the south the enemy attempted an offensive but failed. Our march on Cracow continues.

In Galacia the Austrians are seeking to organize the defence on the San River in Dounacitz region, the west front comprising Zubno and Tarnow and on Wiskola on Juslo front.

In the region to the south of the Galician front our troops the advancing towards the passes across the Carpathians.

INHABITANTS FORBIDDEN TO LEAVE ANTWERP

(Special to The Guardian)

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 14.—A proclamation has been issued in Antwerp prohibiting all inhabitants, including Germans, leaving that city, according to the Niuews Van Don Dag.

POPE URGES CHARITY TO WOUNDED TROOPS.

ROME, Nov. 13.—Pope Benedict has written letters to several of the archbishops and bishops in the belligerent countries exhorting them to urge upon their people bestowal to charity upon wounded prisoners, irrespective of their nationality or religious views, "helping them all and thus making once more shine the light of Christendom."

In his letter to Cardinal Lucon, archbishop of Rheims, the Pope evpressed deep sorrow for the disastrous consequences of the war both from the religious and the artistic standpoint.

MUNITIONS OF WAR SENT TO CANADA

From United States, if Sold in Regular Way, Constitutes no Breach of Neutrality Laws is Answer of Sec. Bryan to German-American Complaint

(Special to the Guardian.)

OSKOSH, Wis., Nov. 15.—German-Americans who sent a telegram to President Wilson, notifying him that a train load of armament for Canada had passed through the city on the Soo Road, have received a reply from Secretary of State Bryan. The reply reads: "Your telegram Nov. 9 received. If cannon and ammunition are sold in United States and shipped out in ordinary course of trade, there is no violation of the neutrality law of the United States."

ISLAND SCHOONER SUNK IN PICTOU

A telegram received Saturday by Messrs. Hyndman & Co., states that the schooner Harry B., lying at anchor in Pictou harbor was run into on Saturday morning by the schooner Dictator and sunk. The Harry B., was loaded with produce for Sydney by the Messrs. Wright Bros., of Victoria, and put into Pictou for shelter. Vessel and cargo are both lost and are covered by insurance by the Messrs. Hyndman & Co. Action will likely be taken against the Dictator for damages.

MINES SCARE LOBSTERS.

LONDON, Nov. 14.— It may be necessary in the near future for the fish merchants here to import lobsters from America, as the presence of mines in the North Sea is said to have greatly curtailed the supply, while the frequent explosion of mines had so greatly agitated the lobsters that it is believed they have deserted some breeding places there.

In th Grimsby fishing trade more than a score of trawlers have been lost as a result of mine explosions and the greater proportion of the crews drowned—there are half a dozen trawlers over-due. It is estimated that in boats alone the Grimsby trade has suffered to the extent of $600,000, most of which is borne by local insurance.

UNABLE TO GET STEAMER FOR TRANSPORT

(Special to The Guardian)

MONTREAL, Nov. 14.—Inability to secure a steamer for the transport of supplies on hand as well as a large quantity of wheat to be purchased for Belgian sufferers, led the Belgian Relief Fund Committee to decide upon selling the vegetables in order to save loss. There are over 5,000 bags of potatoes, besides large consignments of other vegetables. These will be disposed of by a leading Montreal commission house at a low rate of commission. Five large storage houses are being used by the Committee and these will soon be filled.

LONDON SCARE ABATING

(Special to The Guardian)

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A reaction from the timorousness in regard to Zeppelins is evident in London, not only on account of the inconvenience caused by the obscured lights, but because of the actual dangers from darkness. All efforts to persuade motor drivers to go slowly at night have failed and the result of the dark streets has been a considerable increase of motor accidents during the month. Continental cities that always twitted Londou as retiring at the same hour as the cows have now adequate reason for the joke, as the streets are almost deserted by eleven o'clock. The Zeppelin scare and the consequent darkness have hit the theatres, as the residents of the suburbs are not inclined to come to London for night performances. Hotel and restaurant proprietors have also suffered loss of trade. The people are therefore asking if the Zeppelin scare should be taken seriously, especially as at this season the weather is too stormy for long aerial voyages.

WAS THE AUDACIOUS DAMAGED BY MINE?

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Whether the superdreadnought Audacious, one of England's newest and greatest fighting ships is still patrolling the North Sea or is beached, the victim of a German mine, is one of the war's mysteries here today.

It has been persistently rumored that the Aadacious hit a mine and was so seriously damaged that it was necessary for the converted White Star liner Olympic to tow her to harbor where the sea fighter was beached. The Admiralty is silent as to the rumors which have been circulated.

Unconfirmed reports declare the Audacious sighted a vessel, flying a Swedish flag, laying mines off the Irish coast. The Dreadnought warned the Olympic by wireless but very soon hit one of the mines herself.

One of the rumors is that the boilers of the Audacious exploded and that upwards of 140 of the crew were scalded.

RED STAR LINER ASHORE IN THE ST. LAWRENCE

(Special to The Guardian)

MONTREAL, Nov. 14.—In a blinding snowstorm the Red Star Liner Zeeland, operating in the White Star Dominion service, ran ashore at noon to-day ten miles below Sorel. She is stuck fast on a mud bottom, although reports indicate that she has not suffered damage. It is thought she may be released before long, although some dredging may possibly have to be done first. One hundred passengers were taken off the Zeeland and brought to Montreal on the Grand Trunk and Quebec Southern trains. The Zeeland registers 12,000 tons. She was taken off the New York route for transport duty when the Canadian contingent crossed the ocean.

VESSEL ASHORE FOUR DROWNED

(Special to the Guardian.)

PARRSBORO, November 15.—The Southern State Anthonia, from St John for Selmah, with a general cargo went ashore in a gale Friday night at the mouth of Advocate Harbour, near Parrsboro, and is a total wreck. Of the crew of five men, only the mate, Samuel Redmond, is known to be saved. He was found on a spar Saturday. Redmond and two others got on a piece of wreckage, but were washed off and the others drowned, while Redmond caught a broken spar. The vessel was struck by a gale and driven ashore at low water.

CANADIAN SENTRY MADE NO MISTAKE.

OTTAWA, Nov. 14.— Word has reached Ottawa that an exchange of shots in the Canadian camp at Salisbury Plain resulted in a Canadian sentry being wounded by a pistol bullet in the leg, while a suspicious character was shot dead by the sentry.

An examination of the body revealed phials containing cholera germs. It is stated the authorities agree the man was an enemy seeking to spread infection in the Canadian camp.

CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges twenty-five cents.

PRIME SAUSAGES.—Best in the city. From selected young pork. Drake & Co. 6262-10-28m1m

WANTED—A RELIABLE MIDDLE aged woman for family of two. Enquire 15 Pleasant St. 6547-M2i.

FOXES WANTED—ONE PAIR AND one Dog Class C or D. Care of D. K., Guardian.

WANTED—TWO PAIRS OF CURLing stones. Describe color, age, &c. P. O. Box 55, Charlottetown. 6423-11-7m4i

LOST—On November 6th, in or around the Market House, or on the street, a Sunshade. Finder please leave at Guardian office. 6542-11-16m1i

FOR SALE.—A NUMBER OF EXTRA good female patch foxes for sale proved breeders. Apply to Walter J. Lantz, R. R. No. 6, Charlottetown. 6483 11-12M1i.

AGENTS WANTED — PORTRAIT agents wanted. Send for catalogue. Solar and bromide prints, portraits flat and convex, frames and sheet pictures. Merchants Portrait Co., Toronto. 6539-11-16M6i.

NO EXCUSE for wearing a faded Suit or Coat. You can have them made to look as good as new at Charlottetown Dye Works, 140 Great George Street. Archie McLeod, manager. 6471-11-12m3i

CINEMATOGRAPH MACHINE WITH complete acetyline gas equipment for sale. Excellent opportunity to enter a most profitable business on most reasonable terms. For particulars apply The Guardian Office. 6156-10-22Mtf.

WANTED—At once best prices on one to five pairs class "A" foxes; also one to three class "A" females. State necessary particulars, as to pedigree, age, etc. Address M., care of Guardian. 6543-11-16m3i

LADIES WANTED TO DO EASY, pleasant, coloring work at home. Can make $15 to $20 weekly. Experience unnecessary, no canvassing. National Decorating Co., Dept. N, 69 Adelaide St. East, Toronto, Ont. 6540-11-16M26iE261.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.