

THE Charlottetown Guardian

Advertising Phone 132-3
Subscription Phone 132-2
News and Edit., Day Phone 133
News and Edit., Night Phone 132 & 133

Head Office at Charlottetown Branch Office at Summerside, Alberton, Souris and Montague.
London Office, Marconi House, Strand, W. C.

President A. A. Bartlett
Managing Editor J. R. Burnett

THURSDAY, MARCH 11, 1915.

CENTRAL SEED FAIR

To-day the Central Seed Fair will be in full swing and, judging by the exhibits and attendance yesterday, there is going to be a large attendance and the whole province will be well represented.

To the general public, doubtless, there will be less interest in an exhibition of seeds than in that of living animals and the matured products of the farm, nevertheless, to the thoughtful, the breeding of seeds, their development by selection and favourable conditions should be intensely interesting and educative. The various seeds now on exhibition are, generally speaking, the result of years of selection and care, and, for the most part, they show their lineage. The selected seeds, the prize winners, those which, when sown, produce sixtyfold, as compared with the five and tenfold produced before seed breeding was thought of, are real marvels and are well worth examining carefully.

The poultry show also is interesting and, when it is remembered that the humble hen adds yearly to the revenue of our farms upwards of a million dollars, she in her many varieties of shape, colour and make up will be regarded with a good deal of genuine respect. In point of actual practical usefulness she comes next to the cow, which is the most valuable animal on the farm. The Household Science programme, which begins at 10 o'clock and continues during the day, will, perhaps, be the most interesting feature in connection with the fair. The meetings which will be held in Prince of Wales College will be addressed on important subjects by some of the best informed homemakers in the province and doubtless will be attended by large numbers of citizens.

The meeting to-night will be educative and informative. Some of the best speakers in the province will speak on questions of vital interest to citizens as well as to farmers and we have no doubt the large Prince of Wales Hall will be full to the doors.

It is up to our citizens to lend their aid by their presence and by their help in every possible way to make the Central Seed Fair of 1915 the biggest and most successful fair yet held in the province.

CEREAL CROPS

A bulletin just issued by the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, gives a summary of results in the growing of cereals in the experimental farms of the Dominion.

On the uniform test plots at the Charlottetown Experimental Station, "Chelsea," one of the softer varieties of wheat, gave an average yield of 53½ bushels per acre. The next five in order were Early Reds, Fife, Huron, Stanley, Marquis and Red Fife. The average yield of these six varieties was 41 bushels and 13 pounds per acre.

In oats, "Victory" a Swedish oat led with an average yield of over 119 bushels per acre. The next four sorts in order were O. A. C. No. 72, Lincoln, Gold Rain, and Ligowo. The average yield of these five sorts was 116 bushels and 29 pounds per acre.

Six varieties of barley were grown yielding an average of 75 bushels and 29½ pounds per acre.

Peas gave an average yield of 25 bushels and 27½ pounds per acre for three varieties sowed.

In the co-operative test of oats, begun in duplicate in 1912, with Banner, Old Island, Black and Ligowo, the average yield of 26 plots of each variety grown in eight localities throughout the province, was Banner 62 bushels 21 pounds; Old Island Black, 55 bushels 12 pounds; Ligowo 52 bushels 24 pounds. Banner was found to be more productive in King's and Queens Counties than the other two sorts. It produced 7 bushels and 10 pounds more grain per acre than Old Island Black, and 9 bushels and 21 pounds more grain per acre than Ligowo during the three years test.

At the Nappan Station, N. S., the average yield from all the wheat plots was 26 bushels 5 pounds per acre; the highest yield in barley was 56 bushels. Machurian next with 54 bushels. In oats the highest yield was, Victory 99 bushels 24 pounds and the average yield of all the varieties was 58 bushels 15 pounds. In oats Banner gave the highest yield, 71 bushels per acre.

Looking over the whole list of experimental stations throughout Canada we find that the yield secured in Prince Edward Island is far and away ahead of the great majority, and well ahead of the best of them.

What has been done on the Experimental Farm can be done on any other farm in the province. That is the lesson of the report. We leave it to our farmers to figure out what it would mean to the province, what it would mean to them individually if they increased their production to, even approximately, what is produced on the Experimental Farm.

AFTER THE WAR

An interesting circular has been issued by Mr. R. E. Kemerer of the Toronto Stock Exchange on the financial situation both as it is now and as the writer expects it to be after the war.

He holds that the complications which have arisen in American foreign affairs, though extremely unlikely to have any serious outcome as far as the United States is concerned, seem to have elicited discussions as to the monetary conditions and the position of the securities market upon the termination of hostilities. Mr. Kemerer holds that there is no ground for the view that high interest rates will obtain after the war. In the light of recorded history, he says, low rates can be confidently expected and a corresponding advance of security prices will follow. Mr. Kemerer instances the aftermath of the Napoleonic wars, the United States Civil War, and the Franco-Prussian war. In the case of the first two wars recorded statistics show that representative securities advanced and discount rates declined. In the case of the Civil War, where the wastage was estimated at five billion dollars, the conflict was carried on with practically no foreign financial assistance, yet, just before the close of the war, rates ruled between five

per cent and seven per cent. Three years later, moreover, interest declined to slightly over two per cent.

Mr. Kemerer argues that the present war will not cause an over-great demand. It is true, he says, that during the war the Powers involved are urgent borrowers, but once peace has been declared they will have ample time to wait and to adjust their loans on a satisfactory and reasonable basis. On the other hand the rebuilding of the devastated areas will be along drawn out matter, and the reconstruction of disorganized or destroyed manufacturing and other industries will be of slow growth. Add to this the fact that not only Europe, but America as well, is learning the war-taught lesson of frugality, and thereby lessening the demand on available capital by both manufacturers and merchants, and the main, though not all the reasons of a surplusage of capital become apparent in that the manufacturer, merchant and the individual will not demand monetary credit to the extent asked in times of prosperity. The effect on securities is obvious, inasmuch as, since it will not be profitable to lend money at declining rates, investors will seek an outlet for their money where a fixed market of increasing rate is assured. The result will be an advancing market, and the termination of the war will undoubtedly see a very sudden advance from the then ruling prices which will, equally undoubtedly, be considerably above present prices.

MILK AND MEAT INSPECTION

If citizens require any further proof of the need of milk and meat inspection than that given at Monday night's meeting of the City Council, both in addresses by doctors and in sample of meat submitted for inspection, then probably nothing will move them. That meat such as that examined by the City Councillors should be exposed for sale and should be bought by unsuspecting citizens cannot in any species of fairness be called anything but a crime and we have it on good authority that as a result, there has been an appreciable drop in the sale of pork as a result of the exhibition. The meat merchants, in self defence, should now unite in demanding a thorough inspection of all meats offered for sale in the city. The milkmen should take similar action. Inspection, thorough, official and reliable is the only way in which public confidence can be restored and the sooner this is effected the better for all concerned.

THE FINAL SETTLEMENT

A despatch purporting to have originated in Amsterdam, and published in the Daily Express, London, presumably reporting opinions expressed at a naval council in Berlin, has gone the rounds of the press. Among other things the despatch says: "Admiral Von Ingenob's policy of seeking battle was reported as strongly condemned. It may be taken for granted, that the German fleet will never again attack England's ships in anything like equal fight but will remain hidden till peace is declared and be made the nucleus of the largest fleet that ever existed, then to challenge England's fleet within 15 or 20 years."

That such settlements, if expressed at all, were intended to reach the open, is not probable. That, whether the despatch be a correct report or the product of a reporter's fertile imagination, it correctly represents official German opinion, will not be doubted for a moment by any one who has followed the history of the war and the sayings and writings of German professors and diplomats.

In a recent issue we published in The Guardian a clipping from an article by Professor Von Leyden in one of the leading Berlin journals, in which he expressed the most insane hatred of England and Englishmen, declaring that "no self-respecting German will ever consent to remain in any room of which an Englishman is the occupant," that "we cannot be expected to breathe the same polluted air as our deadliest foes," and "that we swear never to rest, never to cease our preparations for another war, never to spare an effort until the last semblance of English power is destroyed for all time."

In dealing with a nation whose leading men—not the rabble or the toughs, as the language might imply, but the cultured professors at whose feet the world sat less than a year ago—express themselves in such terms as these, and similar terms variously expressed, there is only one method to adopt, the method adopted when dealing with the tiger or the cobra. Any other settlement would be a crime against civilization. We do not mean the extermination of the German people; we mean merely that the power of carrying out their instinctive purposes must be taken from them, and the implements by which they could do mischief must be put beyond their reach.

To treat Germany at the close of the war as a nation with a possible future, to leave her to carry out the fiendish threats of her leaders and educators would mean that the war had been fought in vain and that the blood and the treasure poured out had been wasted. The settlement will no doubt be effected to prevent this. All the declarations made in the British Parliament with reference to the continuance of the war to a legitimate conclusion, point to a settlement that will avert such a catastrophe in future. That can mean only that German militarism must be beaten down to the earth, her teeth pulled, her talons sawed off and their wings clipped. That her own same people, when they shall have learned the truth as to the way in which they have been duped into this, will assist the conquering nations to place her militarism and her "counterfeit Moses" where they belong and where they can do no more mischief, is quite probable for all are not "Germans" who are of Germany.

NOTES

The truth sometimes hurts, but one hears so little of it that an anaesthetic seldom is needed.

Next to adopting a set of resolutions, a mass meeting appears to be the most futile thing.

An optimist is a man on his way to enter his exhibit at a show. A pessimist is a man taking it away after the show is over.

No store ever failed if its newspaper advertising was good enough and big enough. No store ever succeeded if it was not.

The Charlottetown Board of Trade and its energetic secretary, Mr. E. H. Beer are to be congratulated on their advertising campaign in the interest of the Island. They have just obtained a supply of 10,000 neat little folders entitled "Rest and Recuperate in the Garden of the Gulf," suitable for enclosure in an ordinary business envelope. Every patriotic Islander should apply to Mr. Beer for a quantity of these, and enclose them in every letter they post. Mr. Beer communicated with various Boards of Trade in Canada and the United States and obtained the names of 300 social and holiday clubs to each of which he has forwarded 10 copies. This means a wide circulation for some 3,000 booklets, and still Mr. Beer is receiving further names. This is a splendid way to boost the opportunities the Island has to offer.

REPRESENTATION IN COMMONS

Sir,—I see that the question of our representation in the Federal Parliament has once more been brought before the House of Commons at Ottawa. Yet it seems there is a small mountain in the way. If liberty is asked to alter the fatal clause, why should the leave granted be restricted to four members? Our Provincial Government and Federal should have full liberty to deal with the matter of our representation. Some members from near-by provinces seem to be iron-bound when undertaking to explain away our rights in the matter. We got six members for this province at the entering into Confederation and we supposed that that was for all time, but later on the cruel Pharaoh took charge and put the old clique to work to cut off our good members. I would ask whom did this benefit? No one. Whom did it injure for us to get our six members? I say none. Why should foggy blatant lawyers be so unjust, as to endeavor to keep us out of our just rights, rights they never gave and certainly should not take away.

I am, Sir, etc.,
A. Lot 43.

PRESENTATIONS

Some time ago the Rev. James MacDougall, Minister of the church of Scotland, received from his congregation a donation of \$80 accompanied by address to which Mr. MacDougall made a suitable reply. Since then he has received a further gift of \$220 from the several sections of his congregation, collected and donated as follows: \$90 from the Coleman Section, including a private gift of \$25 from Mr. T. M. Howatt, \$37 from Canoe Cove and Argyle Shore, collected by Mrs. A. Sellars and Miss Selina MacPha, and presented to Mrs. MacDougall, \$37 from DeSable, Hampton, and Victoria, collected by Miss Jessie R. Boates and Miss Maggie Ferguson and presented to Mrs. MacDougall and \$56 from Cape Traverse, Searle-town and Augustine Cove, collected by Mrs. John Clark, Mrs. Wm. Millington, Mrs. Sadie MacMicken and Miss Alice Pearson and presented to Mr. MacDougall for the purchase of a driving sleigh. The following address accompanied the gift and was signed by the collectors and others in behalf of the congregation:—

To the Rev. James MacDougall, Minister of the congregation of Coleman, Cape Traverse and DeSable, Dearly Beloved Pastor:—As the Good Shepherd has spared you to enter upon another year as pastor of this congregation, and as He has also spared your beloved wife and companion in your labors amongst us, we feel that it is fitting occasion to express and thankfulness to Him and our appreciation of the valuable services you and Mrs. MacDougall have rendered us during your connection with the congregation. You have been ministering to our spiritual wants for nearly twenty years and during that time you have fearlessly and faithfully discharged the duties of your high calling. You have fearlessly denounced evil in every form and opposed everything false in practice and precept and you have faithfully proclaimed the doctrine of Jesus Christ clearly and pointed out the way of salvation. What you have always proved loyal to your church, faithful to your ordination vows and zealous in the service of your Master, you have never descended to the uncharitable method of abusing other branches of the Christian Church or of using language that would only tend to bring ridicule on the cause you uphold. While ministering to such a large congregation, extending as it does from Coleman to Canoe Cove, your work has been extremely difficult, but always performed without murmuring and when called upon by members of other churches to minister to them in times of sickness and bereavement, you have always manifested the spirit of a true and devoted servant of Jesus Christ. It is gratifying to us and it must be encouraging to you to know that during your pastorate the members of the congregation, has continued to increase and that this has been done without your trespassing on the rights of any other church or congregation. We ask Mrs. MacDougall and yourself to accept this gift as a slight token of the esteem in which you are held by your congregation and by the public generally. It is accompanied by our best wishes and earnest prayers that you may be spared to minister unto us for many years to come, that your home and family may continue to be blessed, that Mrs. MacDougall may be speedily restored to health and that the peace and harmony now existing in the congregation may long continue.

Furnished by W. S. Louson.

CHANGES.

Whom first we love, you know, we seldom wed.
Time rules us all, and life, indeed, is not
The thing we planned it out ere hope was dead.
And then, we women cannot choose our lot.

Who might have been—ah what, I dare not think!
We are all changed: God judges for us best,
God help us do our duty, and not shrink,
And trust in heaven humbly for the rest!

Ah! were we judged by what we might have been,
And not by what we are—too apt to fall!
My little child—he sleeps and smiles between
These thoughts and me. In heaven we shall know all.
—Robert Bulwer-Lytton.

DAILY SELECTIONS FOR READERS OF THE GUARDIAN

Furnished by W. S. Louson.

CHANGES.

Whom first we love, you know, we seldom wed.
Time rules us all, and life, indeed, is not
The thing we planned it out ere hope was dead.
And then, we women cannot choose our lot.

Who might have been—ah what, I dare not think!
We are all changed: God judges for us best,
God help us do our duty, and not shrink,
And trust in heaven humbly for the rest!

Ah! were we judged by what we might have been,
And not by what we are—too apt to fall!
My little child—he sleeps and smiles between
These thoughts and me. In heaven we shall know all.
—Robert Bulwer-Lytton.

RECALL CATARRH JELLY

Recall Catarrh Jelly is guaranteed to cure any form of catarrh. Try it, the results will satisfy you. Put up in collapsible tubes, price 25c. MacKinnon Drug Co., corner Great George, and Kent Sts.—M.B.T.

KING'S MESSAGE TO CANADIAN SOLDIERS

OTTAWA, March 4.—Following his inspection of the Canadian First Contingent on February 4, on Salisbury Plain, His Majesty the King wrote a gracious message to the troops, to be read to all units on board ship after their embarkation for France. The government today issued the text of the farewell, which follows:

"Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and men:
"At the beginning of November, I had the pleasure of welcoming to the Mother Country this fine contingent from the Dominion of Canada, and now, after three months' training, I bid you God speed on your way to assist my army in the field.

"I am well aware of the discomforts that you have experienced from the inclement weather, and abnormal rain, and I admire the cheerful spirit displayed by all ranks in facing and overcoming all difficulties.
"From what I have heard, and from what I have been able to see at today's inspection and march past, I am satisfied that you have made good use of the time spent on Salisbury Plain.

"By your willing and prompt rally to our common flag you have already earned the gratitude of the Motherland.

"By your deeds and achievements on the field of battle I am confident that you will emulate the example of your fellow countrymen in the South African war, and thus help to secure the triumph of our arms.
"I shall follow with pride and interest all your movements, and I pray that God may bless you and watch over you."

AUTO BANDITS INSPIRE SEDITION

PARIS, March 5.—Persons said to have been connected at one time with the notorious Bonnot band of auto bandits, are charged by the police with being responsible for authorship of a seditious pamphlet with the title "People, You Are Being Deceived," in which a plea is made for the cause of Germany. Several arrests have been made.

It is stated that these taken into custody include Lorulot, former editor of the newspaper Anarchy, and Jeanne Benardi, a friend of the anarchist bandit Carouy, who committed suicide in his cell in the Conciergerie prison after he had been sentenced to life imprisonment for his share in the sensational exploits of the outlay gang which were not broken up until the melodramatic battle with the police at Choisy-le-Roy on April 23, 1912. It is understood that those under suspicion will be tried by court martial at Marseilles.

ACQUIT DOCTOR OF MURDERING GIRL

NAPANEE, Ont., March 5.—The jury late Thursday returned a verdict acquitting Dr. K. C. Robinson on the charge of having murdered Blanche York at Tamworth, and the doctor was at once given his liberty.

The crowd in court broke into cheers when the foreman made his announcement, and brought a severe rebuke from the judge. During the brief moment of the uproar, however, hats were thrown in the air and handkerchiefs waved gaily all over the hall. There was a long pause before the judge, in a concise statement, almost free from comment and without any expression of concurrence or otherwise on the verdict, told the prisoner he was free to go.

The accused left at once for Kingston, with his wife, mother, brothers and brother-in-law. He will spend some time there, he said, claiming to have no plans for the present.

KING GEORGE'S FAREWELL TO CANADIAN TROOPS.

OTTAWA, March 4.—Following his inspection of the Canadian First Contingent on February 4, on Salisbury Plain, His Majesty the King wrote a gracious message to the troops, to be read to all units on board ship after their embarkation for France. The Government today issued the text of the farewell, which follows:

"Officers, non-commissioned officers, and men:
"At the beginning of November, I had the pleasure of welcoming to the Mother Country this fine contingent from the Dominion of Canada, and now, after three months' training, I bid you God speed on your way to assist my army in the field.

"I am well aware of the discomforts that you have experienced from the inclement weather, and abnormal rain, and I admire the cheerful spirit displayed by all ranks in facing and overcoming all difficulties.
"From all I have heard, and from what I have been able to see at today's inspection and march past, I am satisfied that you have made good use of the time spent on Salisbury Plain.

"By your willing and prompt rally to our common flag you have earned the gratitude of the Motherland.

"By your deeds and achievements on the field of battle I am confident that you will emulate the example of your fellow countrymen in the South African war, and thus help to secure the triumph of our arms.

"I shall follow with pride and interest all your movements, and I pray that God may bless you and watch over you."

House of Quality

Corset Talk

A woman to be properly gowned must be properly corseted. An ill fitting Corset will spoil all the splendid effects that your tailor may secure for you.

D. & A. and Le Diva

Corsets combine all the grace and suppleness that every woman desires, and your gown will show to perfection if fitted over one of the models of these famous lines.

As good in Canada, as any foreign Corset is in its own country, you are saving 50 per cent duty and freight, besides buying "Made-in-Canada" goods.

We are showing a splendid range of these models ranging from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per pair, and our Corset lady will delight in selling you the corset best suited for your figure.

All are fully guaranteed not to break or rust.

James Paton & Co

Charlottetown, P. E. I.

"Home of the Better Corset"



Important Announcement

THE GUARDIAN PROMOTION EDITION is undoubtedly the most important publicity work ever undertaken for the advertising abroad of the advantages, resources and opportunities offered by Prince Edward Island.

The Guardian desires that this edition be thoroughly representative of the Island's men of action.

It is possible that many who might desire a representation in the work may not be reached by The Guardian canvassing representative. The Guardian will be pleased to furnish full information to those making inquiries.

3824-3-2mEtt

"The Haberdashery"



STETSON

YOU will find it easier to see the difference in hats than we do to tell you about it.

Get one of our new Spring Stetsons into your hands and on to your head. Get the "feel" of a Stetson, look in a mirror and see how it shows style and quality.

Then if you like, go and try on the best hats you find anywhere else, compare them with these Stetsons here in our stock.

And we know how to select from Stetson's assortments to suit men in this community.

The Spring styles are all here—Derbies and Soft felts—in such a variety of sizes, shapes and colors that you can pick yours out quick.

Henderson & Cudmore

Sunnyside

3802-3-6NLU.

Bargains for you at Goff Bros

Ladies Boots Pat. Dong. & Tan calf first price \$3.00 to \$4.00 now \$2.19.
Misses Boots Sizes—1-2 Price \$1.25.
Ladies Slippers Dong. 1 strap \$1.15 for 85c.
Ladies Trimmed Slippers 39c.
Men's Boots the best value yet. Tan & Gun Metal, Butt. & Laced priced from \$3.00 to \$5.00 at 25 p. c. off.

A job lot of Rubbers Womens 59c. Mens 69c.

GOFF BROS

Home of Good Shoes

Childs & Infants Box Kid Boots great value. Sizes 4 to 7 90c Sizes 8 to 10 \$1.00.