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THE CHARLOTTE TOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, MONDAY, JULY 19, 1915

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INSPIRING PATRIOTIC MEETING HELD IN CHARLOTTETOWN

RUSSIAN FORCES DEFEAT AUSTRIANS

Inflicting Severe Losses on Enemy and Capturing Many Prisoners.

(Special to The Guardian) GENEVA, July 17.—via Paris—The Tribune prints the following despatch from its correspondent at the front: Austro-Hungarian forces which attempted to dislodge the Russians from positions along the Vistula river have been repulsed with heavy losses, the Russians, attacking in turn occupied a mile of Austrian trenches.

ed the Austrian vanguard near the village of Morksetz, capturing three officers, 2,580 men and three machine guns. The enemy assumed a general offensive between the Vistula and Bug rivers on the night of the 16th. The enemy's attacks on "Baltic, Wilkholz and Bikhova, East Krasnik, were repulsed. On the left bank of the Vezpr the enemy advanced after desperate fighting. Our troops held the ground on the evening of the 16th, and the enemy's attacks on Volitz on the right bank of the Vezpr were repulsed. In East Grabovetz Friday night, and the following day the enemy penetrated our wire entanglements several times but was repulsed each time by fire and bayonet attacks. South of Grabovetz between Goshova and the Bug River the enemy obstinately attacked our front at Medelin Macdonome. We made successful counter-attacks in this district. Between the Dniester and Bug and in the vicinity of the Dniester fighting continues without substantial change.

(Special to The Guardian) PETROGRAD, July 18.—(Official)—On Golding Mountain front the enemy retained positions on the right bank of the rivers Windau and Vanta and continued his advance in the direction of Tekum near the Gulf of Riga, 38 miles west of the city of Riga and Autz. The enemy's infantry were repulsed in Popelany District. Fierce fighting continued on July 15, at the extension of the front of the right bank of Orzye. Three of the enemy's regiments attacked the village of Podessie and captured it. They crossed the river capturing five of our guns. The enemy was attacked, however, by our troops with bayonets and suffered severely, their guns were recaptured and the enemy driven out of the village. Siberian detachments from Turkestan, fighting against enemy forces of the same number showed high courage. Northwestward Radom a brigade of Cossacks attack-

MINERS EXECUTIVE FAIL TO REACH AGREEMENT

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, July 17.—The Executive Council of the South Wales miners having failed at the meeting held in London to-day to reach an agreement means the settling of the coal dispute is left for Cardiff, where it will meet again on Monday.

ITALIANS WIN FURTHER SUCCESSES

(Special to The Guardian) ROME, July 18.—(Official)—Our troops are continuing the offensive against groups of forts near Falzarego and Vallivallonga and are now engaged in capturing the high and difficult region situated between them. Surmounting yesterday grave difficulties in Terrain and desperate resistance the enemy reached the line which stretches from Bois Pass to Falzarego summit as far as the crest of Lana Pass. Especially brilliant was the action of our infantry in fighting for possession of the slopes which descend to the Lana Pass, Salvest and Agal, Andras Valley. Under a murderous attack they stormed the bayonet the enemy advanced entrenched and are now strengthening the ground. In Esoszo the enemy shows increasing activity around Plezzo. They made numerous weak assaults in the evening of July 15 against our positions on the heights forming the bridge at the head of Playa but without result. On the night of July 16 two of our warships bombarded the enemy's works around Gorizia and the camps on the northern slopes of Monte San Michele, Canso, with satisfactory results. The airships which were constantly lighted up by flares were severely cannonaded and returned safely at dawn.

SUMMARY OF WAR SITUATION

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, July 18.—The Russian front, running from the Baltic to Arabia, a distance of nearly a thousand miles, was subjected to violent attacks by Germans and Austrians and in places has, according to German reports, been pierced. In the Baltic province General Von Bulow, who is using large forces of cavalry, crossed the river and is moving toward Riga. In Przasnyze district Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, who is making a fourth attempt to reach Warsaw, has twice broken the Russian lines and is now attempting to retire toward Narva River. In Southern Poland, after a period of inactivity, Field Marshal Von Mackenzen is again on the move and claims to have captured some Russian advanced positions which stood between him and his objective, the Lublin-Cholm railway. Simultaneously with these attacks, which are the main ones, Austro-German armies are on the offensive west of the Vistula River in Central Poland and along the Dniester River in Galicia. As was the case in the drive through Western Galicia the Russians are fighting stubbornly, and on occasion are turning and delivering vicious blows at their opponents. Whether they will be able to hold their present lines is problematical. The probability of the Russians having to evacuate Warsaw, which is threatened by Von Hindenburg in the north and Van Mackenzen in the south is being discussed. The possibility of further retreat, however, being calmly considered in Russia, where the old theory that the farther the enemy is drawn into the country the worse it is for him, buoys up his hope of final victory. For the present Berlin is the only capital celebrating, and again Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, whose success in Przasnyze is the case of it, is being lauded. With the enormous number of German troops being used for the offensive in the east, the greatest movement ever undertaken in the history of the war, military critics here do not look for any events of outstanding importance in the west for some time. Official reports show no important move undertaken. There have been artillery engagements along the front and a few infantry attacks. Unofficial reports show fighting on Gallipoli Peninsula, but the news is confirmed by the headquarters concerned. News from that district is anxiously awaited, as the expected big effort to clear the peninsula of Turks is about due.

SEVERE FIGHTING IN WESTERN THEATRE

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, July 18.—The following official communication was given out this evening: Since the last communication on the 9th there has been no change on our front. Although there has been no onslaught calling for special report there has been considerable activity in front of our lines, several mines having been sprung both by the enemy and ourselves and various positions on our front have been subjected at times to heavy bombardment. On the 10th the enemy developed a small attack north of Ypres and gained a footing in our front line. Our local supports, however, recaptured what we lost. On the 13th the enemy rushed an advanced position on the Ypres Menin Road but were driven back. Further north our line was heavily shelled and we lost a trench held by one company. Again the Germans were driven out by bombing parties and the trench recaptured. A feature of this incident was the employment by the enemy of a large quantity of gas shells.

ELOQUENT ADDRESS BY HON. MR. MEIGHEN

Canada's Duty in the Great Crisis Convincingly Set Forth.

Notwithstanding the very unfavorable state of the weather on Saturday evening, the patriotic rally held in the People's Theatre proved successful beyond the most sanguine expectations, the hall being almost inadequate for the overwhelming audience. The meeting had been advertised to begin at eight o'clock and punctually at that hour the programme was opened. Before the meeting the S2nd Band played a number of excellent patriotic selections both outside and inside the building, imparting a spirit of enthusiasm to the proceedings. The stage was tastefully decorated with Union Jacks, etc., and on the table was a beautiful vase of flowers. The Premier, Hon. J. A. Matheson, presided, and introduced the piece de resistance of the evening, Hon. Arthur Meighen, Solicitor General, who delivered a masterly and eloquent oration on Canada and the great war. His address was punctuated throughout with loud and enthusiastic applause, and the impression he made on the audience was unmistakable. On the platform were the Judges of the Supreme Court, Members of the Local Legislature and the Dominion Representatives, members of the Patriotic Committee, and, besides a number of others, Rev. Dr. Fullerton, who moved a vote of thanks to the speaker, and Sir Louis Davies, who seconded the motion. Before the chairman introduced the speaker the following programme was carried out, greatly to the delight of the audience: 1, selection by the Band, "O Canada"; 2, solo, Prof. Barlow; 3, solo, Miss Helen Hughes; 4, solo, Mr. W. J. Brown; 5, solo, Miss Blanchard; 6, solo, Lieut. Ritchie; 7, solo, Lieut. Robins; 8, solo, Prof. Barlow.

The Premier then introduced Mr. Meighen. In doing so, he remarked on the fact that the distinguished visitor was one of our noted public men of Canada who had come here not so much to proclaim any new things, as to help us to realize more fully what our duty was in these times of stress and storm. A series of meetings, he said, had been organized throughout the Province by a number of our patriotic citizens, and the present was one of what series. He congratulated the committee on having secured the presence there that night of the gentleman whom, without further words, he would introduce.

Hon. Mr. Meighen, amidst great applause, arose to address the meeting. When one from one of the far Western Provinces of this great Dominion, he said, came for the first time and saw eye-to-eye his fellow citizens here in the extreme East of Canada, he began to feel that at last he comprehended fully what it was to be a Canadian. He was gratified—perhaps he might be inspired, were he capable of inspiration—at meeting here in Prince Edward Island, in this great city of Charlottetown, so magnificent a gathering as that. Great was the opportunity of any man who had the privilege of addressing such an assembly. It demonstrated this fact, that in an hour of crisis, of stress and storm, as the chairman had described it, Canadians in the nature of the predicament, one man's prediction is about as valuable as another's. I wish I could say something, though, to add to the resolution that inspires our people and that fortifies our Government. It is the duty of every man to do all that in him lies to keep the spirit of this nation strong—to do so by the spoken word that must never countenance fear—to do so by the power of example that in days like these moves men more than eloquence.

There never was a time when Canada needed the devotion of her people as she does today. There never was a time when every living citizen could mean so much and do so much in the cause of king and country. A failure now to rise equal to the call can never be atoned this side of the grave. The day of trial is the day of opportunity. Weak and doubting men are crowded to the wall in times like these, and fall from high places. They have been in every country in Europe. They have gone down even in neutral lands. Others are growing and advancing, starting at the back and performing real service in the white light of the war. Men by the hundreds, and women, too, have passed from obscurity to fame. If the world should stop today the world will be filled for the rest of our lives with the tales of great deeds. The names of plain, simple, clear headed, sound hearted men and women who started out grimly resolved to do their part, will be added to the roll of the immortals.

The history of this war will overshadow the annals of the past. It will stand for all time as a great conflagration in the light of which posterity, looking back, will read and judge the conduct of our day. If there is any thing that gets right through to the very soul, and quickens a man, it is the thought of his own flesh and blood turning around a few years hence and taking clearly the measure of his manhood from the hilltops of the future. To many it is no more than a passing problem how BEST he can do HIS duty. Most people are sincerely anxious to do the right thing—which means to exert to the best effect all one's strength. What I want to impress just now is this, that EACH AND EVERYBODY, not just the majority, must see this situation and get into his system what it all means, and be "UP AND DOING."

Many of our people, thousands, tens of thousands, yes, hundreds of thousands of them, are doing their part well and nobly. THERE ARE OTHERS, THOUGH, and their numbers yet are large, men and women of all ages, who, when the supreme trial of their lives has come, have NOT stood the test so well. That is true of the Province from which I come. IT IS TRUE ALSO, OF THIS PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND. It has been said that one half of the world leans on the other half. Sometimes the rich are the leaners, and the poor are the strong and self reliant. In times of peace, when plenty abounds, the strong can be tolerated, for nature, in fair weather, is prodigal, and the world may still move along. The brave, the stout-hearted, get the world's work done, they feel the joy of real living, they enjoy the sunshine of conscience and gather in life's blessing with every hour. BUT THE OTHERS live also, and some of them prosper. But these are not times like these. We are living now at THE MOST CRUCIAL MOMENT of the world's history. On this generation depends the fate of posterity, and if that is not near enough home, on this generation depends our own fate. There can be NO LEANERS NOW. We have been told this is a struggle between two ideals of life. So it is, but the collision has come, and it is the collision, the battle that is raging now, and NOT a discussion of ideal. DON'T think the struggle is up in the air, it is right down here. DON'T take solace in the thought that the battle ground is far from here. The fighting JUST NOW is in Europe, but the BIGGEST PRIZE that can be taken from Germany's most hated enemy IS HERE. And if the Austro-German-Turkish combination can triumph over the league of powers that face it now, WHAT do you think would be the lot of Canada? Where could we then look for succor? Talk about defending the shores of Canada? The defence of Canada is being fought out now on the battlefields of Europe. It is not all that is at stake but it is dear above words to us. Fifteen million armed men have challenged our right to live, and if they can help it, we shall not live except as the bondslaves of Germany. If from love of comfort, or from selfish ease, or from whatever excuse any fail to do their part, they are bondslaves by nature, and DESERVE THEIR FATE. Such are cumberers of the ground. They are worse, they are a menace to its security. They are leaners and NOT sturdy men.

Every man in a British country is his own judge of what he shall do. He is in supreme command of his own personal service. Nothing but his taxes who should be made to fight, if anybody should. DON'T listen to the grumbler while the war is on. YOU HAVEN'T TIME. Show him out of the road and forget him. A wounded soldier just invalid home from France, a business man of success and substance told me the other day that confident as he was, he would be glad to come through this war with a roof over his back. There is nothing so easy for a shirker as to find an EXCUSE. But the man worth while, the man that is fit to survive in a struggle such as this, is he who measures his duty by his strength.

(Continued on page three)

ELOQUENT SERMON IN FIRST METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Mr. Fulton, in the First Methodist Church yesterday delivered a forceful and eloquent sermon to a large and appreciative congregation from the text, Matt. 22: 21 "Tender therefore unto Caesar the things which are Caesar's and unto God the things that are God's."

Among other things, Mr. Fulton said, these are things money can not pay for—Some objects to Canada taking any part in this war because we had been rapidly becoming a self-sustaining country. We pay our customs dues on all imports from England, we support our own soldiers and steps have been taken toward maintaining our own navy. But, said Mr. Fulton, these are things for which we cannot pay. From the motherland we have received the best of our traditions, British sentiment makes us great. Our ideals have come to us from our parents and they in turn gave them from ancestors in the old land. In our response to the nation's call these should be the recognition that Canada has achieved her greatness largely through British backing. We should begin to pay our debt. Here the speaker urged a more generous display of the flag and the production of the reverence and devotion which this display would produce among the young people. To-day the call comes for men. Can we hope to obtain our dignity and our position and not respond to the call? Here Mr. Fulton drew a word picture of a father fighting the battle for the home and strong stalwart sons sitting around a long table and again of the boys ready to go in to the fight and the mother holding them back saying, "No boys, this is your father's fight, keep out of it. Such a thing seems unbelievable yet young men are holding back—mothers are keeping back their sons. Could the sons of Canada ever look the world in the face again if they failed to respond to the nation's call? In closing the speaker made a strong plea for men to fill the ranks of the Heavy Battery now being made up on this Island.

MINARDS LINIMENT CURES GARGET IN COWS

THE WEATHER, TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

(Special to The Guardian) TORONTO, July 18.—Maritime: Moderate westerly winds; fine and warm.

THE WEATHER—Yesterday was wet and disagreeable in the morning, but becoming fine and warm in the afternoon.

The highest temperature of yesterday was 65 deg., above zero and the lowest 62 deg. above. The highest of the previous night was 75 deg. above zero and the lowest 63 deg. above.

The tide will be high this afternoon at 3.23 and tomorrow at 4.31; it will be high tomorrow morning at 3.30 and Wednesday at 4.14.

The sun sets this evening at 7.45 and tomorrow at 7.44; it rises tomorrow morning at 4.23 and Wednesday at 4.29.

The moon sets tonight at 10.50. The first quarter of the moon was on Monday, July 14th at 5.09 p. m. There will be a full moon on Monday, July 26th at 8.11 a. m. The length of today will be fifteen hours and eighteen minutes.

RUSSIAN VESSEL SUNK BY GERMANS

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, July 18.—A Dutch vessel, Saturday, landed at Aberdeen, Scotland, with the crew of the Russian steamer Balwa of Riga which was sunk by a German submarine sixty miles east southeast of the Shetland Islands, Friday. The Balwa was bound from Blyth, England, for Archangel, Russia, with 1,000 tons of coal.

FRENCH OFFICIAL REPORT

(Special to The Guardian) PARIS, July 18.—(Official)—In Artois the cannonade has diminished in one section, some shells were dropped into the town of Arras. On the right bank of the Aisne in the District of Troyen there has been fighting with mines as well as a very violent bombardment. Twenty shells were thrown into Rheims, one civilian being killed and one seriously wounded. In Argonne the day has been relatively calm and no infantry action occurred. On the heights of the Meuse the Germans after last night's bombardment launched a violent attack against our positions from the Calonne trench in the village of Les Eparges. On the Southern ridge of Sommevauz they succeeded only at one point in regaining a footing in the trench which we captured July 6. Some parties of Germans who succeeded in creeping in to the ravine were killed and taken prisoners. Some shells were dropped into the Caonne trench the enemy was also repulsed with heavy losses.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP CURTISS AVIATION SCHOOL

(Special to The Guardian) TORONTO, July 16.—To blow up the hangar of the Curtiss Aviation School and to destroy four hydroplanes being used to train airmen for the British aviation service, is believed to have been the object of two unknown men who were discovered yesterday at the hangar, tampering with one of the machines. Killed by a hand grenade, the intruders were awakened and fired twice at the intruders, who disappeared into the bushes at the back of the hangar. Careful search revealed no clue to the intruders.

CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

CHILD SANDALS 50c AT GOFF BROS. 2120-7-19M31.

WANTED—A GOOD STRONG BOY for Pressroom. Apply to Guardian. 2026-7-19M31.

WANTED AT ONCE—HOUSE FOR small family, centrally located. Apply at this office. 1590-6-21M1.

TO LET—Pleasant front room, centrally located. Without board. Apply at this office. 1752-7-19M1.

TO LET—One or two unfurnished rooms. Apply at this office. 1753-7-19M1.

LOST IN THIS CITY LADIES VELVET handbag. Finder please return to Rev. A. S. Stewart, Montague. 2127-7-19M21.

TO RENT—THE BEAUTIFUL ST. Anthony's Villa, fronting on Dundas Esplanade. Apply to City Hospital, 9709-5-15M1.

AUCTION SALE.—There will be sold at Central Royalty School on Wednesday, July 21st, at 7 o'clock p.m., the following work: Fencing school grounds, building an out-building and repairing school. 1114-7-19M31.

BUSINESS ENVELOPES.—No. 3 printed with name and address either on flap or front, \$3 per 1,000; \$5.50 for 2,000; \$12.00 for 5,000; \$20 for 10,000. GUARDIAN OFFICE. 8808-11-21M1.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR good Graphophone one minute Picture Machine, nearly new, sure money maker will pay for itself at one tea party. Apply A. B. C., Box 50, R. R. No. 2, St. Mary's Road. 2129-7-19M11p.

FOXES WANTED.—Any party wishing to dispose of one or more pairs of Island Pedigree Foxes can place same with a first class organized company, owning six pairs of silver foxes by taking half interest in stock and balance as may be mutually arranged. Could also become a director in the company if desired. Correspondence solicited, "K," care of Guardian. 1997-7-13M61.

TO RENT—BOOT FACTORY, THIS brick building opposite Roman Catholic Cathedral, Centrally located, is suitable for apartment Rooms, Lodging Rooms, Sample Rooms, Machine Shop and many kinds of industries. It has sewerage, heating, shafting in building. Apply to Goff & Co., Old English Building, Goff & Co. 2119-7-19M41.

PREMIER BORDEN ADDRESSES CANADIAN CONTINGENT AT SHORNCLIFFE, ENGLAND

(Special to The Guardian) LONDON, July 18.—You are not merely fighting for dominion, nor even for the British Empire but in a very true sense for civilization, therefore it is not too much to say, for the future whole civilized world itself. You may be assured a popular government based on democratic ideas such as all the British dominions have been accustomed to would be profoundly modified should Germany win. But we have no fears of that. I know you will emulate the prowess and exploits of the first contingent, which caused a thrill of pride from one end of the Dominion to the other, which has not ceased to vibrate yet. I am sure that

you will render an equally good account of yourselves. His Royal Highness, Governor-General, before he left told me to wish you from him God-speed. I wish you the same myself, on behalf of all Canadians.

Premier Borden spoke these words to the regimental officers after reviewing the troops held at Shorncliffe camp yesterday. At the conclusion of his address the contingent gave three hearty cheers for the King, the Governor-General and the Premier of Canada.

Sir Robert afterwards visited the Queen's Canadian Military Hospital near Shorncliffe. The hospital has only a few inmates at present, as the whole institution will be re-arranged when new wings, giving accommodation for 500 more patients, is opened in a few weeks. The Premier, who was taken through by Lady Markham, expressed his admiration for the surroundings and equipment, and chatted with many of the patients.

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges, twenty-five cents.

**Checking Booth at L. O. C. picnic to-day. 2135.

**Strawberries and ice cream at L. O. C. picnic to-day. 2135.

**The Charlottetown Bowling Alleys and Billiard Room will be closed for two (2) weeks during general cleaning and repairs. 2341-7-14M121.

MINARDS LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA

Remember the Prince Edward Island Hospital tea and strawberry festival, on July 21, from 4 to 8 o'clock. The new wing on the Hospital will be open to the public on that day for inspection. 11.

**Mr. John H. Bell will deliver one of his popular lectures in the hall at Tryon to-morrow (Tuesday) evening the 20th, and in the hall at Hampton Wednesday evening the 21st. Admission 15 cents, children 10 cents. Proceeds to go to the Manse Improvement Fund of the Presbyterian Church. Lecture to begin at 8 p.m.

**Liberal Conservative Convention, Second District of Queen's. A convention of Delegates from the Second District of Queen's will be held at the Lyceum Hall in Charlottetown on Tuesday, 27th July inst., at 1 o'clock p. m. to choose candidates for the Legislative Assembly. Each poll in the district to include five delegates. Albert Tremere, Convener. 2136-7-19M41.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia.