

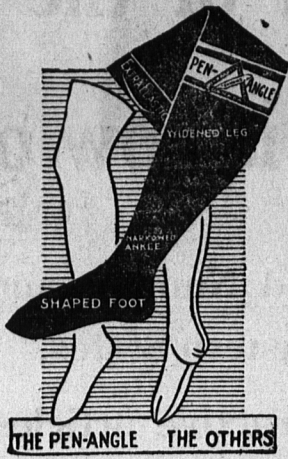
# S. A. McDonald

The Island's Leading Store

## Ladies' Hose

60c for 35c

25 doz. in the Lot  
Black, White and Tan



This is a well shaped hose extra good value at 60c, a clearing line we secured at a snap, only 50 doz. in the lot your choice for 35c per pair or 2 pair for \$1.00.

## Ladies' Wash Skirts

White wash skirts all sizes in the new flouncing skirt buttoned on front 2 pockets. Prices \$1.35, \$1.50, \$2.25.

## Another Snap in Ladies' Blouses at

# 98c

regular values

We promised you a big shirt waist bargain last week at 98c the House wired us they were sending us the 20 dozen more or all they had in stock. We believe they are fully better than the first lot, they go on sale now at 98c, regular values from \$1.75 to \$2.50.



## Fresh New Waists Direct from Factory

# 69c

This is another charming line right up to date low collars in both long and short sleeves. There is only 10 dozen in this lot the regular prices are \$1.25 to \$2.00, Your choice of any for 69c. Come and examine them we promise you won't be disappointed

## Some New Straw Hats



All the new shapes in sailors, panama dips etc. prices from 65c to \$7.50.

## Overalls for Men

The best values in the city at 60c, 75c, 85c, 90c \$1 and \$1.25

## Overalls for Boys

A good strong Union at 60c per pair.



Store Closes Every Monday Afternoon During July and August at 1 o'clock.

# S. A. McDonald

# THE Charlottetown Guardian

Advertising Phone ..... 132-3  
Subscription Phone ..... 132-2  
News and Edit., Day Phone ..... 133  
News and Edit., Night Phone ..... 132 & 133

Head Office at Charlottetown, Branch Office at Summerside, Alberton, Souris and Montague.  
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President ..... A. A. Bartlett  
Managing Editor ..... J. R. Burnett

Thursday, July 1st, being Dominion Day and a statutory Public Holiday the Morning Guardian will not be issued on Friday. The Evening Guardian will not be issued on Thursday but will be published as usual on Friday. Advertisers please note these changes.

THURSDAY, JULY 1ST, 1915.

## OUR 48th BIRTHDAY

Forty-eight years ago to-day, July 1, 1867, the North American Colonies were united and became the Dominion of Canada. In 1868, the year after Confederation, the aggregate trade of Canada, exports and imports, amounted in round numbers to \$131,000,000, or a fraction over thirty-eight cents per head of the population. In 1914 that trade had grown to \$1,130,000,000, or about \$140 per head of the population.

This is a measure of our growth in material things. There are other measures familiar to our readers, population, railway mileage, cultivated areas, development of the wealth of field, forest, sea and mine.

And there is another measure. We have grown to man's estate and we have been called upon to carry a man's burden. Our Empire has, not through any act of her own, become involved in a world-shaking war, and true to our Motherland we have taken up arms in her defence. We are paying the price for our nationhood, paying it in blood and gold. And the "Whelps of the Lion" whom we have sent forth have proved worthy of their ancestry. They have done men's work, but there is more of it to do, and we have faith in their loyalty, their courage, their manliness; and with their brethren from the homeland and from the other dominions beyond the seas, they shall once more overcome the perils that beset our beloved land. Through the clouds now dark and lowering let us pray on this, the birthday of our dominion, that ere another year has passed the freedom and the safety for which we are now making such sacrifices shall once more be firmly established.

## WITHIN OUR GATES

Our despatches yesterday morning told of another dastardly attempt by aliens to blow up a Canadian factory which was preparing to manufacture munitions for the British Government. We refer to the discovery at Levis, Quebec, of a quantity of dynamite under a building, ready to be exploded when the plotters saw fit. This is not the first discovery of the same kind and it will probably not be the last. It affords further proof, if proof were needed that there are abroad in Canada enough Austrian and German sympathizers to work incalculable mischief and while the failure of their plans so far speaks volumes for the astuteness and watchfulness of the Canadian authorities, the fact that such people are still at large among us is not so complimentary. We must now realize that for the first time in our history we are face to face with enemies who are inhuman in their hate of Britain and British institutions; that we are fighting an enemy who will hesitate at no feigning of weakness, who will scruple at no act of treachery to injure us; that, in short we in Canada are at war and that we have enemies within our gates, eating and drinking and housing among us.

From several lessons already received we are beginning slowly to realize this. Our despatches today tell us that 355 men in the Albion mine of the Acadia Coal Company in Nova Scotia, have demanded the dismissal of Austrian and German fellow workmen, and their demand was granted. For eleven months these men, Canadians and enemies worked side by side in the mines. Several incidents occurred during these eleven months which brought about this drastic move. The Cuming plant at New Glasgow was put out of commission by a fire which was of incendiary origin; an explosion occurred in one of the mines; other things happened which have not been made public; Canadian neighborliness and patience finally gave way and the dismissal of these men was demanded and as readily granted.

In different parts of Canada, and particularly where contracts had been taken for the manufacture of war material, things have happened and have been definitely traced to enemies. Yet we are not awake to the fact that we are harboring enemies and that all our enemies have not been interned. We are not told how many Austrians and German miners have been dismissed from the Acadia coal mine, nor what has been done with the men dismissed. It is hoped for the credit of our Canadian common sense that such measures have been adopted as will guard against inborn treachery intensified by dismissal.

The affair at Levis was doubtless the work of some trusted employee or some simple looking peddler, itinerant photographer or musician, such as are to be found in practically every province in the dominion, but who, doubtless also, will henceforward be regarded with more suspicion than heretofore.

No doubt many innocent persons will suffer from these wholesale dismissals but, unfortunately, there is no help for it. "Safety first" is the only safe guide at present and we must not forget that in Canada as well as in Great Britain, in France and Belgium, we are at war. Germans and Austrians naturally sympathize with their fellow countrymen and as their sympathies have so often been expressed in acts of treachery the only safety for them as well as for us is to place them where their sympathies may be indulged without danger to others.

## DR. C. C. YOUNG'S ABUSED RUSSIA

Dr. C. C. Young, well known here in connection with karakul sheep, has published a book entitled "Abused Russia." Dr. Young is of Russian birth but has from youth been a naturalized American, coming to this continent from the east with his parents. He has frequently revisited his native land and is thoroughly familiar with its manners and customs and is intimately acquainted with many of its leading rulers.

The idea of writing a book on Russia was first suggested to Dr. Young by The Guardian. At the outbreak

of the present war Dr. Young was in Charlottetown and naturally was greatly interested in Britain going to the assistance of France and Russia. He discussed the matter with the Guardian and greatly lamented the erroneous ideas prevailing in the United States and Canada regarding his native land. He expressed a desire to lecture throughout the Island on "Russia as She Is," and to contribute articles on the subject to our columns. The Guardian, however, suggested that the Dr. would reach a wider field and do immensely more good were he to write a book and have it published in the United States. Dr. Young fell in with the suggestion, dictated his book in Charlottetown, and now it has been issued from the press in New York, handsomely bound, beautifully printed and illustrated, under the title "Abused Russia."

The key note of the book is found expressed in the following paragraphs:

"Practically everything written on the subject frightfully exaggerates the worst condition of Russia and projects these false impressions into intelligent American thought. Even Tolstoy, the most popular Russian author in America, has not helped the American people to get an unbiased view of the Russians, and many there are who do not realize that the social evils he so ably depicts in his books are universal maladies alike in one way or another in all countries.

"The truth of the situation was well expressed by the English girl who said she greatly preferred English stories of Russia to Russian stories because the Russian accounts lacked local colour, while the English tales of Russia were so much more Russian."

Dr. Young depicts Russia pretty much as it really is. He does not gloss over its faults and failings nor, on the other hand, does he seek to magnify its outstanding virtues. He regrets that Russia so far has been unable to deflect the enormous annual tourist traffic from the United States, but perhaps one of the first fruits of the war will be to open up Russia to the average continental peripatator by way of the Dardanelles.

Here is a picture of Russian rural life which Dr. Young gives:

The level land divided into narrow strips, sown with barley, rye, wheat, corn and flour, presents a veritable checkerboard appearance, here and there interspersed with low-housed villages. In Southern Russia, these generally consist of squat one-story adobe houses, gorgeously painted in all the shades of blue, vermilion, red and yellow, and often pure white, while in northern Russia, the dwellings are quite presentable framed houses. In the centre of the hamlet is the church with its five or six bulb-shaped cupolas crowned with the Greek Catholic Cross resting on the crescent, and this edifice, like the 'is-bas' or peasant huts, is beautifully decorated in and outside. Near the church stand the two most pretentious houses of the village, one for the school teacher, the other for the priest of the "derevnia," as the village is termed. Beyond is the laundry place for the inhabitants. Here the women sing joyously as they work. Close by is the bathing place, . . . and over all, hovers the beautiful calm—the peace which comes to minds innocent of the thousand conflicting, complicating circumstances of city life. . . . Russia has thousands upon thousands of such hamlets yet what a totally different picture of peasant life is maliciously projected into the minds of those unacquainted with her!"

Dr. Young blames the Jews largely for the misrepresentation of the true condition of Russia. He gives examples of outrageous reports sent to the American press about alleged happenings in Odessa while he was there, and traces them to their sources, says they were circulated by Jewish leeches in order to stimulate the generosity of the philanthropic in America—and not one cent of the money subscribed ever getting past the circulators of the fabrications.

In no other country in the world are women more carefully brought up than in Russia, says Dr. Young. On the other hand he does not mince matters as regards the drunkenness of the Russian peasant.

"I am not a teetotaler, but here say that the ruination of the Russian peasant does not lie in his not enjoying the liberties of a republican form of government, for which he is at present not ready, nor in the bleeding to which he has been subjected for years by a certain class of Hebrews, but vodka is his ruin, and poor as the peasant is, about \$1,000,000,000 are paid annually for this poison."

We have mentioned only a few of the views expressed in this pleasantly written, entertaining and instructive book. It will well repay any one to procure "Abused Russia" and read what Dr. Young has to say on a subject of vital importance at the present time.

## NOTES

In Great Britain prisoners of war are to be allowed to help in the harvesting of crops under certain specified conditions. The same course is being followed in Germany, and probably in other belligerent countries. The practice is good for the captured as well as a help to the district of their captivity. It helps solve a difficult problem, for there are today hundreds of thousands of prisoners of war, and their number is increasing all the time.

London papers are again demanding that the censor's power shall be reduced and that the people "be told the truth about the war." The call will probably be made in vain. Men who are considered fit for the work of censoring the newspapers evidently think that the less the people are allowed to know about what so terribly concerns them the less bother will they be to somebody or other whose identity is not disclosed. So those who would know the truth strive to get an approach to it by studying the enemy's reports and comparing them with those of their own army. The result is not satisfying at any time, and sometimes only does it make for confidence.

## DAILY SELECTIONS FOR GUARDIAN READERS

Furnished by W. S. Louson.

## THE DOMINION'S BIRTHDAY.

Perhaps more than ever before have we reason this year to celebrate with pride the birthday of our glorious Dominion, where, secure under the protecting wing of the great Empire of which it forms a part, and her navy, we dwell in safety.

The British Empire to its remotest bounds, has been thrilled by the story of the magnificent work of the Canadians during the fighting round Ypres. From the moment the regiments from the Great White Land took the field they have proved themselves soldiers worthy to stand shoulder to shoulder with the very best. What a story of indomitable pluck

and tireless energy does that chapter of April's worst fighting afford. Well may honest British hearts glow with national pride at the panorama of dazzling heroism is unveiled. One wonders what the miscalculating advisers of the Kaiser think of the way in which the volunteers from overseas colonies of Britain have entered into the very thick of the fighting.

# Great Success Paton's Dollar Day

To the hundreds of Customers who attended our great Dollar Bargain Day we take this opportunity to thank one and all for making it such a success. The people know when Patons offer a bargain it spells BARGAIN value and is a living advertisement for their Store. This week-end we will offer a great many Dollar and other enducements to others who will take advantage of a week-end visit to the City. Again thanking everybody for making the Dollar Day one of the very best business days in their History.

# James Paton & Co.



## Gillette Safety Razor

**THE GILLETTE** is the razor that simplifies shaving. It takes less time to secure a perfectly satisfactory shave with a Gillette Safety Razor than to tell about it. There's no honing or stropping—just lather up, draw the Gillette down and across your face. It cuts every hair close to the skin giving a quick, clean satisfactory

shave. The Gillette Safety Razor Set consists of triple silver plated holder that will last a lifetime, with 12 double edged blades (24 keen cutting edges) in nice velvet lined leather case.

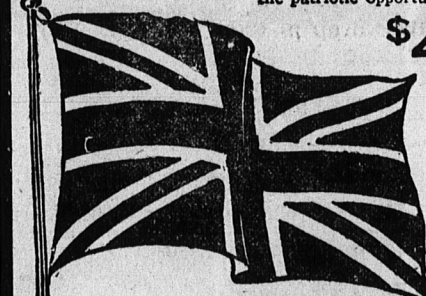
We'll be glad to show you the Gillette Safety Razor if you will call in to-day.

**Fennell & Chandler** Victoria Row

# WE PRESENT YOU.

the patriotic opportunity of securing a

## \$4 FLAG OUTFIT



Stout, fast-colored, full-sized (3 x 5) Union Jacks, brass-ferrule jointed pole, ball and ballard, and rustless window socket, on a base which so nearly eliminates cost; or, if you already have a pole, etc., the flag alone may be secured.

Get a \$4.00 outfit on terms which just about cover the cost of assembling and distributing.

\$1.10—For the Flag Alone; \$1.43 or, for the \$4 Outfit—

## PATRIOTIC CANADA

### THIS FLAG COUPON

(Accompanied by the amount mentioned in the announcement as covering the cost of the distribution) Will, When Presented, at the Office of the CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

Pay to the reader of this paper presenting same to the Full-Size Flag, Alone; or The Complete \$4 Flag and Outfit

MAIL ORDERS.—If complete outfit is wanted send the \$1.43 and 7c. additional for postage in 20 mile zone (or 15c. in other zones of Province); for greater distances ask your postmaster amount to include for 3 lbs.; if flag alone is desired, send the \$1.10, and 5c. additional postage in first zone (or 7c. any Canadian point).

A FLAG FOR EVERY HOME.

# No More Flush Tank Troubles

At long last, but not without considerable difficulty, we have been able to secure a moderately priced, perfected flush tank—one that we can honestly recommend and back with a guarantee. These flush tanks unlike others, will not sweat, have no joints to open up nor linings to leak and when installed in your home will give perfect and permanent satisfaction.

A nice line of these superior flush tanks are now at our show-rooms awaiting your inspection—call in and see them today.

**FRED H. TRAINOR,** 80 Grafton Street  
Opposite Opera House

# Summer Footwear For Men

## GOFF BROS.

We have a complete line of Summer Footwear, just the kind men like to wear, in Patent, Tan and Gun Metal, Button or laced, Patent with Cloth Tops, high or low pointed toes, also Tan Rubber soled shoes price \$4.50.

When looking for Tennis Shoes we have them "all sizes" Men's, Women's and Children's.

**GOFF BROS.** Regal, Banker and Slater Boots for Men  
The Shoe Store