

DOMINION OF CANADA 4 PERCENT LOAN—1932

RADIO Broadcast of National Character and Interest

- SPEAKERS
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HON. E. N. RHODES, Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.
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This is a unique opportunity to hear the Prime Minister and the Minister of Finance of Canada and the premiers of all provinces on one broadcast through a Coast-to-Coast network on Monday, October 31st.



TUNE your local station tonight at 10.30 p. m. Atlantic Time; 9.30 p. m. Eastern Standard Time; 8.30 p. m. Central Time; 7.30 p. m. Mountain Time; 6.30 p. m. Pacific Time.

Rearing and Feeding

C. E. MacKenzie

While good breeding is of inestimable importance in the improvement of the herd, the best results cannot be obtained unless the good breeding is backed up by good feeding. The good feeding programme, if it is to attain the most far reaching results, must commence with the parents of the animals before birth and continued right along to the end of the chapter. It is hardly necessary for me to repeat that if a calf is to get a good start away, it must be born of healthy, well-nourished parents. For two months at least before calving, the cow should be well fed on feeds containing plenty of nutrients particular attention being paid to the mineral content of the ration. The feeding of iodized salt in some form is a very wise precaution against the loss of calves through disease. The raising of calves by hand is an art, so much so that the condition of the calves in the herd, together with the good quality of the sire at the head of the herd, may be taken as a measure of the quality of the herd as well as the ability of the owner as a feeder and stockman. In all cases calves should either nurse on their mother or be hand fed from their mothers milk for at least ten days when a few pounds of skim milk may be added to each feed but be sure that the calf does not get too much as at this age over feeding will do much more harm than a little under feeding but if one can find the happy medium all is well. Partly a whole milk should be used for a month or six weeks when the gradual addition of separated milk will make up the full ration. As soon as your calf will nibble leave a bunch of clover hay where the calf may have free access to it and at two months and in many cases earlier a grain ration may be gradually added to the milk ration but again care is needed as an over feed of grain may be the ruination of your calf. The grain mixture should be of mixed chop bran and a small quantity of alfalfa meal. If calves are born in the autumn and personally I think this is the better time to have your cows freshen, you should as soon as the calf will eat them, add roots to the ration. Calves brought along in this way will make rapid growth when it can be most economically made namely during the first ten months, and it will require a comparatively cheap roughage ration to carry them along to calving time. As to the proper age for your heifers to freshen, opinions differ, but in the larger milk breeds from twenty seven to thirty three months is early enough and in the lighter breeds it is well to have them more fully grown, as other things being equal, the larger the cow, of the breed, the better producer she will be. It is possibly more important to have the heifers in good condition at the time of their first calving. There is a heavy strain on the heifer during her first lactation if she is to milk, continue her growth and develop, therefore to have the best results she must be in good condition at calving time and during her whole first milking period. What has been said about the heifer applies equally well to any dry cow. The grain fed before calving will, in most cases, return a greater profit than that fed after calving. Now that the heifer has arrived at cow hood her chief source of profit to her owner is the production of milk and fat and in the production of milk the feed is the largest single item of cost, amounting to from fifty to sixty five per cent of the total cost. If, therefore,

Stiff Test Is Set Girl Candidates

LONDON, Oct. 30—Below are a few of the questions set to public school girls between the ages of 18 and 19 at the recent examination for Civil Service executive posts, which rank next in importance to Class 1, the administrative class. Three hundred and two women attended the examination, and they won three vacancies out of fifty. Six hundred and seventy-five men competed. Successful candidates can rise to 800 pounds or 900 pounds a year, including bonus. The following were among the tests put before the candidates: Explain what is meant by "going off the Gold Standard," and point out some of its effects in the case of this country. Examine the statement that while Cabinet unity is essential to party Government, it is not of equal importance to a National Government. How do you account for the strained relations between China and Japan? "Fear God and keep your powder dry." How much of his success did Cromwell owe to his religious faith and how much to practical ability? What light is thrown by the writings of any one novelist of the Victorian era upon the social evils of the nineteenth century? "Great in his writing, he was greater in his conversation," consider the view of Dr. Johnson. Describe an imaginary Thursday evening at Charles Lamb's; or contrast Hazlitt and Lamb as men and essayists. Which of the three, Tennyson, Browning or Arnold, is in your opinion best resisting the reaction from Victorianism? Give your reasons. Write a report on the development of one of the following commodities as an article of world trade during the last fifty years—wheat, fruit, meat. Explain how the velocity of sound in air may be measured. Describe an experiment which enables you to find the ratio of the velocity of sound in coal gas to that of air. What are the main lines of evidence which support our belief in organic evolution. Welsh, admitted recently into Civil Service examinations, was one of the subjects. It was taken by only eight candidates out of 977, and of these four had the name Jones. Not one of the successful women touched mathematics showing that women are still unchanged in their aversion from this subject. Nearly 60 percent of the marble quarried in the United States comes from Vermont. home waters, and fishermen are having to go up to Iceland for them. Soles are one of the most fragile of the fish species. Either they die young or else not enough of them are born. At any rate, the numbers are small. The he-crab is more prized by gourmets than the she-crab, and costs more. He-crabs grow to as much as 10 lbs. Their wives never venture beyond 4 lbs. No one knows why these variations happen. Neither does anyone seem to know where herring come from. The Dogger Bank as a fishing ground is gradually dying out. So many fish these days are being caught young, before they have spawned. A Billingsgate authority estimates that in time there will be no fish worth seeking round the British coast unless somebody starts a save-the-fish-babies campaign.

Armaments Trusts Backing Hitler Says Drew

HAMILTON, Oct. 30—Calling for mutual disarmament as the only feasible method of maintaining the peace of the world, Lieut.-Col. George A. Drew, in an address before the Canadian Club at Hamilton made some rather startling charges concerning alleged manipulations of armament trusts in Europe aimed to prevent the establishment of lasting peace. He asserted that Adolf Hitler, German Nazi leader, was being financed by the armament trusts of France, England and Czechoslovakia; that French newspapers which before the war urged arming against Germany were owned by Krupp, and that the recent change of ownership of two great Parisian newspapers, which placed them in the hands of the steel, oil and armament trusts, had led to the creation in Europe of a very definite opposition to any further disarmament. Colonel Drew declared that listed among the shareholders of Vickers were clergymen, bishops, royalty and the peerage. If they believed disarmament was coming, they would sell their stock, but they were not selling it. In fact, the armament trusts had passed through the depression remarkably well. Colonel Drew, after asserting that British armament firms early in the war let their country down by accepting munitions orders which they could not possibly fill, just to stifle smaller competition, turned his guns on that mystery man of Europe, Sir Basil Zaharoff, whom he described as the spirit of evil incarnate and the man behind the scenes in the Great War. Finally, he charged, while Britain and the United States were declaring in Geneva that war was outlawed, munitions firms of both countries were supplying China and Japan with the means of battle at Shanghai.

WANDERERS AND ACADIA PLAY DRAW

(Canadian Press) WOLFVILLE, N. S., Oct. 30.—Acadia University and Halifax Wanderers played to a six all draw in yesterday's Halifax city league rugby encounter. The Wanderers, smarting under last week's defeat by the tail-end Dalhousie squad, needed the draw to stay in the running for first place. Except for a scoring thrust in the first few minutes of play, Wanderers had all the better of the first period, which ended 6-3 in their favor. But the collegians came back in the second.

NEW SOUTH WALES

Vigorous Plan of Employment New South Wales has opened a ployment with a programme of re-vigorous plan to relieve the unemployment works which will put the thousands of men and women back at wage earning and relieve considerably the dole provisions, which have been a heavy drain on the State. Most of the work to be provided will be of a directly productive nature, returning income with margins for interest and sinking funds. Others will be indirectly profitable. The Government has announced that it will have available for the current financial year, 1,500,000 pounds out of an unemployment relief tax being collected—a fund which has hitherto gone almost entirely in providing relief rations for unemployed. In addition a special re-employment loan (part of a three years plan) will provide 3,500,000 pounds with which there will also be 3 million pounds from internal loans for public works as arranged by the combined Australian Governments.

Public Confidence

The policy of the Government has resulted in considerable renewal of public confidence. Concerted movement has been made in influencing the business firms of Sydney to employ more hands in view of the increasing business. To be expected, and a "drive" has been promoted in the cities with the object of having owners of residences carry on repairs and renewals as part of the programme, so that the increase of currency circulation is expected to have good results following the return to work of thousands of men formerly on the relief lists. A new railway bridge at the city of Grafton, situated in rich farming country to the north of Sydney which was opened on July 19, forms an important link in the railway system connecting the capital cities of Australia. Hitherto the new route, without break of gauge, between New South Wales and Queensland has been broken by the Clarence River, over which the trains were taken by ferries. The roadway from Sydney to Brisbane by the route over the Clarence River is known as the Pacific Highway. The bridge is of a new type, having a double deck with the roadway above the railway. It is of steel on seven concrete piers, with a bascule span that opens to allow steamers to pass, both decks being raised by electric power. The bridge is entirely of Australian manufacture, and cost, with approaches, 500,000 pounds. Favorable Wool Indications Expectations in Sydney are that the new season wool prices will be favorable. The London market for merino wool at the middle of July was 10 to 15 per cent. higher than the closing June levels, and the crossbred wools 15 to 20 per cent. higher, though there was a slight easing later. Wool men in New South Wales are pointing out that there are the considerations that the world has absorbed a record clip, that another large season's supply is in sight, and that the users are still keen to secure the raw material, and therefore the attitude of the manufacturers is encouraging. Similar displays of confidence have been noticed in previous years, but matters on the

TRADE CONTRASTS

From July, 1930, to March 1931, Tasmania's trade showed a surplus of exports over imports of 879,000 pounds, but for the same nine months of the year 1931-32 there was a surplus of imports over exports of 3700 pounds. The value of the imports, 4,983,500 constituted a decrease of 12.4 per cent on the figures for the previous year.

TRADE WITH THE EAST

Trade with the East has loomed large in the eye of Australians for a considerable time, and it has assumed still greater prominence in consequence of statements made by the Premier of Tasmania (Hon. J. C. McPhee) on his return from a visit to China. Mr. McPhee found that there was a very large market available throughout the East to the exporters of Australian products, and that, with the exception of a few firms who have been operating in the East for many years there is no proper appreciation in Australia of the value of the trade. It would be an opportune time now to test this market, especially as the exchange position is greatly in favor of the Australian exporter. The vast possibilities of opening up and developing markets in the East are of particular interest to Tasmania, for one of the well-established shipping lines has recently revived its service between this State and Eastern ports. In addition, a Chinese resident of Tasmania is the Australian representative of the China Associates Corporation, an organization which has been steadily and continuously conducting experiments in China with Australian products, and building up a powerful system in readiness for the launching of enterprise on a large and solid foundation.

FILMS CONDEMNED

The Tasmanian Board of Film Censors has much to say in its annual report in strong criticism of imported films. It declares that many of the pictures shown today are of a low moral tone, and the opinion is expressed that through censorship boards alone little can be done unless they are prepared to refuse registration to all pictures

Queer Things Are Happening At Sea

Curious things are happening in the sea. Tunny fish are making their fourth consecutive appearance at Scarborough after an absence of fifteen years. Nearly two million more cod were caught last year than the year before. Haddocks are either large or small—there are no medium-sized ones. The herring catch fell by 776,689 cwt. Yet so enormous is the annual herring catch of this country that last year's total was about fourteen hundred millions of herrings. Breem are trying to climb into the fish aristocracy. In 1929 80,749 cwt. of them were caught, and they fetched only 12s. 4d. a cwt. But in 1930 they decreased to 58,201 cwt., and last year to 34,195. Consequently they became more exclusive—and their price rose to 22s. 5d. a cwt. More than 733,000 cwt. of rock salmon were landed in Great Britain in 1931. There is no such fish as rock salmon, but people simply would not look at catfish and coal-fish. There's lots in a name. And a whale was seen in the Tay last week. What is behind the tunny mystery? There is now a regular tunny fishing season at Scarborough. They have no right on the coast really, as they belong to the open ocean. Last year's cod catch was 4,588,840 cwt. Yet cod are disappearing

Organized Marketing Proposals

It has for long been felt that one of the principal weaknesses in the export of Tasmanian fruit lies in the marketing and distribution in Great Britain and other overseas countries, and steps are being taken to bring about considerable improvements. As a result of consultative meetings between fruitgrowers and the shipping agents, proposals have been formulated with the object of ensuring better marketing and distribution of overseas fruit shipments, combined with reductions in the shipping charges. The scheme, in effect, is that the shipping agents should control the whole of the shipments, and sell them on a basis of a consolidated charge of 10d. a bushel case and 5 per cent commission. It is not proposed that there should be any interference with f. o. b. sales. The proposals have met with almost unanimous approval of growers in all parts of Tasmania. Fruit brokers, however, are opposed to the scheme, objecting to the centralisation of consignments through the shipping agents.

Too Late To Classify

A BARGAIN—5 FOOT MC-Laughlin Soda Fountain in good working order. Also Ice Box. Apply Milton's Tea Rooms.

RUGS

Cleaned, Stained, Repaired, Altered, or Made Over Into New. We Pay the Freight. MARSH'S RUG WORKS, 125, WATERLOO ST., W.

SURPRISE

We promise you a surprise in shaving comfort when you try the Gillette BLUE SUPER-BLADE. Secret tempering methods, a patented center slot, automatic manufacture, exclusive testing equipment—these features and many others contribute to the quality of this excellent blade. The Blue Blade is made in addition to the regular Gillette Blade sold in the green package.

Y BASKETBALL

AMAZONS—15 P. W. C.—8 Saturday night in the "Y" gym, the "Amazons" defeated the P. W. C. Co-eds, by the score of 15-8. In the first period the "Amazons" controlled the play throughout, but lacked the necessary scoring punch when in position. The co-eds couldn't get going, due to the fine defensive playing of Hope Rodd and Marlan Rogers. The period ended 8 to 2 for the "Amazons". In the second half, play was about even, both defenses worked well; this was the Co-eds first defeat of the season; for the winners, Gay, Bentley and Ayers, the dynamic trio, played good ball, although their shooting was a bit off color. For the losers the playing of Helen McKie was outstanding. Earl Goss refereed impartially.

Y BOWLING

Saturday, Oct. 29. Special Match "Guardian Angels" C. Nelson 226 208 158 G. Stentford 252 180 172 B. Arsenault 136 152 133 H. Lewis 184 107 165 H. Fisher 178 153 189 M. Arsenault 134 142 174 Total 1110 997 909 Guardian Pub. Co. G. Young 196 220 141 M. Carmichael 178 183 854 A. Sherren 160 199 165 A. Martin 153 143 133 F. Power 187 203 181 W. Burnett 134 186 88 Total 1008 1134 1094 Majority for Guardian Pub. Co., 140 pins. High single M. Carmichael 800 pins. High three M. Carmichael 746 pins. Banker's Match F. MacIntyre 122 120 301 B. Ling 177 169 196 A. E. LePage 147 197 147 A. Masters 196 183 106 W. Owen 172 194 Total 642 841 866 Bank of Nova Scotia R. Cameron 149 126 194 H. Deborough 98 129 205 P. Meek 139 107 95 A. McLeod 91 225 157 120 147 Total 477 707 800 Majority for Bankers 350 pins. High single A. McLeod 225 pins. High three A. McLeod 545 pins. Zion Guild League Ramblers D. Hooper 166 128 719 M. MacMillan 92 170 172 V. Rodd 115 143 144 A. Jewell 69 117 50 K. Stewart 95 141 106 Total 537 699 662 "Dauntless Five" Jean Fraser 113 158 148 B. Cameron 130 72 102 C. Brown 84 159 208 A. Larrier 104 118 91 J. Partridge 87 134 91 Total 518 641 603 Majority for Dauntless Five 4 pins. High single C. Brown 205 pins. High three C. Brown 449 pins. "June Bugs" I. Lafferty 138 184 221 J. Dillon 167 129 131 E. Bell 139 131 141 C. Mutch 113 150 181 B. Lafferty 104 104 85 Total 661 698 733 "Stanhopers" F. Mutch 201 146 156 A. Warren 102 147 114 E. MacPherson 141 142 181 E. Lawson 145 136 95 Low Score 104 104 85 Total 693 675 600 Majority for June Bugs 124 pins. High single I. Lafferty 223 pins. High three I. Lafferty 545 pins. Bowling Tonight Rebekah League 7.00 to 8.30 "Zippers" vs. "Pals" alleys 1 and 2. 7.00 to 8.30 "Cando's" vs. "Canucks" alleys 3 and 4. next week the House would sit on Wednesday evenings. This change in procedure will, however, expire with the fall sittings, for the Prime Minister has already assured the House that all the privileges of private members will be restored to them when the winter sittings open.

Liquor Store Burned Down

Continued from page 1 Originating in the upper part of the building the fire had made great headway before being discovered. Residents of Clair and vicinity, and the Fire Department of Fort Kent, Me., on the opposite side of the St. John River, responded to an alarm. They prevented the fire from spreading but it was too late to save the building.

PACT DEBATE

Continued from page 1 debate until Monday evening, the earliest time with which a vote could be taken as a big number of the Quebec and Ontario members go home for week-ends, many leaving after the Friday afternoon sitting and returning after the Monday afternoon sitting. To guard against the possibility of prolonged discussion of the tariff items, when the House is in committee of ways and means, preventing final approval of the conference pacts by November 15, the date on which the British Parliament hopes to conclude their consideration, the Prime Minister gave notice of motion that commencing