

THE Charlottetown Guardian

Advertising Phone 132-3
Subscription Phone 132-2
News and Edit., Day Phone 133
News and Edit., Night Phone 132 & 133

Head Office at Charlottetown Branch Office at Summerside, Alberton, Souris and Montague.
London Office, Marconi House, Strand, W. C.

President A. A. Bartlett
Managing Editor J. R. Burnett

TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1915

REEFORM

What a happy world this would be if, instead of expending all our energy in reforming other people, we would expend a little of it in reforming ourselves.

There is many a well meaning "old man" of all ages and both sexes, who is weeping genuine tears over their own or their neighbor's wayward sons and daughters who may or may not be openly going a clip that they themselves are practicing in secret.

If anyone doubts this statement we would respectfully refer him to the first vote taken on the Prohibition question and to the fact that since then not enough signatures could be secured in the whole province to a petition asking for the repeal of the Act.

That both the sentiment and the practice of this whole province are overwhelmingly in favor of temperance and temperance legislation is undoubted; that there are some sentiment and practice which are neither temperate nor favorable to temperance legislation is equally undoubted.

There are some "habit and repute drunkards" under our banner of Prohibition. This is inevitable. To reform this "some," the drunkard and illicit seller is the problem.

The other way is by teaching the evils of drunkenness, poisonous effects of too much alcohol on the human system, the waste of drink, the disgrace and sin of drunkenness.

THERE ARE OTHERS

There is a sort of grim satisfaction, when suffering, to realize that we are not suffering as much as some others. It has become fashionable to complain about the "burden of taxation," and there were not so long ago even those who complained of taxation in Prince Edward Island.

The United States, which is not at war at all was obliged to put on extra taxation to make good the decline in revenue caused by the war. This embraces taxes on fermented liquors from lager beer to champagne, though not on whiskey, which is a distilled product.

This was imposed six months or more before the war broke out. Persons whose annual net income is less than \$3,000, or less than \$4,000 if they are married, are exempt.

We can readily see, too, how difficult it would be for us to raise revenue by imposing on imported tobacco, cigars and liquors the stiff duties imposed by Britain.

on tea is 5 pence per pound, that on unmanufactured tobacco from 3s. 8d. per pound to 4s. 1d. These taxes would likewise start the border smuggler from one end of the country to the other.

THE BRITISH PREFERENCE

It was not to be expected that the "truce" so eloquently preached by our friends the enemy, would be as diligently practiced. There have been numerous lapses into old habits. The tariff changes have started a number of Oppositionists and others are following suit.

Mr. Edwards, of Frontenac, put the situation plainly in the House of Commons a few days ago. Take an article valued at \$100 coming into Canada from England and a similar article valued at \$100 coming into Canada from the United States.

Under the tariff as changed by Mr. White, the duty on the American article is advanced from 30 to 37 1/2 per cent. The American article worth \$100 pays a duty of \$37.50, and the corresponding British-made article pays a duty of \$25.

OUR PROMOTION EDITION

Mr. L. A. Krigbaum who is supervising the work of our special supplement and who for the past two weeks has been presenting the question to the firms and citizens of Summerside and vicinity reports the most gratifying success.

The following firms and business men have given their generous endorsement and support to this important undertaking.

- R. T. Holman, Ltd.
Mr. H. T. Holman.
Mr. J. LeRoy Holman.
Mr. J. S. Hinton.
Hon. A. E. Arsenault.
Brace, McKay & Co., Ltd.
Mr. Credman McArthur.
Mr. A. S. McKay.
Hon. Senator Murphy.
Hon. John Agnew.
Dr. C. R. McLeellan.

The Strathcona-Connaught Fox Co., Ltd.
Patricia Fox Co., Ltd.
St. Patrick Fox Co.

South-Eastern Malpeque Oyster Co., Ltd.
Mr. A. C. Saunders.
Dr. Alex. McNeill.
Mr. J. S. Allen.
Hon. J. McNeill.

The Regal Black and Silver Fox Co., Ltd.
The Peerless Black and Silver Fox Co., Ltd.
Judge McLeod.
Dr. A. W. Leard.
Mr. H. G. Muttart.
Mr. W. K. McGoogan.
Mr. J. A. Smallman.
Hon. Charles Dalton.

The Mac Black and Silver Fox Co., Ltd.
Mr. S. M. Hicks.
Mr. Frank McEwen.
Mr. Frank Johnston.
The First National Fox Exchange, Ltd.
Dr. J. A. McMurdo.
Mr. G. R. McQuarrie.

The Magic Silver Black Fox Company Ltd.
Mr. John A. McKay.
Mr. John A. Stewart.
Mr. J. W. Callbeck.
Mr. J. J. Snook.
Mr. B. W. LePage.
Mr. Robert T. Moase.
Mr. Clark McQuarrie.

The A. E. McLean Co., Ltd.
Mr. A. E. McLean.
Mr. W. A. Stewart.

Pure Canadian Silver Black Fox Co., Ltd.
Dr. J. Hedley Secord.
Mr. Joseph Lockie.
Mr. Peter G. Clark.
Mr. Neil McLeod.
Mr. Lucas McArthur.
Mr. Charles A. Clark.
Mr. Patrick Ryan.
Canada Fur Farms Ltd.
Mr. B. Graham Rogers.
Mr. Roy E. McLean.

Premier Silver Black Fox Co., Ltd.
Mr. Thomas Moyle.
Mr. Michael H. McCabe.
Dr. J. C. Ballam.
Mr. Charles Schurman.
Mr. Robt. E. Auld.

Diamond Silver Black Fox Co., Ltd.
Mr. Colip. C. Craig.
Mr. Albert Schurman.
Mr. Chas. M. Campbell.

Mr. Krigbaum is completing his work in Prince County and expects to return this week to the city. We anticipate from Queen's County and King's County the same generous endorsement and support as has been extended by Prince. All those who have seen a specimen of the Promotion Edition are enthusiastic in their approval.

NOTES

The wise man buys necessities before luxuries. The wise merchant follows that plan in buying advertising. He concentrates his appropriation on newspaper space. When the time comes when he can afford to spend more money for other forms of "publicity," which means simply "joy-riding" in an advertising way—he may yield to the temptation. But he will not expect such expenditures to return to him any profits whatever—and they will not.

APPRECIATION

Sir:—I wish to express my thanks and appreciation in this public way to all who made the last days of my beloved husband so comfortable and peaceful. To the clergy who visited him in his weakness and who spoke so tenderly and lovingly at the last service in North River Baptist Church, Rev. Z. L. Fash, who preached the sermon so full of tender tribute to the strong yet gentle life and consecrated work of his departed friend and brother.

NURSE WRITES OF HER WORK

Miss Mabel Campbell of Charlotte Street, St. John, N. B., has received an interesting letter from Miss Georgie McKenzie, who is a nurse in the ambulance of the American Hospital at Neuilly-sur-Seine and has been engaged in nursing the wounded who come direct from the battlefields.

Miss McKenzie had intended going to Serbia but finally decided it was too far away. She is at present among the French but hopes to get nearer the firing line and among the English. The nurses at the hospital had heard very little detail of the war but it was generally understood that a big battle would be fought in March. Then there would be more wounded to care for and the hospital was preparing to handle more cases.

Great Britain imported 185,125,000 bushels of wheat from August 1st, 1913 to July 31st, 1914. Russia exported 163,267,000 bushels and Rumania 45,642,000 bushels in the same period. How much will these two countries export this year?

BACON AND HAM.

In 1913, Great Britain imported 5,440,387 hundredweight of bacon. Canada supplied 272,745 hundredweight, Russia, Sweden, Denmark and the United States 2,019,776 hundredweight.

There is some improvement in hams, but a sad falling off in bacon. Britain took 689,704 hundredweight of the latter commodity from this country in 1911, but as previously stated, only 272,745 hundredweight in 1913, a decrease of 416,959 hundredweight in two years.

DAILY SELECTIONS FOR READERS OF THE GUARDIAN

Furnished by W. S. Louson.

TO-DAY YOUR DAY.

Good days and bad days exist only in your own head. The weather has nothing to do with it. Each day is what you make it yourself. Bad weather is only an unfortunate opinion. Suppose it is raining pitchforks. You get word that your salary has been doubled, or that a forgotten uncle has left you a million dollars. What do you care about the weather then? Or suppose the person you are loving dies. Unexpectedly a turn of the better comes. The doctor says your dear one will live. What if it is not her Tophet? It is a good day, a great day, a happy day.

When you get up in the morning throw back your shoulders, take a deep breath. Meet the new day like a man. Say to yourself, "Another day—another life!" For all we know, it may be the only day we'll ever have. Let's make it the best day we can. Let's strive to see that it is a day worth while. Let's take a step forward in our work. Let's do all the good we can. Let's get all the happiness we can—to-day. Right now is the only time you can control. Yesterday is a record. To-morrow is a secret. To-day is yours. —William Johnston.

PATRIOTISM AND PRODUCTION

(Continued) TIME FOR FULFILLMENT.

Now Canada's opportunity to make good her boast that she is the granary of the Empire. Many of her young men are displaying a materialism and hastening to offer themselves, to sacrifice themselves, in the cause they have at heart. But there is even a deeper duty resting on this country. That duty, well fulfilled, while helping others, cannot fail to help ourselves. We shall be abundant if paid for all we do, and in doing well possess the proud sense of serving the right. To neglect the opportunity for improved production is to not only fall short of the call of patriotism, but to be guilty of a crime. We have the soil, we have the resources, we have the energy to justify our claim to be the granary of the Empire.

FIGURES THAT CARRY A LESSON.

Great Britain imported 51,786,915 bushels of wheat from Canada in 1913. She also imported 9,360,400 bushels from Russia, 2,050,987 from Germany, 594,533 from France, 201,653 from Rumania, 265,843 from Austria-Hungary and 76,533 bushels from Bulgaria, a total of 12,759,949 bushels that will have to be made up in 1915 compared with 1912 and of 24,000,000 compared with 1911. In 1913, the United States supplied the United Kingdom with 80,013,879 bushels, an increase of 32,000,000 bushels over 1912 and 42,000,000 bushels over 1911, while Canada's increase in 1913 over 1912 was only 1,177,000 bushels. From 1911 to 1913, total importations reached 229,580,865 bushels.

Great Britain imported 14,245,000 bushels of barley from Russia in 1913, 11,273,459 bushels from Germany, and 1,007,735 bushels from Rumania, a total of 22,454,683 bushels. Canada supplied 7,734,588 bushels and the United States 4,723,814. Great Britain's total importations of oats were 58,829,950 bushels. Surely the foregoing figures carry their own moral to Canadian farmers.

DEFICIENCIES THAT MUST BE MADE GOOD.

Great Britain imported 185,125,000 bushels of wheat from August 1st, 1913 to July 31st, 1914. Russia exported 163,267,000 bushels and Rumania 45,642,000 bushels in the same period. How much will these two countries export this year? Great Britain imported from Aug. 1, 1913, to July 31, 1914, 54,207,000 bushels of oats. Russia exported 34,750,000 bushels, Germany 25,077,000 bushels and Rumania 17,196,000 bushels. The last three countries in 1915 will hardly export a bushel. How is the deficiency to be made up?

BREAD AND SALT BURNT INTO BRAIN" SAYS NOVELIST.

The words "bread and salt" are burnt into my brain for the rest of my days. So writes Miss Beatrice Harraden, the distinguished novelist, in an account of a recent visit to Rotterdam, where in the offices of the Belgian Relief Committee, she got a deep insight into the necessities of life. "The Belgians," she says, "are themselves helping through their splendid Comité National de Secours in every way within their power, but in some of the communities the resources are entirely at an end, and it is very pathetic to read the letters of appeal for help from burgomasters and town councillors and, sometimes priests, of which the following extract is typical: "In the name of humanity come to the help of our unhappy and most honest population, which is exhausted and deprived of all resources. "In all this tragic record there is never a complaint, never an impatient outburst, but only a simple statement of facts. "But although flour, rice, potatoes, peas, beans, wheat, sugar, wooden shoes, boots, clothes, oilcakes for the poor are all asked for, what they beg for most of all are milk, bread and salt. "One would think that this was little enough to ask; milk for the dying babies and feeble mothers, and bread and salt for the rest." Miss Harraden vividly describes how bravely the captain of a ship with supplies for the Belgians hastened his journey to Rotterdam that relief might reach the sufferers sooner she says. "There is a welcome telegram brought by the manager of the shipping department with news of the arrival of the Dorle from Halifax twelve hours or so before her appointed time. "And why twelve hours before? Well, we soon hear the answer: from the captain himself, who had touched first at Plymouth to land other cargo there.

House of Quality Corset Talk A woman to be properly gowned must be properly corseted. An ill fitting Corset will spoil all the splendid effects that your tailor may secure for you.

D. & A. and Le Diva Corsets combine all the grace and suppleness that every woman desires, and your gown will show to perfection if fitted over one of the models of these famous lines. As good in Canada, as any foreign Corset is in its own country, you are saving 50 per cent duty and freight, besides buying "Made-in-Canada" goods. We are showing a splendid range of these models ranging from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per pair, and our Corset lady will delight in selling you the corset best suited for your figure. All are fully guaranteed not to break or rust. James Paton & Co. Charlottetown, P. E. I. "Home of the Better Corset"

"All the new shades in Duchess Silks at Paton's. We have them in Army Blue, Paris Blue, Peacock Blue, Navy and Sky, Russian Green, Old Rose, Mauve, Purple, Nigger Brown, Light Brown, Tan, Amethyst, Nile Green, Cerise, Nile Green, White and Cream—39 inches wide—\$1.55 per yard. Paton's. 8905-3-6M31. "TRIMMING SILKS AND WEST-ING—Black and white stripe alike 20 inches wide, 48c. to \$1.35 per yard. Fancy veiling silks and velvets at 98c. to \$1.79 per yard. Black and White Moire Silks at \$1.35 to \$1.75, Black and White Corded Silks, \$1.20 and \$1.25 per yard. Paton's. 8905-3-6M31. "Here is two preparations that will greatly help your hair: Rexall Hair Tonic \$1.00 per bottle; Rexall Shampoo, 50c. both guaranteed to give satisfaction. MacKinnon Drug Co., Corner Great George and Kent Streets.—MELT.

"The Haberdashery" STETSON YOU will find it easier to see the difference in hats than we do to tell you about it. Get one of our new Spring Stetsons into your hands and on to your head. Get the "feel" of a Stetson, look in a mirror and see how it shows style and quality. Then if you like, go and try on the best hats you find anywhere else, compare them with these Stetsons here in our stock. And we know how to select from Stetson's assortments to suit men in this community. The Spring styles are all here—Derbies and Soft felts—in such a variety of sizes, shapes and colors that you can pick yours out quick. Henderson & Cudmore Sunnyside 802-3-5111.

When You Think of House-cleaning, Think of US Because we have scoured the market to secure just the supplies that are needed to make the once disagreeable and laborous task of house cleaning easy and pleasant. Come here for your housecleaning needs, and you will get the very best—the kind that permits you to do the work quicker and better with the least physical effort. We can safely bet that our prices will satisfy. Fennell & Chandler Victoria Row