# In Prince Vote for ARNETT, in King's for MacDONALD


PRINCE EDWARD

TODAY TUESDAY—WEDNESDAY

MATINEE 3.15 16c-26c
7—8.45 p.m. 26c-32c-37c

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

Jeanette MacDONALD Nelson EDDY

and the sensational new singing STAR—

in Victor HERBERT'S

NAUGHTY MARIETTA

with FRANK MORGAN

HEAR: "AH SWEET MYSTERY OF LIFE"
"I'M FALLING IN LOVE WITH SOMEONE"

ADDED ... WEEKLY NEWS!



HE REACHED FOR THE MOON... AND

FELL FOR A STAR!

CARL LAEMMLE PRESENTS

RICARDO CORTEZ
DOROTHY PAGE
in
MANHATTAN MOON

3 SONG HITS . . .
MY OTHER ME
FIRST KISS
MANHATTAN MOON

ALSO . . . NOVELTY AND MUSICAL

Today Tues. Wed.
3.15 — 7.00 — 8.45 P. M.

CAPITOL Mat. .... 11c, 26c. Eve. .... 26c, 32c.

Starting THURSDAY
NEW SERIAL
"CALL OF THE SAVAGE," Chap. 1


## Alliance Against Dismissal Of The Pro. Commission

### Annual Meeting Voices Disapproval Of Action Taken On Following Day By Lea Government.

The annual meeting of the Prince Edward Island Temperance Federation was held on Tuesday, September 24th in the Y.M.C.A. rooms, Charlottetown, and was opened with the reading of the Psalms CXLV and prayer by the President, Rev. J. M. McLeod.

There were two sessions, morning and afternoon. Those present were Rev. J. M. McLeod, President; Rev. R. Hensley Stavert, Secretary; Mr. R. Allison Profitt, vice president for Prince County; Mr. S. M. Martin, vice president for Kings County; Mr. John Simpson, President of the Temperance Alliance; Mr. G. F. Hutcheson, Treasurer of the Temperance Alliance; Rev. A. F. Baker, Grand Worthy Patriarch of the Sons of Temperance; Mr. Ralph McCaul, Grand Scribe of the Sons of Temperance; Mr. W. A. Thompson, Provincial President of the W.C.T.U.; Rev. J. W. A. Nicholson; Rev. D. K. Ross; Rev. George Ayers; Rev. H. D. Raymond; Rev. G. Carlyle Webster; Rev. G. A. Christie; Rev. W. E. Aitken; Rev. D. Mc Aitken; Rev. D. M. Sinclair; Rev. Thomas Palethorpe; Rev. L. W. Parker; Rev. H. Pierce; Rev. W. A. McMillan and Rev. S. J. Boyce; and Messrs. D. N. McKay; Ira McKay; H. G. Holbrook; Cecil Miller; W. M. Brooks; Frank Deacon; John J. McLeod; Howard Ramsay; F. J. Lockerby; James Brodie; J. A. Gosbie; A. E. Dignan; W. Douglas; Heber McLean; George E. Brown; Wm. Dark; B. F. Coombs and Mrs. J. W. McLeod; Mrs. Samuel Campbell; Miss Emma White; Mrs. George Wheatley; Miss Edith Sterns; Mrs. Bowman and Mrs. Gillispie.

The minutes of the last annual session were read by the Secretary, Rev. R. Hendley Stavert and were adopted as read. The President, Rev. J. M. McLeod then gave this address.

After a resume of the Temperance situation in the Province, he closed his address as follows:

As Temperance Workers, there are three things we should keep before us: Legislation, Organization and Education.

(a) Legislation: We have already a good Temperance or Prohibition Law. It would be interesting to trace the events that led to the passing of this Law. Let us stand by it, though we are far from getting 100 per cent enforcement. We are told again and again that we cannot make people sober by legislation. But if people cannot be made sober by Acts of Parliament, they can be greatly helped, yes, helped to live soberly and decently and respectably.

We know there is a percentage of lawless people, who need to be curbed by law. We have Scriptural authority for saying that "The law is not made for a righteous man, but for the lawless and disobedient for the ungodly and sinners, etc."

(b) Organization: We are fairly well organized along Temperance lines. We should give every encouragement to the Sons of Temperance in the work of organizing Divisions and fostering temperance sentiment.

The advocates of Government Control in Nova Scotia a few years ago said: "It (Government Control) is the best method of regulating the liquor traffic and promoting true Temperance." Dr. H. R. Grant, General Secretary of the Social Service Council and Temperance Alliance, N.S., who knows the temperance situation in that Province thoroughly says: "Thousands who were deceived by the propaganda of the Temperance Association, now know that the experience of Nova Scotia, under four years of Government rule (now five years) demonstrates that the system as a Temperance measure, and from a moral, social and economic standpoint is an unmitigated farce."

(c) Education: This is what we must stress. It is here probably we have fallen down. The home, the school, and the church, can do much along the line of Temperance Education.

The churches must give more attention to Temperance Education if we are to hold aloft the banner of prohibition successfully.

It is written: "Thou hast given a banner to them that fear thee, that it might be displayed because of the truth." May we have the courage and the grace to display our banner because we have the truth on our side

"Lift high the royal banner,
It must not suffer loss
Your courage rise with danger
And strength to strength oppose."

The thanks of the Federation was extended to Mr. McLeod for his informative and very inspiring address, and by him graciously acknowledged.

The following were appointed as a nominating committee: Rev. H. D. Raymond; Rev. J. W. A. Nicholson and Mrs. W. A. Thompson, and as a resolution committee the following: Rev. A. F. Baker, Mr. Allison Profitt and Rev. George Ayers.

The President read a letter from the Grand Scribe of the Sons of Temperance addressed to the Temperance Alliance, suggesting that the Alliance assist them to the extent of $100 in propogation work. The letter was laid on the table.

A helpful discussion on law enforcement was carried on for some time, those taking part in the discussion were Rev. J. W. A. Nicholson; Rev. G. A. Christie; Rev. A. E. Baker; Mr. Cecil Miller; Rev. Hugh Miller; James Brodie; Mrs. W. A. Thompson; Rev. G. Carlyle Webster; Allison Profitt; John Simpson; Rev. H. D. Raymond; Rev. H. Pierce. It was then agreed that the name of Mr. G. H. Holdbrook and Mrs. W. A. Thompson be added to the committee as resolution.

Mrs. Vernon L. Miller of Halifax who had been touring the Provinces in the interests of the "Save Canada Crusade" was introduced to the meeting by the President and gave an inspiring address. Mrs. Miller presented the members of the Federation with a number of copies of different booklets which she had prepared on the Temperance question.

The thanks of the Federation was extended to Mrs. Miller for her instructive address and for the booklets on Temperance and the thanks was by her very fittingly acknowledged.

Rev. A. F. Baker, Convenor of the Committee on Resolutions presented to the meeting the following resolutions.

(1) Resolved: That the Temperance Federation express its appreciation of whatever success the R.C.M.P. have achieved in the enforcement of the Prohibition Act, but it believes that a better enforcement is possible and necessary, and it is convinced that this cannot be brought about except as the personell of the force is in practical sympathy with the enforcement of the law.

(2) That we express our unchanged conviction that the Prohibition Law is the best method yet found for the controlling of the liquor traffic.

We, therefore, demand of our Government in the name of the people of the Province that a deaf ear be turned to every suggestion made by those who are interested in making a chance in the law, and who could wish to bring in some form of Government sale.

(3) That a strong committee be appointed to present these resolutions to the Governor at the first opportunity and in every possible way, to impress our attitude upon the Government, and that this committee appointed serve as a permanent committee for the Federation throughout the year.

(4) That this permanent committee to be instructed to take into serious consideration the possibility of assuring the public that more definite and practical use will be made of the book entitled "Temperance and Life," placed on the school curriculum; and further to consider methods of advancing Temperance Education among the children and young people in every possible way.

(5) That the Federation express its sincere appreciation of the work of the President, Rev. J. M. McLeod and of the other officers of the Federation during the past year.

(6) That the permanent committee take into consideration the number of scrips which are being issued by certain doctors throughout the Province.

(7) That we urgently request all of the day school teachers to make the best possible use of the study book entitled "Temperance and Life" and that in order to assure the study of it, several questions be placed on the entrance examination papers to Prince of Wales College.

(8) That an appeal be made to the public to heartily co-operate with the officers of the law in its enforcement, and that this appeal be made through the press, and the pulpit—this latter being sought by requesting the heads of our church organizations to bring the matter before their clergy. After some discussion all of these resolutions were adopted unanimously.

It was agreed to appoint the permanent committee already referred to,—in several of the resolutions just passed.

This committee will carry on the work of the Federation between the annual session. It was found that the names of the Permanent Committee of last year were Rev. J. M. McLeod, Rev. H. D. Raymond Rev. J. W. A. Nicholson, Rev. A. F. Baker, Mr. G. H. Holbrook and Mrs. W. A. Thompson.

It was then agreed to re-appoint this Committee and to add the names of Rev. G. Carlyle Webster and Rev. B. A. Christie.

It having been reported that there was a possibility of doing away with our Prohibition Commission Board, the matter came up for discussion before the Federation. The consensus of the opinion of all present at the meeting was that it would not be wise for the Government to dispense with the Commission.

It was then moved, seconded and carried unanimously that the Government be requested to consult with the Permanent Committee on making appointments to the Prohibition Commission.

A number of questions were then discussed. One was, whether or not it was not possible to cut down the number of scrips now being given to our medical doctors. This is a difficult question to grapple with, because of the part that no one is supposed to be better able to judge when a person does or does not need a scrip than the doctor does. Some doctors have already been taught a salutary lesson by having had their supply of scrips cut off by the Commission for some months. Considerable improvement has already been noticed along the line of a more careful use of these scrips.

Another question asked was whether or not it was possible to always have the names of all of those breaking the Prohibition law published in the Press. It was felt that this would have a very healthy restraining effect upon those who would be tempted to break the law. The opinion of many was that while this question of publishing names was an important one, and would no doubt do a great deal in keeping violators in check, yet it is a very difficult one for editors and publishers of newspapers to grapple with. Many influences can be brought to bear upon those in charge of the press.

The Nominating Committee presented their report.

The officers for the incoming year are as follows:

Hon. President, Rev. J. M. McLeod.

President, Rev. G. Carlyle Webster.

Vice president Queens Co., Rev. R. Hensley Stavert.

Vice president Prince Co., Mr. R. Allison Profitt.

Vice president Kings Co., Mr. S. M. Martin.

Secretary, Rev. G. A. Christie.

Treasurer, Mr. G. F. Hutcheron.

The report was adopted as read.

The meeting then adjourned and was closed with the benediction by the retiring President, Rev. J. M. McLeod.

## The Campaign Issues

(Mail and Empire)

As election day approaches voters of all political stripes should get a few facts firmly fixed in their minds.

In the first place they should vote for Canada and the welfare of the Canadian people rather than for any political party as such. With this end in view they should coinsider the records of the respective leaders, who are seeking their franchises.

Let us first take Mr. King's achievements. Under him:

1. Canada increased its national debt on account of the C.N.R. by hundreds of millions of dollars.
2. During a world boom nothing was laid up against the inevitable lean years.
3. Canada crashed into economic depression.
4. Canada lost its American and European markets.
5. Tariff laws were passed at Washington which reduced Canada's exports of farm products to the republic from $175,000,000 in 1921 to a little over $3,000,000 a year.
6. Our exports of other products to the United States were similarly inhibited.

Let us now recall some of the things that Rt. Hon. R. B. Bennett has achieved. Under the Government headed by him:

1. Canada's farmers and workers have been protected against an avalanche of goods from other countries which refused to buy from us.
2. Canada's farmers and primary producers and some of our manufacturers have obtained a preferred, sheltered market in the United Kingdom so that our exports to the Empire have increased 100 per cent.
3. Our exporters have obtained similar reciprocal preferences in other parts of the Empire.
4. Our exporters have obtained improved positions in the market of France, Germany, Austria, Poland and Brazil.
5. Our ordinary controllable public expenditures have been reduced by $80,000,000 a year
6. Over-burdened farmers have been enabled to lighten their load of debt so that they can remain upon the land.
7. They have been placed in a position where they can borrow money at 5 per cent.
8. By conversion loans at lower interest rates the country has been saved $20,000,000 a year.
9. The National credit has been placed on such a high level that the Government has been enabled to borrow money at the lowest interest rate in Canada's history.
10. Canada has become the fifth exporting nation in the world.
11. It does a larger share of the world's business than it did in 1929 under Mr. King.
12. An adverse trade balance of $103,000,000 under Mr. King has been transformed into a favorable trade balance of $152,000,000.
13. The number of unemployed has been so reduced that as many people are at work today as in 1926.
14. A check has been placed upon stock-watering and other kinds of stock exchange exploitation which flourished under the King Government and ruined tens of thousands of Canadians when the boom broke toward the close of the Liberal regime.
15. An inhibition has been placed upon the merger-mongering which flourished under Liberal rule and greatly added to the financial disaster of 1929.
16. Protection has been afforded to investors by a stricter regulation of financial and industrial flotations.
17. Various groups of agriculturists have been placed in a position to market their products under more profitable conditions than those which have heretofore existed.
18. Wage-earners have been granted an eight-hour day and a forty-eight hour week, together with one day's rest in seven; these provisions having already resulted in the taking on of thousands of new hands by important industries.
19. Wage-earners are being benefited by machinery for the enforcement of minimum wages.
20. The workers have been granted an employment and social insurance commission to administer a national system of unemployment insurance and to work out a scheme of health insurance.
21. The workers have been granted a national housing policy, which provides for the expenditure of $50,000,000 in the erection of small homes.

Now as to the future! When the Bennett Government is returned to power (1) a Federal loan council will undertake the work of consolidating Canada's domestic debts, Federal, provincial, municipal and railway, upon a ower interest basis, but without compulsion and without interfering with the rights of foreign bondholders; (2) workers over sixty years will have the privilege of retiring on pensions so that room may be made for younger people; (3) the provisions of the Farmers' Creditors Arrangement Act will be extended to urban and suburban householders so that debts may be lightened with the co-operation of their creditors on a voluntary basis.

Thus far Mr. Mackenzie King has enunciated no programme that can appeal to any large element of the population. He is still repeating the old speeches to which the country has been used for many years past.

The contrast between the two leaders of the two main political parties is so pronounced that the public appears to have awekened to it. Hence the wave of popular opinion in favor of Mr. Bennett which has been rising lately.

## Melville Pair Caim Idea of Military Tank

(Canadian Press)

MELVILLE, Sask., Oct. 12—Gathering war clouds across the face of Europe have brought old soldiers together in every part of the Dominion to hark back to the "good old days" and discuss just what changes will be found in the next conflict.

All agree that the old "footslogger," or heavily loaded infantryman will still bear the major share of modern battle, with the assistance of "more and better tanks." And the subject of tanks leads to a topic of unusual interest.

Veterans recall that credit for the invention of the army tank was claimed by two Melville garagemen—E. J. "Shorty" Rose, and H. Bailey. The prototype of the decisive steel monster that changed battle tactics in the Great War at one time coughed and strained around a field on the outskirts of Melville, under the amazed eye of a privileged number of spectators.

Near the end of 1914, veterans state, Rose and Bailey were to be seen coming to and from their garage with thoughtful expressions, carrying bolts and other bits of metal that puzzled onlookers. They refused to answer questions and kept their secret to themselves. The humble garage was the scene of feverish nocturnal activity, and out of their labors grew a weird steel monster intended to enable a man to approach enemy lines despite rifle and machine-gun fire. It also dealt death and destruction to the terror-stricken enemy.

The pair, after successfully experimenting with their huge steel "baby," submitted plans to the War Office. Authorities were said to be interested, but the plans, like hundreds of others, were pigeon-holed for future reference.

Then the men left Melville. Ex-service men add that, after the battle of the Somme, when tanks were first successfully used, the inventors once more attracted attention by filing a claim at the War Office regarding the use of their invention. But the outcome was never known, at least officially. Whether the claim was recognized is a deep secret hidden away in the archives of the War Office. Rose and Bailey also disappeared and left no word of the fate of their plans.

The few onlookers privileged to witness initial trials of the monster vividly recall its appearance. About six feet long and four wide it carried caterpillar wheels on each side, in the same manner as the unwieldy machines that ploughed through the shell-holes of France and pierced the Hindenburg Line. The Melville model made excellent progress on level ground, and although smaller than the groaning giants that one morning caused widespread surprise to German and Canadian infantrymen alike, was based on the same principles.

### YELLOW-TAILED CROW MAY STARTLE HUNTERS

EDMONTON, Oct. 12—Hunters on the prairies need not be surprised this coming week-end if their kill includes a very black crow with the stern feathers painted a brilliant yellow.

Professor William Rowan of the University of Alberta, known in the scientific world for his study of the migratory habits of birds, is carrying on a new experiment with crows.

A shipment of seventy-five crows will be sent to Winnipeg later this week, and somewhere west of Manitoba's Capital, far from familiar landmarks, the birds will be released.

Before leaving here, the birds will be subject to the administrations of a body-finishing expert in a local automobile plant. Each crow will get the stern-feather coating of yellow. Also, each bird will be banded.

The regular season for the migration of crows is over and the professor hopes to determine if the birds released in Manitoba will, like the early starters, wing their way to warmer southern climates for the winter.

### GIRL REGAINS USE OF LEGS AFTER INFANTILE PARALYSIS

ST. PAUL, Oct. 12—All the world smiled yesterday for Audrey Carlson, 18, of Dassel, Minn.

She walked out of the hospital for crippled children after a year in bed while surgeons added 4 1-2 inches to her paralysis-shortened left leg.

When the girl was seven years old infantile paralysis impaired the growth of the leg. Two bone-lengthening operations made it equal in length to the other.

"One of the first things I'm going to do," Miss Carlson said, "is see a movie—one about dancing."

### JUST LIKE A WOMAN TO BE SO PRACTICAL

MANITOWOC, Wis., Oct 12—"Clean up your attic and basement and lessen fire danger," Mayor Arthur Schuetz told Manitowoc residents in a broadcast.

When he arrived home, Mrs. Schuetz met him with two bushel baskets and a broom, with a word that it might be well if he followed his own advice.

"I guess we all get a little careless," he said later with a grin. "My own place certainly needed attention."

### LUCKY CAT

LONG BEACH, Calif., Oct. 12—A fourth of her $2,000 estate was willed to "Felix, my cat," by Mrs. Iza Sharell McColl, who died October 1, it was revealed when the will was probated yesterday. The other fourth shares were divided among relatives.


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MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT


### ALARMED IRISH START CURBING COUNTRY DANCE

(By Joseph Dennigan, Canadian Press Correspondent)

DUBLIN, Oct. 12—Drastic measures to control public dance halls and abolish all-night dances, a long established feature of Irish rural life, are now being applied throughout the Free State.

Finding appeals to their flocks to shun rural dance halls fell on deaf ears, the Roman Catholic clergy last year carried the grievance to President de Valera's government and presented a formidable dossier detailing the havoc alleged to have been played with the morals of the country folk by unsupervised dance resorts and by what are known as "motor hawks"!

Church authorities hold there resorts mainly to blame for the alarming increase of illegitimate births in the Free State and for the spread of immorality in country districts. The government bowed to the storm raised by the Church and the Dail passed the Public Dance Halls Act.

This measure puts the rural dance hall almost on the same plane as the liquor shop by requiring owners to procure annual licences from the District Courts. Justices of the District Courts are invested with powers to attach such conditions to the granting of licences as they may consider proper. Applications for licences in preparation for the coming winter are now being dealt with by the courts and in nearly all cases, the clergy are appearing to ask for severe restrictions if not to oppose altogether.

In County Donegal, the justice has granted licenses only on the conditions that "strangers," or persons from outside a three-mile radius of the halls may not be admitted and that motor cars may not be parked in the vicinity of the resort. He has also stipulated that one-third of the program shall be allotted to the native Irish dances.

In County Waterford, the bishop of the diocese opposed the granting of any licences for dance halls proposing to open on Sunday nights. The objection was over-ruled by the court but the licences were made conditional on Sunday night dances concluding at 11 p.m.

As a general rule, throughout the Free State, liquor and liquored patrons must not be allowed in the halls; dances must be over at 11 p.m., except on four nights of the year when they may continue until 2 a.m., and married women must be present to supervise the dancing. Unlimited freedom of inspection for the police at all times is being granted and two justices have directed that an area within a radius of 400 yards of the halls must be brightly illuminated.

Bitter oppositions to the new restrictions is being expressed in rural areas where the village dance hall once a week was often the only means of breaking the monotony.

### ORANGE TRADE PUZZLED

RIO DE JANEIRO, Oct. 12—"Alarmingly low" prices in England for Brazilian oranges moved the federal council for foreign commerce to investigate here and in Europe the reason why so great a proportion of the shipments rotted en route.

### GLENALADALE INSTITUTE

A meeting of the Glenaladale Women's Institute was held at the home of Mrs. Joseph MacKenna on October 2nd. The president, Mrs. Bruce MacAulay occupied the chair and the meeting opened with the Institute Ode. Roll call was answered by seven members. The minutes of the previous meeting were read, approved and signed by the President. It was decided to get the books from the Carnegie Library early in November. Bill for paint was ordered paid. It was also moved and seconded that the Institute purchase a stove for the school.

Sick committee reported one visit, and school committee reported that, coat hooks, dustpan, and mop were needed for the school. Members decided to purchase those things immediately.

New committees were appointed as follows: Sick, Mrs. Bruce MacAulay and Mrs. W. B. Fitzpatrick; School, Mrs. Emmett Cusack and Mrs. W. F. MacDonald; Program, Mrs. Joseph McKenna and Mrs. Peter McKenna.

The program consisted of a reading, and contest by Kathleen MacDonald, and a contest put on by Mrs. Emmett Cusack was won by Miss Margaret MacKenna. Mrs. W. F. MacDonald invited the members to her home for the next meeting. Roll call to be answered by paying the annual fee. A delicious lunch was served by the hostess, assisted by Misses Margaret and Rita MacKenna, and a pleasant social hour spent. Meeting closed by singing the National Anthem.

(Patriot Please Copy)

### GOOD EXAMPLE

Teacher—Robert, give me a sentence using the word "satiate."

Bobby—I took Mamie Jones on a picnic last summer and I'll satiate quite a lot.


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His valuable farm consisting of 40 acres clear land in high state of cultivation. This property is pronounced as one of the choicest properties in Queen's County, beautifully situated 3½ miles from Charlottetown, with up-to-date buildings, large frame house consisting of 10 rooms with all modern conveniences.

Also at the same time and place I will offer by Public Auction his valuable property situated at 104 and 106 Elm Avenue. This property has a large new barn situated thereon.

These properties are for private sale until day of sale.

ALSO STOCK, CROP, IMPLEMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AS FOLLOWS:—

STOCK—1 year old Colt, 2 choice Brood Sows with litters, 25 Hens and Pullets.

CROP—1 acre Potatoes, 1 acre Turnips, ¼ acre Mangles, Quantity of Hay.

IMPLEMENTS—1 MacCormick Deering Mower, new, 1 Team Truck Wagon, 1 Hay Rake, 1 Cock-shutt Disc Drill, 2 sets Disc Harrows, 1 set of Iron Harrows, 1 Walking Plough, 1 Roller, 1 Turnip Pulper, 1 Driving Buggy, 1 Driving Sleigh, 2 Wood Sleighs with boxes, 1 Stumping Machine with cable, 1 Auto Truck Body, 1 Farmer's Boiler, 1 Cream Seperator, (new Melotte) 1 Daisy Churn, 1 Double set Team Harness, brass mounted, 1 set Express Harness, brass mounted, 2 sets Driving Harness, 1 set Scotch Tops, 1 pr. Quarter Boots, 1 pr. Knee Boots, 1 Riding Saddle, 1 Stewart Hand Clipper, 1 Anvil, 1 Drill Blacksmith, Vice, Carpenters Tools, 2 sets Block and Tackles, 1 Wire Stretcher, 1 Plymouth Sedan Car in good condition, Forks, Shovels, Hoes, etc.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE — Chesterfield Suite, Dining Room Suite, Bureaus, 3 complete Beds, Chest of Drawers, Roll Top Desk, Singer Sewing Machine, Westinghouse Radio, 2 Floor Lamps, 2 Large Rugs, Quantity of Inlaid Linoleum, Modern Alaska Kitchen Range, Base Burner, No. 11 Quebec Heater, Laundry Stove, Washing Machine with Wringers, 3 Cream Cans, and many other articles not mentioned.

SALE starts positively on time. Inspection at any time.

TERMS CASH

PARKER A. HORNE, North River,

J. A. MACDONALD, Auctioneer.

L-1968-10-12-31



## Ability To See Comfortably

The object of a modern eye service is to enable patients to see comfortably. That means seeing without strain on the eyes. And also the avoidance of many bodily results of eye strain. That thought deserves the consideration of all who are not certain of the condition of their eyes.

G. F. Hutcheson



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