

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1914.

(\$2.50 PER YEAR (DELIVERED) IN ADVANCE  
2.50 PER YEAR BY MAIL IN ADVANCE)

## DARDANELLES ARE CLOSED TO NAVIGATION

LONDON, Sept. 29.—Austrian forts at Cattaro, Dalmatia, on Sept. 19th sunk a big French warship, according to a despatch from Cologne, Basette. This ship was one of a fleet of 18 which was met by Salvo from one of the Austrian forts.

A despatch from Constantinople says the Dardanelles are closed to navigation and the Austrian Government has confiscated Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s securities and money deposited in Vienna. According to the report as well as Company's observation cars running on Austrian railroads. This is the result of the refusal of the company to pay a dividend to Austrian shareholders. Advances received from Paris saw a rapid increase in grain prices in Austria cause anxiety. Farmers are holding for higher prices and want government to fix a price. For the first time since war began the wireless news was circulated by the French Government through Eiffel tower and was received in London. The message told that fierce fighting had taken place in Northern France.

## COOL AND COLLECTED AMID DISASTER SAYS ADMIRALTY OF NAVAL OFFICERS AND MEN

Survivors of the Triple Destruction in the North Sea Tell of Bravery of British Tars—Orders Now Issued to Leave Each Ship To Its Own Devices

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The facts concerning the sinking of the British cruisers Aboukir, Hogue and Cressy, by a German submarine, or submarines, in the North Sea, with a loss of nearly 60 officers and 1,400 men are contained in an Admiralty statement issued last night.

The reports of Commanders Nicholson, of the Cressy, and Norton, of the Hogue, state that the Aboukir was hit by one torpedo and sunk in thirty-five minutes. Three torpedoes were fired at the Cressy, one of the explosives missing narrowly. She lasted from 35 to 45 minutes. The Hogue was struck twice, 10 to 20 seconds elapsing between the torpedoes, and went under in five minutes. The Cressy fired on the submarine and some of the officers were confident that the shots sank her. Commander Nicholson says that the three torpedoes directed against his ship might have been fired by the same submarine and that there is no real proof that more than one was engaged.

Great Discipline and Heroism

The reports show that the greatest discipline was maintained and that acts of heroism were performed, but the Admiralty has established the rule that such affairs must be governed by the same laws as prevail in naval action, and that disabled ships must be left to their own resources rather than other ships should be jeopardized by rescue work.

The Admiralty's statement concerning the sinking of the three British cruisers is as follows: "The facts of this affair cannot be better conveyed than by the attached report of the senior officers who have survived and have landed in England. The sinking of the Aboukir was, of course, an ordinary hazard of patrolling duty. The Hogue and the Cressy, however, were sunk because their consort and remainder, with engines stopped endeavoring to save life thus presenting an easy and certain target to further submarine attacks.

Pardonable Error of Judgment

The natural promptings of humanity have in this case led to heavy losses which would have been avoided by strict adherence to military considerations. Modern naval war is

CONDENSED ADS.  
TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

WANTED.—TO RENT, A HOUSE, with six or seven rooms. Apply to H. Guardian Office, 5812-9-30M31

WANTED.—A GENERAL SERVANT. Apply, Mrs. Abel, 49 Longworth Avenue, 5811-9-3031

WANTED.—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. No washing. Reference required. Apply at this office. 5806-9-29m31

WANTED.—Newly calved cows. Write stating prices to Robert A. Bagnall, Hazel Grove, 5803-9-30m41

FOR SALE.—A BABY CARRIAGE, nearly new. Apply to 83 Upper Prince St. 5748-9-26M61

LOST ON ST. GEORGE ST., NEAR George Carvers a pair of gold rimmed glasses in case. Joseph Bolger, Dunns Hotel. 5804-9-30M21

FOR SALE.—BEAUTIFUL YOUNG driving mare to be seen in W. S. McKie's Stable, 224 Kent St., Charlottetown. 5805-9-30M21pd

FOR SALE.—One family horse, seven years old. Kind broke to auto. day or night. color seal brown, weighs 1,000 lbs. Inquire Box 290, Charlottetown. 5800-9-30m31

FOUND ON EXHIBITION GROUNDS, lady's black purse containing small sum of money and receipts. Owner may have same by applying here and paying for advt. 5757-9-29m21

FOR SALE.—ANY TEACHER Desiring a set of Practical Reference Library publishers by Hanson Bellows Co., may obtain same at a low price, with considerable reduction by applying at this office. 5757-9-26M7f

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

## THE BATTLE OF THE AISNE IS STILL UNDECIDED

The Allies are More Than Holding Their Own but no Decisive Result has as Yet Been Officially Announced. It is Believed that General Von Kluck's Army is in Extreme Peril and that His Defeat is Certain. Russian Progress Continues. The Japs are also Winning.

### SUMMARY OF THE SITUATION

Following an official announcement that Von Kluck's army was in extreme peril and liable to be cut off, came the dampening official statement that the situation at the front was unchanged. This, briefly, is the result of the thirteen days' battle in the Valley of the Aisne, except that the toll of war, the list of the dead, is increasing. From the various reports, however, it is quite evident that, whatever the final outcome of this awful battle may be, the Allies are more than holding their own, and the probability is that they will drive the Germans out of France.

In Belgium the same result is being looked for.

Another casualty, the extent of which is not given, is reported from the Bay of Bengal, where the German cruiser Embden sank four British steamers and a collier. The fate of the destroyed craft or the fate of their crews has not been given.

In the Far East the Japs are winning, and are now occupying a commanding position near the seat of German Government.

The censorship has again been tightened and little official news is coming, an indication that important moves are in progress.

### UNCHANGED POSITION.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The fighting of the past few days, which took the form of heavy offensive operations, has not to any marked extent affected the positions of opposing armies in Northern France. Some hard blows have been struck by each side, but the armies remain practically where they were when the Germans stopped their retreat and commenced to entrench themselves.

A lengthy official communication issued today by the French General staff makes this plain. The lines of the Allies are roughly sketched in the statement, from which it is gathered the French right still rests on Pont-a-Mousson. From their it turns southward across the Meuse, near St. Mihiel, where the Germans succeeded in pushing a contingent forward. Thence the front proceeds northward to Verdun, from which fortress it strikes in a direct line westward to Rheims, thence north-westward across the River Aisne at Berry au Bac. It follows the Aisne to Soissons and runs thence northward, crossing the River Oise at Ribecourt, Roys, Albert and Comblès. The two latter places are north of the Somme. In the west the wings are in very close touch, the Germans holding Lessigny, which lies between Ribecourt and Roys, which is in possession of the French, also Chaulnes, in an almost direct line between Roys and Albert. It was here the Allies were attempting a wide turning movement, to prevent which the Germans apparently sent strong opposing forces. The French announcements says the Germans continued day and night attacks, only to be repulsed, but it is evident that they are showing plenty of fight in making the effort to prevent the Allied forces.

Cruisers Were Out of Date.

"In view of the certainty of a proportion of misfortune of this character occurring from time to time, it is important that this point of view should be thoroughly appreciated. The loss of these three cruisers, apart from the loss of life, is of small naval significance. Although they belonged to and powerful ships they belonged to a class of cruisers whose speed has been surpassed by many of the enemy's battleships.

"Before the war, it had been decided that no more money should be spent in repairing any of this class and that they should make their way to the safe list as soon as defects became manifest.

COMMANDER'S REPORT OF LOSS OF THE CRESSY

"The report on the sinking of the (Continued on page 3.)

NO CHANGE IN THE SITUATION.

(Special to The Guardian)

PARIS, Sept. 29.—An official communication issued to-night says: "There is nothing new in the situation."

THE WEATHER THE TEMPERATURE TIDE, MOON, ETC.

(Special to The Guardian)

TORONTO, Sept. 30th.—Maritime: Moderate to fresh west to south-west winds; partly fair and a little warmer, with a few local showers.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday's weather was rainy and cold. There was an occasional fall of hail.

The highest temperature was 45 deg. above zero, the lowest the previous night being 36 deg. above. At 9 a.m. yesterday it was 40 deg. above; at 9 p.m., 43 deg. above.

The tide will be high this evening (Thurs.) at 8:44 and tomorrow at 9:27; it will be low tomorrow morning at 8:13 and Friday at 9:14.

The sun sets this evening at 5:42 and tomorrow at 5:40; it rises tomorrow morning at 5:59 and Friday at 6.

The moon rises this afternoon at 4:30.

The first quarter of the moon was on Saturday, September 26th, at 8:03 a.m. There will be a full moon on Sunday, October 4th, at 1:59 a.m.

The length of today will be eleven hours and forty-five minutes.

Minard's Liniment cures diphtheria

### EAST ENGLISH COAST CLOSED TO FISHING

GRIMSBY, Eng., via London, Sept. 29.—Beginning Thursday, according to orders issued today by the British naval authorities, no neutral trawlers will be allowed to fish on the east coast of England, but may continue operations on the west. This order will affect the large number of Dutch and Danish trawlers now using Grimsby as a fishing base.

### PATHFINDER'S BOOKS ARE FISHED UP.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—While fishing in the North Sea the trawler Incheith brought up a box of naval books and documents which went down with the Pathfinder. The papers were almost unharmed by the water.

### BELGIAN REPORT.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—An official communication given out by the Belgian Government is contained in an Antwerp despatch. It says: "After bombarding Malines, an unoccupied town the Germans have now resumed their march thenceforth. The Germans have directed fire of their heavy artillery on forts of Woevre, St. Catharine, and Waelpenn, about ten miles from Antwerp, but with results not justifying their great expenditure of ammunition. Our forts repelled and bombarded."

Between Dandre and Willebroek Canal, West of Welpenn forts the Belgians inflicted serious losses on enemy and compelled his retirement."

The Alberton Exhibition which took place yesterday was a marked success. Fair weather prevailed. In the forenoon it was cold and there was a light hail-storm, but in the afternoon there was pleasant sunshine. The attendance was decidedly large and was consequently a gratifying feature.

The show was opened by His Honor Lieut.-Governor Rogers, in a speech of happy character. Interesting addresses were also given by Profs. Ross and Tennant, Messrs. J. M. Leard and Elchard Creed.

The arrangements were very well conceived and as well carried out by the Exhibition Committee, of whom Mr. John Agnew was chairman.

The show of horses was good, but cattle were very few and not of particularly good quality. There were only two entries of swine and while sheep were only fair in regard to number of exhibits, they were of a good class. The entries in the poultry division were also sparse, there being only nine exhibits.

The indoor section of the exhibition was conducted in the Skating Rink. There, butter, cheese, vegetables, fruit, flowers, articles of domestic science and handicraft, needlework and fancy work, paintings and drawings, and exhibits from the schools were on display, and made a fine show. The school exhibits of drawings and model work, in the wheat-seed section and mounted wheat, were a splendid display, which would have done credit to an exhibition of more ambitious pretensions.

Special mention must be made of the excellent display of flowers, also of the specimens of crochet and needlework on exhibit, these being very much above expectations.

The judging of the horses and sheep was performed by Mr. J. M. Leard. Professor Ross judged the cattle, swine, poultry and fruit classes; while Miss James, Prof. Tennant and Mr. Creed did the judging of the classes exhibited in the skating rink.

Minard's Liniment Cures Rheumatism

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

### OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

(Special to The Guardian)

PARIS, Sept. 29.—A French official statement issued this afternoon says: "On our left wing along the River Somme, the Germans attempted numerous attacks which the Allies repulsed." The text of the statement follows:

"First—On our left wing north of the Somme and between the Somme and the Oise, the enemy both by day and by night, delivered several attacks which have, however, been repulsed. To the north of the Aisne, there has been no change.

"Second—On the centre of Champagne and to the east of Argonne, the enemy has restricted his activities to heavy cannonading. Between Argonne and the Meuse there has been slight progress on the part of our troops, who are aided by a strongly organized position.

"Third—On the heights of the Meuse, in the Woivre district, and on our right wing in Lorraine and Vosges, there has been no notable modification of the situation.

"We again took numerous prisoners during yesterday. They belong principally to the 7th Active Corps and 7th Reserve Corps of the German army, also to the 10th, 12th, and 19th German Army Corps."

LONDON, Sept. 29.—A Paris despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says:

"It is stated here to-night that the German right has been entirely broken and is now being pursued by the Allies. All automobiles in Northern France have been requisitioned for the purpose of pursuit.

"Armored motor cars with mitrailleuses are also being used to pursue the retreating enemy.

"An official communication issued at three o'clock demonstrates unmistakably that the Germans have been surrounded in the Somme department. The French front extending further east. It is officially stated that Peronne has been recaptured."

The above message has been referred to the British Official Press Bureau, which, while not objecting to its publication, takes no responsibility for its correctness.

### JAPS MAKE HEADWAY.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—The Japs occupied all the high ground outside of Tsing Tau (seat of the Government of the German-concession of Kiaosow), overlooking Germans' main line of defence before noon on Monday, says a statement given out by the Official News Bureau to-night.

The communication continues, "We began the attack on the advanced positions two miles and a half from the enemy's main line at dawn, and in a spurt of fierce flame from sea and land drove the enemy from his position."

PETROGRAD'S REPORT.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 29.—The following official communication from the chief of the General Staff, regarding Russian operations has been given out here:

"Russian troops are driving fast on the offensive in forests of Augustowa in Russian Poland, province of Suwalki, the Germans using heavy siege artillery in bombardment of fortress of Osobowetz. A German infantry attempt to close in on fortress has been checked.

"On front at Silesia the enemy have been greatly reinforced and showed much activity. Sorties by the garrison of Przemysl have not been successful. Many prisoners, number of cannon, some stores of ammunition have fallen into our hands.

"As Austrian retreat in Galicia continues, great confusion is noticeable in their ranks."

ROME, Sept. 29.—"In view of the grave situation now existing throughout Europe, says the Tribune, "Italy does not consider that offer of Crown of Albania to a son of Abdul Hamid, ex-Sultan of Turkey is sufficiently important to justify intervention."

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minard's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

## THE FRENCH AND BRITISH STILL HOLD POSITIONS

PARIS, Sept. 28.—French and British on left wing have repulsed four attacks against Germans who have been trying to take the allied position.

On one occasion the French and British held positions a quarter of a mile from the enemy and hurled back attack but with heavy losses.

## GERMANS SLAUGHTER INNOCENT CIVILIANS BY THE HUNDREDS

Authenticated Tale of Three Hundred and Eight Shot Because "It Was Said" They Had Fired on Troop

By Harry Hansen.

LONDON, Sept. 29.—When I was in Flushing a few days ago a remarkable story was told me of the death of 350 civilians, leading citizens of Tannes, a Belgian town near Namur and Dinant. It was related to me by Mgr. Columba Marmion, abbot of the Benedictine monastery of Maredsous, near Namur, who, disguised as a laborer, had just evaded the Germans and was on his way to England.

"On the best of authority," said the abbot, "I know that the Germans killed great numbers of civilians in families because it was reported that they had fired on the troops. The most amazing instance of wholesale execution occurred at the bridge across the river Sambre, where these men, who were accused of bearing arms, were placed against a brick wall in the form of an angle. The commanding officer demanded that all cry 'Hoch, der kaiser!'"

"The civilians obeyed, hoping for leniency. They then were told to bend over, whereupon many cried out for mercy. The order to fire was given and all fell in a heap, the living with the dead. The officer then ordered all the living to rise. These expected freedom, but no sooner did they stand

erect than a second order to fire was given.

One Alive in Heap of Dead.

"One man was not killed and he lay under the heaps of corpses. The soldiers left the place, but he remained lying there several hours longer. Toward dusk he extricated himself and crawled towards the bridge. Finding it guarded, he slid down the embankment into the water, swam under the bridge up the stream and occasionally dived to escape observation.

"Coming to a tree, he held himself to the roots while the soldiers walked up and down the banks. He remained there probably an hour until his body became cold. It was necessary for him to get out of the water, so he drew himself up, but was observed by a soldier, who poked among the roots of the tree with his bayonet, and crawled towards the bridge. Finding it guarded, he slid down the embankment into the water, swam under the bridge up the stream and occasionally dived to escape observation.

"The fugitive dived again and swam feebly as long as his strength lasted. Then he sought the bank again and lay there exhausted. He was not discovered and finally crept away into a thicket. The next day he walked, crawled and ran until he reached friends and safety.

"This story is vouched for also by H. A. Poels, formerly a professor in the Catholic university in Washington, but no sooner did they stand

## ELOQUENT TRIBUTES TO CANADIAN SOLDIERS

By H. R. H. The Governor General, Sir Robert Borden, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Others at Meeting Initiating Canadian Patriotic Fund in Ottawa.

OTTAWA, September 28.—An enthusiastic rally, initiating the Ottawa campaign for the Canadian patriotic fund, was held in the Russell theatre to-night, when His Royal Highness the Governor-General, Sir Robert Borden, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Cabinet and ex-Cabinet Ministers addressed a huge throng.

A cablegram was read from Premier Asquith, wishing success to the meeting. There was a wild burst of applause when His Royal Highness and party entered the theatre.

In response to the request of the chairman, Sir Henry Egan, His Royal Highness rose in the vice-regal box and said:

"It gives me great pleasure to be with you tonight. I hope that my attendance, also that of the Duchess and my daughter will show you how thoroughly we are in sympathy with the objects which have brought you together on this occasion. Recently

I have had the pleasure, several times, to visit Valcartier, and also to be present at what is perhaps no longer a secret, the embarkation of the Canadian troops. I assure you that they are a fine body of loyal and patriotic Canadians, who are leaving their native land to take their share in the great struggle in which the Empire is now engaged. You have been told that every creed and every nationality is represented in this undertaking, and you may be assured that the money subscribed will be carefully devoted to the objects for which it was intended. I am sure that the effort now being made throughout Canada to raise a patriotic fund would ensure that not a single one of the dependents of those who had gone to the front would suffer of want.

Sir Robert Borden, who was received with cheers, said:

"It is an honor and a privilege to have the opportunity of speaking to you tonight on behalf of the appeal for the Canadian National Patriotic fund throughout Canada a splendid and generous response is being made to the appeal, and we must see to it that the capital is well to the fore in the honor list. No one can foresee the duration of the tremendous struggle in which our Empire is now engaged, but it is certain that all the which the generosity and patriotism of the Canadians can supply, will probably be needed.

"Twice I have visited Valcartier Camp. Those of you who have not had that opportunity may be assured that the expeditionary force, which has just embarked, comprises a splendid body of men as they are found among the armies of the Empire. Doubtless before they reach the seat of war they will receive additional training, and that indeed is necessary for citizens of this country, in which no considerable standing army is maintained. Their training will be improved, but not their spirit or their courage.

"If pride is in our hearts when we look upon the splendid battalions that have just em-

barked, and think of all that they are willing to do and dare for their country—what shall we say to the mothers, the wives, and the sisters, who with steadfast but tear dimmed eyes have sent them forth unhesitatingly, conscious of the need and conscious also of the sacrifice? May Divine support and guidance be given to all Canadian homes from which loved ones have thus gone forth.

"With no thought of aggression; with no spirit of pride; with no boast of our might or of our resources, we have engaged in this war as a solemn duty without which this Empire could not have continued to exist. I believe that we believe that the course which Canada should follow, the course which duty and honor place before her, is absolutely plain, and we purpose to pursue it."

Sir Wilfrid Laurier voiced his admiration of the splendid war in which Canada has come forward to "as sacred a cause as ever men fought and died for." He continued:—

"I find today my compatriots coming to the government and asking permission to raise a French-Canadian regiment. I may tell you, for after all, blood is thicker than water, that I was deeply moved when I learned that the Government had granted the prayer of that regiment."

"I am sure that on the field of battle these French-Canadians would do their share well to uphold liberty and justice.

Sir George Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, and Hon. W. L. Mackenzie-King, Ex-Minister of labor, also spoke.

WELSH ARMY OF 50,000.

(Special to The Guardian)

CARDIFF, Sept. 29.—Lloyd George in an address to-day referred to the Government's decision to raise a Welsh army of 50,000, said that Glamorganhire already had recruited 24,000, Monmouthshire, 12,000, and pointed out that under conscription Wales would be compelled to contribute a quarter of a million men but that a voluntary army of 50,000 would be just as good as a forced army of five times that number.

COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

ONE CENT per word each insertion in this column. Cash must accompany all orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

Princess Albert Black Fox Co., Ltd. The annual meeting will be held in the Board of Trade room, Charlottetown, Thursday evening, October 8th, 1914, at 8 o'clock. H. D. Johnson, sec'y.

5795