

Privileges long enjoyed become to be regarded as rights.

Charlottetown Guardian Two Cents.
Morning Edition, Founded 1857.

Class hatreds precede national disturbances and upheavals.

CHARLOTTETOWN, CANADA, TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1939

10 PAGES

Annual Subscription Delivered \$5.00
By Mail—P. E. I. \$4.00; Canada and U. S. \$5.00

CHAMBERLAIN HINTS NEW ANTI-WAR PACTS

NAZIS BITTERLY ASSAIL BRITISH POLICY

Nation Solidly Behind Premier On New Policy

Claim Britain Laying Bases For New War

Warn Attempts To Interfere In German Sphere Would Meet Resistance.

BERLIN, April 3.—(AP)—German spokesmen struck back quickly today at Prime Minister Chamberlain's promise to back up the independence of "all states" threatened by dominating force with a charge that Great Britain was laying the groundwork for a new war which the could run at the expense of others.

Will Get Nowhere?

Foreign Office quarters earlier had expressed a conviction that Mr. Chamberlain would get nowhere with his "Hall Hitler" policy. They said they had reason to believe that Poland, in the final analysis, would not respond to Britain's overtures at the expense of Polish friendship with Germany.

As for Rumania, they indicated a belief that Britain had come in too late—after the German Rumanian Trade Treaty had been signed. "Our relations with Rumania never were better," a spokesman said.

At The Crossroads

"Warsaw in the German view, is standing at the crossroads. Berlin desires to hold to good neighborly relations with Poland, signed and agreed upon in the January 1934 understanding (the German-Polish non-aggression pact).

Mass Execution Of Republicans

VALENCIA, Spain, April 3.—(AP)—Loreta Appellanz Garcia, former Republican military chief of Valencia, and 20 of his aides were put to death today by a firing squad following their trial by a Nationalist military court yesterday.

COMING EVENTS

- Borden Line Club loading hogs hams, calves every Tuesday, 12 to 1. L-348-12-M-3-5-U.
- We require a quantity of well dressed cattle. Write or phone Island Cold Storage Co. Limited. L-1291-3-22-U.
- Trinity Mission Band Concert, Tuesday, April 11th. L-1332-3-28-3-4-11.
- Buying live hogs at Albany Thursday, 8th. General Friday until noon. G. C. Green. L-461-2-WF-U.
- Come to the dance in Emerald Hall, Borden, every night. Good music. Free lunch. L-46-4-5-8.
- Zion Church Annual Cake Sale Easter Saturday, Holman, Store, 2 P. M. L-55-4-4-11.
- Due at Cardigan, middle of April, car Alberta Seed and cleaned feed oats. Special prices for delivery from car. Matthew & McLead Ltd. L-59-4-4-21.
- Wednesday and Thursday, April 12th, and 13th, Little Theatre—Hansel and Gretel, opera in miniature form. Cast of 32 performers. Matinee Wednesday 3:15 p. m.—Night performance Thursday 8:30 p. m.

Britain Forges Defensive Bloc Sweeping Over Europe From Portugal To Turkey

(By PAUL-LOUIS BRET Copyright, 1939, by the Havas News Agency)
LONDON, April 3.—(CP-Havas)—Great Britain embarks tomorrow on a reinforced drive to build a solid defensive bloc sweeping across Europe from Portugal to Turkey and pledged to a common front against German aggression, it was learned by Havas in diplomatic circles today.

Crucial conversations beginning tomorrow between the Polish foreign minister, Josef Beck, and foreign secretary Viscount Halifax, it was said, will have the following immediate purposes:

1. To strengthen Warsaw's political and military relations with the smaller capitals of central and eastern Europe, especially Bucharest, buttressed with pledges of Polish military aid in case of German attack.
2. To secure a reciprocal engagement by Poland to Britain, matching Prime Minister Chamberlain's

Island Teachers Gather For Convention

Public school teachers of the Province begin their annual trek to Charlottetown this morning for annual meetings of their organization, the Prince Edward Island Teachers' Federation. Most of the 600 teachers in the 47 schools of the Island will arrive here during the day.

Opening session of the three-day convention scheduled for 11 o'clock this morning when Mr. J. Reginald McDonald of St. Peter's Bay, president of the Federation will give his annual report. Appointment of committees will conclude the morning session.

The convention meets again in the afternoon at 1:30 when a discussion of rural teachers' problems will be led by Mr. J. E. McArthur of Cornwall and Mr. Ernest Reid of Montserrat.

There will be no session tonight. Wednesday morning's session will be addressed by Premier Mr. C. M. Crutchfield, Shawinigan Falls, Quebec, secretary treasurer of the Canadian Teachers' Federation, as guest speaker. Subject of the address would be "Modern Trends in Education."

The convention would conclude Thursday morning. Included in the business of the final session will be addresses by Mr. W. R. Shaw, deputy Minister of Agriculture, and Prof. H. H. Court, head of the Normal Training Department of Prince of Wales College.

When The World Will Be Happy

LONDON, April 3.—Major Vernon Elliott, Independent member of Parliament, expressed the belief in a speech recently that Prime Minister Chamberlain's new foreign policy would "save the world from the idiocy of another world war."

Free Butter For Needy To Reduce Surplus Negotiated

OTTAWA, April 3.—(CP)—Negotiations to provide free butter to needy families in Canada, are being conducted today in Toronto by J. P. Singleton, Dairy Commissioner of the Department of Agriculture, and officers of the Red Cross. It was learned here.

promise to help the Poles if defence of their independence forces them into war.

But Beck's talks with British leaders, Havas learned in competitive sources, will usher in a far vaster campaign for continental solidarity, somewhat akin to the 19th-century bloc created by Britain which led to Napoleon's downfall.

Adherence of Bulgaria to the Balkan Entente (Greece, Rumania, Yugoslavia and Turkey), with signing of a Bulgaro-Rumanian-Turkish convention for swift aid to Rumania via the Dardanelles and the Black Sea.

Guarantees to, and obligations of the French Republic to be placed or re-elected, it was expected he would be returned to office.

He had planned not to run, but agreed to do so, according to a semi-official statement, because of urgent requests from national leaders.

Re-election Declared Essential
In view of the critical situation abroad Lebrun's re-election was declared essential. It would go away with the fall of the cabinet's resignation and re-formation, which would be required by a new president.

Government sources, meanwhile said return of the French and British ambassadors to Berlin was being considered. No immediate decision on this was expected, however, until further progress has been made in formation of a network of mutual assistance pacts outside Germany.

The British and French envoys to Berlin were called to their home capitals March 17 and 18, respectively, "to report" on Germany's absorption of Czechoslovak territory.

Withdrawn From Field
With Lebrun's announcement that he would run again, the two most prominent candidates, Francois Pietri, Corsican Republican-Lef Deputy, and Henri Queuille, Radical-Socialist Senator, withdrew.

Lebrun was expected to be re-elected by a strong majority. His only declared rivals were Fernand Boulissou, former president of the Chamber of Deputies, and Senator Justin Godart, a former cabinet minister, although there still are two days left for final entrants to declare themselves.

Only one French President ever has attempted a second term. Jules Grevy, who was re-elected in 1885. He resigned in 1897.

The National Assembly, of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, will meet Wednesday in Versailles for the election. President Lebrun's seven-year term will expire May 10.

Lebrun Agrees To Stand For Re-election

Bows To Urgent Requests In View Of International Situation.

PARIS, April 3.—(AP)—President Albert Lebrun, bowing to urgent requests made in view of the international situation, agreed today to become a candidate for re-election at Wednesday's National Assembly.

French presidents are elected for seven years and Lebrun becomes only the second man in the history of the French Republic to stand for re-election, it was expected he would be returned to office.

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Re-elected
Mr. E. P. Foley, M.L.A., returned on Saturday from his trans-Canada air trip and was very much pleased with the trip.

Mr. Foley said the air liner was very comfortable and the view from the sky of the changing landscape of the various provinces was marvellous and one not soon to be forgotten. The view when going over the Rockies was magnificent. On arrival at Vancouver they flew over the city; the view of the harbour was very impressive and a large liner, coming in from Japan, just looked like a small tug. The various small craft riding at anchor looked like dots on the water. The trip took eighteen hours, but was not tedious as they made two landings of 15 minutes each, one at Banff.

Mr. Foley was convinced that air travel was one of the best ways to cross the continent, as although the fare would be more than that of a train, the short time that it took, there was not the expense of meals or Pullman. Mr. Foley remained in Ottawa for a few days after his return by air to Montreal. Mr. Foley made the return journey from Ottawa to the Island by train which seemed rather tedious after his flying visit to the coast.

Byrne said there would be "very strenuous opposition" to any attempt to free Earley on bail.

Japanese Forces In South China Reported Routed

HONG KONG, April 3.—Japanese forces making a new thrust in South China were reported tonight to have been routed by a surprise Chinese offensive in which 3,000 Japanese were killed, wounded or captured.

The remnants of the invading force, it was stated, were driven back to their bases in the West River, south of Canton.

The clash occurred near the city of Kongmoon, 50 miles below Canton, which the Chinese reported they re-captured. The Japanese had taken the city yesterday for the second time in four days.

Efforts made tonight to ascertain whether foreigners in Kongmoon were safe were unsuccessful. Among the missions there are the American United Church, the American Southern Baptist and the Roman Catholic Maryknoll Mission.

The Japanese were expected to renew their efforts to control the southern region, which now is the principal channel for the South China import and export trade.

Subject of Mr. Shannon's address was public finance and he gave a detailed account of the methods of national and international exchange.

Deplored the method of relief employed throughout Canada today. Mr. Shannon termed it "a matter of paying for idleness."

Industry could not pay better wages, he said, unless better profits were made. Wealth could not be distributed unless wealth was being produced. He stressed the need of the younger generation to take more interest in these matters.

Two new committees were formed at last night's meeting. The bankiet committee with Fenwick Riley as chairman and a transportation committee with Charles Riley as temporary chairman.

Following the address, some lively discussion was entered into by James Coyle, Arthur Wright, and Earle MacDonald. A vote of thanks was then tendered the speaker.

Reports of progress were submitted by most of the committees involved in the City Affairs Group, Provincial Affairs Group, Publicity Committee, and Fire Committee.

Two new committees were formed. The Banquet Committee with Mr. Fenwick Riley as chairman, and a Transportation Committee with Mr. Charles Riley as temporary chairman.

It was decided that a general meeting shall be held within the next fifteen days to deal with the constitution of the Junior Board and to adopt any necessary amendments.

Adjudicator Arrives For Drama Finals

Samuel Littlewood Sees Drama A Means Of National Expression.

(By Malcolm G. MacLeod, Canadian Press Staff Writer)
HALIFAX, April 3.—Drama in Canada has every chance to become a great instrument of national expression, Samuel Littlewood, Doyen of London theatre critics and adjudicator in the forthcoming Dominion drama finals at London, Ont., said as he arrived here today.

"I'm looking forward to a tremendous time and some splendid acting," Littlewood said. "A number of people, among them Lord Bessborough, Hon. Vincent Massey and Malcolm Morley, adjudicator at last year's festival, assured me my eyes would be opened at the existence of a magnificent dramatic feeling here and throughout the country."

The critic, a jolly elderly man who radiated enthusiasm for his job, was particularly hopeful of finding a national feeling in Canadian dramatic productions. The English theatre, he said, was lacking in it although "it is awakening through its own disasters."

Newness An Asset
In Canada's newness Littlewood found an asset. "There is so much for Canada to do. I believe in the drama as a great means of national expression. It will play a great part in Canada's development. It's difficult to express but Canada should have a sense of inborn greatness."

Littlewood, who speaks with a background of 40 years experience in dramatic writing and criticism, said Canadian plays and players enjoyed a growing reputation among English commentators. Adjudicators at previous festivals returned home with glowing reports.

Keenly interested in the system employed in presenting and adjudicating the 12 plays to be presented, the critic was surprised and pleased to learn he was to teach as well as judge. "Learn from me?" he said. "Why I intend to learn from the players."

Although this is his first visit to Canada, Littlewood said he was well acquainted with the enthusiasm of Canadian audiences. After the Great War he acted as commentator for a troupe of Shakespearean players who performed before Canadian soldiers awaiting demobilization in England, France and Belgium.

"Sometimes we used to run against variety shows," he said. "Well, Monday night would be (Continued on page 9, Col 3)

Italy To Stage Coup In Albania?

(By The Canadian Press)
LONDON, April 3.—A Reuters dispatch from Rome tonight reported more than 20,000 Italian troops are prepared to embark from Bari and Brindisi.

Presence of troops in the Adriatic ports and concentrations of the soldiers in the area, the dispatch said, lent weight to persistent reports that Italy was planning to send troops to Albania.

The Reuters correspondent said it was generally believed that if Italy planned a coup in Albania, it would be with the consent of King Zog, ruler of the small kingdom across the Adriatic Sea from Italy's southeastern tip.

Anti-aggression Drive To Halt German Threat Of Expansion Has Only Begun Commons Told

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(By J. F. Sanderson, Canadian Press Staff Writer)
LONDON, April 3.—Prime Minister Chamberlain had the active support of practically all his political antagonists in the House of Commons today when he announced to the world in general and Reichsfuehrer Hitler in particular that Great Britain was only beginning her new policy of organizing the nations of Europe against German aggression.

The Prime Minister determined "to preserve the independence of all states threatened by aggression," invited the world to form a defensive alliance against expanding Germany.

Mr. Chamberlain made clear that Britain harbored no aggressive intention toward Germany "so long as Germany will be a good neighbor." But he accused her of breaking faith and declared again Britain's determination to resist any attempt to dominate the world by force.

"What we are concerned with is to preserve our independence," Mr. Chamberlain said calmly while the Commons sat strangely hushed.

"When I say independence, I do not mean this country only. I mean the independence of all states which may be threatened by aggression."

"We therefore welcome the co-operation of any country, whatever may be its internal system of government, not in aggression but in resistance to aggression."

Mr. Chamberlain made his statement slowly, emphasizing his precisely-phrased points by rapping his eyeglasses on the Commons dispatch box.

Supporting the Prime Minister were men such as Arthur Greenwood, deputy leader of the Labor Party; Sir Archibald Sinclair, leader of the opposition Liberals; Winston Churchill, who in recent months has been leader of the rebel Tories against their own Government; Lloyd George, whose barbed tongue has attacked Mr. Chamberlain time after time; Anthony Eden, who resigned from the Foreign Office more than a year ago rather than accept a policy of placating the dictators.

It was a remarkable demonstration of unity of purpose and approval of the determination of the whole nation to halt Hitler if he attempts to dominate Europe by military force.

At no time in recent years has British public opinion been so solidly behind a major change in foreign policy.

A few minutes after speaking in the House the Prime Minister had his first conference with Col. Joseph Beck, Polish Foreign Minister who had arrived from Warsaw in an effort to weld a link in the defensive alliance against Hitler's imperialism.

To Aid Rumania
Before the foreign policy debate started in the Commons, Reichsfuehrer Hitler, under-secretary of state for foreign affairs, indicated Britain would help re-arm Rumania, one of Germany's neighbors. It was generally believed King Carol's nation would be the next to receive the support of Britain's military guarantee.

Debate On Foreign Policy Concluded

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OTTAWA, April 3.—By virtue of the existing Militia Act and Naval Service Act the Governor-General can order Canada's armed forces into action in the danger zone abroad without recourse to Parliament, and can enforce compulsory service, Grant MacNeill (C. C. F. Vancouver North) told the House of Commons tonight.

"I suggest that if the Prime Minister means what he says with regard to conscription and compulsory service in Canada he should at the present session introduce an Army Act for Canada that will make it clear Parliament has definite control over military service and active participation in external wars," Mr. MacNeill declared.

Warning of the danger Canada might be called upon to face on the Pacific coast came from Howland Green (Cons. Vancouver South) who urged an alliance with United States so that the Dominion might have the benefit of both British and American defences at Singapore and Guam.

The debate on foreign affairs concluded tonight after occupying the House three full days. French-Canadian sentiment against Canadian participation in Great Britain's wars came from two Quebec Liberals speaking in sharp

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Quality Counts Most
"MILKMA" TEA

FREE LOVE IS THE MOST EXPENSIVE

(Canadian Press)
TORONTO, April 3.—Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Dawson 26 32
Winnipeg 26 32
Edmonton 26 32
Regina 26 32
Winnipeg 26 32
Toronto 26 32
Ottawa 26 32
Montreal 26 32
Quebec 26 32
Sain John 30 38
Halifax 30 40
Charlottetown 30 38

FORECAST
Maritime Provinces: fresh south-west and west winds; partly cloudy with light scattered showers or snowflurries; not much change in temperature.
High tide this morning at 10.42 and tonight at 11.19.
Sun sets this evening at 6.31 and rises tomorrow morning at 5.25.
Full moon April 4, 12.18 A.M.
Summer time 15 minutes later than Charlottetown.

THE CAR FERRY SAILINGS
Leave Borden 9:45 a. m. 1 p. m.
Toronto 11 a. m. 3:05 p. m.