

PREMIER BORDEN BACK IN OTTAWA

(Special to The Guardian) OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—Premier and Mrs. Borden arrived at noon from St. Andrews, N. B., and were met at the station by acting Premier Perley and Hon. A. E. Kemp.

FACTORY BURNED NEAR LIVERPOOL

(Canadian Press) HALIFAX, Aug. 1.—The large axe factory of the Sable Lumber Co. at Wilkins Siding, eighteen miles west of Liverpool, was destroyed by fire this afternoon. 300,000 feet of lumber in the factory was also burned.

CONDENSED ADS TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

One cent per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany order. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

DINING ROOM GIRL wanted at Holland Hall. See want column, 666.

WANTED A COOK, REFERENCES required, Apply to Mrs. D. Davies, 701-8-2M31.

WANTED AT ONCE, A HOUSE-MAID. Apply Mrs. A. A. Bartlett, 175 Fitzroy St. 504-7-25Mt.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR HAMPSHIRE School. Supplement \$25. Lyman Tremere, Secretary. 658-8-2MB3pd.

WANTED A GIRL FOR GENERAL work also a cook. Apply at Vendome Hotel, 49 Water St. 694-8-2M31pd.

GIRLS WANTED TO PACK BISCUITS and confectionery. Good pay for smart girls. Come or write. C. J. Hamilton & Sons, Pictou, N.S. 668-8-2M61.

WANTED BOARDERS AT REASONABLE rates, also transients. \$1.50 a day and up at Vendome Hotel 49 Water St., Charlottetown. 693-8-2M31pd.

WANTED—TO RENT A FURNISHED house, from Sept. 15th to June. Write, "D. L." care of P. O. Box 309, City. State terms and location 699-8-2M121.

LOST—TEN DOLLAR BILL, EITHER in S. A. McDonald's store or between that and D. Gordon's shoe store. Finder please leave at 8 Brighton Road. 698-8-2M21pd.

WANTED—A BRIGHT GIRL FOR dining room at Holland Hall. Apply on the premises or to R. L. Cotton at the Maritime Stationers, Charlottetown. 665-8-2M31.

AUCTION—DESIRABLE COTTAGE, the residence of W. H. Clarke, 171 King Street. Sale takes place at the premises on Wednesday, 6th July, at 12 o'clock noon. R. Bear-sto, Auctioneer. 656-8-1M31.

TAME FOXES OF ALL KINDS, Marten, Mink, Raccoon, etc., for sale for breeding purposes. Prices and terms reasonable. Please state definitely what you want. Address "M." care Guardian. 590-7-30M4E21pd.

LOST BETWEEN CAPE TRAVERSE and New Annan, black hand-bag containing pair of nose glasses, small sum of money, pocket-book and keys. Finder kindly return to Mrs. Gordon Dalsiel, Cape Traverse. 646-8-1M31pd.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned from any person or persons willing to cater for the tea tables, ice-cream and drinking saloons at the Montague Races, Wednesday August 27. Tenders will be closed Saturday, August 9. T. G. Ives, Sec'y. 620-7-31M71.

WANTED—CORRESPONDENCE with a capable girl, not less than 25 years of age who is a good cook, and can come to us well recommended. We have a good situation for a party who is efficient, and can secure easily a position for a friend in some village or near if desired. Home modern, but two in family. References given and on quired. Party must be on the ground by Sept. 1st. Person now employed leaves us to get married and to establish a home for herself. This advertisement is worth taking notice of and will not answer again. A neat, capable and will be girl better write us. Address Lock Box 25, Hartford, Vermont. 669-8-2M61pd.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

CANTON TROOPS TO FIGHT NORTH

(Canadian Press) PEKING, Aug. 1.—The announcement from Canton that three divisions of troops are preparing to march against the northern soldiers is welcomed here.

(Canadian Press) SHANKHAI, Aug. 1.—Dr. Sun Yat Sen, leader of the Chinese rebels, declares the occupation of the city of Nan King by the government forces is only a temporary spurt.

BOY CONFESSES TO KILLING CHUM

(Canadian Press) EDMONTON, Aug. 1.—Otto Rudolph, 17 years old, confessed to the superintendent of the N. W. M. Police today that he shot and killed his companion, Carl Mall, 14 years old, and shot another youthful companion Fritz Mauer at Pierce McLeod valley Alberta. Rudolph claims he was handling an automatic gun and not understanding it it exploded.

FIVE KILLED TWO INJURED

OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—Two cows sleeping on the Grand Trunk right of way at Beatty's siding, at mileage 218 from Ottawa, and about twelve miles from Parry Sound this morning at 2.40, caused the derailment of a Grand Trunk extra freight, the death of five men, and injuries to two others. At a late hour this evening all but one of the bodies had been recovered. This victim is still entangled under the wreckage of the front engine.

The train was being drawn by two locomotives. Each engine rode four men, two of them, Genvier and Bateman, being student firemen who were making their first run. The train was a fast freight with twenty-two cars of fax for quick delivery at Boston, and was making good time.

When the first engine struck the recumbent cows, it was thrown off the track and was followed by the heavy engine and five cars.

The leading locomotive was turned completely around and the cars piled on top of it in the bog which extended beside the track at this point. Engineer Crawley was thrown clear of the cab and lit in the bog, almost unhurt. Price, a fireman, was also thrown clear of the wreck and escaped with some bruises.

William LeVigne, a French-Canadian, was seriously injured and is now in the hospital at Parry Sound, where he was reported tonight to be doing well. Percy Maxwell, of Depot Harbor, in charge of the leading engine, was thrown into some brush a considerable distance away and killed, as were Brakemen M. Wilson, of Ottawa; Fireman O'Neill, Genvier and Bateman.

Student firemen, who were killed, had been engaged in Sheffield, England, was; Fireman O'Neill, Genvier and started work on June 23rd.

SUMMER SCHOOL FOR TEACHERS

Frederick F. Smith, B. S., has just finished a second set of lessons in which particular attention was paid to air pressure. The existence even of this pressure is not obvious to the average person, but it is easy enough to demonstrate in various ways. Children are often inclined to think of the air as if it had no weight, and it is not always easy for them to realize that so light a substance can have weight enough to cause a pressure of about fifteen pounds to the square inch. They can be given some idea of ways in which the weight of the atmosphere is estimated. Such questions are likely to be brought up by some bright pupil, and so, teachers should have

(Continued on page two)

BRUTAL TREATMENT BY STEPMOTHER

(Canadian Press) LONDON, Aug. 1.—Mrs. Hattie Tait, this morning was found guilty of cruel treatment to twelve year old Lillie Worth her step daughter. She admits making the girl strip and giving her twenty-five lashes with a whip.

VICE PRESIDENT N.P.R. APPOINTED

(Canadian Press) NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Wm. R. Brough is Vice President of the executive board as successor to Howard Elliott, head of the Northern Pacific Railway.

WATERWAY SERVICE TO GULF MEXICO

(Canadian Press) CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The first regular waterway service between the Great Lakes and the Gulf of Mexico will be inaugurated before Sept. 1st according to the plans announced today. It will be the Transportation Company and Service Passenger Freight.

AWFUL CRIME IN WINNIPEG

(Canadian Press) WINNIPEG, Aug. 1.—Mrs. David Funtiner, a Russian Jewess, 28 years old, was found this morning by a servant with a bullet through her right temple, her blood and brains spattered over a two year old baby who was sleeping beside her. The maid was awakened by the crying of a nine months old baby and rushed into the room to try to waken the mother, and met the horrible sight.

She rushed for neighbors who notified the police. The maid was held and a dismissed servant, Mary Monastaka, is held pending an investigation.

I.C.R. DIFFICULTY PRACTICALLY OVER

(Special to The Guardian) OTTAWA, Aug. 1.—Hon. Frank Cochrane is away to-day and is expected back Monday. Matters affecting the Intercolonial Railway are being considered. The difficulty with employees is practically settled as far as wages and hours are concerned. There is some irritation among shippers over the recent rate of increase in the system but it is stated this will be easily adjusted.

THIRTY HUNDRED WEIGHT STRUCK MAN

AMHERST, Aug. 1.—Chester Griffiths, an employe of the Canadian Car and Foundry company, met with a severe accident this afternoon at the rolling mills. Griffiths was standing alongside of a trolley load of pig iron which was ready to be unloaded, when the trolley tipped and all this iron fell on him. There was thirty hundred weight in the load and it took his fellow employes several minutes to throw the iron from the press-trate man. It was thought that he was severely hurt, but immediately after the last piece of pig iron was removed he jumped to his feet and commenced to walk around. Beyond a few bruises the man is now all right. The doctors were afraid of internal injuries, but Griffiths declared that beyond a little soreness he felt all right.

TWO KILLED ONE INJURED.

(Canadian Press) KNOXVILLE, Tenn., July 31.—Engineer John Davis and Fireman N. P. Carey, both of Louisville, Kentucky, were killed, and Express Messenger Bridges, also of Louisville, was injured in derailment of a Louisville and Nashville passenger train three miles north of Livingston, Kentucky, today. None of the passengers were injured. The locomotive, express, baggage and two passenger coaches left the rails, the locomotive overturning.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

RAILWAY SMASH NEAR GANANOQUE

(Canadian Press) Kingston, Aug. 1.—A Grand Trunk Pacific freight and passenger train in the Thousand Islands Railway collided near Gananoque Ont., this morning. Several were seriously injured.

SASKATOON HAS FLAG INCIDENT

(Canadian Press) SASKATOON, Aug. 1.—There is a local militia ferment this morning over a flag incident which disturbed a parade of 105 fusiliers yesterday and the general attitude around the armories today is that of waiting for something to drop.

When the parade was passing down Second Avenue the main thoroughfare of the city a young girl passing in an automobile waved an American flag in the face of a member of the Bugle Band. He jumped from the ranks, tore the flag in two and threw it in the mud. All the regiment passed over it. The man was court-martialed and dismissed but later was reinstated on a threat by the regiment to disband. Afterwards the soldiers marched through the streets with the Union Jack and singing God Save the King and Rule Britannia.

MOOSE JAW PAPER GETS ROASTED

(Canadian Press) MOOSE JAW, Sask., Aug. 1.—The City Council has passed a resolution unanimously condemning a local paper, The Evening Times, for its front page editorial on the financial conditions of the city.

In part, the resolution reads as follows: "That this Council desires to place on record its strong disapproval on the article published recently, owing to its gross misstatements of local conditions wherein the credit of the city and its business men is impugned, and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Board of Trade with the request that support be given this motion with a view to restoring confidence in the city which has been seriously impaired by the publication aforesaid."

MOOSE JAW, Sask., Aug. 1.—Mayor Pascoe emphatically denies the report published in a local paper announcing that the city's bankers have refused to accept cheques drawn by the city. "Any inconvenience that has been experienced in connection with the city's financial arrangements has been caused by our inability to dispose of the city's debentures," said the Mayor.

DETECTIVES SEARCH OF LOOT

(Canadian Press) NARAGANSETT PIER, Aug. 1.—Private detectives tonight are watching the residence in Providence where the long sought gang of thieves who obtained a quarter of a million dollars worth of jewelry here during twenty four hours ending last Saturday night, according to the detectives. Mrs. J. H. Hande who lost \$150,000 worth of jewels placed the matter in the hands of the Providence detectives.

New York Detectives were entrusted with recovering the jewelry of Charles Ramsay of the value of \$125,000.

OFFERED \$50,000 TO GO AWAY

(Canadian Press) SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—At the conference of the Special Council who prosecute the Western Fuel Co. David O. Powers, a former employe but now chief witness for the government, said today that he was offered \$50,000 to vanish. Powers gave the names of those who approached him. The phraseology of the events is that the Western Fuel Co. defrauded the govt. of \$1,000,000 by manipulating the weighing sheets showing the tonnage of imported coal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper

TWELVE CHILDREN BURNED TO DEATH

(Canadian Press) NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Twelve children in a play were burned to death at Brooklyn while wearing fringed Indian and Cowboy suits. The twelfth victim a five year old girl, died today.

WHY BRITAIN WILL NOT EXHIBIT

(Canadian Press) LONDON, Aug. 1.—The reason Great Britain is holding aloof from the Panama Exposition, according to the British Board of Trade is because it is impossible to induce a sufficient number of manufacturers to make an exhibit. They claim that not enough business will result.

GERMAN OFFICERS IN COURT MARTIAL

(Canadian Press) BERLIN, Aug. 1.—The greater part of Berlin's Court Martial, was spent trying four lieutenants, a chief clerk and two non-commissioned officers of the Ordinance Corps on a charge of accepting bribes for government information of pending contracts for guns and ammunition, was spent in hearing testimony of a former Berlin agent of the Krupp Co.

The witness an ex officer, showed a large expense amount not limited to the company.

WORLD'S LARGEST BLACK FOX RANCH

(Special to The Guardian) EDMONTON, Aug. 1.—With Mayor Short, as one of its promoters and with other incorporators in the person of R. W. Gibbs, of the Gibbs Dash Co., F. M. Lee, of the Western Raw Fur Co., H. A. Mackie, of Cormack & Mackie, J. D. Kennedy, of Tofield, and J. Leonard Paul, what will be one of the largest fox breeding ranches in the world is now under process of incorporation.

It will be known as the Edmonton Silver Black Fox Company, Ltd. J. Leonard Paul, who has been connected with the industry in P. E. Island for the past few years, has the work of the organization in hand.

Options on fourteen pairs of breeders from Prince Edward Island have already been made, according to the statement of Mr. Paul. They are guaranteed to breed 23 whelps this season. Should they fail to do so the J. Leonard Paul Co. from whom the animals will be purchased, has agreed to pay a sum of \$5,000 for every whelp short of that number. The ranch will be located in the vicinity of the city and will in all probability be the largest in the world.

ANNOUNCEMENTS, COMING EVENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

One cent per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany order. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

**The harvest excursion, Thursday August 14 and Wednesday Sep. 3. Full particulars later. 645-8-1M31

**What is your opinion of working with poor tools? Don't ask your Typewriter to turn out good letters on a bad Typewriter. Order a Remington or Smith Premier for her today. A. Milne Fraser, Halifax, N. S. 668-8-2M31.

**The two large vessels from New York will be unloading Hard Coal for several days for A. Pickard & Co. This coal is the very best grade and every person who has not already done so should place their order while the vessels are unloading to save money. 644-8-1M61

**A second landing block has now been completed at Holland Cove enabling motor boats of shallow draft and row boats to land at practically any tide. The company's motor boat will now make regular trips on five days. Beginning Thursday, July 31st, she will leave the Marine Wharf for the Cove at 10.30 in the mornings and 2.00 and 4.00 in the afternoons will leave Holland Cove for Charlottetown at 9.30 in the morning and at 1.00 and 3.00 in the afternoons will so leave Holland Cove for the city after supper when there are passengers coming in. 621-7-31M31

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

PUBLIC MEETING SUMMER SCHOOL

At the public meeting in Prince of Wales College Hall last evening in connection with the Summer School for Teachers, Hon. M. McKinnon, Commissioner of Agriculture, took the chair at 8.30.

Before introducing the speakers of the evening Mr. McKinnon read a letter from The Guardian Publishing Company, offering two prizes of \$10 and \$5, respectively, for the best and second best essays, the subject to be The Present Summer School for Teachers.

The first speaker was Mr. F. E. Heald, Principal of Hopkin's Academy, Hadley, Mass. In a most interesting and convincing address he showed how the introduction of vocational teaching has increased the attendance and retained the pupils longer in the schools. In the town in which he teaches the vocational subjects are, for boys, Agriculture, and for girls, Household Arts. The experiment was an unqualified success.

The next speaker was Dr. Loomis, Principal of Smith's Agricultural College at Northampton, Mass. He spoke as follows:— The period from 1820 to 1840 was a period of educational unrest and dissatisfaction in New England, and the type of education which had prevailed in the eighteenth century no longer met the needs of the people.

This was in part due to the fact that New England was at that time rapidly developing in its industrial life and as a consequence was establishing the beginnings of its present villages and cities. With this educational awakening, an attempt to teach agriculture in the schools of the people. New schools were established for this purpose, and old courses of study were modified to accommodate the new subject. For a variety of reasons this early attempt to teach agriculture in the schools of the people were not entirely successful. The failure was in part due to the elementary conditions of science, and the lack of knowledge as to the needs of plants and to poverty of literature. Of this early attempt to teach agriculture, the school for boys on Thompson's Island in Boston Harbor is the sole survivor.

Near the close of this period Oliver Smith, an inhabitant of Massachusetts, left a fund of \$30,000 to Northampton for the establishment of a school for boys. The fund was to remain at interest for 60 years; at the end of which time a certain portion of it was to be used in the curing and building of a Pattern Farm where boys should be taught practical agriculture, together with training in the making of improved Farm Machinery.

History repeats itself. At the beginning of the 20th century New England again experienced an educational unrest and dissatisfaction with certain portions of its educational system.

Growing out of this unrest was the appointing of a Commission by the State of Massachusetts to make a scientific study of the conditions in a dozen or more of its leading villages and cities. This Commission Science, known as the "Douglas Commission" did very thorough work, extending over several years, and its findings have had a very profound influence not only in shaping the present educational policy in Massachusetts but in arousing activity in a great many other States of the Union. Two or three of these findings are of such importance as a background to what I shall say later in my talk that I must take the time to bring it to your attention. The Commission found that there were at least twenty-five thousand boys and girls between the ages of fourteen and sixteen in the State who are not in school, nor engaged in worthy types of employment. These boys and girls were past the compulsory age of school attendance and could not therefore be placed in the schools by the authorities. For a variety of reasons they would not of their own accord continue in the schools. Yet they were so poorly educated, untrained and undeveloped that few employers would pay for their services in standard employments. They were not capable of taking up the employment of their fathers, and were on the whole disposed to look with disapproval on manual labor. At the same time they were not prepared to engage in places of responsibility such as, clerkships, in stores, banks, offices, etc. They were as a consequence engaged in a great variety of employments, none of which were training them into a desirable type of citizenship.

No study was made of rural conditions at this time, but it was known that a similar condition existed in the country. Boys and girls were leaving the country schools at fourteen and seeking employment in the already congested cities of the Commonwealth. They looked with disfavor on agriculture as a calling, and had no training in science to business management whereby they could introduce into their farm process the better type of agriculture.

In other words, the Commission discovered two things. First, that some things were being taught in the public schools of the State that were not bearing any fruits in the lives of the pupils; Second, that the educational system of the State was incomplete.

Mr. Heald has already told you of a school which has attracted very favorable comment in its attempt to correct the first of the above named failures, namely; of removing from the curriculum subjects that did not function in the lives of the pupils, and substituting subjects which did meet the demands of their matured lives.

I wish to speak briefly of a new type of schools being established by Massachusetts in the hopes of more perfectly completing the educational system of the Commonwealth. In 1905 the sixty years expired at which the Oliver Smith Fund was to draw interest. It will be observed that this Oliver Smith Fund became available just at the time the new educational movement was making itself felt in Massachusetts and elsewhere. The natural thing for the Douglas Commission and the Trustees of the Oliver Smith Fund was to co-operate in establishing the new type of educational institutions.

The Smith Agricultural School owns ninety-three acres of land, and holdings and equipment to the valuation of seventy-five thousand dollars. It has four departments, with perhaps one hundred and twenty-five students in all of the four departments. The Departments are: Department of Agriculture; Department of Home-Making for the girls; Department of Cabinet Making and a Department of Machinery under process of creation. Any boy or girl of the Commonwealth may enter this school providing they are fourteen years of age, desiring to be trained in any of the lines of work above named and possess a fair ability in scholarship. No scholarships are however, used to prevent boys and girls entering. If it is found they cannot do the work of the institution after being given a fair trial they are deprived of this opportunity. Fifty per cent of the time of the student is engaged in productive employment. The instruction is given by journeymen workmen both men and women. This means, therefore, that the Smith Agricultural School of Northampton has two kinds of teachers, teachers of different occupations, and every boy and girl has an opportunity of being taught by both groups of teachers. The function of one group is to continue the general education of the pupil along the lines of the schools of the Commonwealth existing in the country. The function of the other group is to train them in their life's work. Mr. Heald has already told you at length concerning the training we are giving in Agriculture.

I will speak briefly of the training we are giving young women in the Home-Making Department. The girls are taught cooking; preserving; sewing; dress-making, embroidery; handicraft work; ornamental planting, the management of flower gardens, and we are planning this year to teach them poultry keeping and kitchen garden work. These subjects are all taught by the doing method under the direction of experienced teachers. The students are, as I have already indicated, putting half their time on this line of work; making their own dresses, cooking food for the family at home, doing sewing for the people in the vicinity; all under the careful direction of their careful teachers. In addition to these industrial subjects they are taught Household Management, Marketing, the Care of the Young; Hygiene, Sanitation, Household Chemistry, Food Values, Household Accounts, etc. These subjects indicate how complicated the modern home has become and how much in need of keenest study. They are taught, English, Composition and Literature, History and Citizenship. No time is devoted to foreign languages or advanced work in mathematics. We find that quite all the mathematics the household needs rises out of her purchases, making garments, providing for the kitchen and keeping of the family accounts.

Indeed, we confess that very few educated women are able to intelligently handle the mathematics in this portion of their lives.

GENERAL CASTRO'S WHEREABOUTS

(Canadian Press) TENERIFFE, Aug. 1.—In Canary Island General Castro's wife and children and the family generally refuse to give information regarding the Venezuela ex-President except to say he is in Hamburg Wednesday of this week. The Gomez administration sent spies to the Canary Islands to keep watch on his movements.