

MORNING DAILY FOUNDED 1881 WEEKLY (NOW RURAL DAILY) 1887

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1907.

TWENTY CENTS A MONTH BY MAIL (TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR BY MAIL)

How The West Regards Debate

Message From Alberton Commenting On The Hansard Report Of The Speeches

ALBERTON, Feb. 26, 1907.—(Special).—Guardian Charlottetown.—Hansard received shows Parliament, all things considered wonderfully sympathetic to tunnel project.

We must push forward. Don't believe Laurier after promises written and spoken and after this leading us on could speak as reported to St. John delegation, but even if he did not stand in way of tunnel now, which must come if island is true to itself and surely it will stand solidly and persistently by that which alone can assure it any share in the national prosperity.

BULLDOGS WORRY WOMAN TO DEATH

ABINGTON, Mass., Feb. 23.—In the home of a friend with whom she had taken shelter on account of illness, Mrs. Margaret Goss, of Rockland, was fatally bitten by five bulldogs.

Mrs. Goss left her home, in Rockland in the afternoon, telling her husband that she was coming to Abington. During the evening she called at the Corey home, corner of Summer and Plymouth streets, less than two miles from her home, and said she was feeling badly.

The Corey's realized that it would be dangerous for her to go out into the cold and give her food and a bed in the kitchen for the night.

Inmates of the house were awakened about three o'clock this morning by a noise in the rear of the house, where five valuable bulldogs were kept. Mr. Corey found the woman unconscious on the kitchen floor surrounded by the dogs. Her neck, arms and legs from the waist to the ankle were badly bitten.

Medical Examiner Durley, of Brockton, viewed the body, but declined to make a statement until further investigation. Dr. Hutchinson says the bites were not sufficient to cause her death, which was probably due to shock in her weakened condition. She was about fifty-nine years old.

ARE DOWN UPON "THAW" STORIES

New York, Feb. 23.—For having published a book allged to be obscene, Gustave A. Biot, of 81 Fourth Avenue, was arrested at noon today by detectives Hammond and Plock, of District Attorney Jerome's staff. The case was placed in the hands of Assistant District Attorney P.P. Smith, of this borough. The book for the publication of which Biot was arrested purported to have been written by Harry K. Thaw and was entitled "The Festive Life of Stanford White." It was on sale by peddlers here Friday and Saturday, the price being 5 cents.

Magistrate Tighe issued a warrant on Saturday for Biot's arrest and was in the Butler street court today awaiting the arraignment of the prisoner. Two o'clock was set as the hour for the arraignment, but at 2:30 neither Mr. Smith nor his prisoner had shown up.

Inquiry at the District Attorney's office late in the afternoon showed that Mr. Smith was at the Myrtle avenue court in Butler street, however. Mrs. Biot and a bondsman were waiting for the business. So was Magistrate Tighe obviously perplexed at the non-appearance of the prisoner.

The warrant was issued under section 37, sub-division 2, of the Penal Code. The book itself is a melodramatic publication of thirty-two pages. It contains ten illustrations, and was published by the New York Illustrated News, at the Fourth avenue address indicated. It was copyrighted in 1906, and purported to have been written by H. K. Thaw.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

PASSING OF SCOTCH HERMIT

EDINBURGH, Feb. 23.—The last of the Scottish hermits has just passed away from her recluse life. Margaret McDougall who was known throughout Argyllshire and the Western Highlands as "The Armadillo Hermit," has been found dead in the snow. All her life she has made her home by the sea. In her isolation she refused even the smallest comfort; at the hands of offical or friend. She has existed in complete solitude for a couple of generations. In her possession were found fifty sovereigns, by which the nation will be the richer.

A \$50,000,000 OIL CONCERN

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 23.—The Mexican Petroleum Company, Limited, of Delaware has been chartered at Dover to deal in petroleum and acquire gold, silver, iron, and copper mines in Mexico and the United States. The capital is \$50,000,000. The incorporators are Harry W. Davis of Wilmington, Horace S. Gould of Millbrook, N.Y. and Samuel B. Howard of New York. Horace S. Gould is secretary of the Corporation Company of 135 Broadway with which Samuel B. Howard is also connected. All information as to those who are behind the new concern or its plans was refused at the office of the Corporation Company.

EAGLE EYE OF THE KAISERS

LONDON, Eng., Feb. 23.—It is satisfactory to be assured that the Kaiser's eagle eye has lost nothing of its keenness. Not long ago he was walking through the Theatre when he passed some one in an officer's uniform who stood at attention and saluted. "Who are you?" demanded the Kaiser; "what's your regiment?" "Your Majesty's," replied the man; "surely, that's a mistake," said the Emperor sharply; "you mean assistant paymaster." "No, sir, your Majesty," rejoined the other. "Then where's your eagle?" demanded the Kaiser. As War Lord he had just issued a new army regulation requiring paymasters to wear a tiny gold eagle in their caps between the cockades to distinguish them in uniform from commissioned officers. The distinction is unwelcome among the men most concerned by it. Small as the badge is, the Kaiser had at once spotted its absence. "I forgot to put it in, Your Majesty," stammered the delinquent. "When I issue a regulation I don't expect it to be forgotten," remarked the Kaiser caustically, and passed on.

BUILDING OF CHANNEL TUNNEL

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The eminent French engineer, M. Sautiaux, one of the leading authorities on the subject of a channel tunnel, lectured about it the other day at Lille. After reviewing various schemes for different types of bridges and ferries he contended that the only practical scheme was a submarine tunnel based on the researches of the late M. Thome de Gamaud. After dealing with the geological conditions of the scheme, and declaring himself in favor of the circular form of the tube railways in London he turned to the question of cost. Declaring the previous French and English estimates of the total too low, he calculated that sum of \$80,000,000 would be required. The annual working expenditure would amount in all to \$1,400,000, he thought. As to revenue, the French might expect \$7,000,000 to \$8,000,000 and the English \$7,400,000, according to an estimate based on receipts for passengers and goods. After remarking that every body was proceeding satisfactorily with the scheme in France, M. Sautiaux dealt with the objections raised on the English side. He maintained that from a military point of view England had nothing to fear either from France or from Germany. Not only could she always block the tunnel, but in case of a conflict with Germany or the United States it would enable her to draw supplies from the Continent. From a commercial point of view the low maritime freights would render it impossible to injure the British mercantile marine. It was only Belgium and Germany that would lose by the tunnel. In conclusion he maintained that the tunnel would give fresh guarantees for peace and progress and greatly develop the friendship between France and England.

HON. MR. HUGHES ON THE SUBSIDY QUESTION

Explains Fully What Was Done By The Delegates And Says Opposition are Misleading the People In This Matter—Mr. Morson's Charge

Tuesday, February 26th, 1907. Morning Session.

In reply to a question by Mr. Matheson Premier Peters said he did not think it would be necessary to have a report published regarding the delegation to the Conference to arrange the subsidies of the Province.

MR. MORSON rose and after referring to the fact that the Premier has refused to attend public meeting called to discuss public questions, plunged at once into the matter of the subsidy and proceeded to make out a case against the Island delegates. His remarks occupied all the time of the short morning session and were interrupted by adjournment at 1 p.m.

Afternoon Session

On the house reassembling at 3:45 Mr. Morson continued his speech. He maintained that the delegates who represented this province had not done their best in the matter, that they should have made a demand as did the Premiers of other Provinces for a greater increase on account of the exceptional conditions which prevailed here. If any Province had a right for such it was this province. Did our delegates say anything about it? Mr. Morson instanced the action of Premier McBride of British Columbia who demanded his \$100,000. He was getting a million of money by kicking \$100,000 a year for ten years. In the face of this he did not see how any member of the House could get up and say that the conference was called to talk subsidy only. He was waiting with curiosity to hear what the hon member for Charlottetown, Hon Mr. Hughes would have to say.

The Premier challenges anyone to show what more could have been done than was done. Mr. Morson then showed how the increase might have been decided and asserted that injustice had been done to Prince Edward Island from the fact that this Province would go on for all time contributing to the subsidies of the other Provinces, and there was no indication that there would be any increase of our own. That was what our delegates had done.

HON. G. E. HUGHES on rising first paid a tribute to the memory of his late colleague, the Hon. George Simpson who has passed away since last the House was in session. Then he took up the subsidies about which he said "the hon. member who had just spoken was so anxious to hear." Hon. Mr. Hughes then began one of the strongest speeches that has been yet heard on this topic, and one of the longest and best addresses he has ever made in the House. He said in part—

"I had the honor to be a delegate to the Conference called to arrange the Provincial subsidies. In this House and at public meetings the statement has been circulated by members of the Opposition and by their Leader that we did nothing. I am prepared to prove that these statements are entirely untrue, misleading, and libellous. During the first five or six days of that Conference matters were discussed for a great part of each day by the Provincial premiers—the very matters of which it is said we took no care. We were not asleep. We did not act in the matter stated to be the case by the Leader of the Opposition and his followers at the meetings he attended throughout the country.

"Other questions were brought up; other claims were made on behalf of this Province and of the other Provinces. But we had to confine our selves to the subsidy question. The matter of education of the Provinces was brought up; it had to be dropped. The matter of the Fisheries was also brought up; and the Travelers tax. The very same line of argument brought up by the member for Carleton was up before the conference. It is no new thing he has discovered. But it was not considered. The matter for consideration was the subsidy. The basis on which the subsidy was arranged was ratified by all the Provinces except British Columbia in 1893. But last year when an amendment was brought before this House what did the members of the Opposition do? Why, they voted against it.

"The member for Carleton (Mr. Morson) says this should not be the basis, but the basis that should not be the basis; but the basis that had been ratified was the basis chosen. There were exceptions governing the case of British Columbia and of the new Territories. Prince Edward Island is paid at the highest notch. And under

MEN RULE BY FORCE, WOMEN BY CHARM.

And yet because they live less strenuously, women neglect the early evidences of falling vigor. The wise woman will not permit her charms to be robbed by ill-health. When she feels appetite falling, nerves getting on edge, color fading, she takes Ferronine. How it sharpens the appetite! How quickly rich blood is available to restore color to the cheeks, buoyancy to the step. Better try Ferronine. You'll feel like a new being, with new vigor and ability to confront life's difficulties. You are sure to bless the day you commenced Ferronine. Sold every where in 50c boxes.

the statute we shall suffer no decrease. "We made demands; we discussed resolutions for days and days; we submitted the amendment to the Legislature. But we were told that was unnecessary as we were paid according to the highest figures our population had reached in any decennial census—on a population of 109,000 (we haven't got that now) and there was no possibility of decrease.

"In the circumstances we did right in voting for the terms. We had to be unanimous. If we had not been unanimous we would have come back empty handed.

"Everybody not blinded by party politics will agree that we are receiving most generous treatment.

Mr. Hughes was interrupted by the adjournment at 6 p.m.

EVENING SESSION

Hon Mr. Hughes concluded his speech when the house reassembled at 8 p.m. He made a fitting peroration to his splendid effort of the afternoon and after directing attention to the fact that the increased subsidy, the affiliation of Prince of Wales College, the establishing of an experimental farm, and the removal of the jail and poorhouse were measures of the Liberals, sat down amid applause.

He was followed by Messrs. McKinnon, Read, Fraser and Hon. Mr. Huszard, and House adjourned at 11 p.m.

THE WEATHER.

TORONTO, Feb. 21.—Moderate winds, fair and cold.

Coughs, colds, sore throats, and other ailments are quickly relieved by Croonian tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

AMUNDSEN'S POLAR VOYAGE

New York, Feb. 23.—Sailing June 16, 1903, from Christiania, Norway, the Gjoes, in its progress through Lancaster Sound, found little or no ice, so that Amundsen reached Beechey Island without difficulty, says A. W. Greely, in the Century. Advantage was taken of this visit, August 2-24, to determine the magnetic element, a work of value as furnishing data by which could later be determined the secular variation for that area. The observations clearly indicated that the magnetic pole yet remained in a southerly direction, and so not materially changed from its previously known locality. In addition, there were geological investigations, as far as the brief stay would permit. The Franklin monument and the graves of the three seamen were found in good condition, but the depot of supplies established by the British government for possible castaways had been entirely destroyed. The record left by Amundsen at this point, found by the Neptune in the summer of 1904, gave the first information to the world of his progress and initial success.

LADY COUTTS HAD NO NERVES

LONDON, Feb. 23.—One who knew the late Baroness Burdett-Coutts well tells in "Blackwood's Magazine" that she was a complete stranger to nerves and to cares, and to the other ailments of rash and unsettlement which play such an important role in modern life.

"She was hardly ever ill, and to the end remained in possession of all her faculties. Possessing no nerves, in the modern derogatory sense, she consequently enjoyed the most even temperament. Day by day her spirits were the same; and I have never known her depressed or affected in any way by circumstances or climatic conditions. Probably the Baroness was about the only person in London who did not feel the noise and discomfort from the great rush of motor-buses past her house. When asked if they caused her annoyance, she merely replied, 'I do not think London so noisy now as when the streets were paved with cobblestones; then the omnibuses did tumble over them.'

Lame Back.

This ailment is usually caused by rheumatism of the muscles and may be cured by applying Chamberlain's Pain Balm two or three times a day and rubbing the parts vigorously at each application. If this does not afford relief, bind on a piece of flannel slightly dampened with Pain Balm, and quick relief is almost sure to follow. For sale by all druggists.

A WHOLE TOWN WAS WIPED OUT

VICTORIA, B.C. Feb. 23.—News has been brought here by the steamer Miowera that a hurricane has completely wiped out Cooktown in North Australia. No lives were lost. The monetary loss will amount to \$2,000,000. The steamer also brought news that constant trouble was being stirred up in the Solomon Islands by the men expelled from Queensland, following the enactment of the "white" Australian laws. H.M.S. Prometheus, a British warship placed in the vicinity of the group to protect the returning blacks, shelled the village of Silewa, on Malaita Island. From Papua news was brought of a punitive expedition following a raid on a Cape Cupola village, two children being murdered and eaten at the cannibal feast.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO (Quinine Tablets). Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature below.

FRENCH STATE AND CHURCH

PARIS, Feb. 23.—Following the approval of the chamber of deputies last night of the government's church and state policy, negotiations between M. De Selves, the prefect of the Seine and Mgr. Amette, the subject of the contracts for the lease of the churches, were resumed today.

The newspapers unanimously recognize the completeness of Education Minister Briand's triumph, but some of the public organs are plainly discontented because it entails negotiations with the ecclesiastical authorities. The Moderates and Conservatives rejoice at the prospect of religious peace, but they fear that the solution of the religious question will only clear the way for legislation which will inaugurate social warfare.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c. 11-19dwmfm.

KING TO LOSE AN ADVISER

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The most prominent Irishman in the British army, King Edward's confidential military adviser General Sir Thomas Kelly-Kenny is retiring. General Kelly-Kenny, who is regarded as one of the best of British soldiers, was very severely treated by the late Tory government when it reorganized the War Office. He was at that time Adjutant-General of the army, but was summarily dismissed by War Secretary Arnold-Forster, along with Lord Roberts, the commander-in-chief, and other eminent soldiers.

Since then many important posts have been offered him, but he has declined them all, in accordance with a resolve he made never to accept another army appointment as long as he lived.

The General is an intimate friend of the King, who seeks his advice on all military questions. During the Boer war he commanded a division of Lord Roberts' army on the march to Pretoria.

WEAK DIGESTION.

Indigestion and dyspepsia have wrecked many lives. People who are weak and miserable should know that health would return if the digestive organs were made normal. This is just the condition which Hutch tablets bring about. Hutch cures constipation, biliousness, nervousness, liver and kidney trouble, and produces sound sleep. It will make you well. See that you get Hutch then for stomach troubles.

It's a doctor for ten cents. A big bottle with 20 in for \$1.00. For sale by all druggists.

Condensed Advertisements

(Too late for classification.)

SEE PAGE 6 FOR RATES

REMEMBER—That everybody needs a morning paper as the news is the freshest and up-to-date, and that at some time during the day everybody is likely to buy the good advertised while their mind is still bright and active.

Lions Are A Pest In Rhodesia

A VALUABLE AMAZON CARGO

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Booth Line steamship Maranense which arrived on Saturday afternoon at Martin's Stores brought from the ports of the Amazon the most valuable rubber cargo that has reached here in a long time. It consists of 6350 cases, valued at about \$500, a case in total of about \$3,178,000. Besides this she brought the first of this season's Brazil nuts, deerskins, egret plumes, maryak, cocoa and 300 bags of Caruauba wax.

LEFT NEGROES OUT OF CREWS

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 23.—The Brazilian Government has decided, in order to avoid possible disagreeable incidents, to exclude negro sailors from the Brazilian squadron which is to visit the United States. The Opposition newspapers attack the government for this step.

COUNTRY LIFE COLD FOR BRUIN

WINNIPEG, Feb. 23.—Driven southward by the extremely cold and stormy weather of the past month in search of food, a cinnamon bear was roaming about the northwestern part of the city recently and was eventually captured by a resident of Disraeli street. Bruin had wakened up from his long sleep in the northern woods but finding little subsistence in the vicinity of his home, headed for Winnipeg determined on trying the sweets of city life. He was first seen in the vicinity of the exhibition grounds but on nearing the centre of the city his liberty was short lived and he is now a captive.

KING IS NOT AT ALL AFRAID

PARIS, Feb. 23.—The mightiest Sovereign in Christendom walking about unattended and with no more fear of anarchists than of ghosts was the spectacle the Parisians had during his visit.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra during their stay here mingled freely with the public and were everywhere received with the most hearty expressions of welcome. They visited the leading theatres, and during the entrance King Edward walked about in the lobbies smoking his cigarette like an ordinary spectator. Nowhere was the slightest attempt at mobbing or staring.

After bowing and showing discreet marks of deference, those present stood aside, treating the King as one of themselves. There were no signs of obtrusive curiosity. The King and Queen have delighted and tickled the vanity of Parisians by thus mingling with them like private individuals, and the Parisians, by their tactful politeness, have in turn won the hearts of King Edward and of Queen Alexandra.

GLANDERS KILLED SIXTEEN HORSES

PATOCQUE, L. I. February 23.—John Sweeney, Proprietor of Roe's Hotel stables has lost sixteen horses from glanders. During the past five months, thirteen of the animals died or had to be shot and last Saturday five officials from the State Department of Health, visited the stables and after ordering three more of the animals killed, placed four more under quarantine, with orders that if the animals were not improved by today they also be killed. The state officials made an autopsy of three animals killed by their order on Saturday and found unmistakable signs of glanders in the worst form. There is little doubt but that the other four will have to be killed today making a loss to Sweeney of at least \$3,500 for the twenty animals.

How Sweeney's animals caught the disease is not known, but it is believed to have been taken from the watering trough out of which some travelling man's horse afflicted with the disease had been drinking.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

One of The Roubles That Farmers Have to Count Upon.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 23.—Lions have again been troublesome in the Masse lately, and several farmers in that district have good cause for complaint against the raiiders. Only recently, says the Rhodesia Herald, the cattle kraal on the farm Bellevue was visited and a fine young heifer fell a victim to the ravenous beasts. In the morning Mr. Biggs found the spoor of at least two lions, and feeling certain they would return to finish their meal, he poisoned a portion of the carcass from the rest of the meat. Having got about two hundred yards off, he turned round to see that everything was quite in order and observed a fine lioness making her way toward the dead heifer, followed by a full grown lion and two others bringing up the rear. Being alone, and certain he could not tag the whole four, Mr. Biggs lay flat on the ground and watched them. The lioness soon found the steak, she devoured with great relish, which action so pleased the watcher that he gave vent to his satisfaction at seeing at least one accounted for.

The shout attracted the other animals and all four looked towards him, but, finding the supper more interesting, proceeded with their meal. The tempting sight of such a fine quartette almost persuaded Mr. Biggs to have a shot, but by this time it was getting dark, and, making his way back to the house, left the animal feeding.

Soon after nightfall a fearful chorus of howls and groans told the whole neighborhood that the poison was taking effect and on visiting the place in the morning three lions were found dead near the carcass, and after a prolonged search the lioness was discovered lying dead in the bush about four hundred yards off. The animals were all full grown and splendid beasts, and Mr. Biggs is to be congratulated on making such a splendid haul and ridding the district of at least four of the pests.

THE MIGHTY MEN OF THE R.N.W.M.P.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 23.—Construction of an all-Canadian military highway from central British Columbia and Alberta to the Yukon Territory will go on with renewed energy this spring, according to Dawson advices. Capt. McDonnell of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, now at Whitehorse, will start north from Hazelton, B.C., with an expedition in the spring. He will have charge of trail-blazers, road builders and bridge builders. A course will be blazed, bridge-bulls and a pack route cut from Hazelton, through the Rockies, to Fort Graham, at the head of the Dease River.

POOR FOLK WHO OWN TREASURES

LONDON, Feb. 16.—An exhibition which is not without pathos has been organized by Rev. Neville Dandas, vicar of Holy Trinity church, Stepney and was opened recently.

The pathetic side of the exhibition is that the contributions, which are shown on long tables ranged down the side of the church room, came from the homes of the very poor.

In some homes a piece of rare willow pattern china, priceless old lace samplers of embroidery have been held through days of dire poverty, when there has been no food on the table.

A valuable picture, more than 200 years old, executed in fine needlework, was an object of much interest. It belongs to an old woman who receives relief from the parish, and will leave no relatives to mourn her death. But she steadfastly refuses to sell her one treasure.

Some of the exhibits are extraordinary when the poverty of the East End is considered. There are one or two pieces of priceless Wedgwood, and a set of jewelry, consisting of a gold watch with necklace, buckle, bracelet, and seal to match, set with emeralds and pearls, and dated 1700. An old embroidered umbrella of the early Victorian period, three valuable Hogarths, a teapot dating back to the Fire of London, and found thirty-five feet beneath Chesapeake, and a Chinese ivory carved out of stone, are among the curios.