

DELUGED!

Just What we Expected When we Planned This Great Sale to Close Out This Gigantic Stock of Shoes. Enthusiasm Runs High Exhibition Week is on Us, We're Nightly Piling Hundreds of Fresh Bargains Out on Depleted Racks

ALLEY & CO. are Actually Retiring and Must Unload Thousands of Pairs of SHOES Daily

EXHIBITION WEEK EXTRAS

MEN'S THRILLER
3.85 SLATERS ARROW BROWN OR TAN
Latest style Oxfords. Beautiful quality. Formerly sold at \$7.00 and \$8.00.

1.85 BOYS
How many boys are there in P. E. Island who will need Shoes for Fall and School. Here are Boots and Oxfords of fine quality. Worth \$3.00 to \$4.00.

SILK HOSIERY 69¢
DURABELLA LINE
Collected lots of Full-fashioned Pure Silk that formerly sold for \$2.00 and \$2.50.

WORK BOOTS 2.45
for Men. Just when wanted for Fall Wear comes this Genuine Grain Leather, Solid Soles. Tans or Blacks.

ENNA JETTICK 4.85
Famous American Welt Shoes in Putty Beige or Brown Kid, Fancy Ties, Colonials, 3 Eyes.

A Sensation BLACHFORDS 3.85
And other makes that sold formerly as high as \$10.00. Patents, Black, Suedes, Blue Kids, Black Kids or Brown.

ALLEY & CO. LTD. GREAT RETIRING SALE

Paris Letter

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Scores of men, clustered by the savage suns of Guiana and stung by the thoughts of the cool highways and woods of their native France, await the action of the French parliament on a measure which would insure to many of them the hope of seeing home again.

Swamped by bills and legislative projects relative to an economically changing world, the parliament closed without taking action on the proposed measure. The men sentenced to long terms in the French penal colony could wait. They can always wait.

Word that legislative action had been contemplated in their behalf reached the convicts in South America by those mysterious underground channels by which the convict in all lands is kept informed of matters that concern him.

Await Word
They waited for word regarding

the action taken on the measure. No word came and they must wait until the next and perhaps the next and, above all, the modification of the existing laws which provide that a convict must live in Guiana after his terms is served rather than return home.

Old French Law

Under the French law of 1854, which provides for the exiling of certain types of criminals to French possessions other than Algeria, persons sentenced to more than eight years must live in the colony perpetually after the serving of their sentence. For sentences of less than eight years the convict must remain in the Godefraken district for a term of years equal to the term of his sentence. Nor is transportation

home provided for him at the completion of his period of residence. Many men have remained in the French penal colony for years because they did not have the means to return.

Shipyards Busy Despite Idle Boats In Port

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Although the maritime nations of the world have more ships idle than at any other time in the past, nearly 2,000,000 tons of additional vessels are now being built, it has been announced here.

French shipyards alone are constructing 211,940 tons, and most ship owners here envisage with apprehension the completion of this tonnage, which is expected to accentuate the shipping crisis because of keener competition.

In the view of competent authorities the present difficulties are due to over-optimism at the end of the war, when countries believed the reorganization of conditions would cause a boom in international trade, with consequent need of large merchant fleets. The United States, Britain and France began a friendly shipping race, building both passenger and commercial vessels. The tonnage lost during the war was soon replaced, but the building of other vessels continued.

The world constructions for this year, however, show a reduction over 1930. Seven countries now are building more than 100,000 tons of shipping, with the United Kingdom in the lead with 550,000 tons, then the United States, 301,489 tons; France, 211,940 tons; Italy, 170,658 tons; Germany, 130,651 tons, and Sweden and Holland slightly more than 100,000 tons apiece. Denmark is building 90,000 tons; Spain, 60,700 and Norway, 23,185 tons. The exact world total of construction is 1,825,987 tons.

The French shipping companies are advocating the formation of an international council of ship owners which would apportion the markets of the world amongst the various companies, thus avoiding cut-throat competition.

Such a council would apparently function on the lines of the shipping conference, which at present deals mainly with passenger traffic. Each country would be given a quota of traffic to and from certain other countries, this remaining in force until the crisis passes. No plan is indicated for the regulation of shipping construction.

The plight of French shipping is indicated by the appeal for Government financial aid made by the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique. Other companies indicate that unless conditions improve they also will require to turn to the Government if they are to keep the French flag flying on the seas.

Black Hills Humming With Gold Activity

DEADWOOD, S. D., Aug. 15.—(U.P.)—Gold pan prospectors have started placer mining along Black Hills streams with activity that rivals the famous 1876 rush.

Because of the unemployment situation and the rise in value of gold, many men have staked out all available ground, and in some cases have installed elaborate equipment with which to coax the yellow gold from its hiding place. Rockers, sluice boxes, Long Toms and modern gold machines are a common sight along French Creek, Potato Gulch and Bear Creek.

Miners claim that they are making good wages. Henry Raver, whose dairy farm supplied President Coolidge with milk while he was at the state lodge, found placer mining more profitable than dairy farming.

Average of \$2 a Yard

He has been averaging about two dollars a yard, and is reported to have made as much as \$25 in a day. On this farm \$40,000 in gold was mined in the '70s during a single month.

"Potato Creek," Johnny Pessett, a veteran Black Hills prospector, recently found a nugget valued at \$150, another at \$40 and last year he sold one worth \$250. Other prospectors in the Potato Creek district average from \$5 to \$8 a day.

Various Methods

The prospectors use various methods, the favorite, commonest and least expensive being the pick, shovel and gold pan method. By this method the miner picks loose bank

Canadian Cattle In Scotland

Canadian cattle to the number of 491 head, says the Commercial Intelligence Journal, were landed in Glasgow on July 20 and auctioned at Meriklands wharf, writes C. B. Johnson, Canadian Trade Commissioner in Glasgow, in the forthcoming issue of the Commercial Intelligence Journal. Of this number 388 were classified as stockers or stores, and the average price obtained for a random lot of 60 steers was 2 pounds, 9 shillings, 5 pence per live hundredweight, or 10.5 cents a pound. This is a good average index of the prices realized, which were considerably higher than those for the last lot arriving in Glasgow in April. The quality of the cattle was outstanding, and it seems that the exporters have nothing to learn if this lot is a sample of what Canada can ship.

ONLY ONE APPRENTICE FOR EVERY 2,000 WORKMEN

LONDON, August 15.—Apprenticeship as a system, and time honored practice of youth's "learning a trade," is disappearing in Great Britain, figures of the London Trades Council reveal.

There now is only one apprentice for every 2,000 workmen in Britain. Before the war there was an apprentice for every four workmen. It is estimated that there are 250,000 fewer apprentices than before the war.

FREE STATE GOES ITS OWN GAIT

DRESDEN, Saxony, August 15.—While the Reich is engaged in negotiations affecting the weal of sixty million Germans, the Government of the Free State of Saxony goes its own gait. It has published two folio pages of directions for examinations to be held for the position of swineherd.

Nobody in future will be allowed to claim the rank and title of swinehead unless he has passed the examination covering all branches of the art and science of tending hogs. Treaty negotiations have been started with the other 20 German states, so that only holders of the Saxon diploma in hog lore shall be recognized as properly qualified persons to be in charge of pigsties.

the keenest bidding is in the stocker sales ring, and better prices are realized.

GILMARTIN—BABCOCK

The Tryon United Church Parsonage was the scene of a quiet wedding on Wednesday, August 12th, at 1:30 p. m. when Miss Rachel Almata Babcock of Providence, R. I., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Babcock, of Sackville, N.B., was united in marriage with Mr. Joseph Thomas Gilmartin, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph T. Gilmartin, also of Providence. The bride who was very becomingly attired in a gown of figured chiffon and carrying a shower bouquet of roses, ferns and babies breath, entered the parlor on the arm of her father to the strains of Lohengrin's Wedding March.

STRAWBERRY CROP GOOD

DURHAM, Me., Aug. 15.—(U.P.)—No one could complain about the strawberry crop here. One farm produced 112 bushels of berries in a three-quarter-acre plot.

There is nothing that so kills the ambition of a man as criticism from his superiors.

—Charles M. Schwab.



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Trusty as an old friend—it never fails to please with its lasting flavour.

BLACK TWIST CHEWING GUM
HICKEY & NICHOLSON

YOU Are Invited to Visit OUR EXHIBIT

— AT THE —

Provincial Exhibition to be Held in Charlottetown This Week

We will be located in the south-west corner of the Main Building, where we will have a complete line of Pianos, Organs, Victrols, Radio, etc., and will appreciate the privilege of showing them to you.

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