

# THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

MORNING DAILY

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 28, 1915

\$3.50 Per Year (delivered) in advance  
\$2.50 per year by mail in advance

Morning Daily founded 1891  
Weekly (now Evening Daily) 1887

## GERMANS LOST TWO BATTALIONS

### In Last Monday's Battles Near Ypres. A German Aeroplane Was Brought Down Within the German Lines. All Attacks by Germans Were Repulsed.

(Special to The Guardian)  
PARIS, Jan. 27.—(Official to-day)—A German aeroplane was brought down within the lines of the Belgian army. Statements made by prisoners establish the fact it was not a battalion but a brigade which on January 25th, attacked the trenches East of Ypres and that the enemy lost in this affair what amounted to a battalion and a half of men.

It has been confirmed to-day that near La Bassee, Givency and Guinchy the Germans yesterday suffered a great check. On the road from La Bassee to Bethune the bodies of six officers and several men were found.

The losses of the Germans consequently must represent at least two full battalions.  
From Lons to Soissons yesterday there was artillery fighting. In the region of Craonne we maintained the trenches recaptured by us during our counter-attack on January 25.  
In the region of Perthes Hill, no 500, four violent attacks on the part of the enemy have been repulsed. In Argonne and in the vicinity of St. Hubert, a German attack was repulsed with the bayonet. At St. Mihiel we destroyed new foot bridges thrown by the enemy over the Meuse.

## NATIONAL LEADER CONGRATULATES BEATTY "FELLOW WEXFORD MAN"

(Special to The Guardian)  
LONDON, Jan. 27.—An especially significant feature of the naval victory is John Redmond's telegram of warm congratulations expressing pride and delight in Admiral Beatty as a fellow Wexford man. Probably for the first time the Nationalist leader has thus intimately associated himself with British success in war.

## "GERMANY HAS ONLY ONE ENEMY."

LONDON, Jan. 27.—Under the heading, "We have only one enemy," the Hamburger Nachrichten, according to the Reuter correspondent at Amsterdam, says:  
"A striking proof of this phrase is to be found in the new prizes which the official Reichs Anzeiger announces have been set aside for special military achievements. Three of the four prizes are aimed against England, and consist of sums of money, varying in value from \$12,000 to \$62,500.  
"The amounts will be awarded to the first soldier who steps upon the soil of Great Britain as a combatant; the crew of an airship which before December 31, 1915, accomplishes the first flight to the English coast and drops a bomb on English territory; and the aviator who drops the first bomb on Dover."

## CONDENSED ADS. TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charge twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply to 23 Villa street, Brighton. 8409-M31.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE house, married couple or gentleman. Apply here. 8413-1-28M31.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM with respectable private family for a few weeks. Apply Z. care of Guardian. 8392-1-27M11.

WANTED—Board and room with respectable private family for a few weeks. Apply care of Guardian. 8392-1-27M11.

FOXES FOR SALE—3 PAIRS EXTRA good crosses and 2 pairs silver blacks, imported. Apply J. S. Wedlock, Canada Fox Exchange. 8371-1-26M1F.

BUSINESS ENVELOPES—No. 8 printed with name and address, either on flap or front, \$3 per 1,000; \$5.50 for 2,000; \$12.00 for 5,000; \$20 for 10,000. GUARDIAN OFFICE. 8608-11-21M1F.

STRAYED—Bull, 1 1/2 years old. Marked on left ear, brindle in color. If not claimed before Feb. 25th, will be sold to pay expenses. A. D. O'BRIEN, Elmssdale. 8391-1-27M31pd.

WANTED BEST PRICE ON PAIR good black foxes; also one good patch female. Subscribe fully breeding etc. Also terms of ranching if blacks are left in ranch. Prices confidential. W. H. Dillns, O'Leary. 8403-1-28M31.

DRESSED PORK, ALL SIZE WELL fattened, good order, poultry, print, butter, curers of ham and bacon; also sausages, mince meat, lamb, tongues and pigs-feet half bbis and kegs. John Hopkins, St. John, N.B. 8173-1-7M1Mo.

FOR SALE—4/8 SHARES BRITISH American Silver Black Fox Co. stock, par value \$100. Need money and will sell lot for \$375.00. Company paid over 50 per cent. 1914. Islander, Sanatorium, P.O., Ontario. 8411-1-28M41.

FOR SALE—One pair of Black Fox Pups almost full grown, healthy and tame. No. 1 stock. Will sacrifice this pair at \$2,000; also some 50 p. c. crosses at \$200. Marten \$75 and Fisher \$125 a pair. PORTAGE WILD ANIMAL CO., Box 223, Portage La Prairie, Manitoba. 8365-1-25M41pd.

Minaud's Liniment Cures Neuralgia

Minaud's Liniment Cures Rheumatism

Minaud's Liniment Cures Garglet in cows

Minaud's Liniment Cures Diptheria

## KAISER'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION HAS BEEN POSTPONED

### GERMAN REBEL COMMANDER KILLED

(Special to The Guardian)  
CAPE TOWN, Jan. 27.—Colonel Seyderbreck, commanding the German forces in German South-West Africa, has been killed at Windhoek, according to advices received here. He was examining hand Grenades when one of them accidentally exploded and caused his death.

### GERMAN CRUISER KOLBERG SUNK

(Special to The Guardian)  
LONDON, Jan. 27.—An official statement issued to-night says: "The German cruiser Kolberg is reported sunk on Sunday while fighting in the North Sea."

### GERMAN VERSION OF NORTH SEA FIGHT

(Special to The Guardian)  
BERLIN, Jan. 27.—By wireless to Sayville, N. J.—Reports to-day indicate that the Austrians are having better fighting in Carpathians and West Galicia. The German Government today issued an official statement that in the North Sea fighting the British lost one battle cruiser and two destroyers. The report says the losses are reported on the authority of a German torpedo boat and German aeroplanes which watched the fighting.

### AUSTRALIA PREPARING HALF MILLION MEN TO FIGHT IN EUROPE

(Special to The Guardian)  
SYDNEY, Australia, Jan. 27.—The Australian Government announced to-day that it had a plan for the formation of a rifle reserve of half a million men which may be used in Europe if war is prolonged.

### GERMANS KNEW OF SCHWAB'S ORDER

MONTREAL, Jan. 26.—The Montreal Star prints a story that the Government at Washington knew, within forty-eight hours, all about the negotiations between Mr. Charles M. Schwab and high officials of the British Admiralty in London with regard to the construction of submarines, destroyers and cruisers for the British Government at his Port River plant, and that when Mr. Schwab later went to Washington to discuss with Secretary of State W. J. Bryan the proposed undertaking, Mr. Bryan was already familiar with the negotiations—supposed to have been known only to about half a dozen people, including four of the highest officials of the British Admiralty. The Star asserts that Mr. Bryan gave his source of information Count Von Bernsdorff, the German Ambassador at Washington, and that this story is told by one of Mr. Schwab's business associates.

### 50 YEAR OLD LANDSTRUM

AMSTERDAM, January 25.—A telegram received here from Berlin, sets forth that in the province of Brandenburg, in which Berlin is located, there have been called up for medical examination, the 50-year-old untrained men of the Landstrum of the 1886, 1887 and 1888 classes.

### ON CHARGE OF MANSLAUGHTER

LONDON, January 25.—Frederick Sharer, an American, who is managing director of the National Radiator company, an English corporation, was held under bail today on a charge of manslaughter.

### OFFICER BURIED

KINGSTON, Ont., January 25.—The remains of the late Colonel Frank Strange, who fell a victim to spinal meningitis at Salisbury Plain, arrived at night today, and were interred with full military honors.

### SUMMARY OF THE SITUATION.

(Special to The Guardian.)  
LONDON, Jan. 27.—The advance guard of the Turkish army, which is undertaking the invasion of Egypt, has reached the British outposts to the east of the Suez Canal, where the first skirmish of war in this section took place yesterday.

The fight, according to official report, was apparently a small affair, only one British officer being wounded, but despatches from Cairo say the invaders suffered severely from the machine guns if the British troops. The despatches do not disclose the size of the Turkish forces, but say that the engagement took place to the east of Kantra, which is right on the Suez Canal and is the terminus of the caravan route from Rafati, the border station between Egypt and Syria.

The distance from Rafati to El Kantra is 143 miles and as the British had filled in all the wells along the caravan route the invaders would have had to carry their own water. Even el Kantara is supplied by pipe line from a fresh water stream which runs under the Suez Canal.

It is believed the fighting by the British forces was with Arab and Kurdish horsemen, employed by the Turks as scouts, for the main army under D'Jemal Pasha, which consists of three army corps, is believed to have hardly had time to cross the desert. The British have a strong force with which to guard the Canal.

Nothing has been heard of the military venture which it is reported the Germans were preparing for Emperor William's birthday, unless attacks on the French at Ypres and on the British at La Bassee were intended as such. All official accounts agree that these attacks were very severe ones, but beyond this there is nothing in common between the accounts of the Allies and the Germans concerning the fighting.

A French communication to-night reports a statement that the Germans were repulsed with heavy losses, while the Germans say the British were unable to recapture the positions.

Similar contradictory statements were made regarding the severe fighting which was taking place near Craonne and Perthes in Argonne, and in the vicinity of St. Mihiel. In all these cases both sides claim that the battles resulted in their favour.

There has been increasing liveliness along the eastern frontier. The Russians there are reported pushing the offensive both in East Prussia and in Poland to the north of the lower Vistula, while the Germans are said to have been repeating their attacks in Central Poland.

In Galicia the Austro-German force attempted an offensive which, according to Russian accounts, did not meet with success.

Roumania, which has just received \$25,000,000 through the Bank of England, is said to be watching closely the concentration of an Austro-German force in Transylvania, which might be used either against her or the Russians, who are travelling through Bukovina.

The loan to Roumania was advanced by the Bank of England to the Bank of Roumania against Treasury bills.

### RUSSIAN OFFICIAL

(Special to The Guardian)  
PETROGRAD, Jan. 27.—An official communication from the Russian Government indicates a new Russian offensive on the North Prussian frontier. Here they occupied Palkalen between Tilsit and Stalluponen. General Henenkamp took possession of Palkalen during a raid on East Prussia, developments which were followed by the German invasion of a part of the Russian Province of Kovno in September. Since September there has been little activity in this region.

Southwest of Warsaw there has been a severe artillery engagement caused by an attempt by the Germans to break through the Russian lines. In Galicia Austro-German forces continue an offensive movement to Northward. They consist of six Bavarian corps, and six or seven Austrian corps. The Austro-German offensive line in this locality extends a distance of approximately eighty miles.

### CANADIAN PARLIAMENT WILL VOTE \$100,000,000

(Special to The Guardian)  
MONTREAL, Jan. 27.—Confirmation of the forecasts that the Canadian Parliament will be asked to agree to a war vote of \$100,000,000 at next session was given by Sir Geo. E. Foster, Dominion Minister of Commerce, at the Canadian Club this afternoon. He outlined what had been done in aid of the Mother Country and said the people are commencing to realize the terrible character of war by the 50 million dollars already voted and would realize it still further when 100 millions more are asked for next month.

### RUSSIAN COUNCIL TO RESUME

PETROGRAD, January 25.—Imperial ukases issued today fixed January 30 as the date for the re-opening of the session of the council of state, and February 9 as the day when the sittings of the Duma shall be resumed.

### AEROPLANE RAID REPULSED BY RUSSIANS

(Special to The Guardian)  
PETROGRAD, Jan. 27.—An unsuccessful raid yesterday of aeroplanes on Libau is the third time this port has been attacked by Germans since the beginning of the war. The other two bombardments were from the sea and occurred in October and November. On both occasions the Germans were driven away.

### BRITAIN WILL LEND ROUMANIA \$25,000,000

(Special to The Guardian)  
LONDON, Jan. 27.—An agreement was signed in London to-day for a loan to Roumania of 25 million dollars. The money will be advanced by the Bank of England against Roumania Treasury bills. The loan is the result of a visit of Roumanian bankers to London this month. It is understood Roumania will use the money for the purchase of war materials.

### AUSTRIAN EMPEROR PREPARES TO ABDICATE

(Special to The Guardian)  
GENEVA, Jan. 27.—It is reported here that Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria is preparing to abdicate. The reported reason is that he does not agree with the military views of Emperor William, and also the German attitude towards peace.

### PRINCESS PAT'S AGAIN IN ACTION

(Special to The Guardian)  
OTTAWA, Jan. 27.—Evidence that the Princess Patricia Regiment has again been in action is furnished by the casualty list issued to-day by the Military Department which reports two privates killed in action and five wounded on Jan. 18th.

### STIRRING EVENTS ARE EXPECTED AT SUEZ

(Special to The Guardian)  
CAIRO, Egypt, Jan. 27.—An engagement occurred yesterday Eastward of El Kantara, Egypt, presumably with the advance guard of the Turkish army. Although details are lacking, the Egyptian losses were one officer and four men slightly wounded. Only a small number of men were engaged in the fighting which was in the nature of skirmishes. Detachments of Turkish troops had been sighted at three other points East of Suez but no fighting resulted except where stated. The Turks opened fire a long range by mountain guns. The British replied with machine guns and rifles. A British aeroplane dropped bombs on the Turkish forces near Birmuhadad inflicting losses. The fact that the fighting occurred at El Kantara indicates not only a Turkish attempted invasion of Egypt but that they penetrated a considerable distance. El Kantara is 28 miles South of port said on the Suez Canal and is believed to be the objective of the enemy.

## SPAIN'S POLICY IS ARMED NEUTRALITY

### With Intention of Joining the Allies When Moment Arrives for Decisive Action, Says Former Ambassador. The Only Way to End War is to Help Allies.

(Special to The Guardian)  
MADRID, Jan. 27.—Senor Herez Caballero, former Ambassador of Spain in Paris, declared in an interview to-day that the best interests of Spain required a firm policy of armed neutrality for the present time but with the intention of joining the Allies at the most convenient moment. Judgment from the present situation, he said, it was impossible for the Germans to win eventually, and that as Germany will not listen to peace proposals until she is defeated, the only way to end the war in reasonable time is to support the Allies and help them when the moment for decisive action arrives.

### U. S. GOVERNMENT GIVES EFFECTIVE ANSWER TO ITS GERMAN AGITATORS

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—The United States government today issued a lengthy defence in its interpretation of the rights and duties of a neutral in the European war.

A document, five thousand words long, prepared by President Wilson, Secretary Bryan and Counsellor Robert Lansing, of the state department, after several days of consultation, was made public in the form of a letter from the secretary of state to Senator Stone, of Missouri, chairman of the senate committee on foreign relations. While the letter is a reply to an inquiry from Senator Stone for information as a result of complaints made in the press, and in letters from various parts of the country, charging the Washington government with unfairness to Germany and Austria.

It is intended as a pronouncement of policy on some questions of neutrality previously unexplained. After answering separate and specific charges, and calling attention to the fact that the United States has promptly taken to task Great Britain as well as Germany and every government which in any way has infringed upon the rights of this country, the letter concludes with the following declaration of the much discussed question of expectation of war munitions.

"If any American citizen, partisans of Germany and Austria-Hungary feel that this administration is acting in a way injurious to the cause of those countries, the feeling results from the fact that on the high seas the German and Austro-Hungarian naval power is thus far inferior to the British. It is

the business of a belligerent operating on the high seas, not the duty of a neutral, to prevent contraband from reaching an enemy. Those in this country who sympathize with Germany and Austria-Hungary appear to assume that some obligation rests upon this government, in the performance of its neutral duty to prevent all trade to contraband, and thus to equalize the difference due to the relative naval strength of the belligerents. No such obligation exists; it would be an unequal act, an act of partiality on the part of this government, to adopt such a policy, if the executive had the power to do so.

"If Germany and Austria-Hungary cannot import contraband from this country, it is not because of this fact, the duty of the United States to close its markets to the Allies. The markets of this country are open on equal terms to all the world, to every nation, belligerent or neutral."

Refused Canada's Request  
During the course of the latter's discussion of the various charges made, some facts hitherto undisclosed were revealed for the first time, among them that the Canadian government recently asked the United States for permission to ship "war equipment" across Alaska to the sea, and the request was refused.

In a general way, the letter sets forth that the rules of neutrality have been promulgated by the American government without discrimination and have been applied with equal fairness to all concerned.

### THAW TAKEN BACK TO NEW YORK STATE.

CONCORD, N. H., Jan. 23.—Harry K. Thaw was returned to the custody of New York state officials to-day. The formalities which made effective more than sixteen months of legal effort by the New York authorities, occupied less than five minutes.

In that time Thaw's legal status underwent three changes. He was arraigned before Judge Aldrich, of the United States district court as a federal prisoner; by order of the court was surrendered to the State of New Hampshire, and finally upon the presentation of the New York warrant for his arrest as a fugitive from justice, which was accompanied by Governor Felker's order for his extradition, he was given into the custody of the sheriff of Duches county, New York.

Thaw arrived here a little after 11 o'clock this forenoon and was taken in an automobile to the court house. A small crowd that had met him at the station followed. William Travers Jerome and his party had arrived an hour earlier. Thaw appeared unconcerned during the brief proceedings, chatted genially with his custodian, and as an opportunity offered shook hands with a waiting row of sympathizers. One elderly woman tried to kiss him but Thaw evaded the caress.

### TO ELIMINATE BOTH VILLA AND CARRANZA.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 23.—The elimination of both Venustiano Carranza and Francisco Villa is proposed by a new movement in Mexico, headed by General Alvaro Obregon, Carranza's military chief; and General Eulalio Gutierrez, the national convention's provisional president, who recently fled from the capital.

They have agreed together, and with several of the Carranza and Villa leaders, it is reported, to organize an independent movement to establish a lasting peace.

The troops which left Mexico City with Gutierrez have formed a junction with Obregon's column and are prepared to enter the capital according to apparently reliable reports.

### BOMB REPLACED KAISER'S WREATH.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The churches along the East Coast returned to the early Victorian practice today by holding evening song in the afternoon in order to reduce the amount of lighting visible from the sea. The factories also are closing earlier.

Today was the anniversary of Queen Victoria's death and wreaths from members of the Royal Family were placed upon the tomb at Frogmore. A wreath which had been sent every year previously by the Kaiser was absent. Perhaps the bomb dropped at Yarmouth was intended as a substitute.

### COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC

ONE CENT per word each insertion for advertising in this column. Cash must accompany orders. Minimum charges twenty-five cents.

\*\*Miss Seller Dressmaker is now prepared to see her old customers at her room 553 Queen St. Orders for Spirella Corsets taken. 8318-1-27M1pd.

\*\*Miss Seller Dressmaker is now prepared to see her old customers at her room 53 Queen St. Orders for Spirella Corsets taken. 8318-1-27M31pd.

Minaud's Liniment cures Diptheria