

MONTAGUE, SOURIS and KING'S COUNTY

It pays to buy in this Province.

A Caledonia correspondent writes: Young and old of this vicinity are patiently waiting for good roads. Singing schools are the order of the day. The sixth school has been opened in Bellevue. Miss Katherine McLeod, Valleyfield, was the guest of the Christmas work at the home of the guest of Miss Margaret Martin, Miss Lavinia McDonald, and Miss Margaret Martin, the guest of Miss Norman McPhee, Jack McPhee and Mack McPhee, recently had a visit to East Point. Mack McPhee, accompanied by Nelson Ross, Valleyfield, spent Sunday recently in Charlottetown. Alex McLeod and family have removed from their old home in Glen Martin to Nova Scotia. All their friends wish them good luck and a speedy return.

East Point Institute met at Greenvale to discuss the question of "Good Roads." The discussion was opened by Michael Mooney who has had a large experience as Road Inspector. He emphasized the need for the expenditure of more money in order to make more permanent work.

STILL ANOTHER POSTMASTER TELLS

Why He Pina His Fat To Dodd's Kidney Pills

Doctors failed to cure his private's Disease, but he found relief in the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Clam Point, Shelburne Co., N. S.—Jan 16.—(Special)—Joshua Nicholson, postmaster here, is among the many in this neighborhood who tell of pains relieved and disease banished by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I am sixty-two years old," says the postmaster. "And I'll tell you why I think so highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills. Owing to a bad cold my kidneys commenced to bother me, and the trouble developed into Backache, stiffness of the joints, and finally Bright's Disease.

"I was treated by a doctor, but that did not help me much, and it was six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills that brought me relief.

Everywhere you go in Canada people tell you of the great work Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing, and everyone who tells you can give the reason why. That reason simply is that there is no case of Kidney Disease that Dodd's Kidney Pills cannot cure. People have tried Eucalyptus, Castor Oil, and other remedies, but they have not proved this true. Backache, Stiffness of the joints, Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Diabetes, and other ailments are cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. I have seen that three persons before, one of them in Granville. I saw them on Sept. 21, when they passed our place, a little before

sun-down. They had nothing with them. I am sure of the date—it was the Wednesday of the Charlottetown Exhibition. Remember the 22nd, when Morris & Fyfe's store was reported robbed.

Watson Fyfe (sworn)—Live at Stanley Bridge. Was doing business with Albert Morris in September last. My partner informed me on the morning of the 22nd that the store was robbed. Underwear, boots, etc., was missed. (Witness then described several missing articles.) We found a small pair of boots, one cashmere sock and wrapping paper, such as we have around underwear, in a field near the store. The store had been entered by removing a thin board, prying the lock and forcing a bolt. The goods stolen were valued at \$40 or \$50. Don't know the prisoners. Mr. Morris is now in Vancouver.

Cross-examined by Mr. McPhee—I know of the underwear and the boots because Mr. Fyfe and I had gone over the goods together the day previous. I would not swear the goods shown were stolen. (Here goods were shown the witness, who recognized underwear which resembled missing goods and stated that a shirt shown was of similar design to one stolen.)

Peter Perry (sworn)—Live in Summerside. Have seen James Loder before the 21st Sept. I gave evidence in the preliminary hearing in Summerside. Their shanty is a little east of St. Eleanor's and I saw them there on Monday, Sept. 19. Loder's father was in the shanty. They had no boat there then and stayed about an hour. Don't know where they went. They had nothing with them. I saw them the following Saturday, when I overtook them on the road. They said they had come from Ray-zer's Creek. They were going to Dan Loder's. I heard them again about nine o'clock that night at Loder's shore, bringing their boat. I went to the shanty at seven o'clock that morning. The three boys were there. I saw a pair of laced shoes. One of the boys complained of their size, saying they had been bought in Charlottetown and were too small. I also saw a pair of rubbers. They said they had a good time in Charlottetown; had lots of liquor. They said they were going fishing oysters. It was Wednesday or Thursday they were arrested. Dobson and Geo. Loder were arrested first. I traded pocket-books with Jim Loder and the one I got was taken by the Magistrate. They said they got their boat in Pictou. They had traded a sloop for it. They came over in the boat. She had no name. I saw some thin socks near Jim's feet. They might be cashmere. He had two pairs on. Court adjourned at 12.50 to meet again at 2.30.

Court resumed at 2.30.

Alfred J. Phillips (sworn) Live in Summerside. Know the two Lodgers. Saw the three at the shore Sunday, 18th Sept. Dobson talked with me about a pair of boots which were too small for him. This was in Sharpe's horse-stable where they had been staying. I saw two pairs of new boots

SUPREME COURT.

(Continued from page 1)

searching they were found at Sherbrooke, on the North Shore. Some time previous to the 21st they had come to Summerside from New Brunswick in a boat, remaining there some days and practically living in their boat. It would be shown that they had no extra clothing and no razor. The boat was hauled across the island to the North Shore with the pretence of fishing oysters, borrowing money for that purpose. They were arrested on the North Shore and had in their possession knives, boots, razors, shaving brush, all similar to those taken from the store. He has called his first witness.

Malachi Val (sworn)—I keep a store at North Granville. I saw the prisoners about the 21st of Sept. Stanley Bridge. Know Morris & Fyfe's store and remember of its location. They were at my place in the evening. I did not know them then. They wanted bacon, two cans of salmon and onions. They went to Walter Stanley Bridge from my place. I had seen James Loder before that. They were walking and I don't think they had anything with them.

Cross-examined by Mr. McPhee—Am positive that it was Sept. 21st.

William Gwyn (sworn)—Live at St. John's. I have seen the three prisoners before, one of them in Granville. Saw them on Sept. 21, when they passed our place, a little before

nothing further adduced.

This was the last witness for the Crown and Mr. McPhee called none.

Mr. McPhee then addressed the jury and recited the circumstances surrounding the charge under which the prisoners were arrested. He claimed that the Crown had not proved the guilt of the prisoners and until proven guilty they must be assumed innocent.

The Attorney-General spoke briefly, pointing out the fact that the prisoners had been seen shortly before the robbery with no parcels going in the direction of Morris & Fyfe's store. Next evening they were seen with bundles. The clothing found on them was practically identified as that stolen from the store. The prisoners, if innocent, had not attempted to exchange their boots, underwear, etc., found on their persons was that taken from their store. He said the circumstantial evidence in this case was as good as that of an eye-witness.

The Chief-Justice then charged the jury summing up the facts in nearly the same style as in the address by the Crown. Concluding, he said the case was a simple one and left the matter in their hands.

The jury was out fifty minutes when they returned and brought down a verdict of "guilty."

Court then adjourned until 10.30 this morning.

LAND POLICY OF DOMINION.

In answer to questions regarding the outlook for immigration in 1911, asked by a representative of the Canadian Press Association, at an interview in Ottawa, the Hon. Frank Oliver, M. P., Minister of the Interior of the Dominion of Canada stated that during 1910 the total number of immigrants who had come to Canada was a little over 250,000, and that reports from the Dominion's Emigration Agents in Great Britain, the United States, and elsewhere indicated that during 1911 the total number would be a little over 300,000 and in answer to further questions the Minister said:

"Canada is the only country in the world today giving away good land with good conditions. And it is given away free, gratis, but not for nothing. This is with us a matter of principle and national policy. Not only is Canada giving this land away, but she won't sell it."

"Does that mean, Mr. Oliver," he asked, "that the Dominion Govern-

ment won't sell any land at all to anyone?"

"Not an acre," he replied, "except to settlers who have already taken a free homestead of 160 acres and desire to acquire some additional adjoining land. Other than this, there isn't enough money in all England or the United States to buy one single acre. We have millions of acres to give to millions, but not one foot to sell. The reason is that the Dominion wants citizens, not speculators. The Canadian people are a business people, and as a business proposition it pays them better to give this land away than it would to sell it—always provided that the land is given to those who will bring it into use. The conditions of the gift are use and occupation."

"Canada is characterized by conditions of social life, moral atmosphere, religion, fair laws, well-administered, business standards and opportunities, which in conjunction with the quality of the fertile land she is giving away, makes her unequalled, not only on the American Continent, but throughout the British Empire and the nations of the world. This is the national policy that is the basic foundation of our national prosperity—of our unrivaled development, progress and substantiality, that makes the Dominion of Canada the best country for settlers to come to, and the safest country for investors to place their capital in. Whether the building of homes with incomes and the enjoyment of the comforts of life, or for the making of money with a feeling of absolute security, Canada is incomparable."

"But don't misunderstand me, neither the Canadian people nor the Canadian Government are philanthropists. There is no room in Canada for the 'wont works,' or the 'can't works' and we don't want them at any price."

"This national policy that Canada has adopted in regard to land is what is attracting the great rush to the Prairie Provinces—not cheap land, but good land for nothing, that is, for nothing except occupation and use."

"Then, too, all the hundreds of thousands that are coming to Canada every year know—every man of the land, whatever land he has chosen, confident that no pull or influence is ahead of him. To all of them we say, 'We want, not your money, but your citizenship.' This is worth more than the money to Canada. And it also means thousands more consumers of customers for all our products—natural and manufactured. So that all who are now here benefit by every new citizen's success and prosperity."

"Canada is one nation commercially. It is true the great tide of immigration is flowing into the three Prairie Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and into British Columbia. But when Western Canada prospers, Eastern Canada prospers. The prosperity of the West and the East is co-extensive. Some portion of every dollar that is taken out of the West, or taken out of it—out of the soil—finds its way to the East, and, through the various chan-

nels of trade and commerce, eventually enriches Ontario, Quebec, and the Maritime Provinces.

"As to land tenure, we want farmer proprietors. They make the best and strongest citizens—and it's such citizens we're after. Hence, after a man has fulfilled the three years' conditions of use and occupation of the land the Dominion gives him, the land is his in fee simple, absolutely and forever. He can keep it or sell it, or do as he likes with it."

"The man who overcomes the great difficulties of those three years of settlement—and they are great—has earned his land, has established himself, has become a good citizen. By that time he has a stake in the country and its future."

"Canada is establishing a landed aristocracy, in the truest meaning of the word—a landed proprietorship extending over fertile prairies 800 miles long and 300 miles wide. This in due time will make 240,000 square miles of farms and homes with incomes, with many busy towns and cities."

"Agriculture being the backbone of every country, Canada is taking the means and is doing it now, to make her backbone bigger and stronger. The vast number of prosperous agriculturists, together with the many manufacturers and other industries necessary to so great a territory—will constitute a population of land owners and good citizens that will be large enough and powerful enough to weigh something in Canada, in the British Empire, and in the world."

Arthur Grady (sworn). Am 13 years old. I live in Summerside. Saw the prisoners at James H. Grady's, my brother's place, on Saturday. I hauled a boat to the North Shore for them with my father's rig. I saw nothing in the boat but the rigging. We drove to the shore that night.

James H. Grady (sworn). Live in Summerside. I saw them on Monday, Sept. 18, and was talking to them. They talked of going oyster fishing as finances were small. They were comfortable on the boat and slept there. I saw them again at my place Tuesday. I gave them between \$7 and \$8. If they made money I was to get it back, if not, I was to have the boat. George said they were going to Charlottetown. They each had a shaving brush and a razor. That evening they left my place and I saw them next on Friday evening but did not talk to them. I am married to the Lodgers' shore and gathered up their things, such as quilts, stove, and other little things I had given them.

Cross-examined by Mr. McPhee. On Tuesday one of them had a light shirt on, almost new.

H. R. Moase (sworn). I live in Summerside and am a livery stable keeper and constable. Saw the prisoners in the jail at Summerside. They were searched there in the presence of Mr. Morris who claimed a cap and a pair of boots on the prisoners were similar to ones stolen from his place. Each one had a new heavy lined No. 42 lender and two had new 14 1/2 shirts. They had new socks on. The lenders would probably be slightly large. The lining of one cap, where Morris & Fyfe usually have a stamp was torn out of one cap. (Here goods were examined and shown to have a button hole in the collar changed to make a comfortable fit. The lender and shirt found on the Lodgers were also shown.)

Cross-examined by Mr. McPhee, but

Famous Expert Tells

How Fat May Be Removed Rapidly by a Simple Home Remedy Without Causing Wrinkles, Disturbing the Diet or Necessity for Exercise.

"Fat is nothing but unused energy," says a prominent physician, and the man or woman who is burdened with it can easily get rid of it if they wish. All they need is 1 ounce of Marmola, 1 ounce of Fluid Extract, Cascara, 1 ounce of Aromatic and 1/2 ounce of Peppermint Water, all of which they can get at any good drug store for a few cents. Then let them take one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime until they are down to the weight they want to be.

This simple home receipt is far and away better than any or all the patent or secret medicines, for it reduces the fat safely and harmlessly. The ingredients are in fact beneficial to the system, having both tonic and purifying qualities, and so help rather than distress the stomach. It reduces one gradually and naturally, preserving a good outline, and, best of all, needs neither physical exercise to help it do the work, nor does it require any change in diet—can get results and still take things easy—eating meanwhile just what, when and how he or she pleases. Be sure and get the Marmola in a sealed package, so that you get Marmola and not a substitute.

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