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## FURTHER SUCCESSSES BY THE ITALIANS

### General Diaz Again Attacked Austrians and Captured Important Positions and Many Prisoners and Guns. Took 3,000 Prisoners in Four Days. Italy Strong in Man Power.

(Special to The Guardian)

LONDON, July 3.—The Italian mountain front is still the centre of interest. General Diaz gives the Austrians there no rest. His troops attacked yesterday at dawn on that part of the Monte Grappa sector lying along the mountains and Brenta, and captured important positions together with nineteen officers and 550 men. Many machine guns also were taken. This action followed attempts by the enemy during Monday to recover some part of the ground lost on Saturday and Sunday on the Asago Plateau, west of the Brenta River. The Austrians temporarily occupied some advanced points but were finally driven out with a loss of 127 prisoners, four small trench cannons and machine guns.

The toll of prisoners taken in the past four days on twenty miles of active front on both sides of the Brenta is almost 3,000.

In considering the relative strength of Austrians and Italians who are fighting it out this season with little assistance from their allies, it must be remembered that Italy, although lacking probably eighteen millions of

Austro-Hungary's population of 52 millions, is a united nation. She has no need to keep any of her sons away from the firing line because of racial troubles. She has no scarcity of men fit for active service. Austria is using grey beards of more than middle age to fill the ranks. The situation in Italy in matter of man power was thus described by Signor Felice Gerardo, Director of the Titan Bureau of information. "It is highly important from the standpoint of correct understanding of the real situation in Italy," he said, "that Allied peoples should know that the French, British and American troops on Italian soil are not there because of any lack of men in Italy. There are today more Italian troops in France than there are those of her ally in Italy."

It was officially announced some time ago by Premier Orlando that there were over a quarter of a million Italian soldiers in France.

It follows therefore that there are less than a quarter of a million British and French and Czechoslovak troops on the Italian front, where Austria may be expected to make one more offensive effort before calling for German help.

## PROGRESS ALONG THE WESTERN FRONT

### British Airmen Disposed of 42 Enemy Machines. Speculation as to Enemy's Continued Silence. Probably Awaiting Arrival of New Guns.

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, July 3.—British airmen yesterday disposed of 42 German airplanes and three balloons, according to the official report on aerial operations issued tonight. Of the airplanes 25 were destroyed, 15 were driven down out of control, and two landed behind the British lines, where their occupants were captured.

PUZZLING SILENCE OF ENEMY

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, July 3.—The puzzling silence of the enemy continues along the entire front and the general conjecture is that he is waiting the arrival of guns of a new type intermediate between the Berthas and naval guns which will be capable of throwing a large number of heavy shells into Paris from a distance of forty or fifty miles. This has been made possible by the latest advance of the enemy lines.

GERMANS RECAPTURE GROUND

(Special to the Guardian)  
LONDON, July 3.—German troops last night, after heavy preparatory shelling, attacked and recaptured the greater part of the ground taken by the British in their local operation near Boubcourt north of Albert, on Sunday evening, the war office announced today.

Successful raids were carried out by us in the neighborhood of Boyelles Noyenneville and Merris, a few prisoners being captured in each case.

FRENCH ADVANCE 800 METERS CAPTURING 220 PRISONERS

(Special to the Guardian)  
PARIS, July 3.—Today's official statement says: "between the Oise and the Aisne, local operations north of Moulins-Saint-Quentin enabled the French to capture German positions on a front of three kilometers to a depth of 800 taking 220 prisoners. West of Chateau Thierry, a German counter-attack upon Vaux

failed under French fire and prisoners were taken.

AMERICANS REPEL COUNTER ATTACK

(Special to the Guardian)  
WITH THE AMERICANS ON THE MARNE, July 3.—The Americans utterly demolished an attempted counter attack on their new positions west of Chateau Thierry this morning taking ninety-seven additional prisoners. Our artillery laid down a terrific barrage that entirely cut off the attacking force, while the American machine gun and rifle fire annihilated them.

SPANISH INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC IN GERMANY

(Special to the Guardian)  
AMSTERDAM, July 3.—One hundred thousand cases of "Spanish influenza" are reported in Germany. There are 25,000 cases in Berlin alone and the hospitals there are full.

## SIR ROBERT AMES WAR STAMP DIRECTOR

OTTAWA, July 3.—It is understood that Sir Robert Ames has been asked to take charge of the campaign for sale of the war saving stamps throughout Canada.

## SIR ROBERT BORDEN IS STILL IN FRANCE

(Special to the Guardian)  
LONDON, July 3.—Sir Robert Borden remains in France, but his coal over was here, the industry throughout the province being well represented. Two of the visiting experts were also present, Prof. Perry and Prof. Hackett. Among others in attendance were Messrs. W. F. Tidmarsh, R. N. Cox and J. J. Hoenly, of Charlottetown; Senator McLean, J. I. Hughes, Senator Murphy, Rev. Dr. Jauthier, Benj. Gallant, M.L.A., Captain Joseph Bond, M.P., J. S. Cousins, M.L.A., F. Shea, G. Sheldon Sharp, H. P. Hood, A. P. Lewis, P. M. Arsenault, P. C. Gallant, B. W. LePage, Jas. P. Thompson, Fred Bennett, C. D. Morrison, Simon Pineau, Dr. McIntyre, Montague, and many others.

## LOBSTER FISHERMEN AND PACKERS CONVENE

### Largely Attended Meeting in Charlottetown Yesterday. Resolution Passed Favoring Open Season from May 1st to June 30.

A largely attended meeting of the lobster fishermen and packers was held in the Board of Trade Rooms yesterday afternoon, the industry throughout the province being well represented. Two of the visiting experts were also present, Prof. Perry and Prof. Hackett. Among others in attendance were Messrs. W. F. Tidmarsh, R. N. Cox and J. J. Hoenly, of Charlottetown; Senator McLean, J. I. Hughes, Senator Murphy, Rev. Dr. Jauthier, Benj. Gallant, M.L.A., Captain Joseph Bond, M.P., J. S. Cousins, M.L.A., F. Shea, G. Sheldon Sharp, H. P. Hood, A. P. Lewis, P. M. Arsenault, P. C. Gallant, B. W. LePage, Jas. P. Thompson, Fred Bennett, C. D. Morrison, Simon Pineau, Dr. McIntyre, Montague, and many others.

On motion of Mr. W. F. Tidmarsh, Senator McLean of Souris, was appointed chairman.

Senator McLean said the meeting was called to pass such resolutions as those present saw fit, tending towards the conservation of the industry. All were aware that under the conditions that have been existing the supply of lobsters is being depleted. He was glad to see the experts present. When in Halifax recently he had interviewed such firms as O'Leary & Lea and Robert Simpson & Co. and they held views similar to the people here, that steps should be taken to more fully protect the industry. If a reasonable proposition was put up to the Minister he believed that the Government would abide by the wishes of all the interests concerned here.

Mr. Tidmarsh said if the drastic changes proposed by the Government were carried out it would practically mean the scrapping of the present lobster packing plants of the Island, and when the time came for re-opening, the entire plants would have to be re-constructed. He strongly opposed the Government proposition to close for a number of years, and at close for the idea to fish just for the month of June alone. Mr. Tidmarsh claimed the industry was not in a depleted condition and quoted statistics to bear out his contention. He agreed, however, that means were necessary to protect the industry.

Senator Murphy said he was the custodian of resolutions passed at meetings of packers and fishermen in the past. He claimed that the last season last year was a mistake—it was a case of eating the cake and trying to have it too. The result was that nobody made any money out of the industry this year. He himself had lost money as the result. On

the authority of Dr. Knight, whom he claimed was the best authority that ever was here, the month of May was a proper month to catch lobsters. He contended that it was unfair and illogical to allow Nova Scotia men to fish 245 days as against only 61 in P. E. Island. The shipping of the live lobsters to the United States was another thing which should not be allowed. The proposal to make the harbors and estuaries of the Island "sanctuaries" for the protection of spawn lobsters he regarded as a move in the right direction. The doctor thereupon submitted the following resolutions:

Whereas, the bays and estuaries in our province are the natural breeding places for the lobster, and Resolved, that these be closed and set apart as permanent sanctuaries for the propagation of the lobster.

Whereas, it is as feasible to stop the catching of lobsters for fresh use as it is for canning, and whereas the catching of the large lobsters is destroying the job-lobsters necessary for reproduction, Resolved, that if it is decided to close the fishing for fresh use, all fishermen, whether fishing for use fresh or for canning purposes, be treated alike.

Resolved, that canning during 1919 be restricted to a term from the 1st of May to the 30th of June, instead of the month of June as suggested by the Department circular letter of June 5th. The department's suggestion is directly opposite to the views of the experts employed to investigate the lobster industry.

Whereas, according to the records of the Marine and Fisheries Department, the lobster fishery in Prince Edward Island shows no evidence of depletion, the catch in 1916-17 exceeding the catch of 1897 by 201,878 one pound cans, this meeting considers that with the protection suggested the lobster industry in this province can be maintained in perpetuity.

Further Resolved, that the canners and fishermen here assembled pledge themselves to support the Department in its efforts to enforce the protective regulations, and suggests that an efficient force be organized to enforce the said regulations.

That this meeting endorses the action of the Marine and Fisheries Department in its initial step

(Continued on page six)

## AMERICANS STILL SHORT OF AIRPLANES

(Special to the Guardian)  
NEW YORK, July 3.—The manager of the Handley-Page Airplane Co. in the U. S. A., is the authority for a statement that there are in France at the present time at least 2,000 trained aviators waiting for airplanes to fly, while 8,000 military aviation students in the United States are waiting to be sent abroad and for lack of machines are helpless in this war. From these statements it is clear that the airplane production of the United States is still far below what was anticipated when the training of aviators on a great scale was undertaken. The shortage appears to be largely in engines, for Mr. Workman, the Handley-Page manager, urged large increases in engine production.

## WANT PRINCE OF WALES TO VISIT U.S.

(Special to the Guardian)  
LONDON, July 2.—A visit to the United States by the Prince of Wales has been suggested recently in the British press. It will be recalled that the Prince's grandfather, Edward VII., visited the United States in 1860 while Prince of Wales. "The suggestion is admirably well timed," says the Daily Express. "The Prince would cross the Atlantic not as a representative of the British government, but as a simple young Englishman, the type of tens of thousands of similar young men gallantly fighting at the front. He would carry the American people a direct personal message of brotherly appreciation."

300 CZECHO-SLOVAKS HANGED

BERNE, July 2.—Three hundred Czecho-Slovak soldiers captured by the Austrians at Montello were immediately hanged according to the Vienna Neue Presse press.

AUSTRIANS ADMIT RETIREMENT

VIENNA, July 2.—The Austrian war office today admits the complete evacuation by the Austrian forces of the two important strategic positions of Col Del Rosso and Monte Di Val Bella, on the western end of the Italian front.

## 33,000 WOMEN IN ORE FACTORY

(Special to the Guardian)  
LONDON, July 3.—In one of the large British munition factories where 35,000 workers are employed, more than 33,000 are women.

## LORD RHONDA THANKS THE CANADIANS

(Special to the Guardian)  
OTTAWA, July 3.—The Canada Food Board is in receipt of a cable from Lord Rhonda, British Food Controller, expressing on behalf of all those responsible for food administration in the United Kingdom gratitude to the Canadians for their effort to provide food supply.

## AUSTRALIAN WOMEN WANT PROHIBITION

(Special to the Guardian)  
SYDNEY, Australia, July 3.—A meeting of women in Dominion Park today passed a resolution that drink and racing were hindering recruiting, and urged the Federal Government to introduce prohibition legislation as Canada has done in order to conserve the national efficiency.

## LORD RHONDA HAS PASSED AWAY

(Special to the Guardian)  
LONDON, July 3.—Viscount Rhonda, "David Alfred Thomas" the British Food Controller, died this morning at nine o'clock.

Lord Rhonda, who after winning world fame as D. A. Thomas, the "Welsh coal king" before the war, became British Food Controller in succession to Lord Devonport and placed food supplies on such a basis that all fear of starvation has long since disappeared. He died with the sound of a nation's applause in his ears from an illness really brought on by a super-application to himself of his own food rationing rules.

## DOCTOR BELAND ARRIVES IN ENGLAND

(Special to the Guardian)  
LONDON, July 3.—Doctor Beland reached England today from Holland, where he has spent the last few weeks after three years of confinement in Berlin. He performed to remain in Holland until he was able to bring his daughter, who has been in Belgium with him. Seen by the Canadian Associated Press, Doctor Beland looked remarkably well and spoke without bitterness of his experiences.

## FOOD CONTROL REGULATIONS TO BE STRICTLY ENFORCED

### Mr. C. H. B. Longworth, Chairman of the Food Control Committee for this Island, Just Back from Ottawa, Tells of Interview with Food Controller.

Mr. C. H. B. Longworth, Chairman of the Provincial Food Control Committee for this Province, has just returned from Ottawa where he had several interviews with Mr. H. B. Thompson, Chairman of the Canadian Food Board. Mr. Longworth says that the regulations on Food Control are now being strictly enforced in the larger cities, and that Mr. Thompson stated that men from the Secret Service Branch of his department are now being sent to all the different centres

that seventeen carloads of such substitutes had been sent east that day. Before long these substitutes may be purchased everywhere at reasonable prices.

The order defines, as substitutes for wheat flour "pure and wholesome corn, oats, barley, rice, rye, buckwheat, tapioca, or potato flour, bran, shorts, oatmeal, rolled oats, cornmeal, cornstarch, hominy, corn grits, rye meal, or any mixture of the same, and potatoes."

Four pounds of potatoes will be considered equivalent to one pound of the other substitutes.

On and after July 15, no licensed dealer may legally have in his possession for sale any wheat or standard flour, unless he also has, at all times, a sufficient stock of substitutes to meet the demands of his customers, at reasonable prices.

On and after July 15, every baker must place on each loaf of bread a label or sticker bearing his name and address, and the words "Victory Bread." The latter expression will be a guarantee that the prescribed amount of substitutes for standard wheat flour required by the Canada Food Board has been used in making the loaf. Bread which does not bear such label or sticker may be seized and forfeited to His Majesty.

In regard to enforcing the regulations which have been made by the Canada Food Board, Mr. Thomson said that the Board had now in service some of the most efficient men of the Government Secret Service. Very shortly all parts of Canada would be visited by these men, but he expressed the hope that Prince Edward Island would not have a single case before the courts in regard to not carrying out the regulations made.

The Food Board expects to have a very complete demonstration of all processes of preserving and canning fruits and vegetables at the Provincial Exhibition this year.

Mr. Longworth wishes to draw attention to a letter received from the Department and published elsewhere in this issue respecting picnics, lawn socials, teas, etc. Many enquiries in regard to such matters are being answered by this letter.

## REGISTRATION CARDS NOW POURING IN

### Efforts to Utilize Information for Securing Help for This Season's Harvest.

(Special to the Guardian)  
OTTAWA, July 3.—Registration cards are arriving from all parts of the Dominion and the work of tabulation is proceeding under the auspices of the Statistics Branch. The staff is composed largely of school teachers now on their vacation. The tabulation will not be completed for probably three months, but an interim report is anticipated at an earlier date than that, and in the meantime attempts are being made to utilize the information already compiled in securing men for the farms. It is evident that if registration is to be of use for the coming harvest tabulation cannot be awaited.

## TERRIFIC EXPLOSION IN POWDER FACTORY

### 16 Killed, 200 Injured and Many Buildings Damaged by Explosion in Syracuse, N. Y.

(Special to the Guardian)  
SYRACUSE, July 3.—At least 16 persons were killed and 200 injured and the huge plant of the Semet-Solway Company, at Split Rock, near here, practically wrecked, by two explosions of the T. N. T. at 9:30 tonight. Terrific concussion explosions of the powerful war powder rocked large business buildings in the centre of the city, smashed plate glass windows and created such a panic in the residential portion of the town as though it had been shaken by an earthquake. The explosions followed a fire which had raged out of control and spread to the T. N. T. vats. Two of those let go bursting many workers under an avalanche of debris and scattering the flames to adjoining buildings. At a late hour tonight the flames were burning fiercely, and there was danger of more explosions. Volunteer firemen were powerless to stay the progress of the flames.

## ISLAND CASUALTIES

OTTAWA, July 2.—Killed in action: B. L. Fraught, Richmond, P. E. I.; wounded: A. DeLorey, Souris East, P.E.I.; P. J. McNab, Vernon River, P.E.I.; N.C.O. men wounded; Trooper T. E. Edwards, P. E. Island.

## COMING EVENTS, ANNOUNCEMENTS, MEETINGS, ETC.

\*\*The Norboro Women's Institute will hold an Ice Cream Social on Robert Bowness' lawn, Thursday evening July 4th. Proceeds for patriotic purposes. 170.

\*\*Springfield Ice Cream Social postponed owing to weather till to-night.

## CONDENSED SPECIALS

WANTED.—BRIGHT BOY FOR Drug Store. Apply at Johnson & Johnson's. 163-73Mt

TO LET—CENTRALLY LOCATED a bright, front bedroom in private family. Apply at Guardian Office. 6084-5-27Mt.

WANTED—TO RENT OR PURCHASE, a small house and barn. Centrally located preferred. Apply M. c. o. Guardian Office. 8046-6-12Mt

TO DAIRYMEN—SANITARY BUTTER paper, printed, "Fresh Dairy Butter"—35c per 100. Per post 40c. Guardian Office. 9025-6-24Mt.

HORSES WANTED.—HIGHLAND Hotel, sale stables, Charlottetown, low set ones and big ones, also big drivers. J. J. McDougall, John Horne.

## NO FURTHER TRACE OF LLANDOVERY CASTLE

### Thorough Search Fails to Discover Any of Victims. Intense Indignation Over this Most Diabolical of German Crimes. Further Evidences of German Brutality.

(Special to the Guardian)

LONDON, July 3.—A thorough search of the waters in the vicinity of the spot where the Llandoverly Castle was sunk by a German submarine, has resulted in no further survivors being found. Six hundred seamen and stewards of Liverpool have passed a resolution strongly protesting against the latest crime of sinking the hospital ship without warning and urging Havelock Wilson, their president, to add another five years to the after-war boycott of the Germans "for the most diabolical and most cowardly murder of our brothers on the high seas." "The excuse of the attack on the Llandoverly Castle," says the Daily Mail, "was a lie. The German officer who said it did not believe it: 'You are carrying eighteen American flight officers.' If there had been a particle of truth in this charge," the newspaper adds, "the submarine captain had only to stop the Llandoverly Castle, seize the eight officers and take them to Germany as prisoners, and proof of Allied guilt in using hospital ships for transports.

MANY KILLED IN ENGINE ROOM

According to Red Cross information many were killed in the engine room. There is hardly any doubt of this, as there was no response to Captain Sykes' signals from the bridge after the torpedo struck. As the engine men were either killed or left their posts, there was no one to shut off the power, and the ship went on her way despite the great holes torn by the torpedo, not beginning to slow down until the water rushed into the boiler room, extinguishing the fires.

This added to the confusion in launching the lifeboats. There was no panic, however, and by the time the Llandoverly Castle lost her momentum most of the boats were over the side. Those above decks began climbing into them in good order but many were unable to reach the boats, and the ship was sinking rapidly. They jumped into the sea, and a few of them were picked up.

THREATENED TO SHOOT MAJOR LYON

According to information received by the Canadian Red Cross here, Major Lyon, from the Llandoverly Castle, was forced to stand in the conning tower, despite an injured foot, while the German submarine officer questioned him.

## THE WEATHER TEMPERATURE, TIDE, MOON, ETC.

TORONTO, July 3.—Light winds, mostly fair, little warmer. The tide will be high this morning at 7:53 and tomorrow at 10; it will be high tomorrow morning at 8:02 and Saturday at 9:02.

The sun sets this evening and tomorrow at 8:02; it rises tomorrow morning at 4:42 and Saturday at 4:42. The moon rises tomorrow morning at 2:56.

The last quarter of the moon was on Monday July 1st at 3:43 a. m. There will be a new moon on Monday July 8 at 4:22 a. m. The length of today will be fifteen hours and twenty-one minutes.

## IN CASUALTY LIST

Mrs. Patrick McKenna, King St., received a telegram yesterday morning advising her that her son Gunner Wilfrid McKenna (familiarily known as "Bunny") had been killed in action.

Gr. McKenna left here in April of 1917 with reinforcements for the 8th Siege Battery. He was an exceptionally clever young man, a general favorite with all his associates and his mother will have the sympathy of all in her bereavement.

## KING TO PITCH BASEBALL

NEW YORK, June 29.—An Associated Press despatch from London today says: "King George is learning to throw a baseball in preparation for his appearance at the game between American teams on July 4, when he will pitch out the first ball.