

THE CHARLOTTETOWN GUARDIAN

President—W. Chester S. McLara, Secretary—Lieut. Col. D. A. MacKinnon, D. N. O., Editor and Manager—J. R. Barnack, Vice-President—J. E. Barnack, Associate Editor—D. K. Currie

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1927

SALE OF RAW PRODUCTS.

A point set forth by Mr. Bennett in the course of his speech in reply to the Budget was the great loss suffered by Canada on account of the export of raw natural resources. No doubt the money received for the natural products of Canada's forests and mines has increased the purchasing power of the country.

Mr. Bennett pointed out that during last year, there were exported from Canada raw minerals to the value in round figures of \$242,800,000. That is, as he said, the exhaustion of a capital asset. It means that the minerals taken from the ground and shipped out of the country in large quantities will not be replaced by an effort that can be made by the sons of men.

It is important that the people should realize that a very large proportion of the money that is now available for their purchase of foreign made goods comes as a result of the exhaustion of the capital assets of the country. Surely it would be much better to encourage home industries for the conversion of raw materials—the natural wealth of the country—into finished products to be purchased and used by the people of Canada or exported to other countries, than to export these raw materials for manufacture in the United States or elsewhere, and then import the finished products.

STOP IT!

In the olden time when the people of this Island were shut in for six months of each year, and when money was scarce, it was necessary for many persons to obtain, and for the merchants to give, credit. But now that transportation is possible every day in the year, and there is a constant output of produce and a constant influx of money, now that the wealth of the people is greatly increased and there are banks in every part of the country, the credit system may be greatly abated to the advantage alike of merchants and buyers.

The credit system is a nuisance when it is not necessary. It enables those who are not honest to get away without payment for the things they buy, and it is a fruitful cause of loss on the part of those who are honest, and who are compelled to pay higher prices for the goods they have to buy, than if all were required to pay cash, either at the time of purchase or at the end of each month.

At any rate, the habit of going to the store and getting goods in advance of ability to pay for them is a bad one. A great writer has stated that "debt is to a man what the serpent is to a bird: its eye fascinates, its breath poisons, its coil crushes both sinew and bone, and its jaw is the pitiless grave." It is far better in the long run to wait for a thing you want until you get the money to pay for it, than to run into debt. The sooner the credit system is ended the better for each individual and for the country at large.

WOMEN IN THE MINISTRY.

The United Church of Canada is now discussing the important question, "Should women be admitted to the ordained ministry of the Church?"

Interviewed by the Montreal Star last week, the Rev. W. I. G. Ward expressed the opinion that "the prejudice of her own sex more than masculine opposition has kept women from entering the ministry." Rev. Dr. George Laughlin said that women "possess the intellectual and spiritual qualifications in addition to the sympathy that makes for a successful minister of the flock." The Rev. Dr. J. R. Dobson expressed his belief that in many cases women with special gifts should be recognized and set apart for all kinds of Christian work, and especially for preaching.

The Rev. W. I. Johnston said that he saw no reason why women should not be admitted to the ministry. "If," he said, "women have the ability and feel the urge and the call to the work of the ministry, then they have every right to occupy the position of minister, just as much as a man has." Rev. Dr. C. P. Ross said: "I am quite in favor of it, because I think it would be only the exceptional woman who would want to enter the ministry."

On the other hand, the Rev. Dr. E. Leslie Pidgeon said: "I think that the entry of women into the ministry wouldn't strengthen the church," and he pointed out that, "To admit women to the ministry would require an amendment to the Constitution of the United Church." Rev. Dr. H. A. McIntosh, also, expressed the opinion that "Geographical and economic conditions prevailing in Canada," should be considered; and said that, "while women have intellectual and other qualities, which equally fit them for the ministry with men. Yet, in our wide country, with its many mission fields, where it has been difficult to get salaries of ministers to a point where it makes their livelihood possible, it would be unwise for a church which hopes to cope with the missions needed in Canada to allow women to enter the ministry."

The question is to be discussed—perhaps decided—at the biennial council of the church to be held in Winnipeg in June, 1928. Meantime it is to be sent out to all the Presbyteries of the United Church in the Dominion for discussion and expression of opinion with reports of the findings. No doubt the opinion of St. Paul (1 Timothy 2, 12) will be quoted; also that women, in these latter days, reign in our homes and are (some of them) good teachers in the schools; that a few plead eloquently at the Bar and many are excellent church workers for the uplift of humanity, and the spread of moral and religious principles.

In the House of Commons a few days ago, the Acting Leader of the Opposition (Hon. Mr. Guthrie) reminded the Prime Minister that two months had elapsed since the Duncan Report was submitted to Parliament. The recommendations "of vital importance to the Maritime Provinces, and," he said, "very general acceptance on this side of the House." No doubt the Prime Minister will think the matter over while away on his holiday trip.

The poet says that, "We are all of Earth's first blood," and it has lately been discovered that a farm laborer resident in an English village is lineally descended from Earl Goodwin, father of King Harold, who was killed at the Battle of Hastings, in 1066. His name is Thomas William Godwin. After the death of Harold, his relatives, deprived of all their wealth and possessions, took to the land and became farm laborers—and he remains on the land. Truth is, in some cases, stronger than fiction!

Notes by the Way

February draws to its close, and the coming week, on Tuesday next, will usher in the month of March. Whether it will come in like a lion or a lamb is yet a problem to be guessed at by the weather prophets who are about as wise in such matters as the rest of us. And Wednesday next will mark the beginning of the Lenten season. All of which, with days of ethereal mildness already enjoyed, are reminders that spring is coming. But it is yet a rather far call to Easter Sunday, which falls this year on April 17.

It is pleasant to note that the sun rises a little earlier and sets a little later day by day, and a few weeks hence the days and nights will be of equal length. Young and old alike find enjoyment in the sunshine. Cold and darkness have a depressing influence upon the spirits of many persons, especially of the aged, the feeble and the sick ones, while it must be admitted that to the young and healthy the winter season has a bracing and invigorating effect and, with abundant exercise in the open air, and access to many forms of amusement, recreation and sport, they find the cold season comparable in enjoyment to that of summer.

The changing seasons gave variety to life in many ways, and are more healthful than the more monotonous temperature of tropical countries. A large majority of the men who achieve distinction in many callings and of those who live longest as well, are dwellers in the north or south temperate zones. It seems also to be true that these are the people who get the most enjoyment out of life. It is the fortune of our own people, and the great majority of Canadians to occupy the same latitudes in America as are held in Europe by the nations who have most distinguished themselves in arts and arms as well as in the most useful industrial callings.

Some thoughtful persons object that our life of today is too hurried, too frantic and distracted, with too many in haste to be rich, or too eager for sport and recreation, making a coil of pleasure and so on. It is persons who have themselves passed the meridian of life who are most inclined to think in that way. Very probably they may also be inclined to forget that they were once young themselves and that it is quite impossible to put old heads on young shoulders.

Still the old Socratic maxim, "Nothing in excess," or the later words of Saint Paul to the like effect are worthy of reflection. Moderation is not only commendable in eating and drinking but in the pursuit of riches, amusement, sport and recreation as well. Excess often makes that harmful which may be harmless in itself, be it bridge or hockey, or other diversion or sport. There seems to be danger that in the multitude of attractions and distractions about us that our lives may be frittered away on trifles, to the neglect of its more serious duties.

"We have a constitution now," remarks the Winnipeg Tribune, "only so far as the B. N. A. Act has the sanction of the British Parliament, and we will have none at all the moment that sanction is removed. And removed it must be if the Canadian Parliament adopts a report declaring that the Parliaments of Great Britain and Canada are on an equality in all respects. This is not, of course, a question that concerns Quebec exclusively. The other Provinces, have had their disputes, many of them, with the Dominion authority, and have had frequent recourse to the courts to establish their rights under the B. N. A. Act. When the B. N. A. Act becomes a dead letter no recourse is left to them. There will be one authority in Canada, the Federal Parliament, and one only. . . Not only Quebec but all the provinces (which have had to fight for their rights in the past) must view this prospect with alarm."

An alarming prospect, truly, if the Tribune's logic is sound and we fail to find a flaw in it. And the Maritimes are in far greater danger than Quebec from our comparatively small representation in a Parliament which would absolutely control our destinies if the protection of the Constitution, which we now enjoy were annulled or removed. Perhaps some of those Liberal journals who believe in the full equality of the British and Canadian Parliaments will undertake to tell us whether the Winnipeg Tribune has rightly or wrongly interpreted this matter, and if the Tribune is wrong will state where in its error lies.

A remarkably even temperature from Toronto to Halifax was noted in our weather report of Friday morning last, the difference being only three degrees between the extremes of 26 and 23 degrees.



That Body of Yours

By James W. Barton, M.D.

NEW FATTENING CURE.

Sandow the strong man used to eat some taffy before doing his work of heavy lifting. Half way through his performance it is said that he ate more taffy.

At the resting period in athletic games it is not unusual now for the players to eat taffy or some form of milk chocolate.

I have spoken about the value of sugar in these individuals who have undergone a severe illness and were slowly convalescing.

And now an Austrian physician, Dr. Depisch, has been able to exhibit to his professional brethren a number of patients whose weight has been rapidly increased after prolonged illnesses by a very simple method.

About three ounces of ordinary sugar is dissolved in a quart of water and the patient eats, or rather drinks, the entire amount.

Three to four hours after taking the sugar, in a normal person, this much sugar sometimes causes hunger and often pallor and palpitation of the heart.

However in these weak sickly patients, recovering from an illness, as described above, develop the hunger of a wolf and are able to take a surprising amount of ordinary food, about four hours after taking the sugar.

The sugar can be dissolved in very weak tea flavored with lemon juice if desired.

The increased hunger is due to an excessive production of insulin stimulated by the large dose of sugar.

In some instances the increased hunger does not appear before the third or fourth day of the experiment.

The increased output of insulin, and the improved appetite, continue for some time after the sugar breakfast has been stopped, and the patients thus easily and rapidly gain in weight.

Dr. Depisch states that in cases of stomach irritation, or where there was still some infection in the system, the taking of the sugar did not always give results.

This new "fattening cure," as it is spoken of in the Lancet, should be investigated thoroughly as it is apparently a "rapid and easy" method of acquiring flesh as a result of a natural hunger for food.

Happenings Of The Week

"When a bit of sunshine hits ye After passing of a cloud. When a fit of laughter gits ye And ye'r spine is feelin' proud, Don't forget to up and fling it At a soul that's feeling blue. For the milt that ye sling it It's a boomerang to you."

It was with a feeling of awe and pride that those assembled in the Senate Chamber in Ottawa at nine o'clock on Saturday evening listened to the strains of the National Anthem played by the Governor-General's Footguards Band, heard the booming of the guns on Nepean Point and watched the stately and dignified entrance of Viscount Willingdon, Canada's representative of His Majesty the King, attended by his staff, into the chamber to hold his first Drawing Room since assuming the position of Governor-General of Canada.

The absence of Her Excellency the Viscountess Willingdon, owing to her recent sad bereavement in the death of her sister, the Lady Mabel Eserton, was the one dark spot of the otherwise brilliant function and many were the expressions of sincere sympathy expressed for Her Excellency.

An innovation was made this year which proved a truly delightful one, namely, the gathering in the Senate Chamber before the arrival of His Excellency instead of assembling in the corridor as formerly, the representatives of Church and State, Ministers of the Crown, judges of the Supreme Court, etc., with wives and unmarried daughters, and others who have the honor of being presented first. The Consuls of various countries with their wives, who on previous occasions were received privately, also gathered in the Senate Chamber early, and were presented in their order of precedence.

The wives and daughters of the officers on duty were seated in the west gallery and the wives of the members of the Vice-Regal Staff

DAILY LESSONS IN ENGLISH

By W. L. Gordon

WORDS OFTEN MISUSED: Don't say "he is the most intelligent man of the two." Say "more" when comparing two, "most" when more than two.

OPEN MISPRONOUNCED: memor. Pronounce mem-mor, e as in "men," o as in "of," accent first syllable.

OFTEN MISPELLED: oculist; only one c.

SYNONYMS: deport, account statement, particulars, description, summary.

WORD STUDY: "Use a word three times and it is yours." Let us increase our vocabulary by mastering one word each day. Today's word: INTERCEDE; to plead for another. "Her friend interceded and brought about a reconciliation."

FOR THE SCRAP BOOK

A SERIES OF LITERARY QUOTATIONS FOR BOOK LOVERS

Saturday, Feb. 26.

"The world stands out on either side No wider than the heart is wide; Above the world is stretched the sky— No higher than the soul is high. The heart can push the sea and land Farther away on either hand; The soul can split the sky in two. And let the face of God shine through. But East and West will pluck the heart apart; That can not keep them pushed apart; And he whose soul is flat—the sky Will cave in on him by and by." Edna St. Vincent Millay.

Compensation—In the nature of the soul is the "compensation" for the inequalities of condition. The radical tragedy of nature seems to be the distinction of More and Less. How can Less not feel the pain; how not feel indignation or malevolence towards More? Look at those who have less faculty, and one feels sad and knows not well what to make of it. He almost shuts their eye; he fears they will unbrail God. What should they do? It seems a great injustice. But see the facts nearly and radically. Love reduces them as the sun melts the iceberg in the sea. The heart and soul of all men being one, this bitterness of "His" and "Mine" ceases. His is mine. I am my brother and my brother is me. If I feel overshadowed and outdone by great neighbors, I can yet love; I can still receive; and he that loveth maketh his own the grandeur he loves. Thereby I make the discovery that my brother is my guardian, acting for me with the friendliest designs, and the estate I so admired and envied is my own.—Emerson.

Daily Selections FOR Guardian Readers

February 26, 1927

THE LAW OF THE LORD:—The law of Jehovah is perfect, restoring the soul: The testimony of Jehovah is sure, making wise the simple. Psalm 19:7.

PRAYER:—Help us our God, to make thy law our delight.

February 27, 1927

GOD'S LOVING KINDNESS:—I have trusted in thy loving kindness; My heart shall rejoice in thy salvation. I will sing unto Jehovah, because he hath dealt bountifully with me.

PRAYER:—O God, we rejoice in thy mercy and shew forth Thy praise forever.

GIVE ME THE HAND

Give me the hand that is warm, kind and ready;

Give me the clasp that is calm, true and steady;

Give me the hand that will never deceive me;

Give me its grasp that I may believe thee.

Soft is the palm of the delicate woman;

Hard is the hand of the rough sturdy yeoman;

Soft palm or hard hand, it matters not—never

Give me the grasp that is friendly forever.

Give me the hand that is true as a brother;

Give me the hand that has harmed not another;

Give me the hand that has never foresworn it;

Give me its grasp that I may adore it.

Lovely the palm of the fair-veined maiden;

Horny the hand of the workman o'er laden;

Lovely or ugly, it matters not—never!

Give me the grasp that is friendly forever.

Give me the grasp that is honest and hearty,

Free as the breeze, and unshackled by party;

Let friendship give me the grasp that becomes her, Close as the twine of the vines of the Summer.

Give me the han that is true as a brother;

Give me the hand that has not wronged another;

Soft palm or hard hand, it matters not—never!

Give me the grasp that is friendly forever.

St. Catherine-Stanley Realty Corporation MONTREAL 6 1/2% First Mortgage Bonds. Due May 1st, 1946.

This issue is secured by a first mortgage on the land and the modern ten storey building at the northwest corner of St. Catherine and Stanley Streets, Montreal, one of the most valuable locations in the City.

W. A. Mackenzie & Co. Limited Investment Bankers 217 Bay Street Toronto

A. E. McNEILL 127 GRAFTON STREET

to learn he is now distinctly on the mend. The weekly bridge club met on Thursday at Mrs. D. R. MacLennan's home on Prince Street. Lady Patricia Ramsay will soon be paying her annual visit to her father, the Duke of Connaught, in the south of France, and as usual, will do a great deal of painting while she is away.

OLIVE OIL as a MEDICINE Pure Olive Oil is becoming generally used for indigestion, rheumatic and kidney troubles, gall stones, etc. Olive Oil is not only laxative, but seems to exert a soothing, healing and nourishing function throughout the system.

The White Drug Store J. G. JAMIESON

Farmers Week-- Prosperity Follows the Dairy Cow During this week when Island farmers meet in Charlottetown to discuss their various problems they will, as always, be welcome at our Offices, where they may obtain information and advice concerning insurance matters.

Hyndman & Co. Limited The Oldest and Largest Insurance Agency in P. E. I. J. O. HYNDMAN, Manager. Offices—Lower Queen Street, Charlottetown

Investment Securities The Eastern Securities offers to institutions and investors a well diversified list of securities and an organization for rendering a complete investment service. Our Current List, containing over 68 different issues to choose from, gladly furnished on request. Eastern Securities Co., Ltd. St. John, N. B. Charlottetown Halifax, N. S.

TO BUILD UP YOUR SYSTEM AND RESTORE THAT OLD VIGOR JUST ASK FOR A BOTTLE OF OUR Hypophosphites AS A SPRING TONIC IT IS UNEXCELLED \$1.00 PER BOTTLE The 2 Macs DRUGSTORE 149 Great George Street Telephone 315

occupied the Vice-Regal box all evening. Among the Aides in attendance on His Excellency were Lieut. Colonel G. E. Full of Charlottetown.

Others in the brilliant assemblage of guests known here were: Lady Borden, wife of Right Hon. Sir Robert Borden, in a handsome gown of pale green velvet embroidered in silver over a petticoat of silver lace. The long train was of green velvet lined with silver cloth. Diamonds were worn.

Mrs. W. R. Motherwell, wife of the Minister of Agriculture, wearing a gown of filmy gold lace mounts on a crabapple pink georgette, the folds being caught at the skirt line with a jewelled ornament of amethyst, turquoise and amber. The gold lace train from the left shoulder was in cascade effect and held in place with a French corsage of American beauty and gold tissue.

Mrs. Murray MacLaren, of Saint John, N. B., wife of the Member of Parliament for Saint John, Albert, was in a gown of cloth of silver designed in train and wearing diamond ornaments. Miss Margaret MacLaren, daughter of the Member of Parliament for Saint John, Albert, in an imported frock of pale pink georgette.

Mrs. Creelman McArthur, of Summerside, P. E. I., wearing a French gown of white sequins.

Miss Adele McArthur, of Summerside, wearing a period dress of shell pink taffeta bordered with black.

Miss Dorothy McArthur, of Summerside, in a white sequined gown.

Mrs. J. G. MacPhail, in a tiger lily crepe romaine gown, embroidered in silver, made with a narrow train, caught on the shoulder and falling in cascade effect, wearing a necklace and ornament of cut crystal and pearl and a crystal bandeau.

Thursday afternoon Mrs. Heartz, wife of the Lieutenant Governor was at home to a large number of invited friends at her ideally located residence Edgewater. In the drawing room and tea-room the pretty decorative touches of yellow and mauve were supplied with pale yellow candles, sweet-peas, daffodils and heliotrope, these colors also predominating in the ices and dainty confections.

Assisting were Mrs. Parker Hooper and Mrs. J. C. Houston who ushered. In the group serving were Mrs. Claire Campbell, Miss Stepheny Jenkins, Miss Avila Mathieson, Miss Elaine Beales, Miss Doris Gill. Mrs. E. R. Brown poured tea.

Mrs. A. A. Bartlett entertained very delightfully at her home The Hill, last Saturday afternoon at Bridge and again yesterday at a small luncheon and Bridge.

Mrs. Leith Hodgson was hostess at a prettily arranged bridge and tea Wednesday afternoon at the home of her friend Mrs. G. Filliter, and again on Thursday evening at a mixed Bridge.

The Knights of Pythias' dance on Thursday evening in the Casino was one of the nicest social events of the season. Good music a lovely floor and dainty refreshments whiled away the fleeting hours.

Lady Patricia Ramsay designs many of her own dresses, and pays particular attention to the color scheme. Her ribbon bandeaux are lightly embroidered with beads.

Senator and Mrs. Creelman McArthur, of Summerside and their daughters, Misses Adele and Dorothy, have taken up residence at 56 Driveway, Ottawa for the Parliamentary session.

Dr. and Mrs. H. D. Johnson have gone up to Montreal and Toronto on a short trip.

Numerous friends of Miss Lillian Earle will regret to learn that she has had to enter the P. E. I. Hospital for medical treatment and will hope to see her out in the very near future.

The indisposition of Mr. H. J. Palmer, K.C. of pneumonia has been causing his family and friends great concern, and it is pleasant

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ALL KIDNEY DISEASES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE DIABETES BACKACHE